# Gulf of Alaska Fishing Communities and Climate Change Adaptation

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## Fishermen are on the frontlines of climate change

- Shifting baselines of stock health, fish health, and economic opportunities in fisheries
- Undermined well-being
  - Physical safety
  - Mental health
  - Social relationships

Smaller fish	Warming waters	Less food in the system
Greater stock variability	Timing and strength of runs is less predictable	Poorer fish quality
More powerful storms	Shifting seasons	More precipitation variability
Algae and jellyfish that plug nets	Fish migration offshore	Ocean acidification

## Adaptation happens on a spectrum

Limited and reactive change Short-term perspective

Proactive and systemic change Long-term perspective

#### Remain

"Business as usual"

Maintain current fishing practices

Maintain current management regimes

### Cope

React to maintain status quo

Shifts around the margins

Follow the fish

Supplement income

### **Adapt**

*Increase flexibility* 

Diversify fisheries and livelihoods

Develop new fisheries, markets, products, and industries

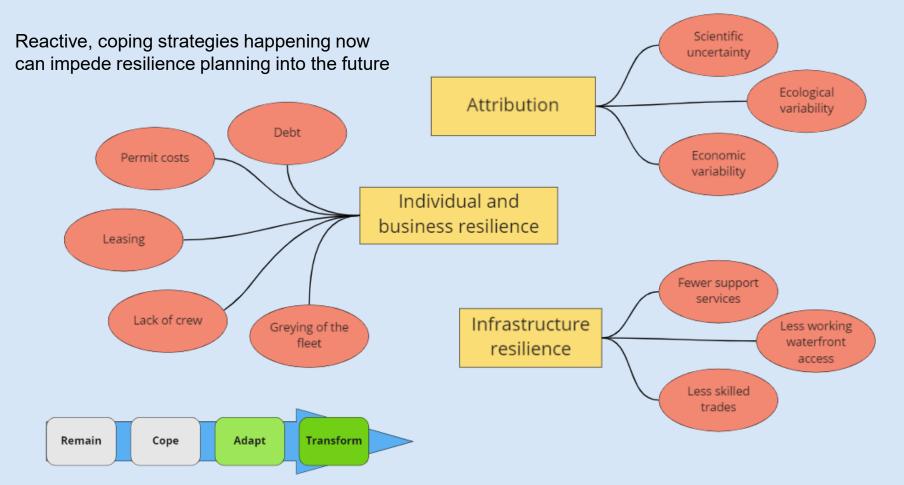
#### **Transform**

Systemic change

Invest in people and infrastructure

Empower communities to affect the change they want to see

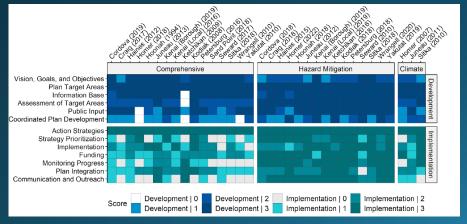
## Barriers to adaptive and transformative response

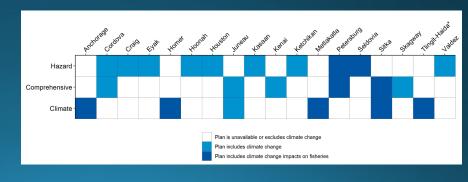


## Coping - Adaptation planning for Gulf of Alaska communities is strikingly absent



- Very limited discourse about climate impacts on fisheries
  - Only six community and Tribal entities have formal climate plans in the Gulf
- Some hazard plans have integrated climate change as a formal hazard
  - But still very limited discourse on fisheries impacts
- Other mandated community plans could be used to integrate climate planning





#### How do Gulf of Alaska communities talk about resilience?



Government and policy

Public discourse

## Climate planning for fishing communities























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## Moving from coping to planning

Understanding fishing communities multidimensional vulnerability across physical, natural, financial, social, human, and political capital through participatory approach



Political capital

- political
representation,
access to
lawmakers,
regulatory
stability

Human capital physical and
mental health
and safety,
knowledge and
skills,
experience

infrastructure,
equipment,
tools and
technology

Physical capital

Natural capital
– fisheries,
food security,
environmental
services

Financial capital
– savings, credit
and debt,
financial assets,
insurance

Social capital – fabric of community, networks and connections, social trust

**Vulnerability** 

## **Summary points**



- Climate change is already adversely impacting Gulf of Alaska fishing communities, building on systemic issues.
- Adaptation is ad hoc but resilience ideas are diverse and many.
- Increasingly focusing on implementation research to provide the science to facilitate adaptation and transformation in Gulf of Alaska fishing communities
  - Grounded in participatory and collaborative approach
- Climate planning for fishing communities

