



2023 ADF&G Scallop Dredge Survey Results

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2024 Scallop Plan Team Meeting

March 5th, 2024

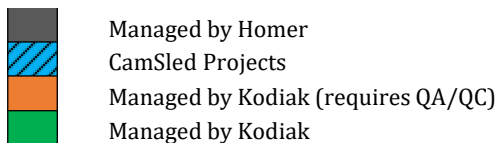


Survey History

Scallop Dredge Survey Data Summary

Abundance/biomass, round weights and counts, height/meat relationships, and age/height compositions

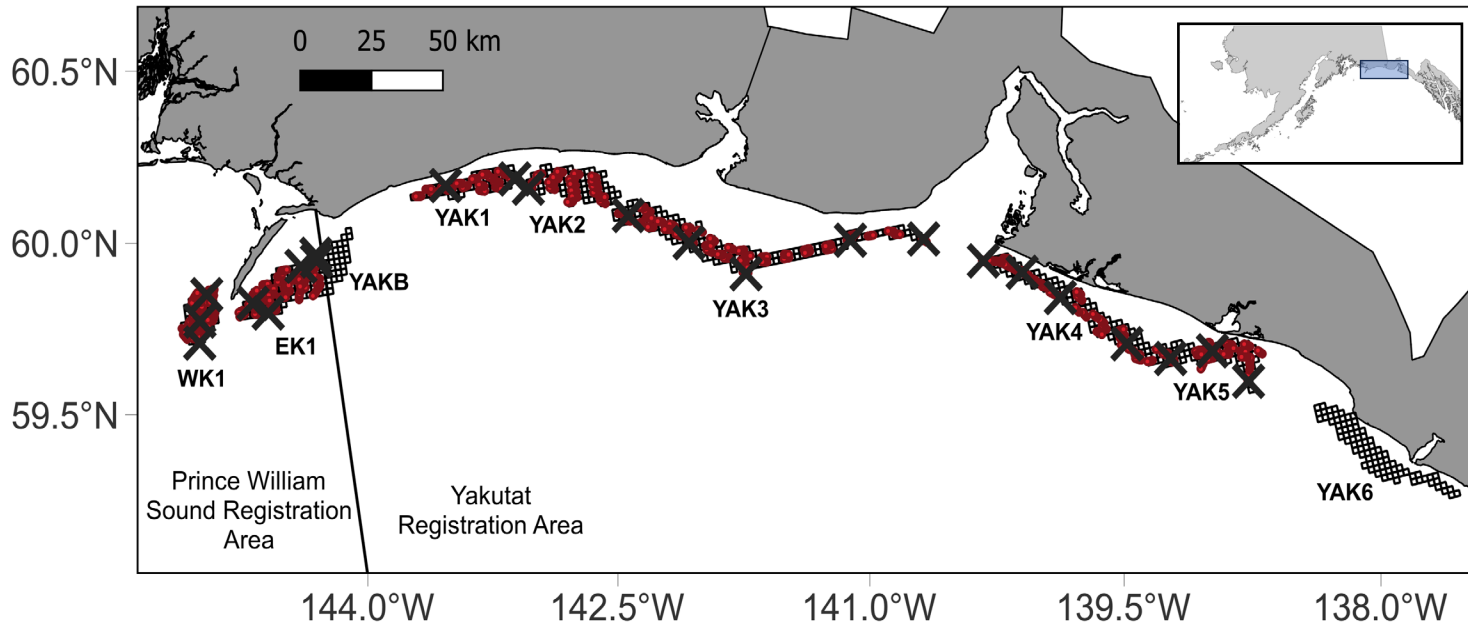
District	Year																												
	84	96	97	98	99	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Kayak East																													
Kayak West																													
Kamishak North																													
Kamishak South																													
Northeast																													
Shelikof																													
Southwest																													
Southeast																													
Semidi Islands																													
Yakutat																													
Central																													
Unimak Bight																													
West Chignik																													
Dutch Harbor																													
Bering Sea																													



*Taken from 2022 ADFG Statewide Alaska Weathervane Scallop Workshop, Available Data Products presentation (Burt, Hopkins, 2022).

Survey Design

Survey 2301 - April 24 – May 15, 2023 (F/V Provider)



Registration Area	Bed	Stations Sampled	Total Stations	Sampling Rate
Prince William Sound	WK1	24	48	50%
	EK1	32	97	33%
Yakutat	YAK1	17	53	33%
	YAK2	20	78	25%
	YAK3	41	164	25%
	YAK4	31	123	25%
	YAK5	17	53	33%

Survey Design – Fishing Power Study

Fishing Power Study

Estimate a **fishing power correction (FPC)** factor to compare catches made with new (Kodiak) and old (Homer) dredge types

Phase 1 (Survey 2201)

Fishing protocols established for the new dredge



Phase 2 (Survey 2201)

Old dredge fished for survey hauls
New dredge fished for comparison



Phase 3 (Survey 2301)

New dredge fished for survey hauls



Survey 2301 - April 24 – May 15, 2023 (F/V Provider)

West and East Kayak Island Beds

Old (Homer) dredge

Yakutat Beds

New (Kodiak) dredge

Survey Design - Sampling



Whole Catch Sampling

Sorting

- Scallops sorted by size
 - <100 mm
 - ≥100 mm
- Species composition subsample

Count and Weigh

- Total baskets
 - Scallops
 - Bycatch
- Scallops per basket

Natural Mortality

- Clappers
- Predators

Subsampled Catch

Scallop Size Frequency

- Shell height

Scallop biological metrics

- Shell height
- Whole weight
- Meat weight and condition
- Gonad condition
- Sex
- Parasite presence
- Shell collection (aging)

Haul composition

- Species composition
- Debris (natural, man-made)



Survey Design - Sampling

Supporting information

Fishing log

- Haul information
 - Date/time
 - Lat/long
 - Depth
 - Duration
- Dredge performance
- Sea state

Dredgemaster

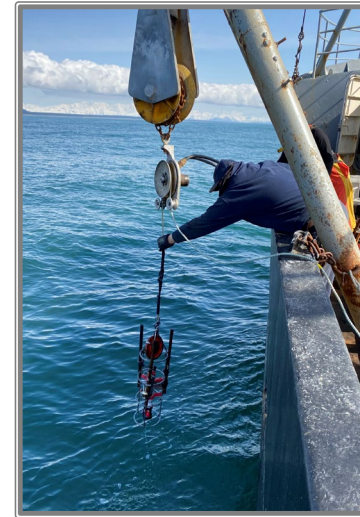
- Dredge angle
- Bottom temperature

GLOBE

- Haul track lines

Environmental Data

- Vertical profiles
 - CTD (conductivity, temp, depth)
 - pH logger



Results - Outline

Abundance and round biomass

- Small (<100 mm)
- Large (≥ 100 mm)

Size composition

Meat weight biomass

Shell height vs. meat weight

Gonad condition

Parasites and meat condition

- Shell borers
- Shell blisters
- Weak meats

Environmental conditions

- CTD/ph summary by bed
- Water mass characteristics

Survey 2024

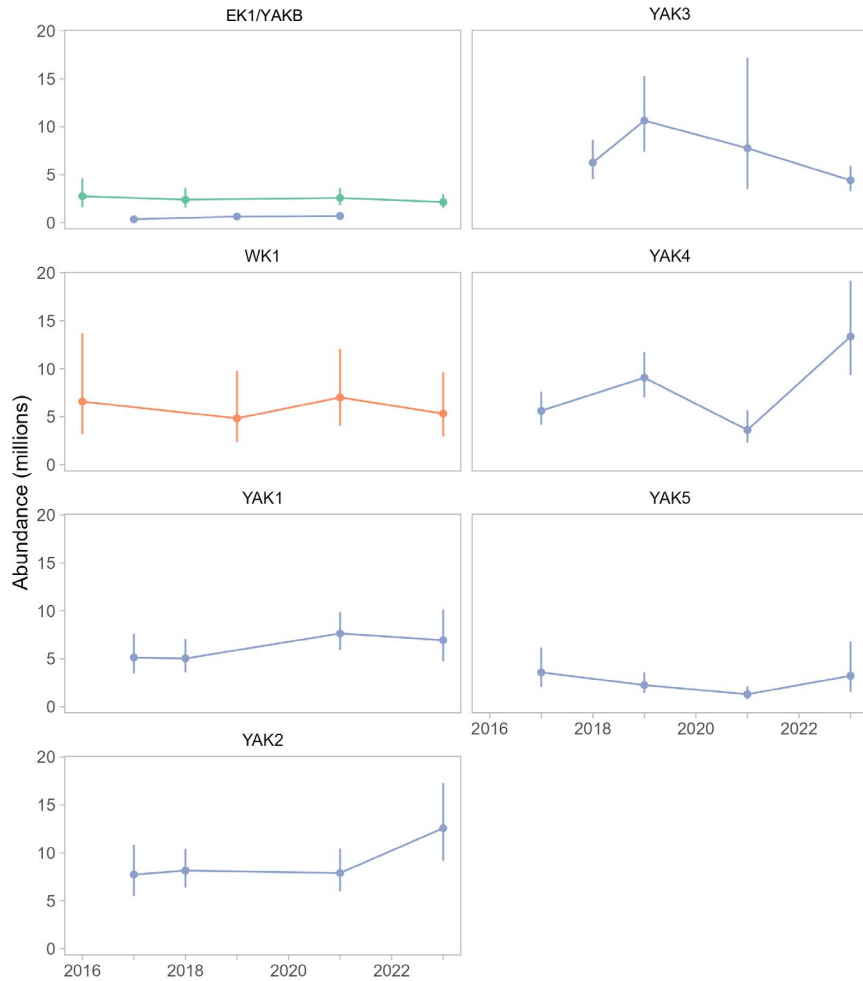
Fishing Power Study – Alex Reich



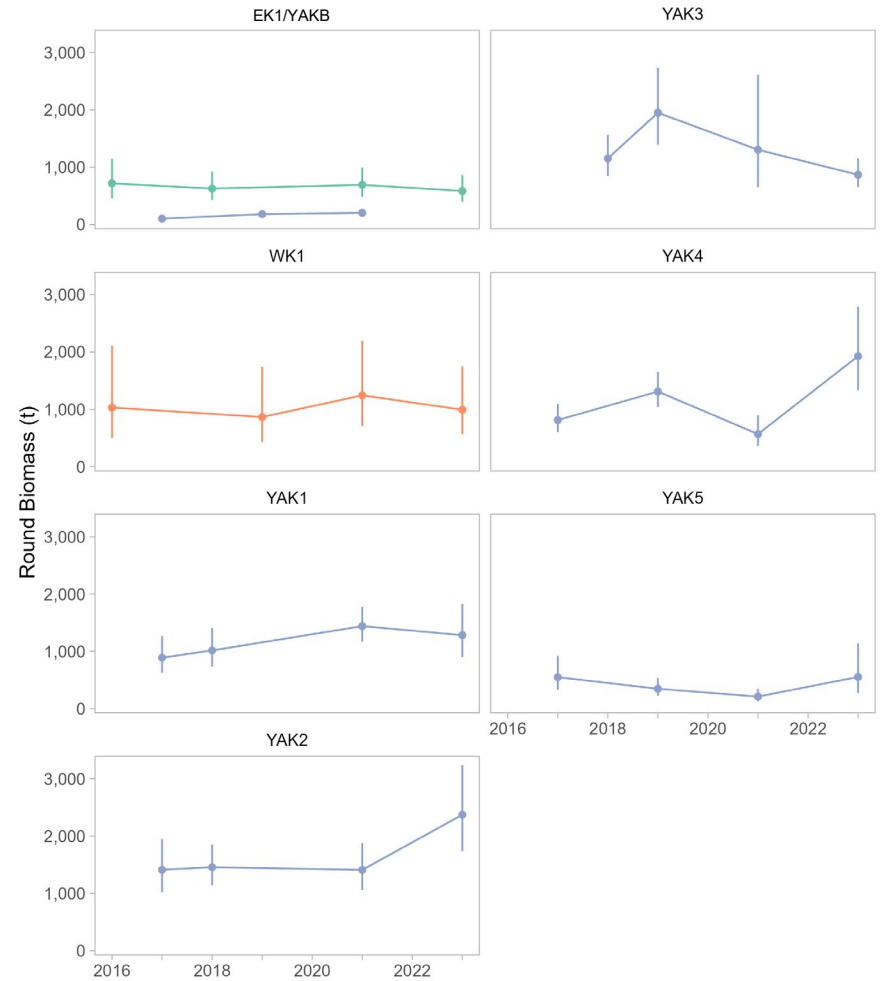
Results – Abundance and Biomass

Large Scallops ($\geq 100\text{mm}$)

Abundance



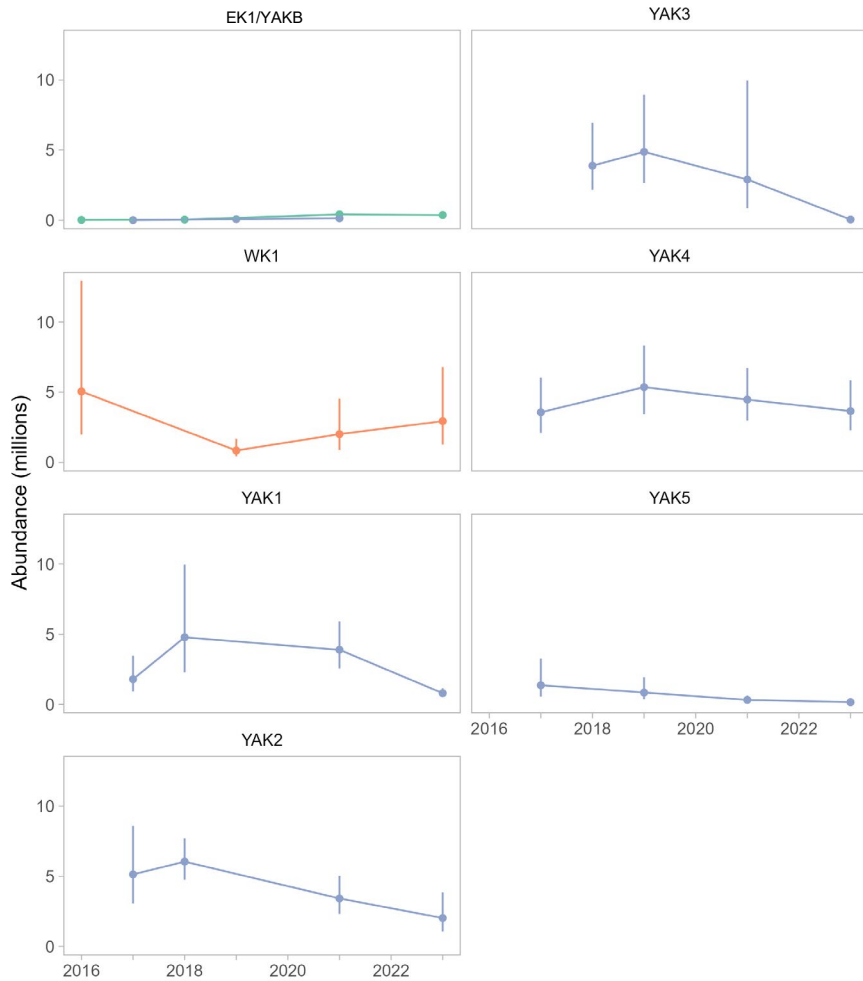
Round Biomass



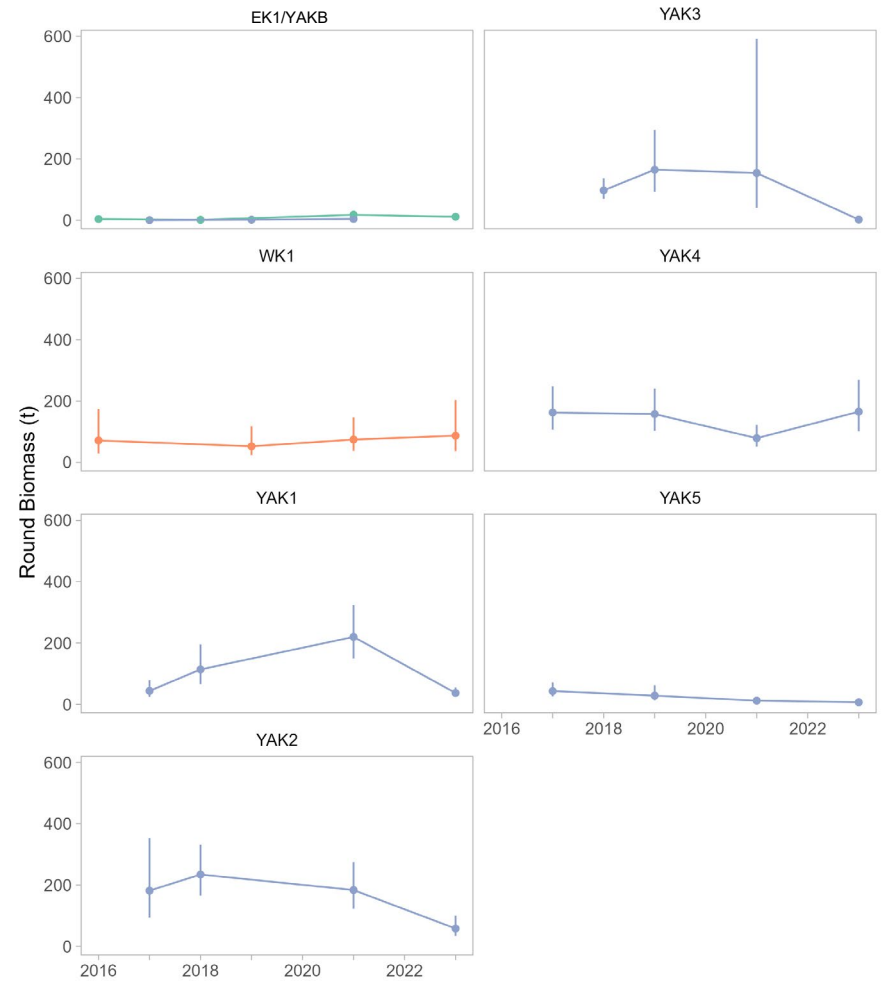
Results – Abundance and Biomass

Small Scallops (< 100mm)

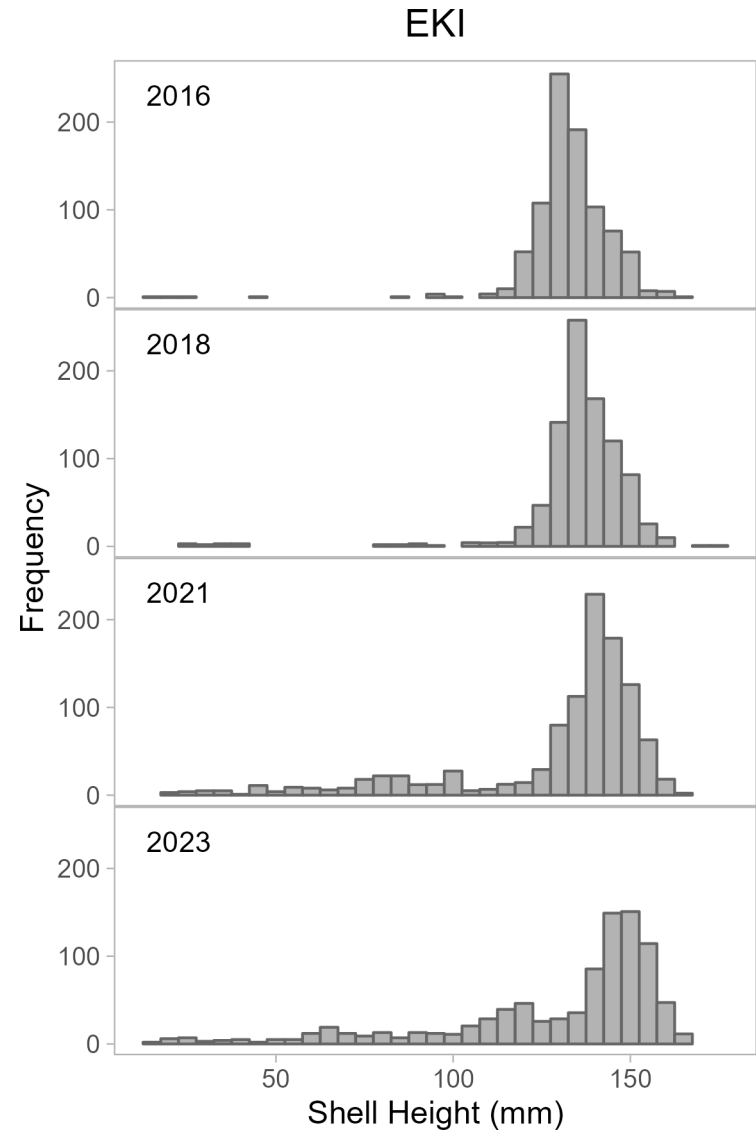
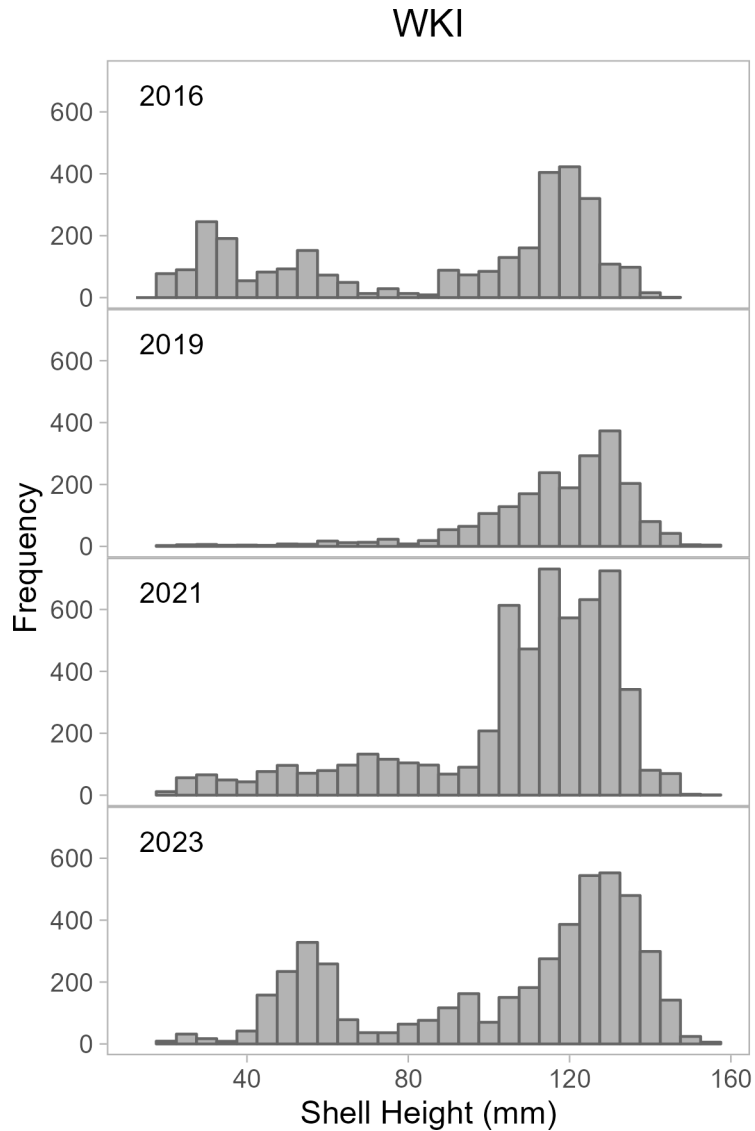
Abundance



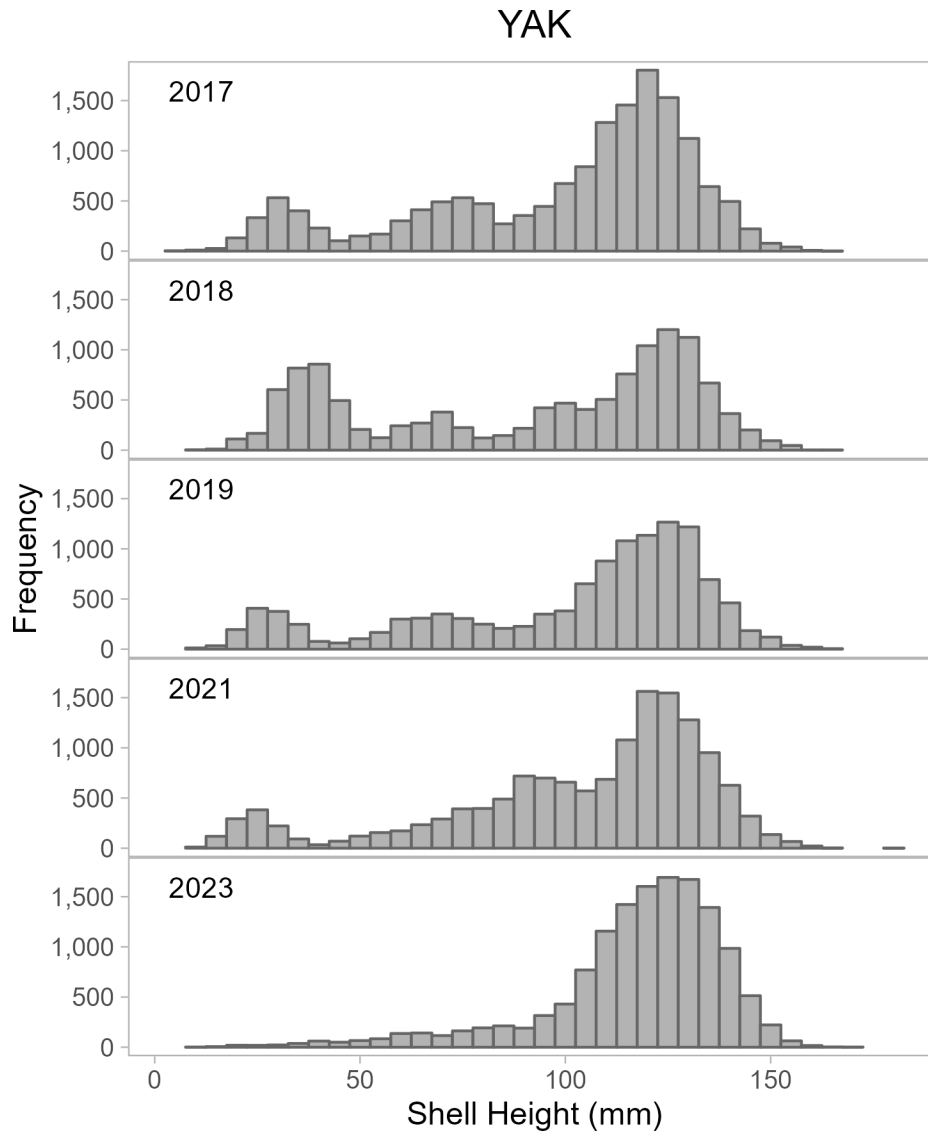
Round Biomass



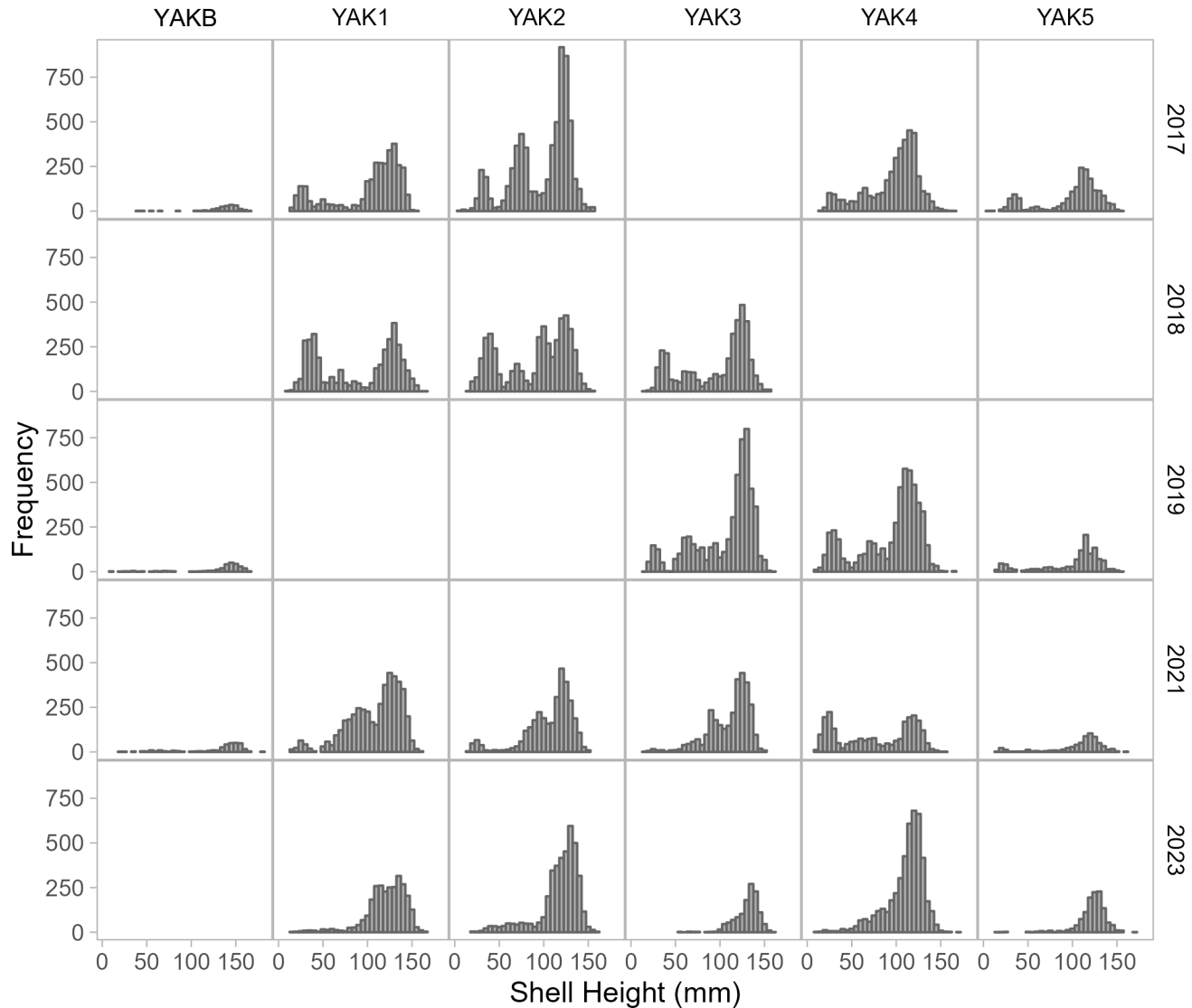
Results – Size Composition



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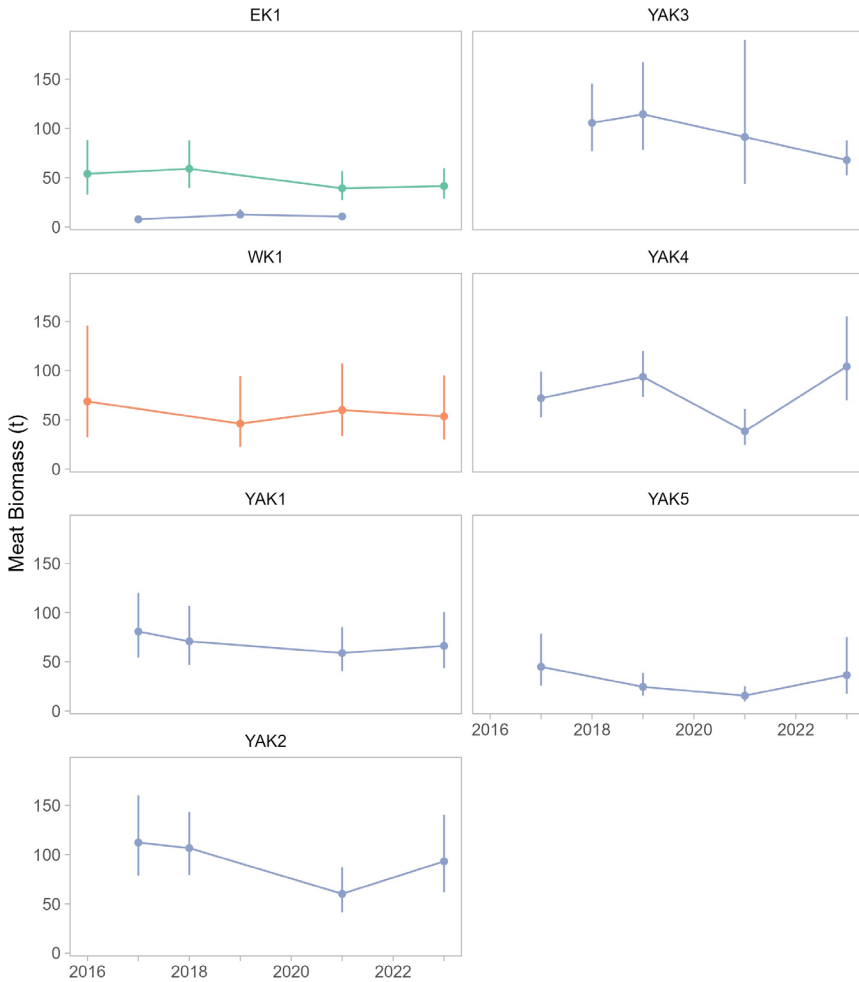
Results – Size Composition



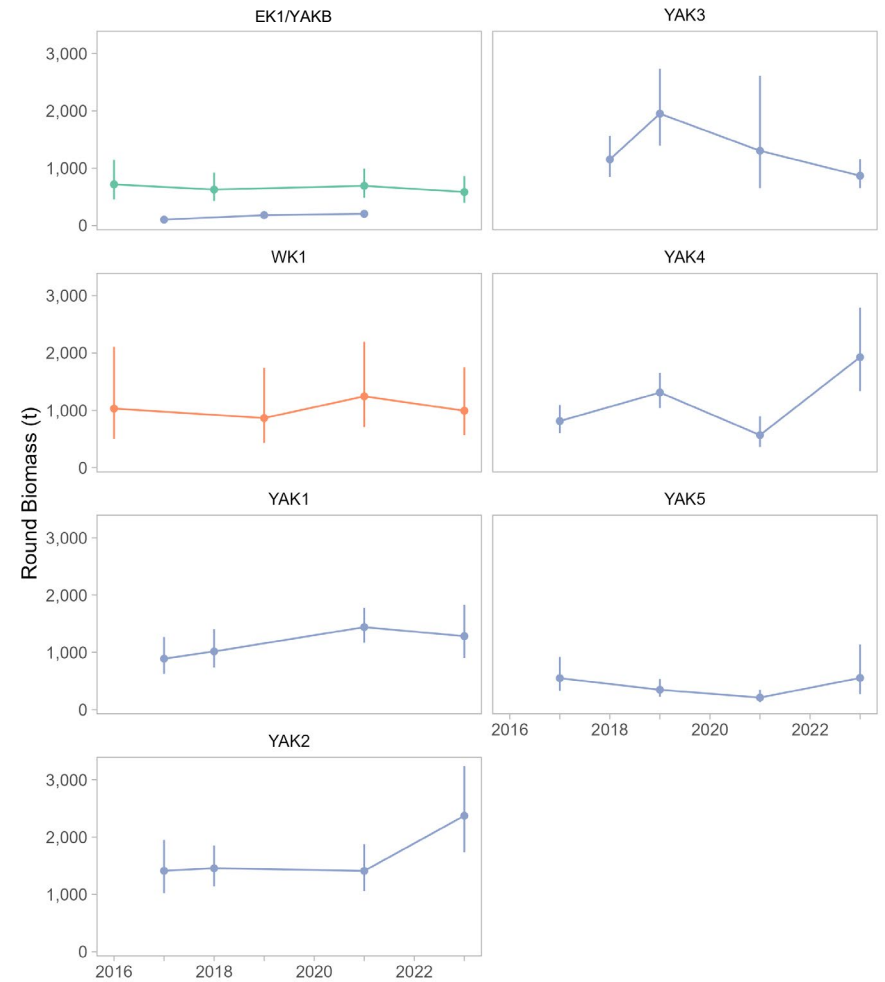
Results – Meat Weight Biomass

Large Scallops ($\geq 100\text{mm}$)

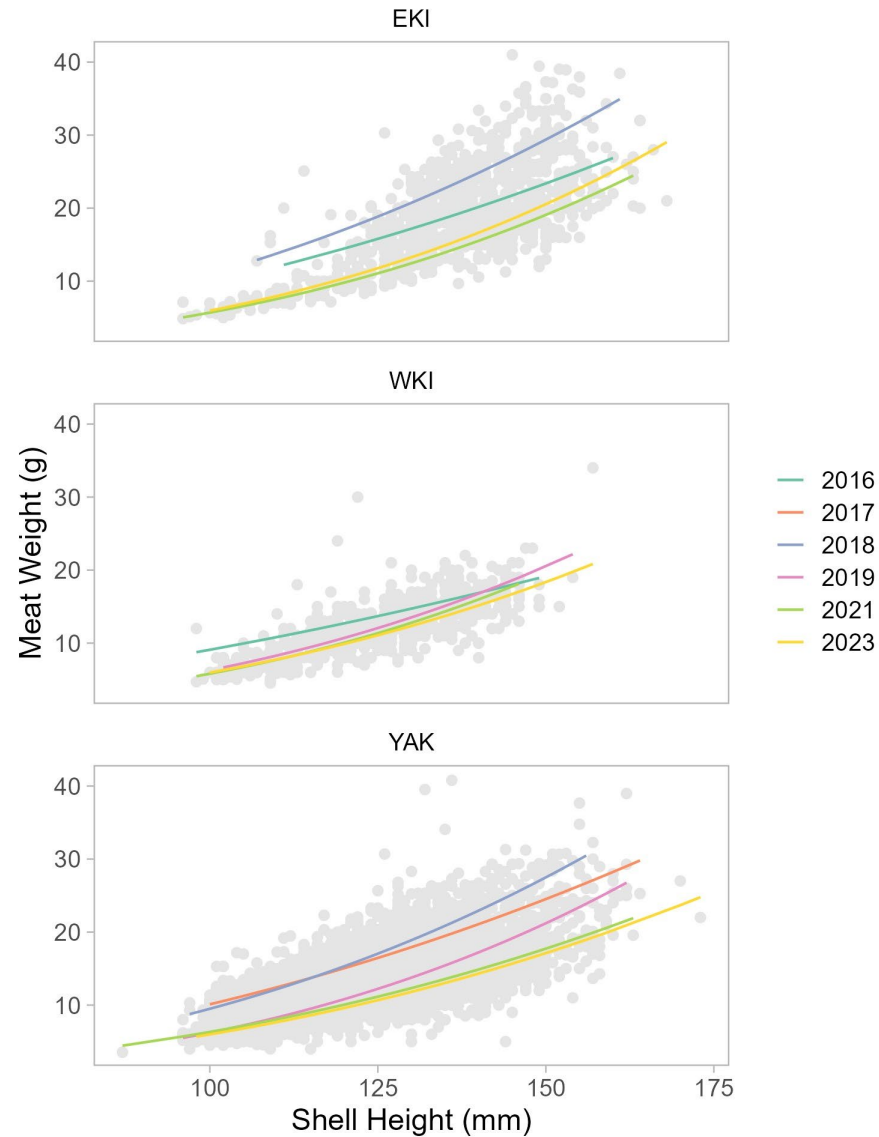
Meat Weight Biomass



Round Biomass

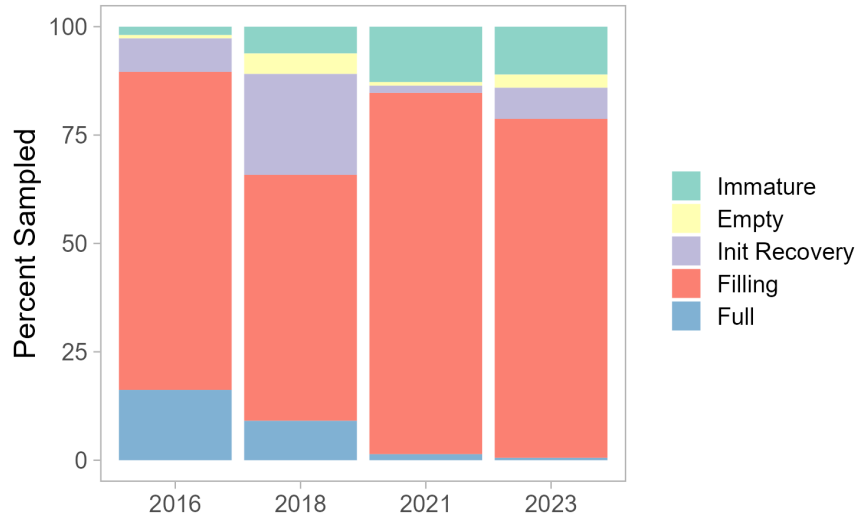


Results – Shell Height vs. Meat Weight

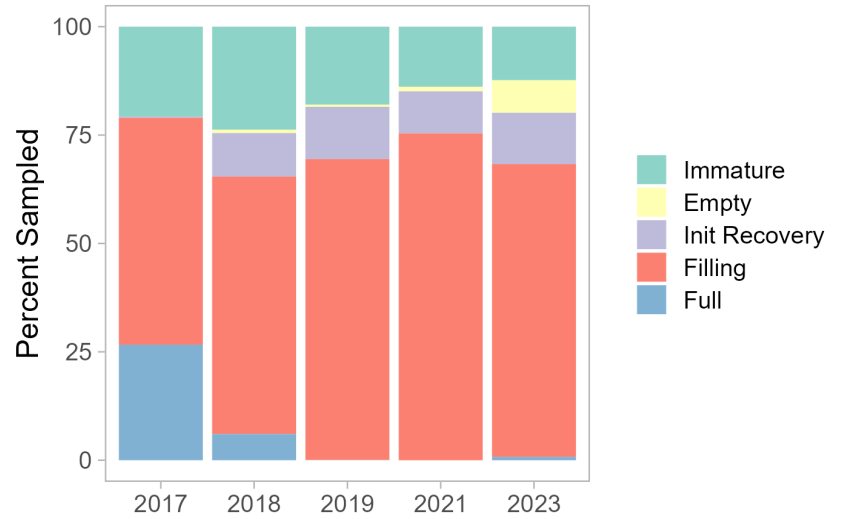


Results – Gonad Condition

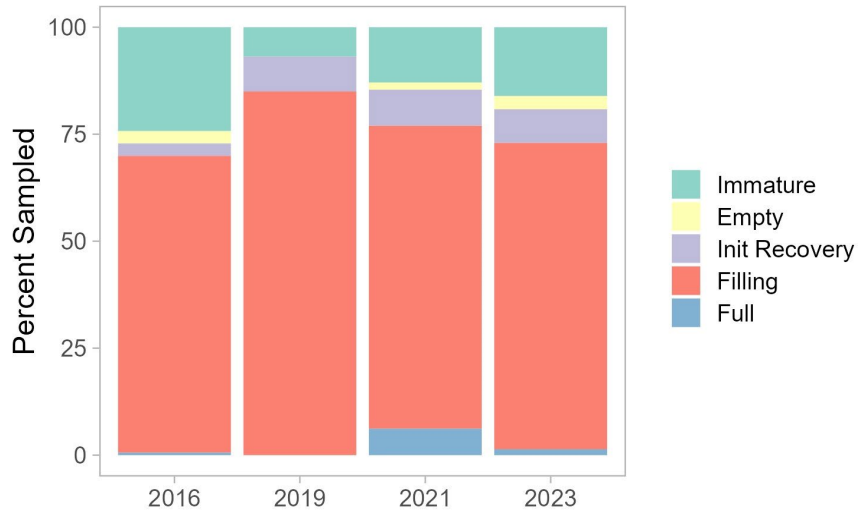
EK1



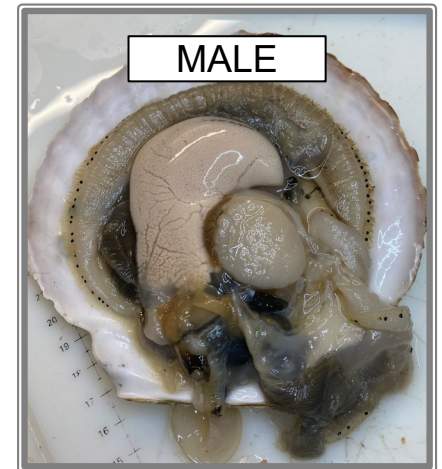
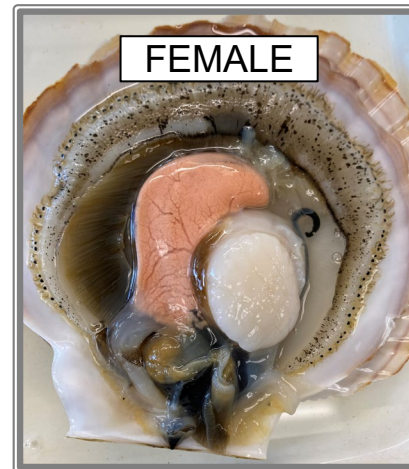
YAK



WK1



GONAD CONDITION - FILLING



Results – Parasites and Meat Condition

Definitions

Definitions and categorical IDs updated to align with infection severity (2022)

Old		→	New	
<u>Shell Worms</u>			<u>Shell Borers</u>	
0%			None	
1-24%			Mild	
25-49%			Moderate	
50-74%			Advanced	
75-100%				

Old		→	New	
<u>Mud Blisters</u>			<u>Shell Blisters</u>	
0%			None	
1-24%			Mild	
25-49%			Moderate	
50-74%			Advanced	
75-100%				

Area	Bed	Shell Borers (%)				Shell Blisters (%)			
		None	Mild	Moderate	Advanced	None	Mild	Moderate	Advanced
Prince William Sound	WK1	47	37	15	1	93	6	1	0
	EK1	50	46	4	0	67	22	7	4
Yakutat	YAK	49	40	10	1	71	25	2	1

Area	Bed	Weak Meat (%)							
		2016	2017	2018	2019	2021	2022	2023	
Prince William Sound	WK1	0	-	-	3	5	-	2	
	EK1	2	-	1	-	12	-	5	
Yakutat	YAK	-	2	1	3	3	-	3	

Early and late-stage shell blistering (conchiolin, mucus)



“Shell boring” sponge



Results – Environmental Data

2301 CTD and pH logger data summary

Area	Bed	Casts	Minimum cast depth (fath)	Maximum cast depth (fath)	Average depth (fath)	Average temp at max depth (°C)	Average salinity at max depth	Average pH at max depth
Prince William Sound	WK1	3	33	55	41	5.4	32.0	8.08
	EK1	4	34	60	46	6.1	31.9	8.17
Yakutat	YAK1	2	44	53	49	6.2	32.1	8.08
	YAK2	3	34	55	43	5.5	32.1	7.98
	YAK3	4	44	53	47	5.3	32.1	8.02
	YAK4	4	38	65	47	5.4	32.3	8.02
	YAK5	3	51	53	53	5.1	32.1	8.04

860

P.J. Stabenov et al. / Continental Shelf Research 24 (2004) 859–897

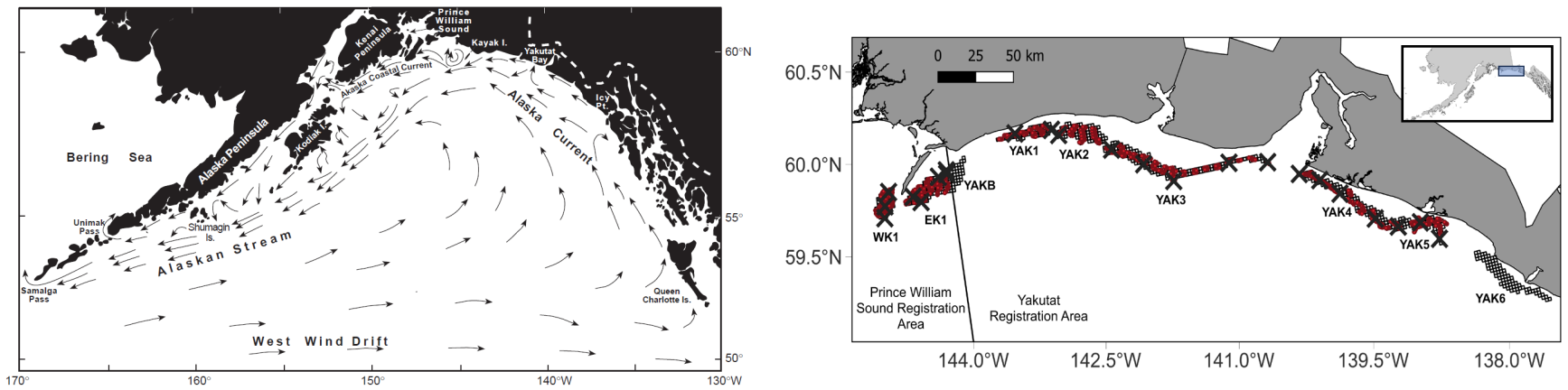
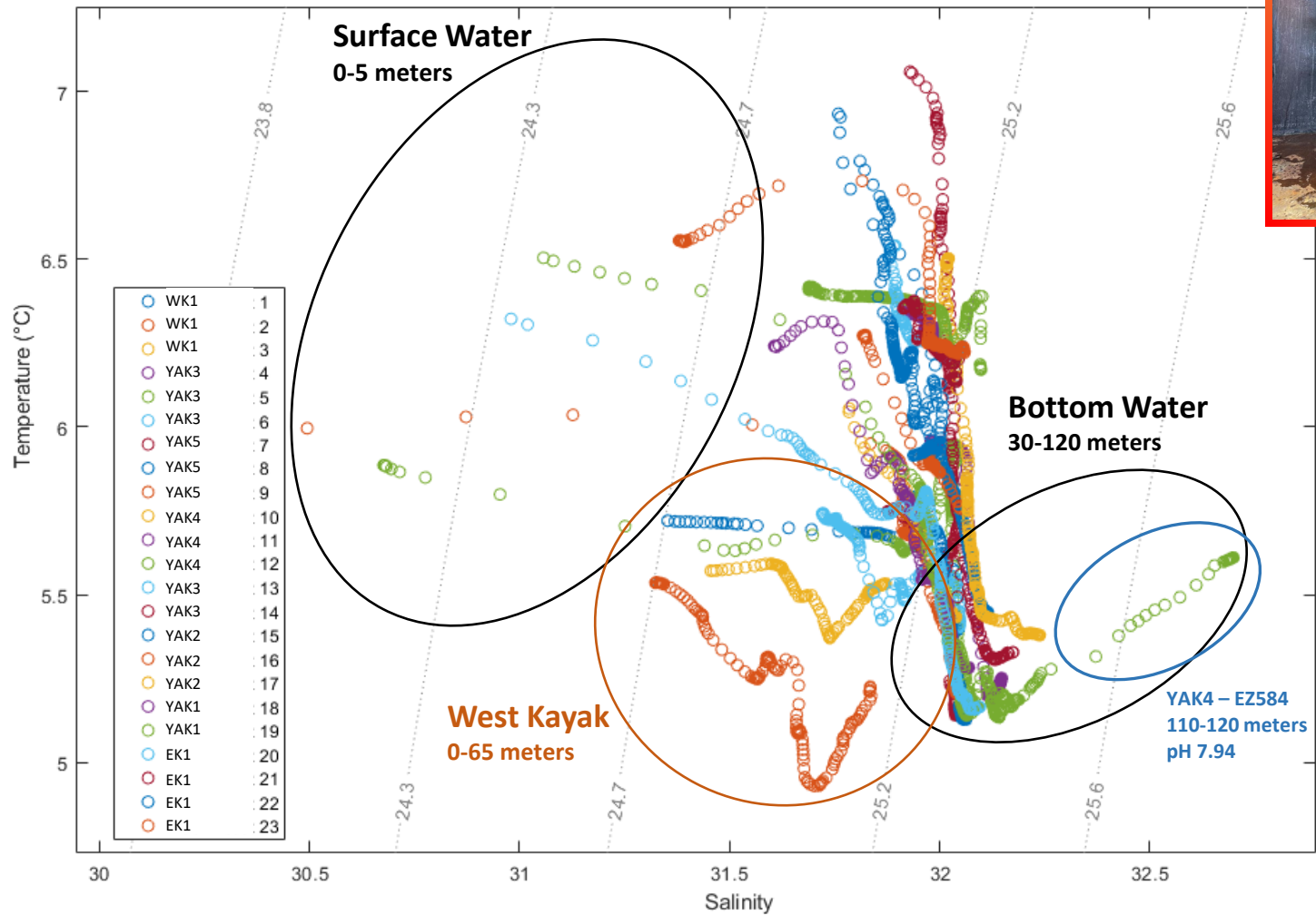


Fig. 1. Map of the Gulf of Alaska. The flow of the Alaska Coastal Current and subarctic gyre are indicated as several geographic place names. (After Reed and Schumacher, 1986).

Results – Environmental Data

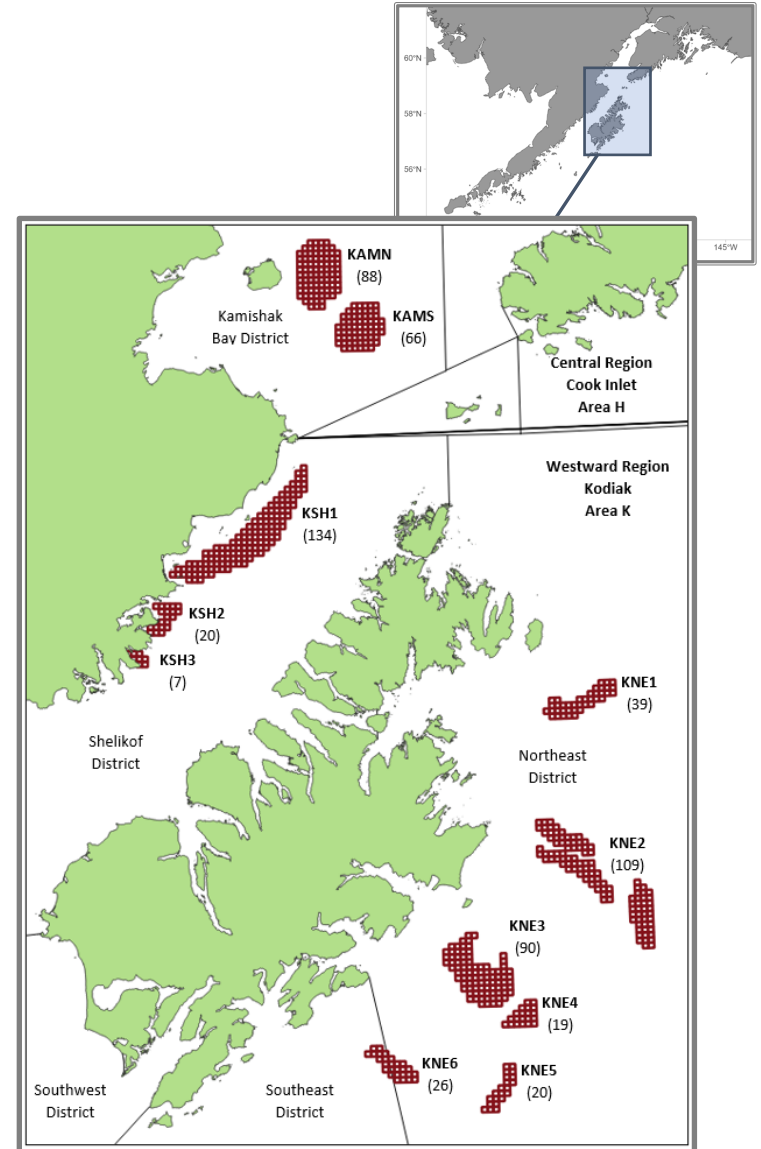
2301 CTD cast data – T/S potential density



2024 Survey Plan

Survey 2401 – May 2024

District	Bed	Stations Sampled	Total Stations	Sampling Rate
Kamishak	KAMN	29	88	33%
	KAMS	22	66	33%
Northeast	KNE1	12	39	31%
	KNE2	36	109	33%
	KNE3	30	90	33%
	KNE4	6	19	33%
	KNE5	7	20	35%
	KNE6	9	26	35%
Shelikof	KSH1	44	134	33%



Mike “Bycatch” Byerly

