

# C7 Adjust the Partial Coverage Observer Fee

**Environmental Assessment** 

Jennifer Ferdinand
Jason Gasper
Geoff Mayhew
Alicia Miller
Cathy Tide



**FISHERIES** 

Alaska Regional Office

# C7 Adjust the Partial Coverage Observer Fee

Environmental Assessment Fee Revenue Analysis

Cathy Tide April 2019

## Fee Revenue Analysis

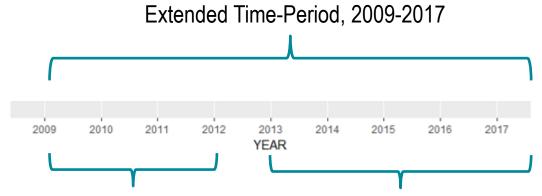
- Economic components of Observer Fee Revenues
  - Landings
  - Standard ex-vessel prices
  - Ex-vessel value
  - Fee percentages
- Basis for comparing fee alternatives and their potential impacts on coverage and information gaps
- Risk analysis for Various Funding Levels
- Fee Revenue Scenarios
- Effect of possible EM costs on fee revenues



# Fee Revenue Analysis

• EA considers 4 species:

- Halibut
- Sablefish
- Pacific cod
- Pollock



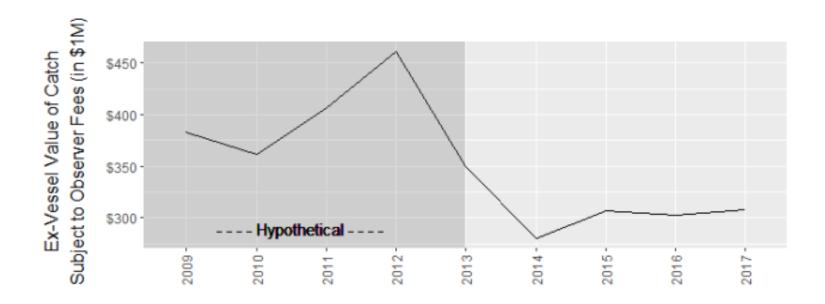
Pre-Restructure, 2009-2012 Post-Restructure, 2013-2017

### EA looks at 9 recent years

- 4 year pre-restructure (2009-2012)
- 5 years post-restructure (2013-2017)
- 2018 will be included in updated analysis



#### **Ex-Vessel Value**

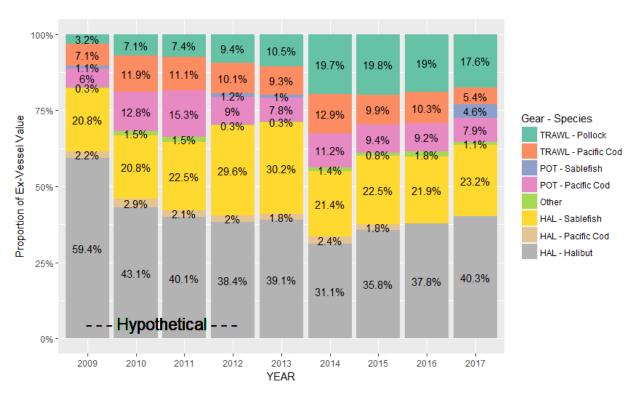


 Overall ex-vessel value higher between 2009 and 2012 than 2013 and 2017

(Figures 4 and 5, pages 48 and 49)



# **Proportion of Ex-Vessel Value**

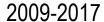


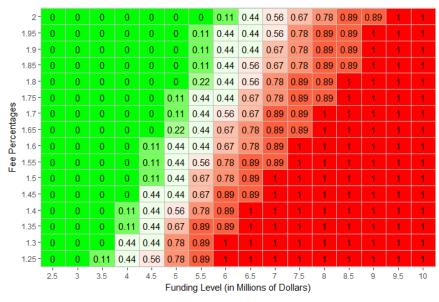
 Hook and line landings comprise the largest proportions of the ex-vessel value

(Figure 6, Page 60)

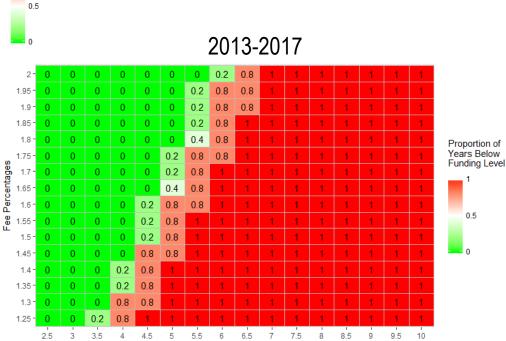


## **Risk Analysis**





(Figure 7, page 57)



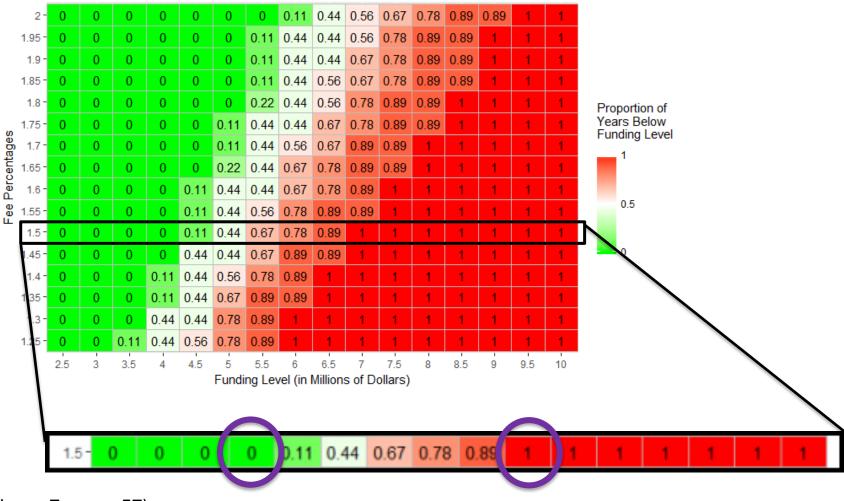
(Figure 8, page 58)

Proportion of Years Below Funding Level



Funding Level (in Millions of Dollars)

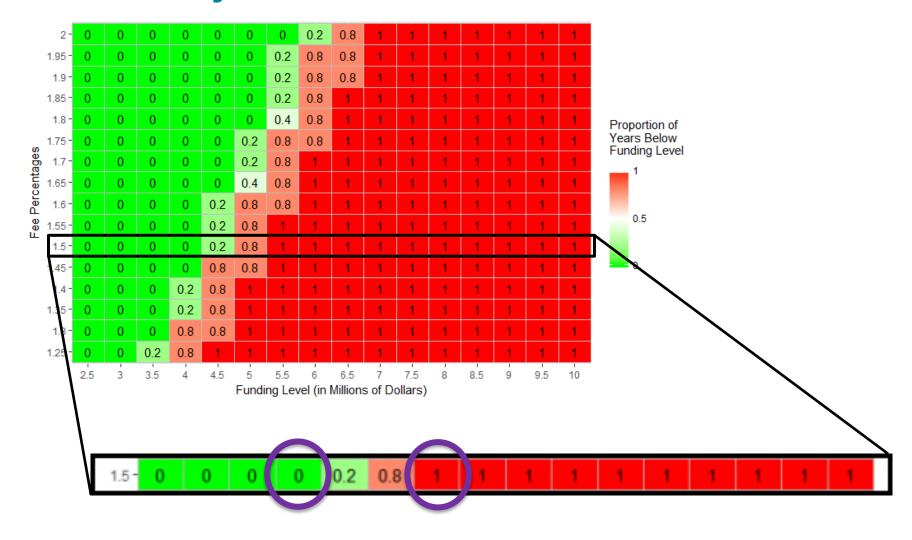
# Risk Analysis: 2009-2017



(Figure 7, page 57)



## Risk Analysis: 2013-2017





# **Risk Analysis**

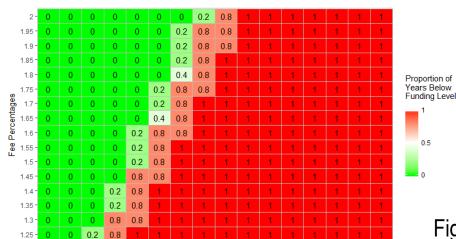
 The longer time-period may mask risks associated with a low-revenue trend

#### 2009-2017



Figure 7

#### 2013-2017



Funding Level (in Millions of Dollars)

Figure 8



# Fee Revenue and Fee Percentage Scenarios

 A wide range of fee revenues are possible depending on the ex-vessel value and fee percentage

	Hook and Line							
Fee	Min	M	Max					
%	2014	Mean	2012					
1.25	\$1,918,970	\$2,929,089	\$4,033,948					
1.3	\$1,995,729	\$3,046,253	\$4,195,306					
1.35	\$2,072,487	\$3,163,416	\$4,356,663					
1.4	\$2,149,246	\$3,280,580	\$4,518,021					
1.45	\$2,226,005	\$3,397,743	\$4,679,379					
1.5	\$2,302,764	\$3,514,907	\$4,840,737					
1.55	\$2,379,522	\$3,632,071	\$5,002,095					
1.6	\$2,456,281	\$3,749,234	\$5,163,453					
1.65	\$2,533,040	\$3,866,398	\$5,324,811					
1.7	\$2,609,799	\$3,983,561	\$5,486,169					
1.75	\$2,686,558	\$4,100,725	\$5,647,527					
1.8	\$2,763,316	\$4,217,888	\$5,808,885					
1.85	\$2,840,075	\$4,335,052	\$5,970,243					
1.9	\$2,916,834	\$4,452,216	\$6,131,600					
1.95	\$2,993,593	\$4,569,379	\$6,292,958					
2.0	\$3,070,352	\$4,686,543	\$6,454,316					

(Table 7, page 55)



# Fee Revenue and Fee Percentage Scenarios

\$2,456,281 + \$3,253 + \$435,018 + \$633,403 = \$3,527,955

				_ \			_ \		\								
		Н	ook and Lin	ie			Jig			Pot			Trawl			All Gears	
Fee %		1in )14	Mean	M: 20	<b>\</b>	Min 2017	Mean	Max 2011	Min 2009	Mean	Max 2011	Min 2009	Mean	Max 2014	Min 2014	Mean	Max 2012
1.25	\$1,9	18,970	\$2,929,089	\$4,03	3,948	\$2,541	\$10,658	\$25,869	\$339,858	\$488,594	\$818,490	\$494,846	\$956,630	\$1,150,102	\$3,493,627	\$4,384,971	\$5,763,709
1.3	\$1,9	95,729	\$3,046,253	\$4,19	5,306	\$2,643	\$11,084	\$26,904	\$353,453	\$508,137	\$851,229	\$514,640	\$994,896	\$1,196,106	\$3,633,372	\$4,560,370	\$5,994,258
1.35	\$2,0	72,487	\$3,163,416	\$4,35	6,663	\$2,745	\$11,511	\$27,938	\$367,047	\$527,681	\$883,969	\$534,434	\$1,033,161	\$1,242,110	\$3,773,117	\$4,735,769	\$6,224,806
1.4	\$2,1	19,246	\$3,280,580	\$4,51	8,021	\$2,846	\$11,937	\$28,973	\$380,641	\$547,225	\$916,708	\$554,228	\$1,071,426	\$1,288,114	\$3,912,862	\$4,911,168	\$6,455,354
1.45	\$2,2	6,005	\$3,397,743	\$4,67	9,379	\$2,948	\$12,363	\$30,008	\$394,236	\$566,768	\$949,448	\$574,022	\$1,109,691	\$1,334,118	\$4,052,607	\$5,086,567	\$6,685,903
1.5	\$2,3	2,764	\$3,514,907	\$4,84	0,737	\$3,049	\$12,790	\$31,043	\$407,830	\$586,312	\$982,188	\$593,816	\$1,147,957	\$1,380,122	\$4,192,352	\$5,261,966	\$6,916,451
1.55	\$2,3	79,522	\$3,632,071	\$3,00	2,095	\$3 151	\$13,216	\$32,077	\$421,424	\$605,856	\$1,014,927	\$613,609	\$1,18 <mark>6,222</mark>	\$1,426,126	\$4,332,097	\$5,437,364	\$7,146,999
1.6	\$2,4	56,281	\$3,749,234	\$5,16	3,453	\$3,253	\$13,642	\$33,112	\$435,018	\$625,400	\$1,047,667	\$633,403	\$1,22 <mark>4,487</mark>	\$1,472,130	\$4,471,842	\$5,612,763	\$7,377,548
1.65	\$2,5	33,040	\$3,866,398	\$5,32	4,811	\$3,354	\$14,069	\$34,147	\$448,613	\$644,943	\$1,080,406	\$653,197	\$1,26 <b>2</b> ,752	\$1,518,134	\$4,611,588	\$5,788,162	\$7,608,096
1.7	\$2,6	09,799	\$3,983,561	\$5,48	6 169	\$3,456	\$14,495	\$35,182	\$462,207	\$664,487	\$1,113,146	\$672,991	\$1,301,017	\$1,564,138	\$4,751,333	\$5,963,561	\$7,838,645
1.75	\$2,6	86,558	\$4,100,725	\$5,64	7,327	\$3,558	\$14,921	\$36,216	\$475,801	\$684,031	\$1,145,886	\$692,785	\$1,339,283	\$1,610,142	\$4,891,078	\$6,138,960	\$8,069,193
1.8	\$2,7	63,316	\$4,217,888	\$5,80	8,885	\$3,659	\$15,348	\$37,251	\$489,396	\$703,575	\$1,178,625	\$712,579	\$1,377,548	\$1,656,146	\$5,030,823	\$6,314,359	\$8,299,741
1.85	\$2,8	40,075	\$4,335,052	\$5,97	0,243	\$3,761	\$15,774	\$38,286	\$502,990	\$723,118	\$1,211,365	\$732,372	\$1,415,813	\$1,702,151	\$5,170,568	\$6,489,758	\$8,530,290
1.9	\$2,9	16,834	\$4,452,216	\$6,13	1,600	\$3,863	\$16,200	\$39,321	\$516,584	\$742,662	\$1,244,104	\$752,166	\$1,454,078	\$1,748,155	\$5,310,313	\$6,665,156	\$8,760,838
1.95	\$2,9	93,593	\$4,569,379	\$6,29	2,958	\$3,964	\$16,627	\$40,355	\$530,179	\$762,206	\$1,276,844	\$771,960	\$1,492,343	\$1,794,159	\$5,450,058	\$6,840,555	\$8,991,386
2.0	\$3,0	70,352	\$4,686,543	\$6,45	4,316	\$4,066	\$17,053	\$41,390	\$543,773	\$781,750	\$1,309,584	\$791,754	\$1,530,609	\$1,840,163	\$5,589,803	\$7,015,954	\$9,221,935
						<b>\</b> \					\		1				

2,929,089 + 17,053 + 684,031 + 1,147,957 = 4,778,130

(Table 7, page 55)



# **Link to Gap Analysis**

	All Gears						
Fee	Min	Mean	Max				
%	2014	Mean	2012				
1.25	\$3,493,627	\$4,384,971	\$5,763,700				
1.3	\$3,633,372	\$4,560,370	\$5,994,258				
1.35	\$3,773,117	\$4,735,769	\$6,224,806				
1.4	\$3,912,862	\$4,911,168	\$6,455,354				
1.45	\$4,052,607	\$5,086,567	\$6,685,903				
1.5	\$4,192,352	\$5,261,966	36,916,451				
1.55	\$4,332,097	\$5,437,364	\$7,146,999				
1.6	\$4,471,842	\$5,612,763	\$7,377,548				
1.65	\$4,611,588	\$5,788,162	\$7,608,096				
1.7	\$4,751,333	\$5,963,561	\$7,838,645				
1.75	\$4,891,078	\$6,138,960	\$8,069,193				
1.8	\$5,030,823	\$6,314,359	\$8,299,741				
1.85	\$5,170,568	\$6,489,758	\$8,530,290				
1.9	\$5,310,313	\$6,665,156	\$8,760,838				
1.95	\$5,450,058	\$6,840,555	\$8,991,386				
2.0	\$5,589,803	\$7,015,954	\$9,221,935				

Observer Fee Rate	Observer Coverage Budget	Observer Daily Rate	Strata	Deployment Rate
			HAL	0.134
			POT	0.134
1.25	\$4,384,971.00	\$1,572.89	POT_TENDER	0.134
			TRW	0.134
			TRW_TENDER	0.134
			HAL	0.169
			POT	0.153
1.50	\$5,261,965.00	\$1,400.18	POT_TENDER	0.154
			TRW	0.211
			TRW_TENDER	0.225
			HAL	0.198
			POT	0.158
1.75	\$6,138,959.00	\$1,298.35	POT_TENDER	0.160
			TRW	0.303
			TRW_TENDER	0.337
			HAL	0.227
			POT	0.163
2.00	\$7,015,954.00	\$1,231.20	POT_TENDER	0.166
			TRW	0.395
			TRW_TENDER	0.449

(Table 7, page 55)

(Table 9, page 66)



#### Effect of EM Costs on Fee Revenue

- Shift expectations on:
  - Observer coverage budget
  - Observer daily rate
  - Gap analysis
  - Frequency of no biological data

	Avg. Fee Revenue	\$250,0 EM Co		\$500,000 EM Costs		
Fee %	for All Gears (Table 7)	Remainin g Revenue	Effec t. Fee %	Remainin g Revenue	Effect. Fee %	
1.25	\$4,384,971	\$4,134,971	1.18	\$3,884,971	1.11	
1.3	\$4,560,370	\$4,310,370	1.23	\$4,060,370	1.16	
1.35	\$4,735,769	\$4,485,769	1.28	\$4,235,769	1.21	
1.4	\$4,911,168	\$4,661,168	1.33	\$4,411,168	1.26	
1.45	\$5,086,567	\$4,836,567	1.38	\$4,586,567	1.31	
1.5	\$5,261,966	\$5,011,966	1.43	\$4,761,966	1.36	
1.55	\$5,437,364	\$5,187,364	1.48	\$4,937,364	1.41	
1.6	\$5,612,763	\$5,362,763	1.53	\$5,112,763	1.46	
1.65	\$5,788,162	\$5,538,162	1.58	\$5,288,162	1.51	
1.7	\$5,963,561	\$5,713,561	1.63	\$5,463,561	1.56	
1.75	\$6,138,960	\$5,888,960	1.68	\$5,638,960	1.61	
1.8	\$6,314,359	\$6,064,359	1.73	\$5,814,359	1.66	
1.85	\$6,489,758	\$6,239,758	1.78	\$5,989,758	1.71	
1.9	\$6,665,156	\$6,415,156	1.83	\$6,165,156	1.76	
1.95	\$6,840,555	\$6,590,555	1.88	\$6,340,555	1.81	
2.0	\$7,015,954	\$6,765,954	1.93	\$6,515,954	1.86	

(Table 12, page 78)



#### Effect of EM Costs on Fee Revenue

	Avg. Fee Revenue	\$250,0 EM Co		\$500,000 EM Costs		
Fee %	for All Gears (Table 7)	Remainin g Revenue	Effec t. Fee %	Remainin g Revenue	Effect. Fee %	
1.25	\$4,384,971	\$4,134,971	1.18	\$3,884,971	1.11	
1.3	\$4,560,370	\$4,310,370	1.23	\$4,060,370	1.16	
1.35	\$4,735,769	\$4,485,769	1.28	\$4,235,769	1.21	
1.4	\$4,911,168	\$4,661,168	1.33	\$4,411,168	1.26	
1.45	\$5,086,567	\$4,836,567	1.38	\$4,586,567	1.31	
1.5	\$5,261,966	\$5,011,966	1.43	\$4,761,966	1.36	
1.55	\$5,437,364	\$5,187,364	1.48	\$4,937,364	1.41	
1.6	\$5,612,763	\$5,362,763	1.53	\$5,112,763	1.46	
1.65	\$5,788,162	\$5,538,162	1.58	\$5,288,162	1.51	
1.7	\$5,963,561	\$5,713,561	1.63	\$5,463,561	1.56	
1.75	\$6,138,960	\$5,888,960	1.68	\$5,638,960	1.61	
1.8	\$6,314,359	\$6,064,359	1.73	\$5,814,359	1.66	
1.85	\$6,489,758	\$6,239,758	1.78	\$5,989,758	1.71	
1.9	\$6,665,156	\$6,415,156	1.83	\$6,165,156	1.76	
1.95	\$6,840,555	\$6,590,555	1.88	\$6,340,555	1.81	
2.0	\$7,015,954	\$6,765,954	1.93	\$6,515,954	1.86	

Observer Fee Rate	Observer Coverage Budget	Observer Daily Rate	Strata	Deployment Rate
			HAL	0.134
			POT	0.134
1.25	\$4,384,971.00	\$1,572.89	POT_TENDER	0.134
			TRW	0.134
			TRW_TENDER	0.134
			HAL	0.169
			POT	0.153
1.50	\$5,261,965.00	\$1,400.18	POT_TENDER	0.154
_			TRW	0.211
			TRW_TENDER	0.225
			HAL	0.198
			POT	0.158
1.75	\$6,138,959.00	\$1,298.35	POT_TENDER	0.160
			TRW	0.303
			TRW_TENDER	0.337
			HAL	0.227
			POT	0.163
2.00	\$7,015,954.00	\$1,231.20	POT_TENDER	0.166
			TRW	0.395
			TRW TENDER	0.449

Table 12 Table 9



#### Effect of EM Costs on Fee Revenue

- Shift expectations on:
  - Fee percentage to achieve same at-sea observer coverage budget and observer daily rate

	Avg. Fee Revenue	\$250,00 EM Co		\$500,000 EM Costs		
Fee %	for All Gears (Table 7)	Remainin g Revenue	Effec t. Fee %	Remainin g Revenue	Effect. Fee %	
1.25	\$4,384,971	\$4,134,971	1.18	\$3,884,971	1.11	
1.3	\$4,560,370	\$4,310,370	1.23	\$4,060,370	1.16	
1.35	\$4,735,769	\$4,485,769	1.28	\$4,235,769	1.21	
1.4	\$4,911,168	\$4,661,168	1.33	\$4,411,168	1.26	
1.45	\$5,086,567	\$4,836,567	1.38	\$4,586,567	1.31	
1.5	\$5,261,966	\$5,011,966	1.43	\$4,761,966	1.36	
1.55	\$5,437,364	\$5,187,364	1.48	\$4,937,364	1.41	
1.6	\$5,612,763	\$5,362,763	1.53	\$5,112,763	1.46	
1.65	\$5,788,162	\$5,538,162	1.58	\$5,288,162	1.51	
1.7	\$5,963,561	\$5,713,561	1.63	\$5,463,561	1.56	
1.75	\$6,138,960	\$5,888,960	1.68	\$5,638,960	1.61	
1.8	\$6,314,359	\$6,064,359	1.73	\$5,814,359	1.66	
1.85	\$6,489,758	\$6,239,758	1.78	\$5,989,758	1.71	
1.9	\$6,665,156	\$6,415,156	1.83	\$6,165,156	1.76	
1.95	\$6,840,555	\$6,590,555	1.88	\$6,340,555	1.81	
2.0	\$7,015,954	\$6,765,954	1.93	\$6,515,954	1.86	

(Table 12, page 78)



# C7 Observer Fee Analysis 4.2.2 Gap Analysis

**Geoff Mayhew** 

**FMA** 

Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission

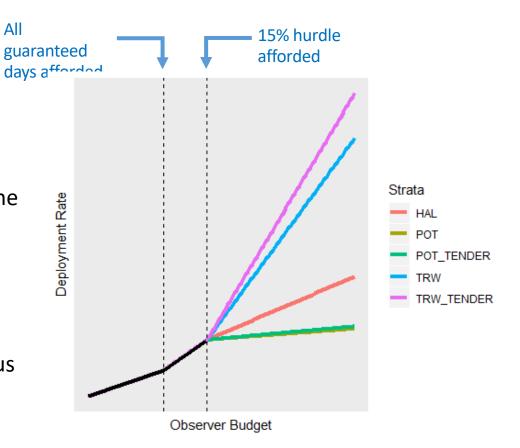
#### Trip Selection Simulation and Gap Analysis

- Simulate trip selection using deployment rates funded at each fee %
- Qualify and quantify data gaps (unobserved trips)
  - Simplified version of how the Catch Accounting System estimates discards for unobserved hauls
  - Group trips by FMP, gear type and trip target
  - For each unobserved trip, qualify the level of time and space that is needed to be able to generate a discard estimate from similar observered trips
    - COVER Trip selected for observer coverage
    - AREA Unobserved trip within 15-days of observed trip in the same NMFS Area
    - FMP Unobserved trip within 45-days of observed trip in the same FMP
    - YTD Unobserved trip cannot be categorized in AREA or FMP (needs data year-to-date)
- Trips in the zero-selection pool rely on data from the observer pool



#### **Breakpoints**

- Two breakpoints exist:
  - When all guaranteed days in the PC contract can be afforded (almost impossible to see)
  - When the base hurdle of 15% can be afforded and allocation on optimization begins (obvious for TRW and TRW\_TENDER)

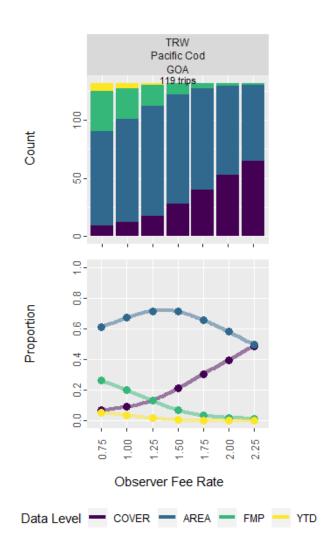


#### Interpreting the Results

- Count Average number of trips at each data level
  - As observer fee rate increases:

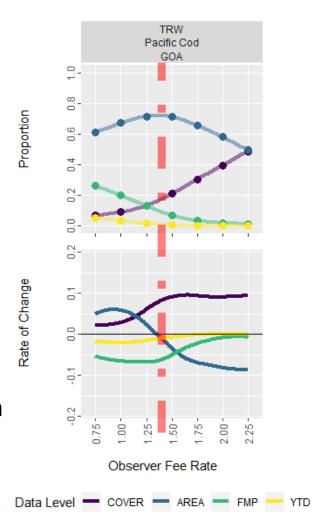
$$YTD \rightarrow FMP \rightarrow AREA \rightarrow COVER$$

- Proportion Relative proportion of trips for each data level
  - Useful for determining fee rates at which YTD and FMP are minimized.



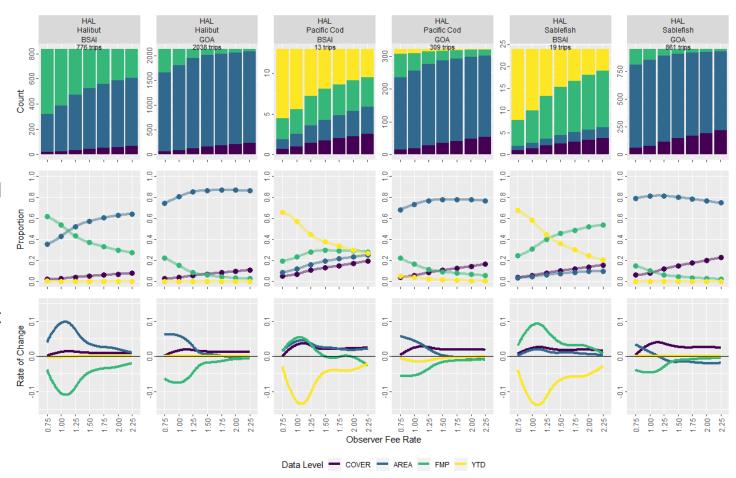
#### Interpreting the Results

- Rate of Change of Proportion
  - Peaks represent fee/budget levels where proportions of coverage gaps change the most
  - Positive values indicate increasing proportion per fee rate/budget available for coverage
  - Negative values indicate decreasing proportion per fee rate/budget available for coverage
- The breakpoint at which the 15% hurdle is met and TRW can allocate with optimization weights is at a fee rate between 1.25% and 1.5%



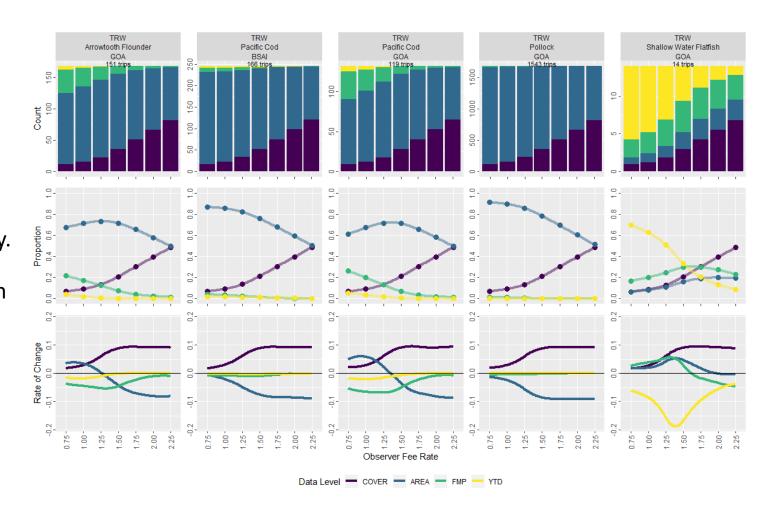
# Hook and Line

- For most gear target combinations, YTD/FMP level gaps are minimized at fee rate of ~1.5%
- Groups with low effort (BSAI cod and sablefish) continue to benefit from higher budget/fee rate.
- Effort is not very concentrated in space (NMFS areas) or time, especially in BSAI.



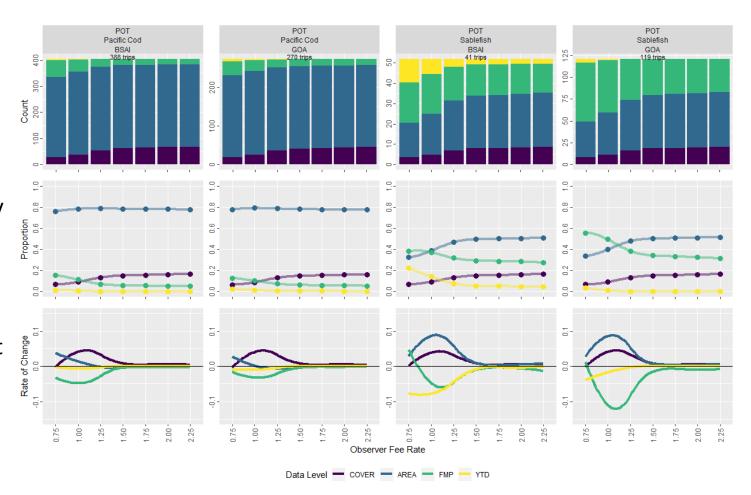
#### Trawl

Trawl generally
has high effort
that is also
concentrated
spatiotemporally.
Therefore,
YTD/FMP gaps in
discards are
generally
minimized even
at low fee
rate/budget
scenarios.



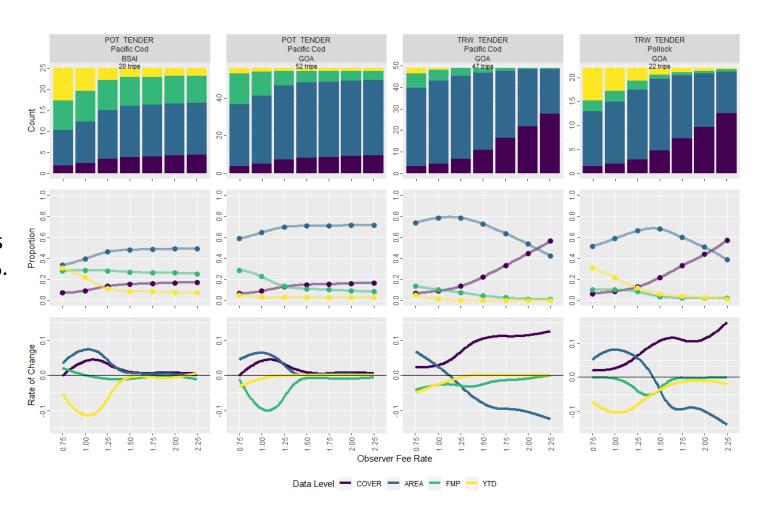
#### Pot

- Effort for P. cod is concentrated, so gaps are few and minimized quickly with increasing funds.
- Effort for sablefish is not as concentrated, but gaps are minimized at fee rate of ~1.5%.



#### Tender

- For Pot Tender, BSAI effort is concentrated in time but not in space. Most gaps minimized ~1.5%.
- Trawl Tender similar to TRW



#### Interpreting the Results

- Most FMP and YTD-level data gaps were greatly reduced with fee rates greater than or equal to ~1.3% (hurdle rate of 15%) and minimized at ~1.5%
  - Supports the 2015 SEA's findings that 'most data gaps at the FMP-level disappeared for were severely minimized at deployment rates greater than or equal to 15%'
- Remember, with 2017 fishing effort and 2009-2017 revenues, the 15% hurdle could be funded with a fee rate of ~1.3%.
  - Effort for 2018 was less than for 2017, so the 15% hurdle could be met with a lower budget/fee rate; analysis with 2018 effort is underway
  - However, mean revenues of 2013-2017 are much lower but may be more realistic (Appendix D), suggesting a higher fee rate is needed.
  - Observer fees will also fund EM

#### **Biological Data**

- Compared expected number of PC observed trips (given the deployment rates at each fee percentage) to the number of trips in EM and zero-selection pools in a target and area-specific manner
- HAL BSAI
  - P. cod and sablefish effort is low and area-specific biological data cannot be guaranteed by PC observers; Halibut is likely to have area-specific biological data
- HAI GOA
  - The effort in the PC observer pool is generally high enough that area-specific biological data is likely to be collected for all area/target where EM/no-selection effort exists
- POT BSAI & GOA
  - PC observer effort coincides with zero-selection and EM pool (NMFS area-specific).