

# Norton Sound Red King Crab SAFE2017 Final Assessment OFL/ABC

January 17 2017

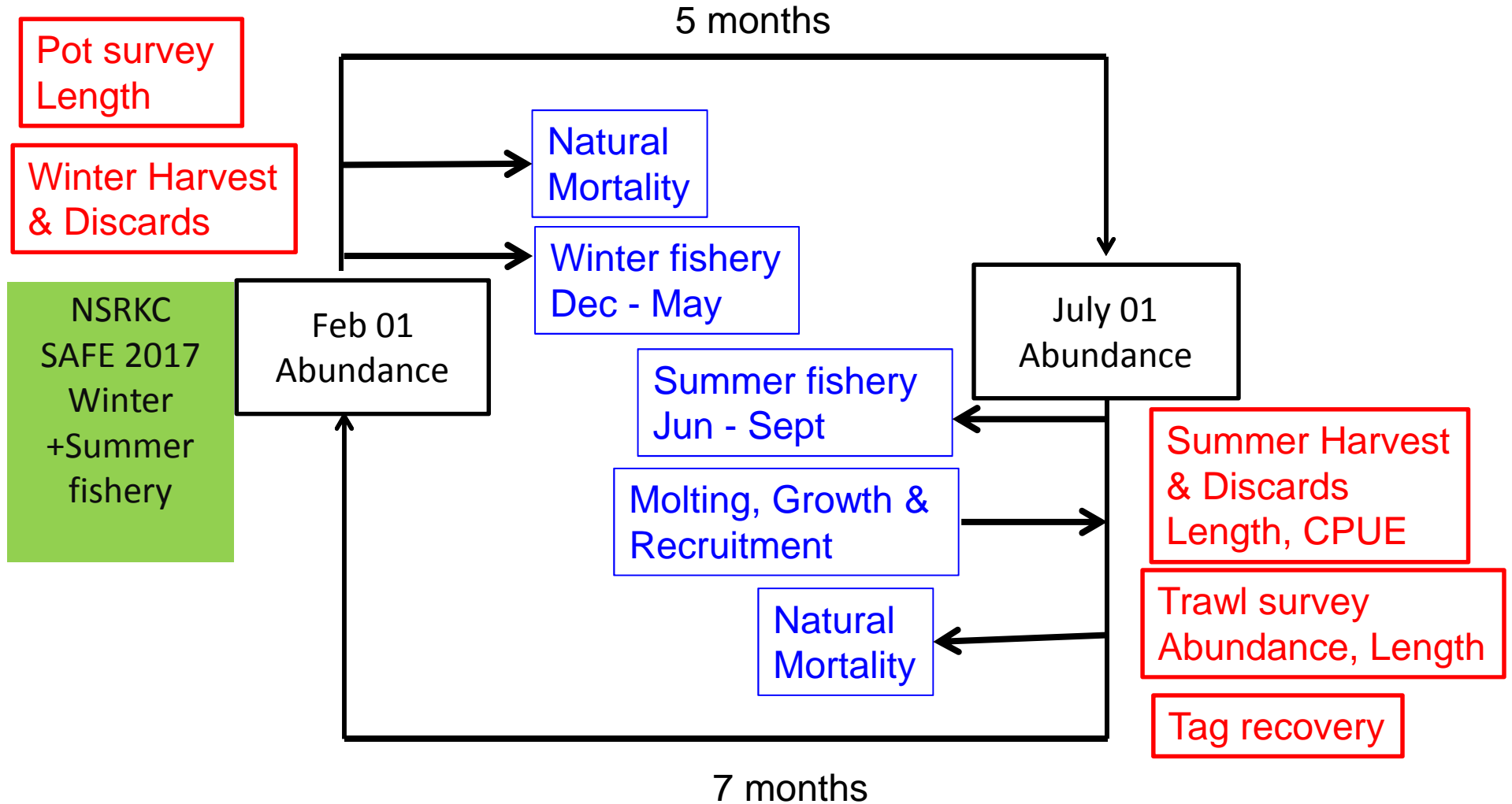
Toshihide “Hamachan” Hamazaki,  
Jie Zheng

Alaska Department of Fish & Game  
Division of Commercial Fisheries

# NSRKC Stock Assessment Model

## Modeling process

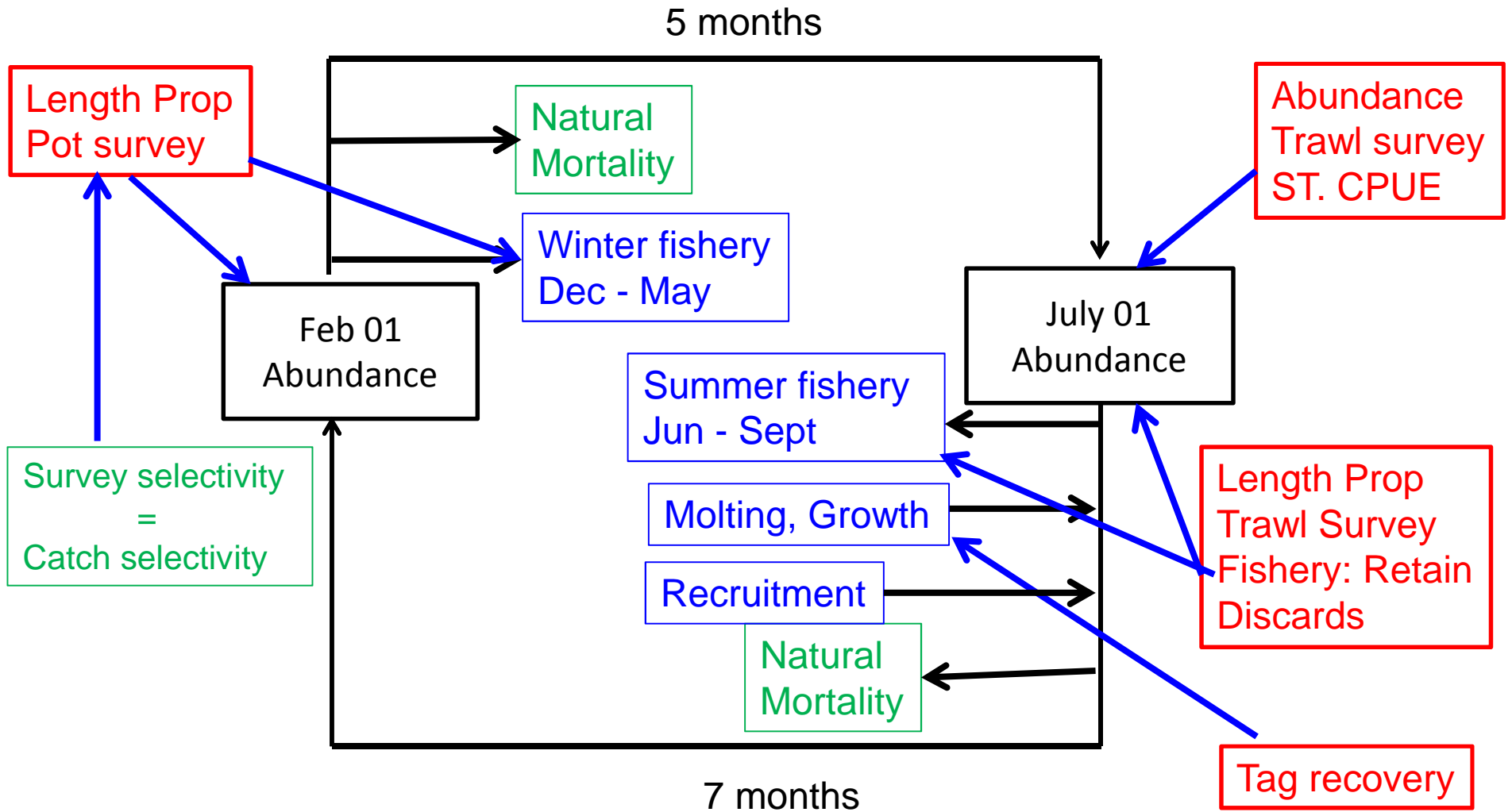
### Available Data & model fit



# NSRKC Stock Assessment Model

## Modeling process

### Available Data & model fit





## Assumptions

- $M = 0.18$  for length class 1-5, and 0.648 for class 6
- Same selectivity and catchability for New and Old Shells
- Discards mortality = 0.2
- Fishery harvests occur instantly:
  - Winter fishery: Feb 01: Nov – May
  - Summer fisher: July 01: Jun – Sept
- Winter catch selectivity = winter pot survey selectivity

## Changes Fishery & Data

- Winter fishery 2016
  - Commercial: 29,792 (79,980 lb.) The highest ever.
  - Subsistence: 5,340 (13,350 lb.). About average.
- Summer commercial fishery 2015
  - 6/27-7/21: 138,997 (420,159 lb.)
- Total retained harvest: 168,789 (0.50 mill. lb.) < ABC (0.57 mill. lb.)
- All harvest data finalized.
- Standardized CPUE update (Appendix A2)
- Recalculation of com crab harvest during the trawl survey.
- ADMB code cleaning up underway
  - Discards estimate equation was bit wrong (changed < 10%).
- Changes in fishery regulation: None

## Changes Fishery & Data

- ADMB code cleaning up and revision
  - Discards estimate equation was bit wrong
  - Model description Appendix A

$$\text{Discards} = \text{Legal Catch} \frac{NS_f(\text{p.sublegal})}{NS_f(\text{p.legal})} DM \quad (\text{Correct})$$

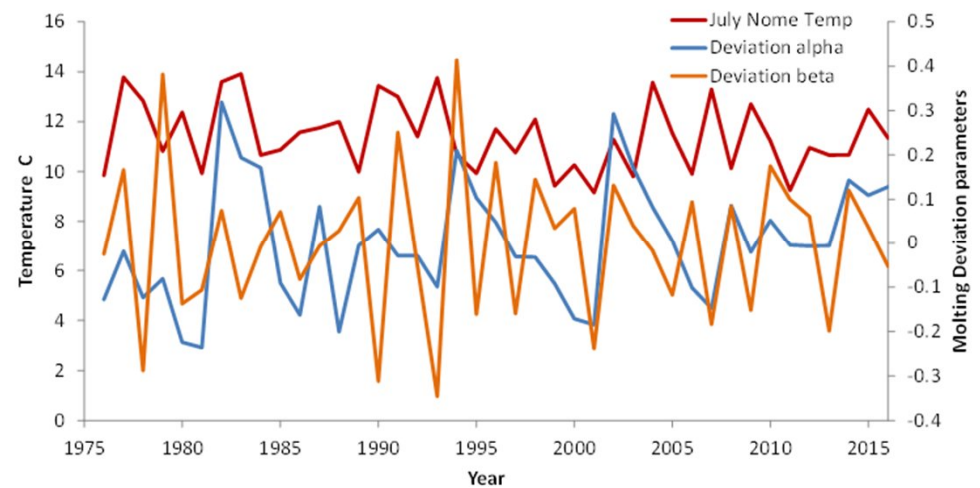
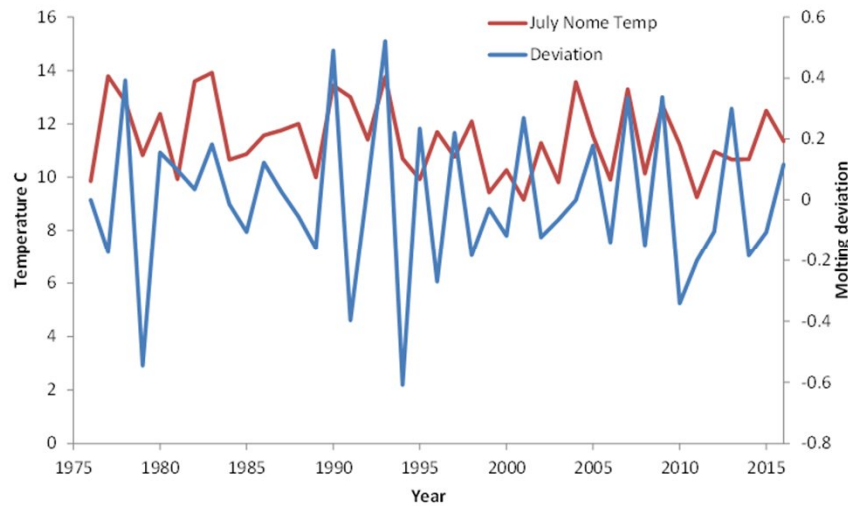
ADMB code

$$\text{Discards} = \text{Legal Catch} \frac{NS_f(\text{p.sub-legal})}{N(\text{p.legal})} DM \quad (\text{Wrong})$$

Code was corrected for Jan 2017 SAFE Assessment

# Responses to CPT-SSC

- Consider calculating molt probability for each size class. Don't set the molt probability for the smallest size class at 1.0.
  - Alt Model 1: with 2<sup>nd</sup> order smoothing penalty
  - Alt Model 3: Reverse logistic without constraints
- Explore for correlation between Model 2 random walk and temperature



No correlations

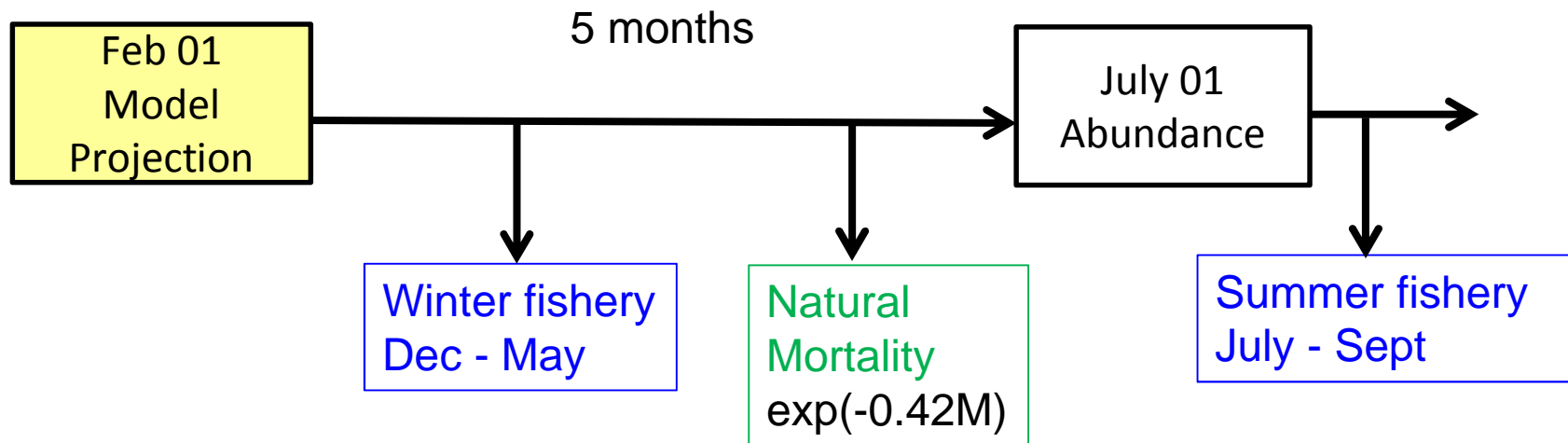


## NSRKC Major Modeling Issues

- Under the size invariant  $M=0.18$ , the model overestimate abundance of large sized ( $> 123\text{mm}$ ) crab.
  - Current Assumption: Higher  $M$  for large sized ( $> 123\text{mm}$ ) crab
    - Pro: Model fits data better
    - Con: Biologically implausible
  - Alternative Assumptions
    - Molting probability is not reverse log-normal
      - Alternative model 1, 2
    - Molting probability of the smallest size crab is not 1.0
      - Alternative model 3
    - Molting probability is not time invariant
      - Alternative model 4
    - Large sized crab move out of fishing-survey area
      - Alternative model 5
    - $M$  is not 0.18
      - Alternative model 6

# NSRKC Stock Assessment Model

## OFL Issue



OFL = Winter + Summer fishery

OFL =  $(1 - \exp(-F))B$

How do we calculate B and OFL?

## Revised OFL formula

- 2017 CPT-SSC proposed OFL formula: Assume p% of OFL from winter fishery (p: 8%, or average winter harvest %).
- Let  $B_w$ : Projected winter biomass, Winter mortality =  $\exp(-0.42M)$ ,  $B_s$ : Projected summer biomass

$$OFL = (1 - e^{-x \cdot F_{\text{winter}}}) \cdot B_w + e^{-x \cdot F_{\text{winter}}} \cdot F_{\text{winter}} \cdot B_s$$

$$\frac{(1 - e^{-x \cdot F_{\text{winter}}}) \cdot B_w}{OFL} + \frac{e^{-x \cdot F_{\text{winter}}} \cdot F_{\text{winter}} \cdot B_s}{OFL} = 1$$

$$B_w = \left[ 1 - e^{-x \cdot F_{\text{winter}}} - (1 - e^{-x \cdot F_{\text{winter}}}) \cdot \left( \frac{F_{\text{winter}} \cdot B_s}{B_s - F_{\text{winter}} \cdot B_s} \right) \right] \cdot OFL$$

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$$v \quad \int e^{-x \cdot F} \quad e^{-\ddot{U}} \quad e^{-x \cdot F} \quad \ddot{U}$$

$$\tilde{o} \tilde{o} \quad \left[ \int e^{-x \cdot F} \quad e^{-(x \cdot F \ddot{U}} - e^{-(1-x) \cdot F} e^{-(x \cdot F \ddot{U}} \right]$$

$$\int e^{-x \cdot F} \quad e^{-(x \cdot F \ddot{U}} - e^{-F \ddot{U}} \quad ]$$

$$\int e^{-F \ddot{U}} \quad \int e^{-\ddot{U}} \quad e^{-x \cdot F}$$

$$\frac{\int_{-?}^{-x \cdot F}}{???$$

$$\frac{? - ?^{-x \cdot F}}{[\int - ? - F \ddot{U} - \int - ? - \ddot{U} \quad ? - x \cdot F}$$

$$e^{-x \cdot F} \frac{???\ddot{U}??^{-F \ddot{U}}}{???\ddot{U}??^{-\ddot{U}}}$$

$$\tilde{o} \tilde{o} \quad \int e^{-F \ddot{U}} \quad \int e^{-\ddot{U}} \quad \frac{???\ddot{U}??^{-F \ddot{U}}}{???\ddot{U}??^{-\ddot{U}}}$$

$$\tilde{o} \tilde{o} \quad \left[ 1 - e^{-\tilde{o} \tilde{o} \tilde{i} \hat{i} \acute{o}} - (1 - e^{-\tilde{i} \hat{i} \acute{o}}) \left( \frac{???\ddot{U}??^{-\tilde{o} \tilde{o} \tilde{i} \hat{i} \acute{o}}}{???\ddot{U}??^{-\tilde{i} \hat{i} \acute{o}}} \right) \right]$$

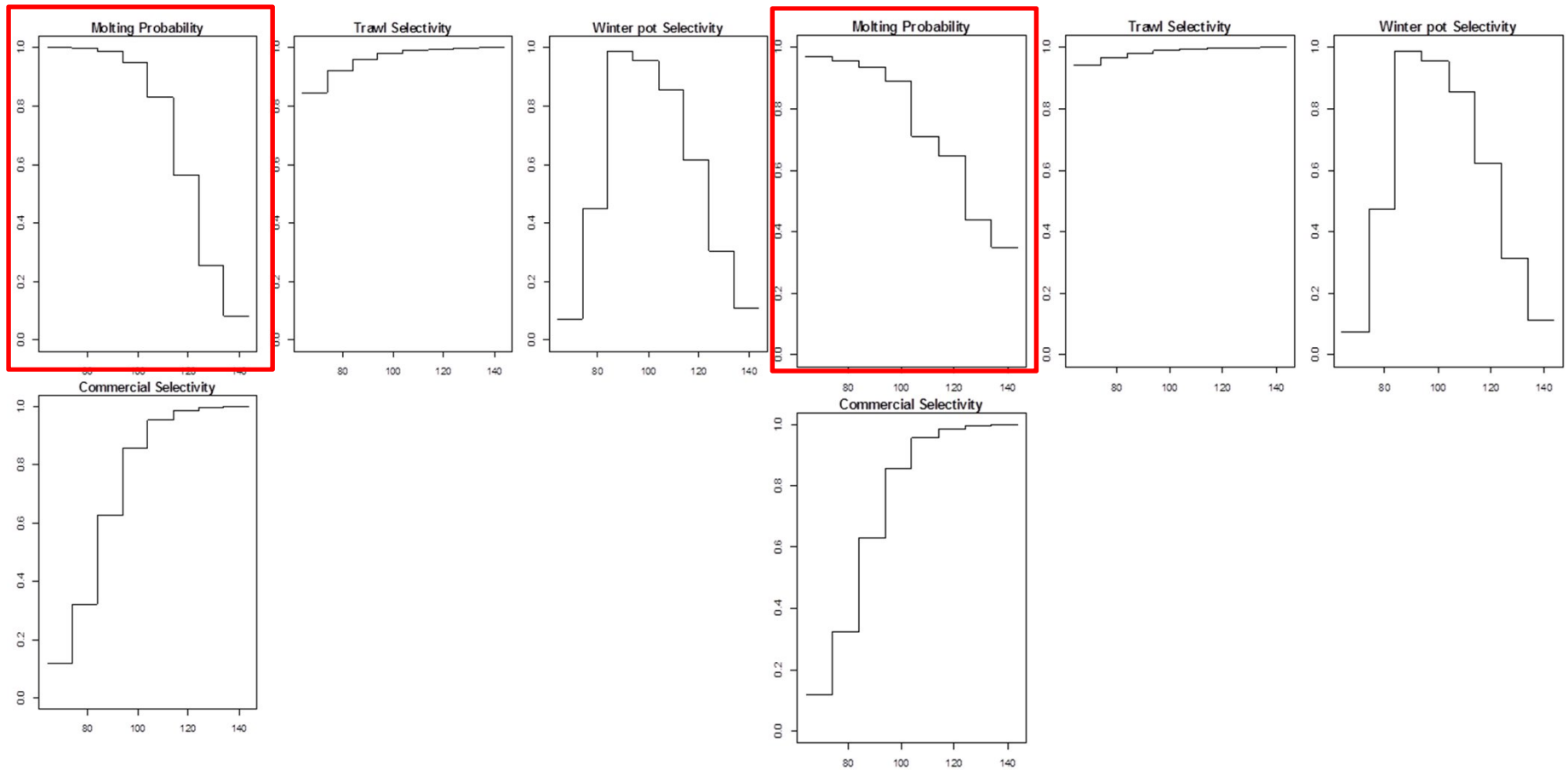
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# W Ò Ó T Ì VÍ

Model 0

Model 1

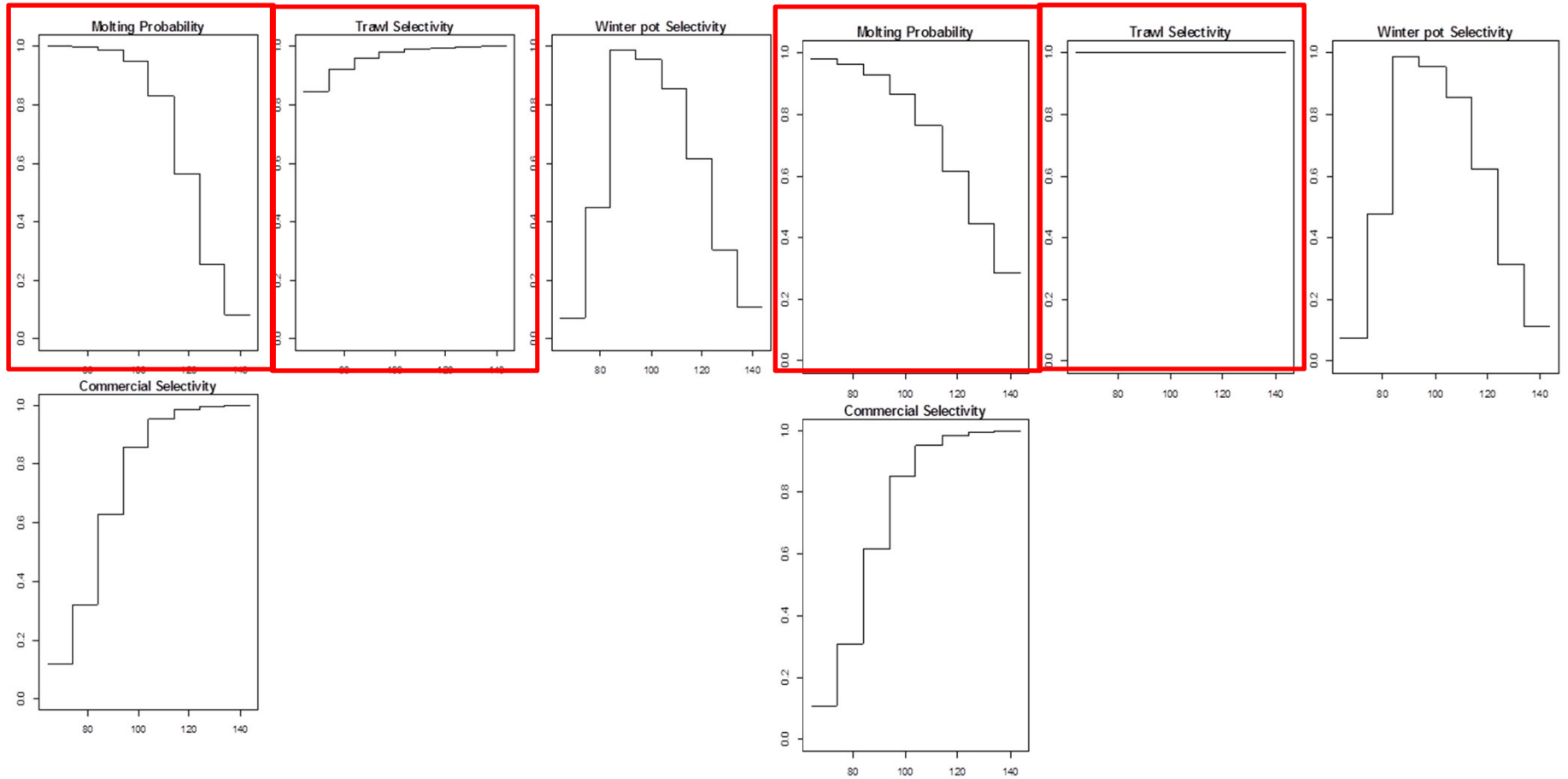


Slightly higher molting probability

# W W Ò Ó T Ì V

Model 0

Model 3

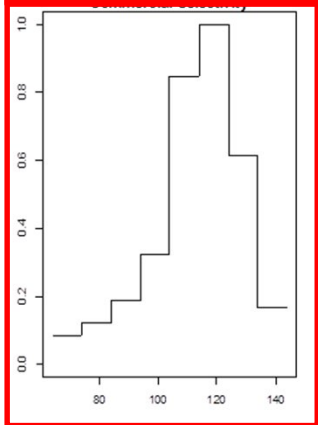
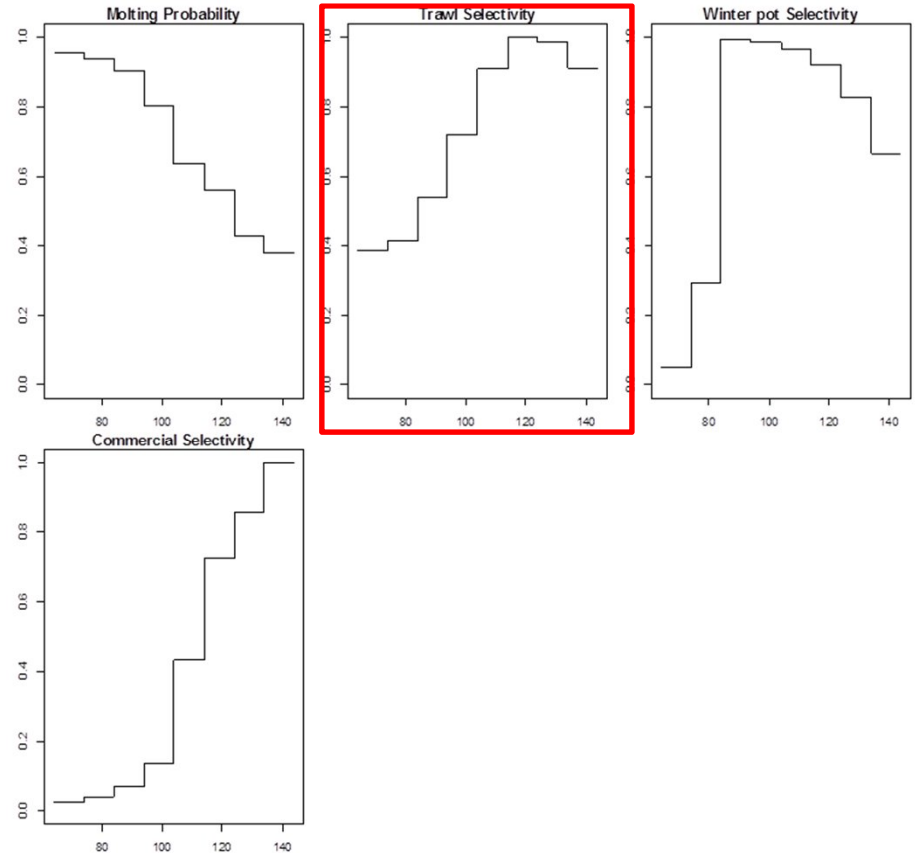
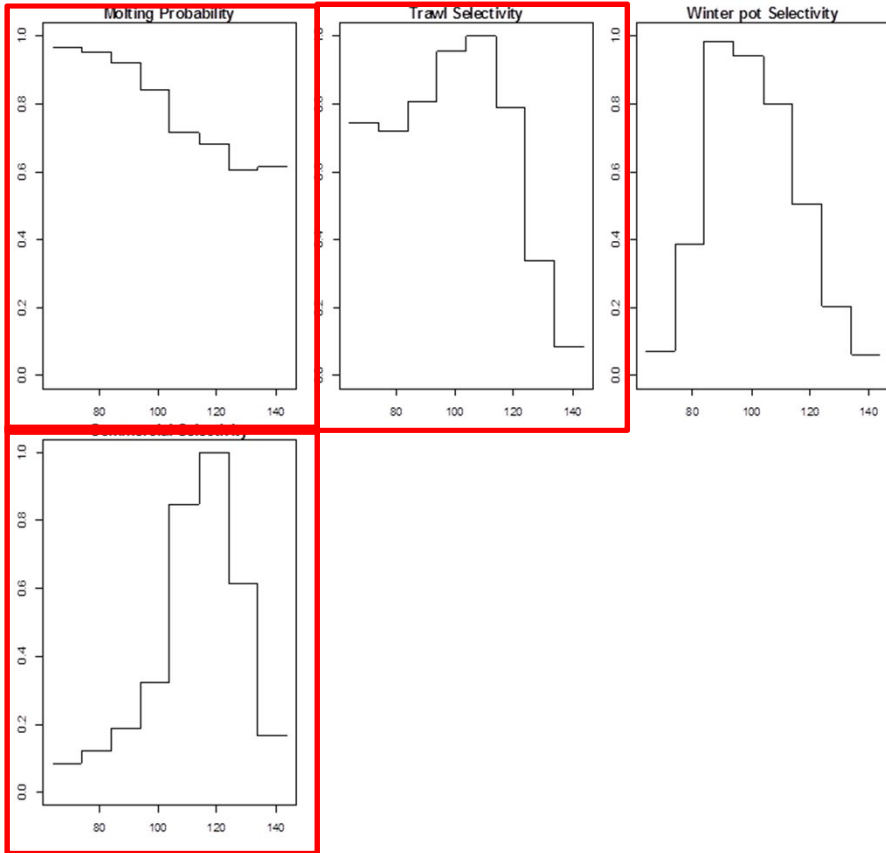


Slightly higher molting probability  
Flat trawl selectivity

# W Ò Ó T T

Model 5 (Hide large crabs)

Model 6 (Kill all crabs equally)

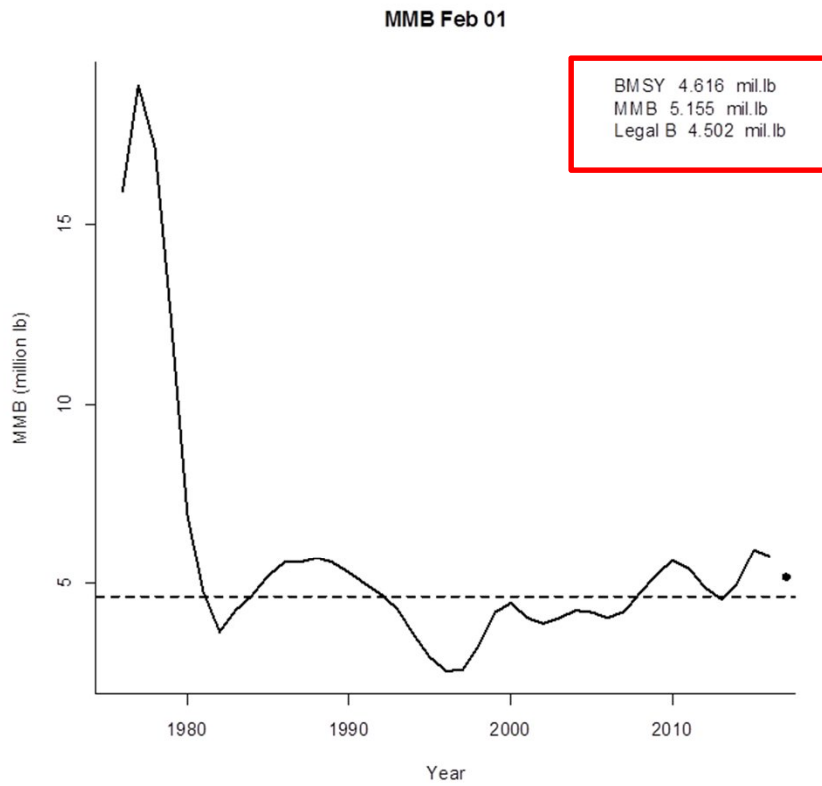


Higher molting probability  
Dome shaped selectivity

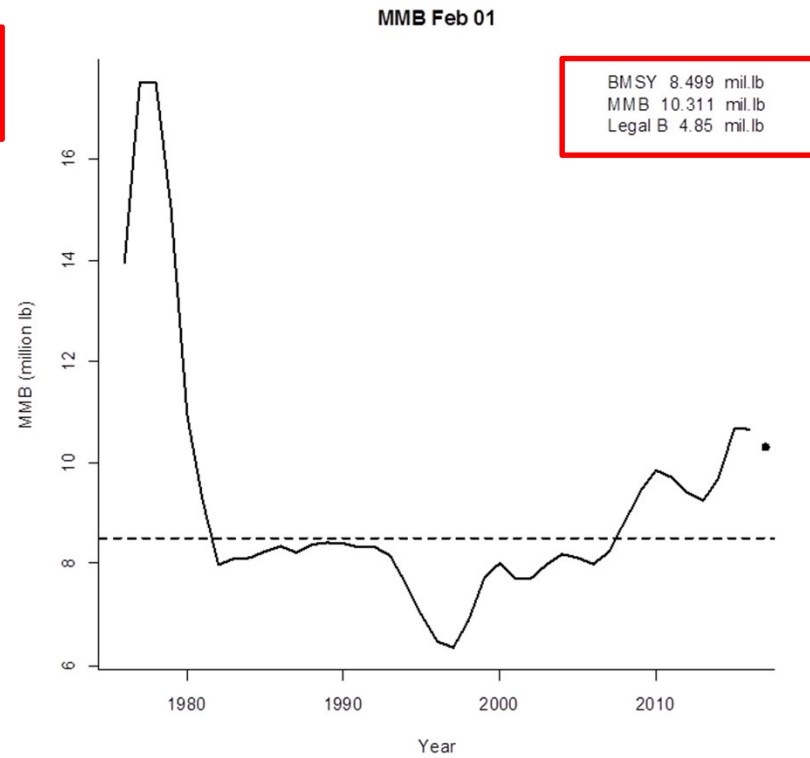


# W W Ó T Ì V

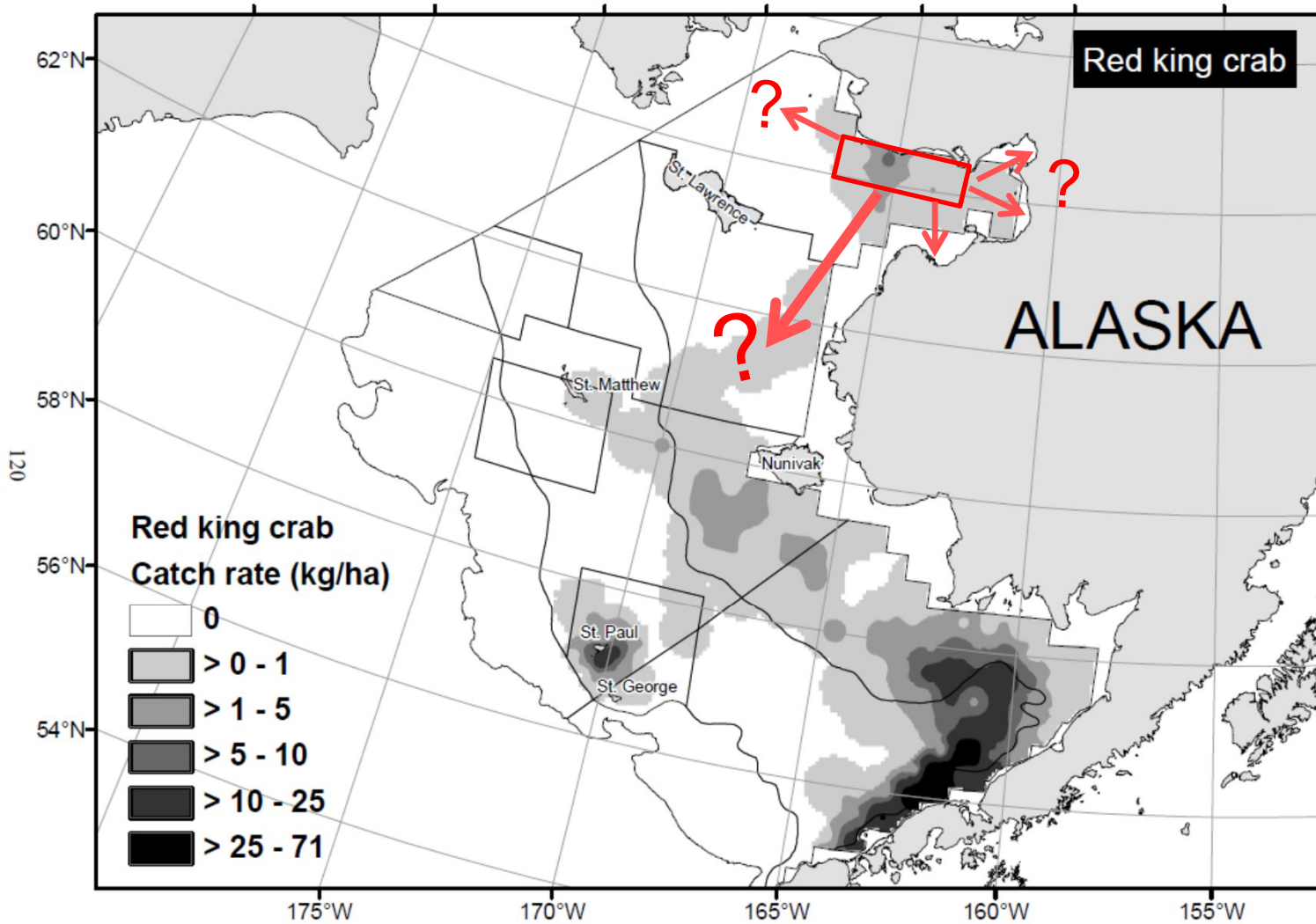
## Model 0



## Model 5

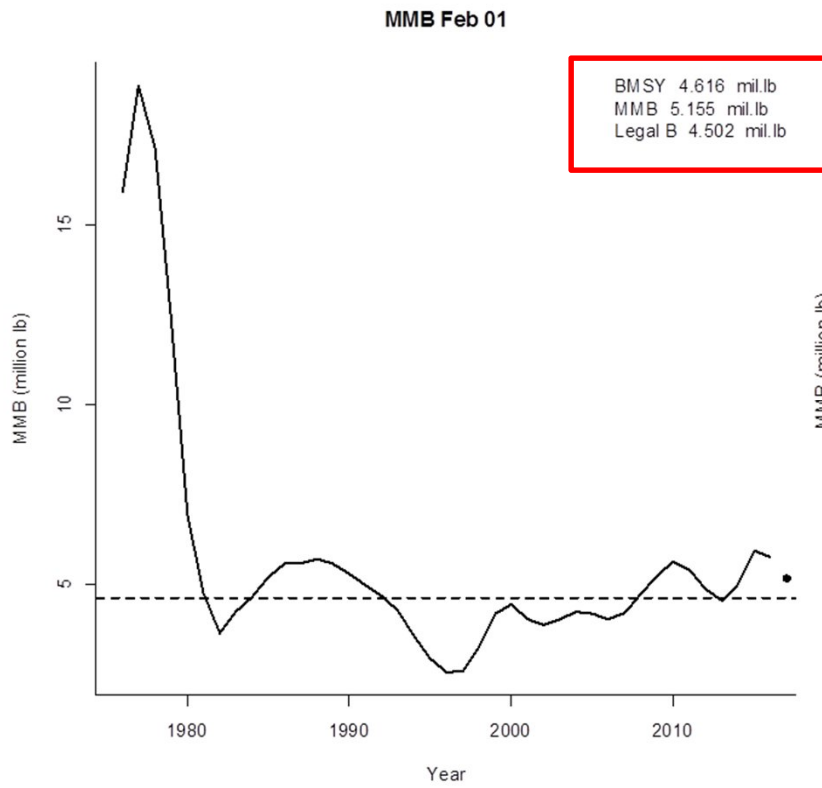


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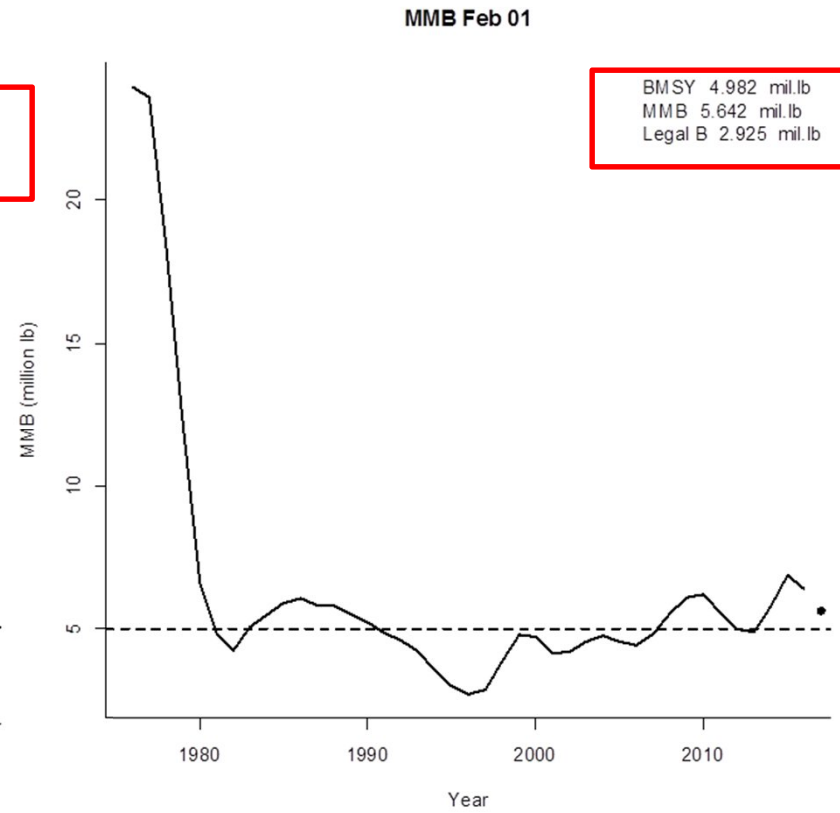


# W W Ó T Ì V

## Model 0



## Model 6



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Model	Model 0	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	Model 6
No. Parameters	65	72	71	66	148	85	86
Total	311.9	266.8	317.3	271.5	208.3	272.1	252.0
TSA	9.1	9.2	14.3	9.1	8.8	6.7	9.5
St.CPUE	-22.7	-22.5	-22.0	-22.5	-22.3	-21.0	-22.1
TLP	104.3	83.7	98.4	82.8	47.2	80.8	76.0
WLP	42.5	38.5	38.5	39.3	37.4	46.4	43.6
CLP	79.0	47.9	69.3	48.5	36.8	51.0	47.0
OBS	32.2	22.9	22.0	22.8	12.2	29.9	20.2
REC	12.6	12.4	14.2	12.4	13.6	12.8	13.1
TAG	74.8	74.4	86.4	79.2	70.9	65.4	60.8
Smth		0.50	0.23			8.3	2.9
Mol.R					3.8		
MMB(mil.lb)	5.16	5.16	5.60	5.08	5.02	10.31	5.64
Legal (mil.lb)	4.50	4.44	5.05	4.35	4.45	4.85	2.93
OFL(mil.lb)	0.70	0.69	0.78	0.67	0.69	0.75	0.89

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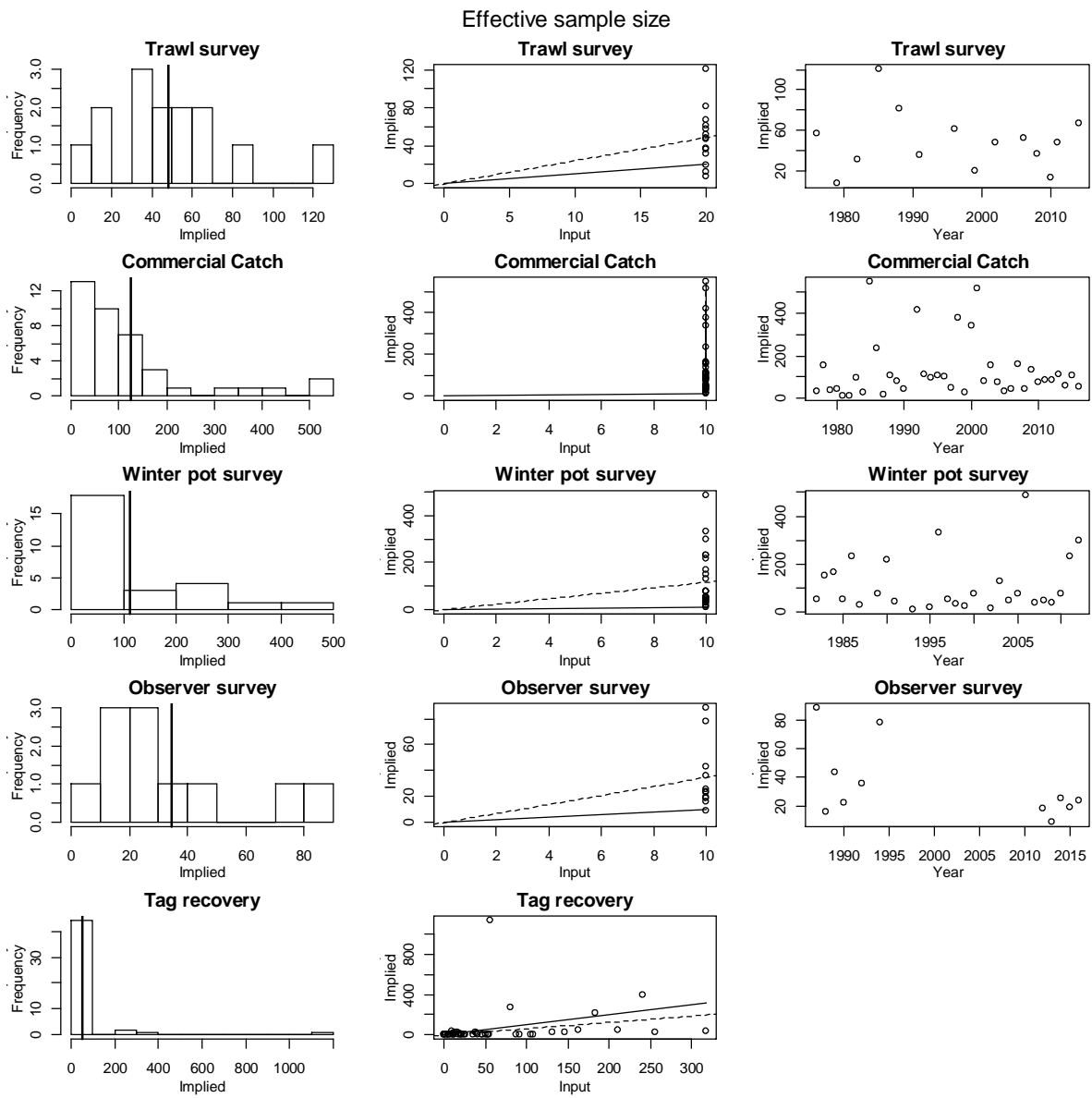
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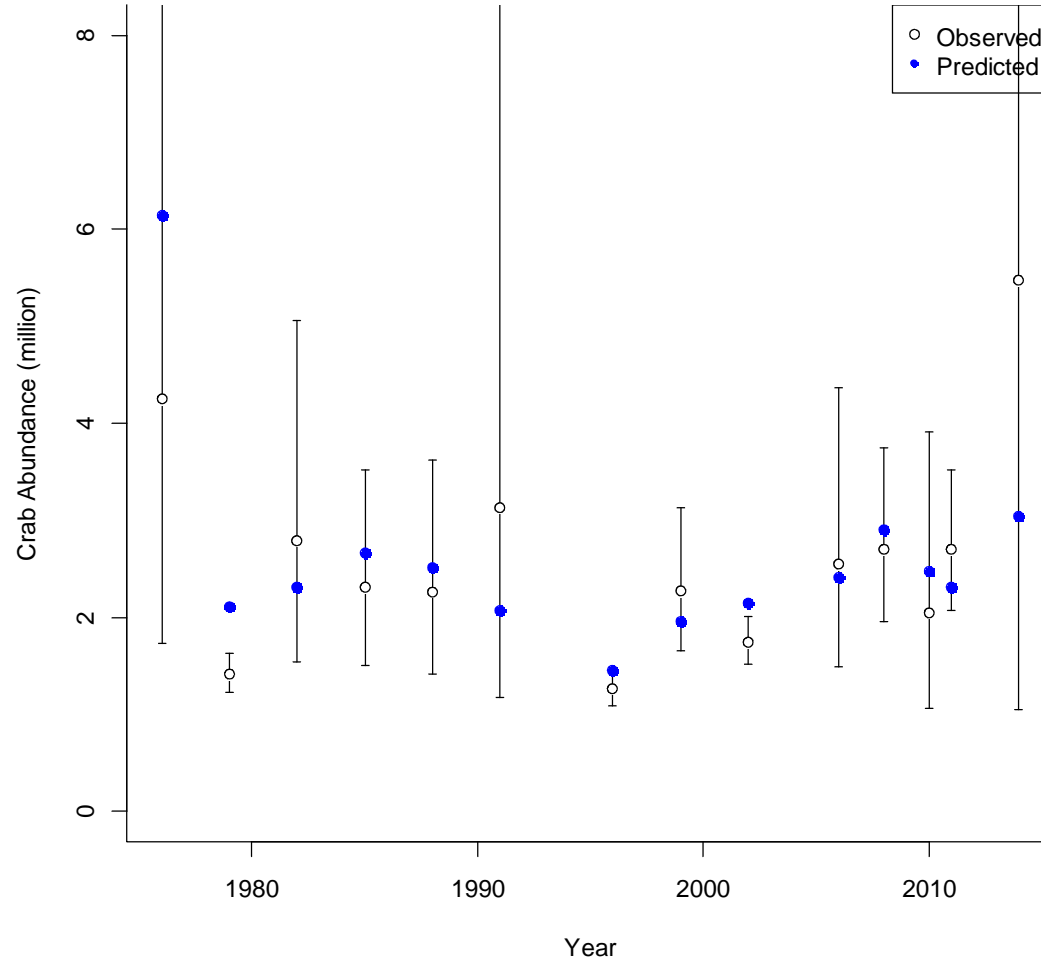
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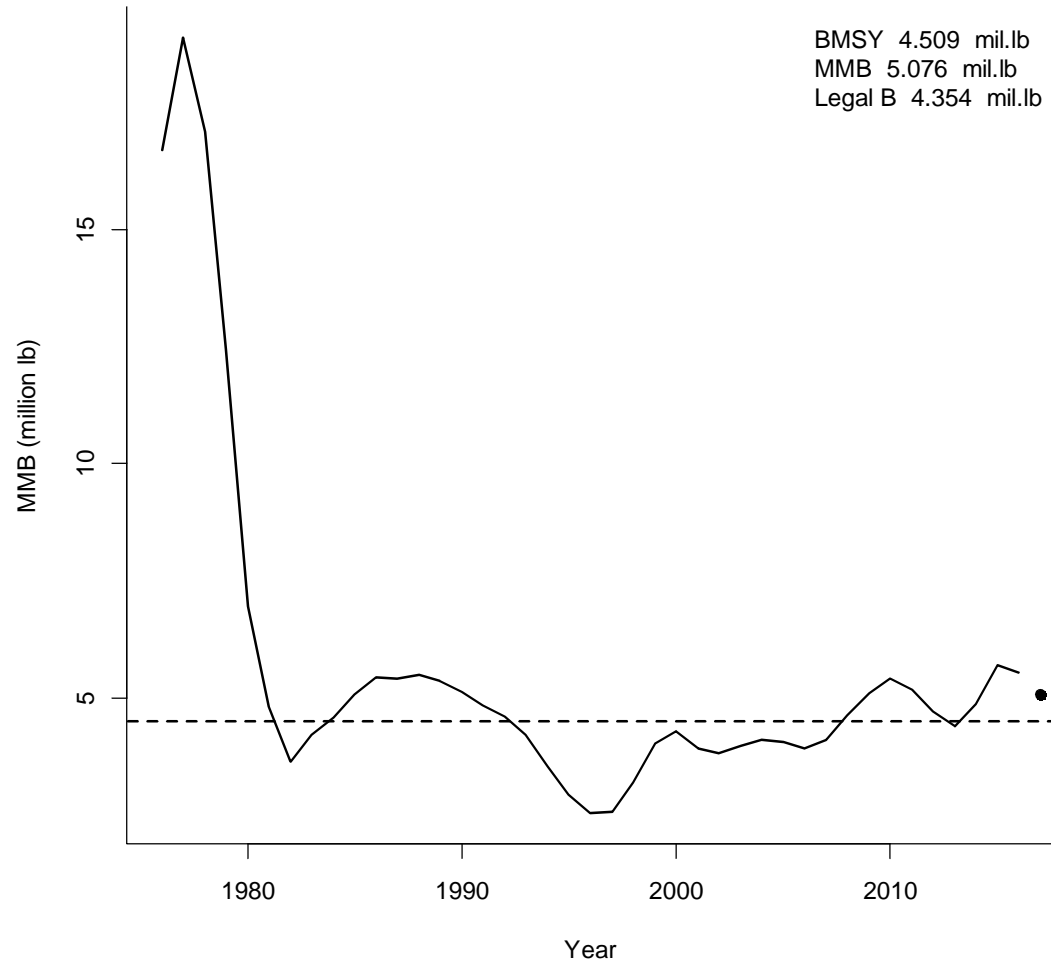
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Trawl survey crab abundance

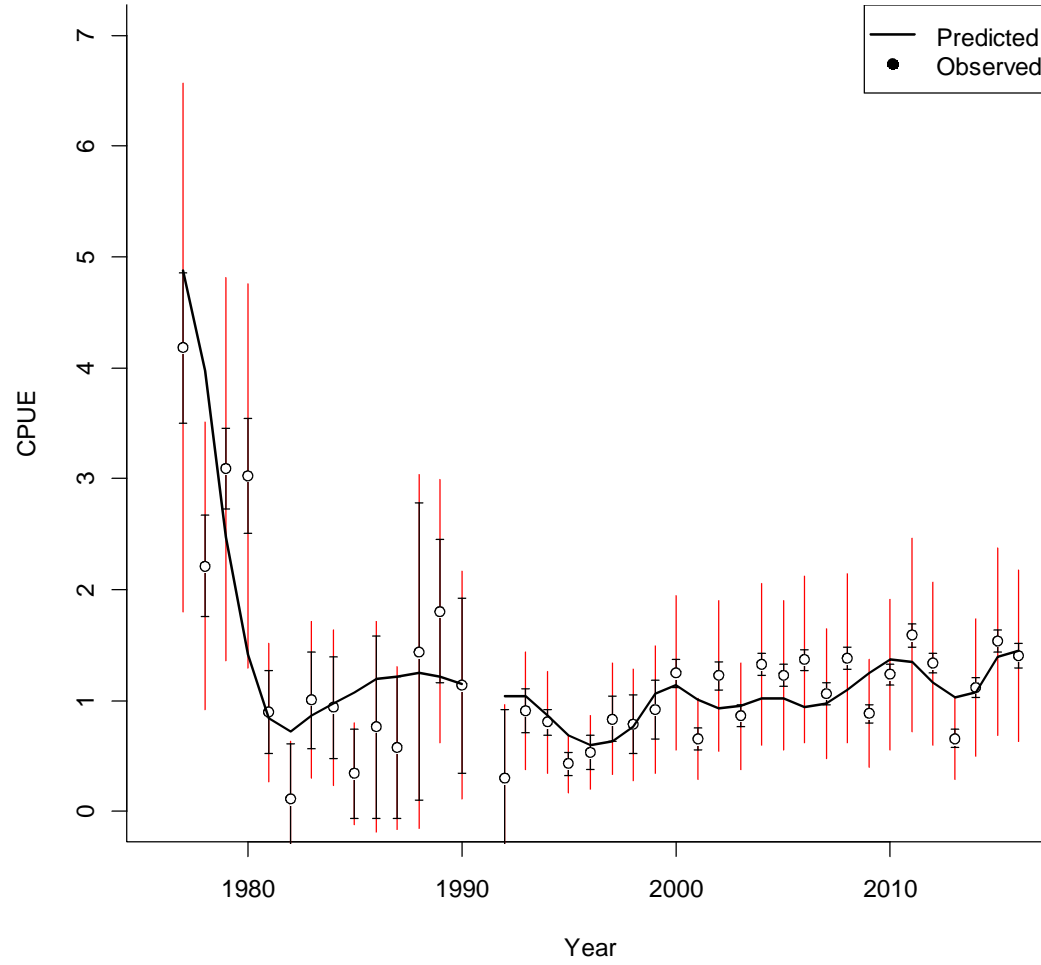


### MMB Feb 01

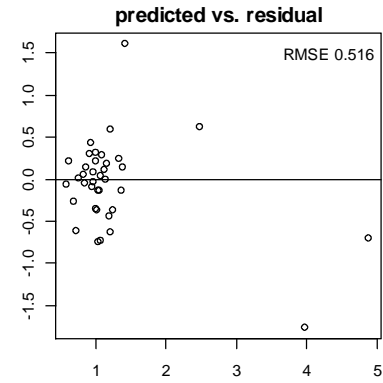
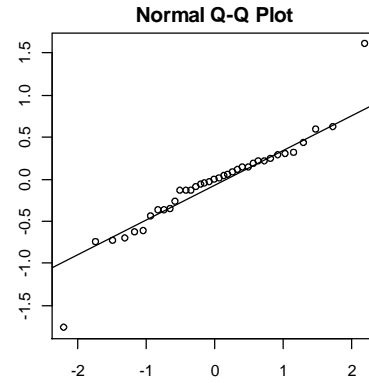
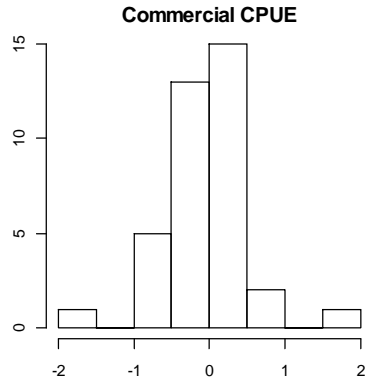
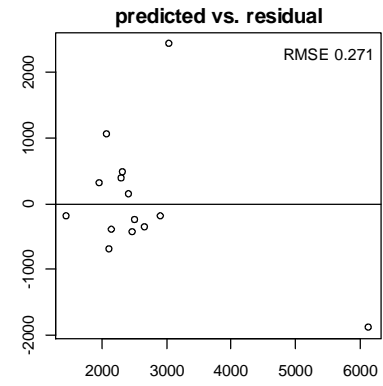
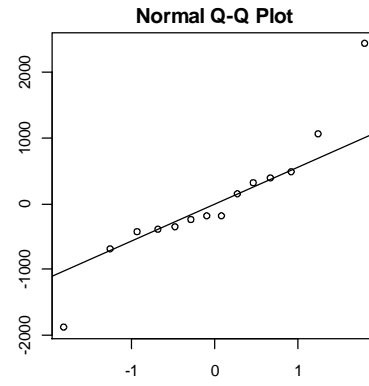
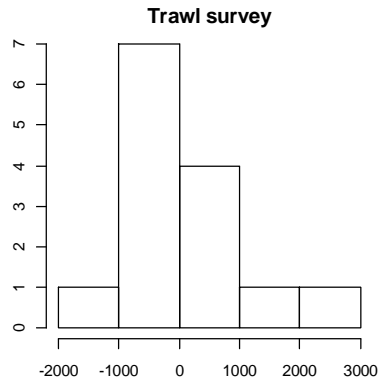


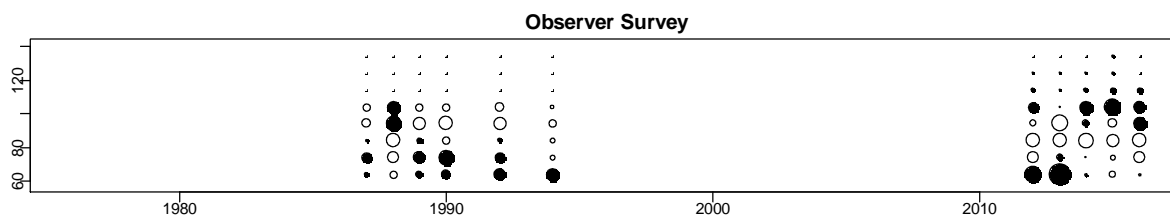
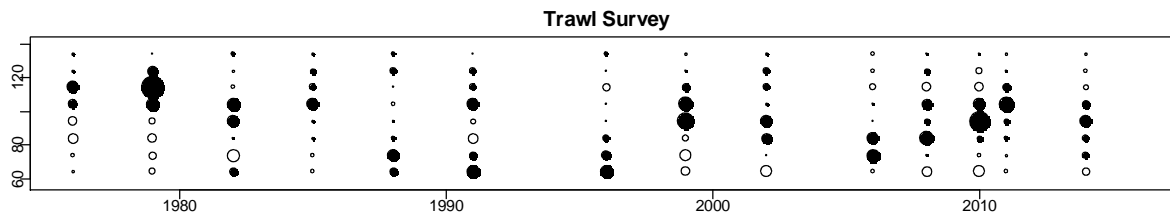
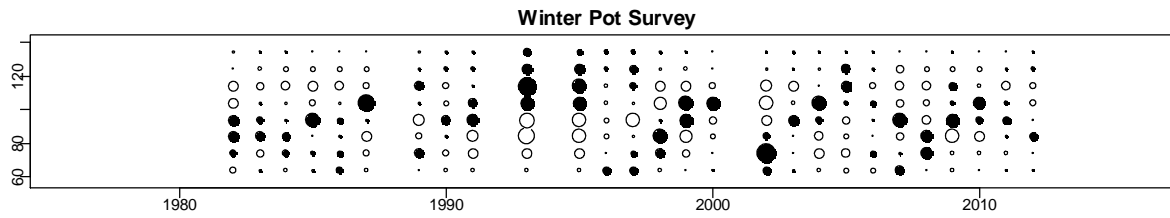
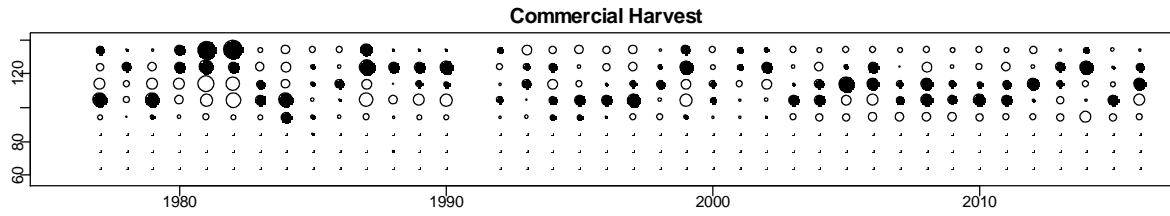


Summer commercial standardized cpue

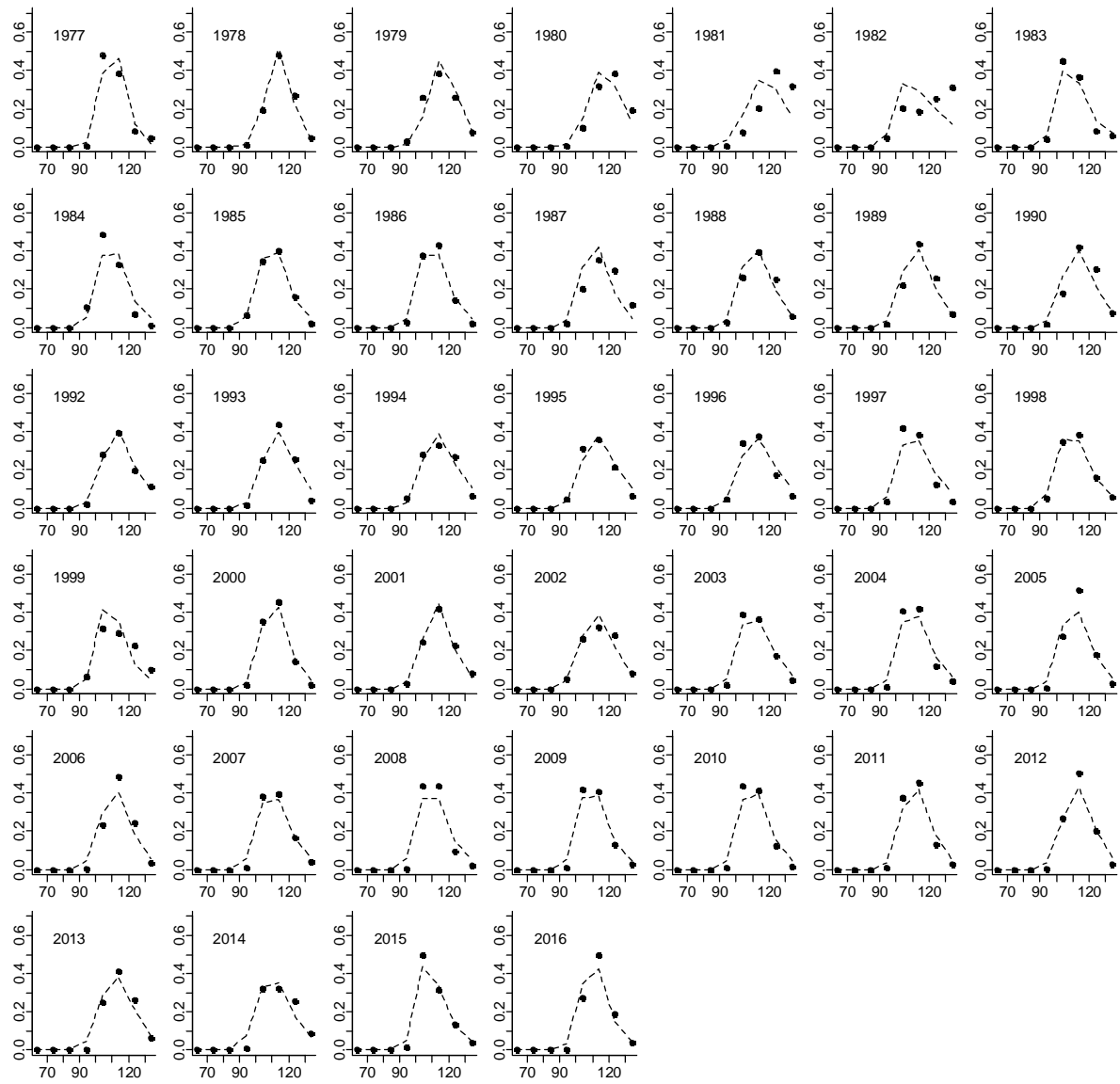


Residuals Histogram, Q-Q Plot, Predicted vs. Residual

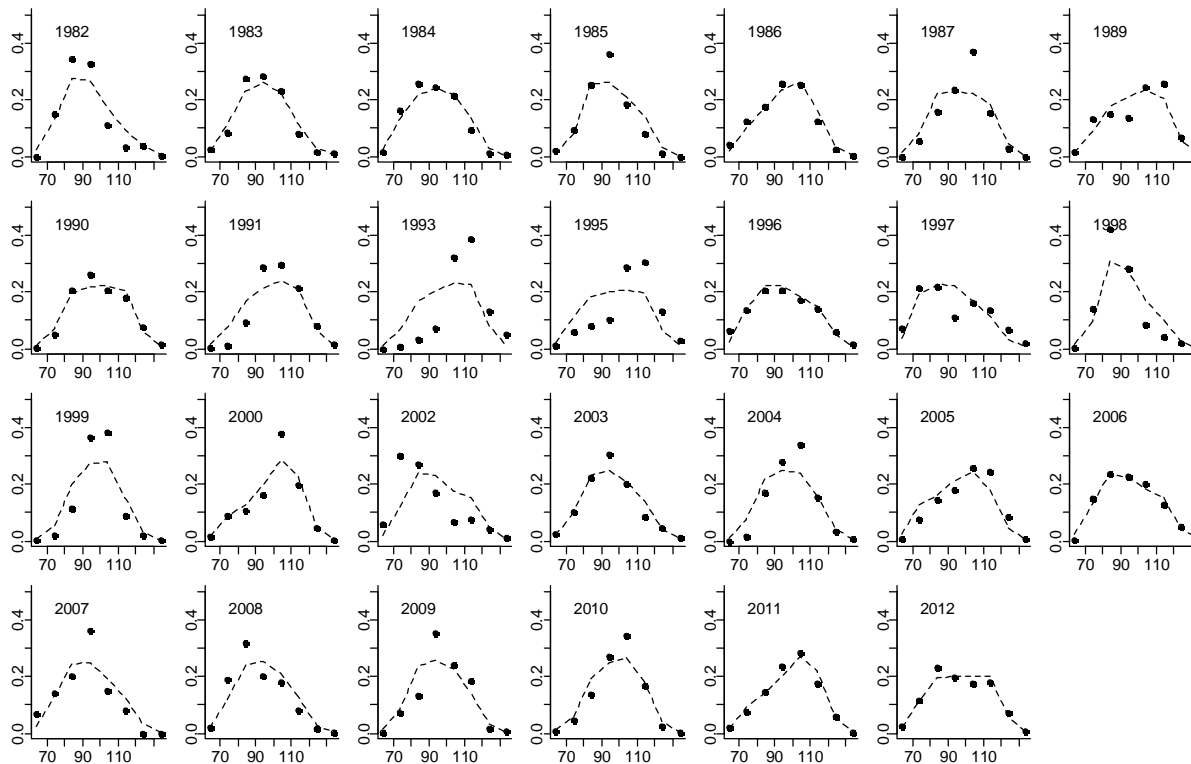




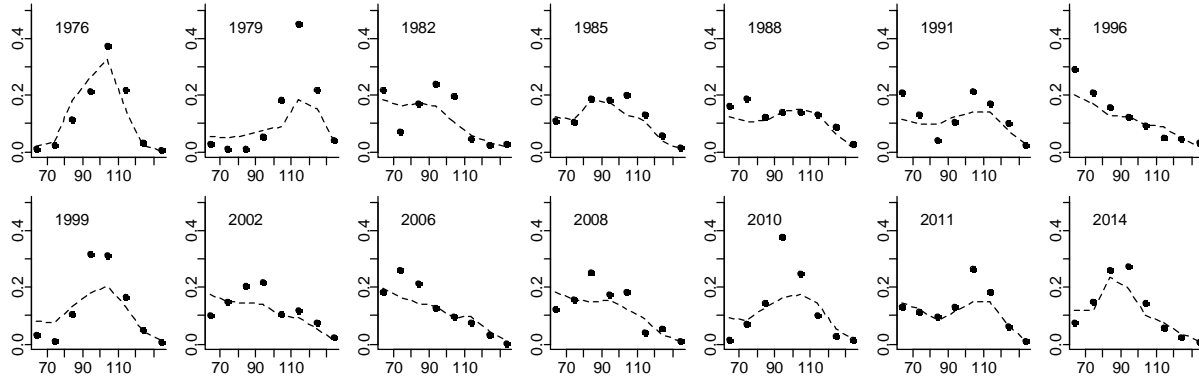
commercial harvest length: observed vs predicted



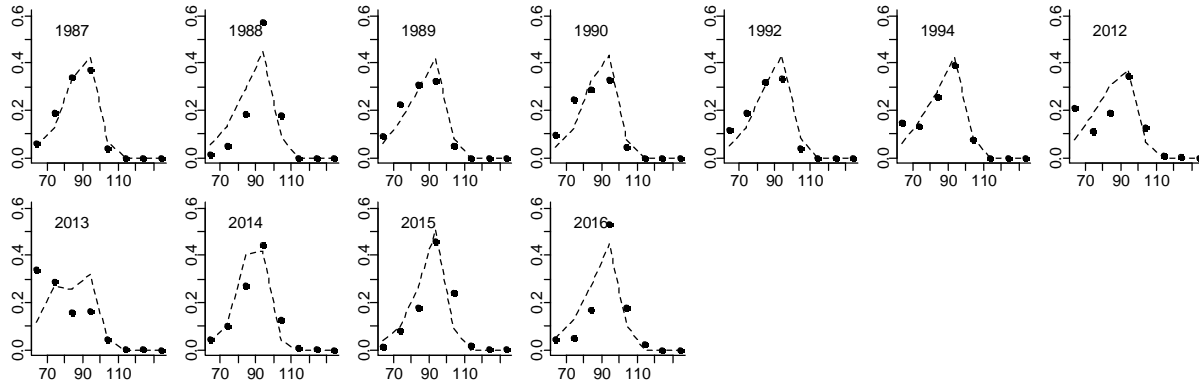
Winter pot length: observed vs predicted



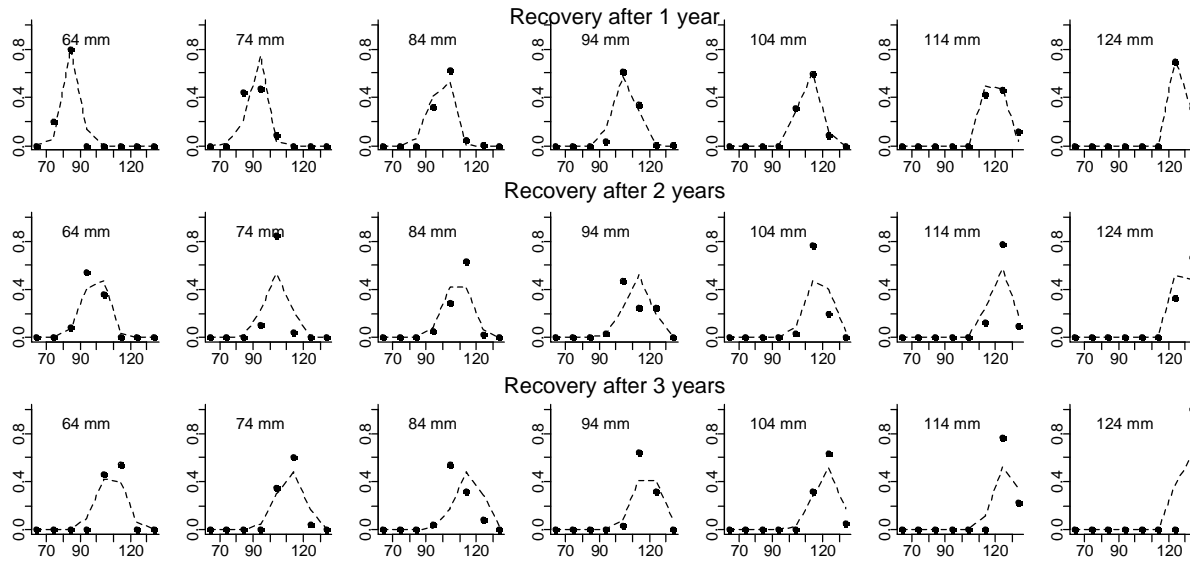
Trawl length: observed vs predicted



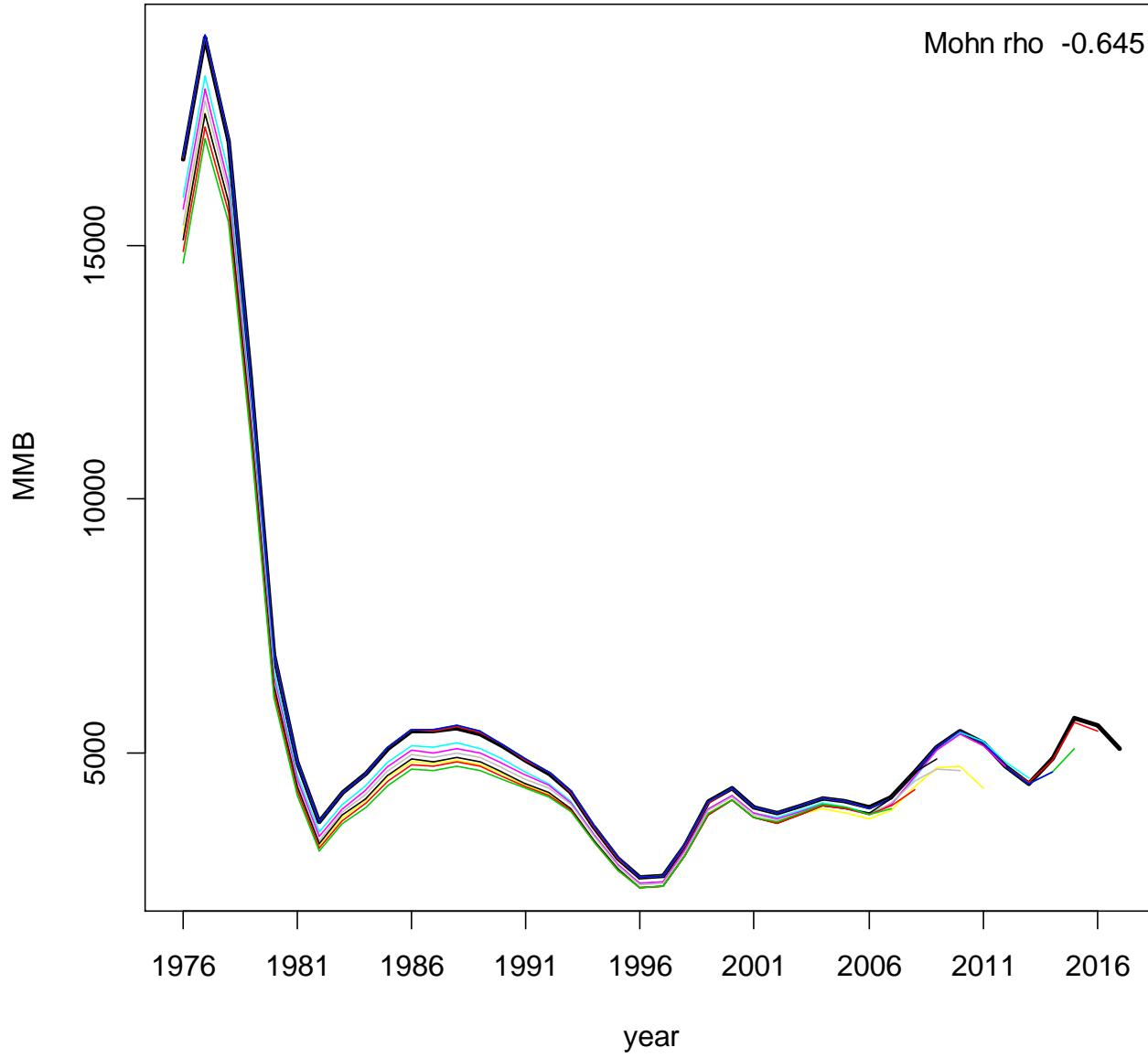
Discards length: observed vs predicted



Tag recovery data observed vs predicted

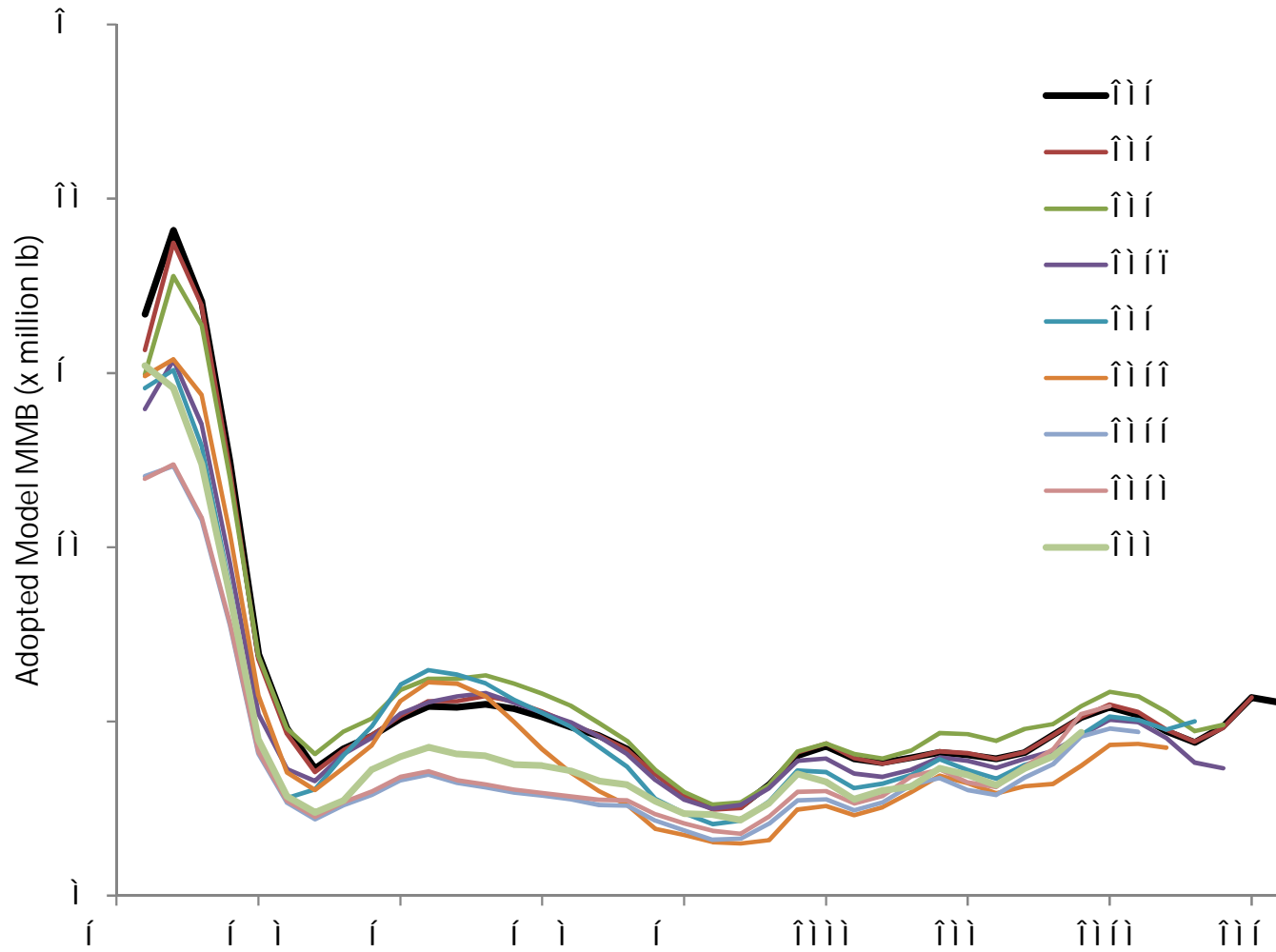


# Retrospective Analysis





# Assessment Model Historical Perspective



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