



**ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME
REPORT TO THE NORTH PACIFIC FISHERY MANAGEMENT
COUNCIL
October 2007**

Fisheries managed by the State of Alaska since the last council report include those for salmon, crab, scallops and groundfish.

Salmon Troll Fishery (FIGURE 1)

The 2007 commercial troll chinook salmon quota for 2006-2007 was approximately 244,000 Treaty fish (not including Alaska hatchery add-on). The winter troll fishery harvested about 42,000 chinook salmon, while the spring fishery took another 31,000. That left approximately 167,000 fish remaining, with 70 percent allocated for the initial summer troll opening which began on July 1, 2007. The remaining fish were taken in the second opening. The 2007 summer troll season for chinook salmon closed on September 20, 2007. There were 993 permits registered to participate in the fishery. The final summer chinook salmon harvest was approximately 171,000 fish. The average price per pound was just over \$3.00, making the fishery worth about \$8 million. The winter fishery opens on October 11, 2007.

Norton Sound Red King Crab (FIGURE 2)

The department's length-based population model estimated legal male crab abundance for the 2007 summer commercial crab fishery at 3.1 million pounds. This is a decline of approximately 3 percent from the previous year. A 10 percent exploitation rate on the legal population (over 4.75 inch carapace width) equates to a Guideline Harvest Level (GHL) of 315,000 pounds of crab. The Community Development Quota (CDQ) allocation will be 23,265 pounds and the open access fishery allocation will be 291,375 pounds.

The 2007 CDQ summer fishery opened on June 15 with eight fishermen participating, followed by the summer open access commercial crab fishery which opened by regulation on July 1. There were 30 permit holders participating. Total harvest for the combined fisheries was approximately 313,000 pounds. Average weight was 2.85 pounds, while the average price was \$2.49 per pound.

Aleutian Islands Golden King Crab (FIGURE 3)

The 2006/07 Area O (Aleutian Islands) commercial golden king crab fishery opened Tuesday, August 15, 2007 for Individual Fishing Quota (IFQ), Community Development Quota (CDQ) and the Adak Community Allocation (ACA) fisheries. A total allowable catch (TAC) of 5.7 million pounds is established for the golden king crab fishery. The TAC is apportioned east and west of 174° W longitude. The eastern TAC of 3.0 million pounds is apportioned as follows:

IFQ	2,700,000
CDQ	300,000

The western TAC of 2.7 million pounds is apportioned as follows:

IFQ	2,430,000
ACA	270,000

Regulations for all rationalized crab fisheries require proof of a valid United States Coast Guard (USCG) Commercial Fisheries Safety Decal and an activated vessel monitoring system approved by National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) before

an ADF&G vessel registration is issued. The operator of a vessel participating in IFQ, CDQ or ACA crab fisheries must notify the USCG at least 24-hours prior to departing port when carrying crab pot gear. USCG can be contacted at the following numbers: Unalaska/Dutch Harbor, (907) 581-3466, and Kodiak, (907) 486-5918.

Additionally, vessels participating in IFQ or CDQ fisheries may form gear operation cooperatives. Each vessel must register those vessels authorized to operate the vessel's gear at the time of registration. When a vessel transports crab pot gear to the fishing grounds for another vessel, the vessel owning the crab pot gear must be active within seven days in the registration area where the crab pot gear is deployed.

There are two boats registered to fish in the Western Aleutian Islands and three in the Eastern portion.

Bristol Bay Red King Crab (FIGURE 4)

The department reviewed the NMFS eastern Bering Sea trawl survey results. This data was used to estimate the stock parameters that are needed to apply the harvest strategy and determine the TAC. The stock is above the threshold for considering a fishery opening under the State's harvest strategy. The TAC will be 20.383 million pounds. That amount is allocated 90 percent to the IFQ fishery (18.3447 million pounds) and 10 percent to the CDQ participants (2.0383 million pounds). There are currently 82 vessels that have registered preseason.

Bering Sea Snow Crab (FIGURE 5)

The Council's Crab Plan Team (CPT) reviewed the 2007 snow crab assessment model (Turnock and Rugolo 2007) at their September 12-14, 2007 meeting. The CPT noted that although area-swept estimates did not suffer from the same problems of uncertainty as in 2006, the 2007 model was improved and appropriate to use as representative of the best estimate of stock trend in 2007.

The total mature biomass (TMB) of male and female snow crabs in the Bering Sea is estimated to be above the harvest strategy minimum threshold for a fishery

opening. The 2007/08 snow crab total allowable catch (TAC) is summarized as follows:

IFQ	56,730,600 pounds
CDQ	6,303,400 pounds
Total	63,034,000 pounds

Last season that TAC for the combined IFQ and CDQ fleets was 36.6 million pounds.

The 2007/08 Bering Sea snow crab fishery will open at 12:00 noon October 15, 2007 and will remain open through May 15, 2008 in the Eastern Subdistrict and through May 31, 2008 in the Western Subdistrict. The snow crab fishery is open in waters of the Bering Sea District west of 166° W longitude, except for waters enclosed by 168° W longitude to 170° W longitude and 57° N latitude to 58° N latitude; (ADF&G statistical areas 685700, 685730, 695700, and 695730) that will be closed to commercial fishing for Tanner and snow crabs to protect the Pribilof blue king crab stock. The majority of blue king crabs captured during the 2007 survey were found in this area.

The pot limit for this fishery is 450 pots per vessel. Buoy tags are currently available for sale at the Dutch Harbor and Kodiak ADF&G offices.

Preseason gear inspections will be available in Dutch Harbor, Akutan and King Cove beginning on October 10, 2007. Vessel registration will begin at 12:00 noon on October 13, 2007. An individual holding a current Commercial Fisheries Entry Commission (CFEC) Bering Sea Tanner crab interim use permit card (T91Q or T09Q) must be aboard the vessel when it is registered. Vessels may fish concurrently for IFQ and CDQ crab, but a separate registration and CFEC permit card is required for each fishery. At the time of registration, all pots onboard the vessel or in wet storage must be in compliance with current Bering Sea commercial snow crab fishing regulations.

Vessel operators may harvest Tanner crab west TAC and snow crab concurrently. Each vessel operator is restricted to a single species allocation of crab pot gear (450 pots) and must designate at the time of registration the quantity of pot gear registered and the quantity of pot gear configured for each species.

Vessel operators shall notify the department within 72-hours of completing fishing operations in a registration area or when departing the registration area with gear in long-term storage. The Board of Fisheries established a 14-day period when unbaited gear may be stored outside of designated storage areas after fishing is completed. Pots must be removed from the water or placed in long-term storage if left unattended in a registration area for more than a 14-day period. Additionally, a vessel's registration will be invalidated after 14-days of inactivity in a registration area.

There are currently 90 vessels that have registered preseason.

Bering Sea Tanner Crab (FIGURE 6)

For the Bering Sea Tanner crab, the stock is above MSST and B_{MSY} for the second consecutive year; the stock is rebuilt from overfished status. Given the estimate of mature female biomass, the department estimates that the stock is also above the 21.0 million pound threshold for a fishery opening. The Bering Sea District Tanner crab stock is managed east and west of 166° W longitude, with a separate total allowable catch (TAC) for each area. There is no minimum total allowable catch (TAC) for Bering Sea District Tanner crab. The department calculated the TAC east of 166° W longitude using a 10 percent harvest rate applied to the molting mature male abundance. West of 166° W longitude, the TAC was calculated using a 50 percent harvest rate applied to the exploitable legal-male abundance estimate. The 2007/08 Bering Sea District Tanner crab TACs are summarized as follows:

IFQ - East	3,100,500 pounds
CDQ - East	344,500 pounds
Total - East	3,445,000 pounds

IFQ - West	1,958,400 pounds
CDQ - West	217,600 pounds
Total - West	2,176,000 pounds

In the area west of 166° W longitude, waters enclosed by 168° W longitude to 170° W longitude and 57° N latitude to 58° N latitude (ADF&G statistical areas 685700, 685730, 695700, and 695730) will be closed to commercial fishing for Tanner crab to protect the Pribilof blue king crab stock. The majority of blue king crabs captured during the 2007 survey were found in this area.

The 2007/08 Bering Sea Tanner crab fishery will open at 12:00 noon on October 15, 2007 and will remain open through March 31, 2008. The pot limit for this fishery is 450 pots per vessel. Buoy tags are currently available for sale at the Dutch Harbor and Kodiak ADF&G offices. Vessel operators may harvest Tanner crab west TAC and snow crab concurrently by registering for both species west of 166° W longitude, as well as Tanner crab east TAC and Bristol Bay red king crab by registering for both species east of 166° W longitude. Between 163° W longitude and 166° W longitude, Tanner crab may only be harvested in the directed Tanner crab fishery. Vessel operators may not concurrently register for Tanner crab fishing east and west of 166° W longitude. Each vessel operator is restricted to a single species allocation of crab pot gear (450 pots) and must designate at the time of registration the quantity of pot gear registered and the quantity of pot gear configured for each species.

There are currently 81 vessels that have registered preseason to fish.

Adak (Petrel Bank) Red King Crab (FIGURE 7)

The department conducted a survey of the grounds in November 2006. The Petrel Bank red king crab fishery was closed from 2004 to 2006 to protect the reproductive potential of the stock. Spatial distribution of legal males during the 2006 survey decreased from the 2001 survey distribution and was limited to the northwestern portion of the Petrel Bank. Overall, red king crabs in 2006 appeared to be absent or at very low densities in areas where they were captured during the 2001 survey. Distribution of red king crabs was also restricted relative to harvest location during the last two commercial fisheries. Given the limited distribution and low relative

abundance of legal male red king crab, and the lack of projected recruitment to the legal size class in the near future, a harvestable surplus of red king crab is not available and the commercial fishery will remain closed for the 2007/08 season.

Pribilof King Crab (FIGURE 8)

The Pribilof red king crab fishery did not open in 2006/07 due to poor precision of abundance estimates and concerns for bycatch of blue king crab. No formal harvest strategy exists. Because of the low precision of abundance estimates for this stock, stock levels and trends are difficult to evaluate. Little recruitment to the mature-sized or legal-sized males would be expected in the next year from the relative low survey catches of males 120-135 mm carapace length and of males less than 120 mm carapace length. For Pribilof blue king crab, the total mature biomass is estimated at 1.3 million pounds; the stock is below the MSST value of 6.6 million pounds and remains in "overfished" condition. Because total mature biomass for this stock was estimated in 2006 to be only 1.6 million pounds (less than 13.2 million pound threshold), under the State's harvest strategy the blue king crab fishery cannot open for the 2007/08 season. Regulation requires abundance to be above threshold for two consecutive year in order to open the season. Since the estimated total mature biomass in 2007 is estimated at only 1.3 million pounds, this fishery also cannot open in 2008/09 under the State's harvest strategy. The department's concerns over 2007 king crab data precision and bycatch of blue king crab have resulted in a red king crab closure as well.

St. Matthew Blue King Crab (FIGURE 9)

The stock is estimated to be above the minimum threshold (2.9 million pounds mature male biomass) for considering a fishery opening under the State's harvest strategy. Although the mature male biomass is estimated to be above threshold, the computed TAC of 1.816 million pounds is about 35 percent below the minimum TAC, as required under 5 AAC 34.917 Saint Matthew Island Section blue king crab harvest strategy. Therefore, the fishery will not open for the 2007/08 season.

Alaska Scallop Fisheries (FIGURE 10)

Weathered scallop fisheries in Yakutat, Prince William Sound, Kodiak, Alaska Peninsula, Bering Sea and Adak registration areas opened on July 1, 2007.

Guideline Harvest Ranges (GHR) for the 2007/08 scallop season, and the king and Tanner crab bycatch limits are listed below:

<u>Registration Area</u>	<u>Guideline Harvest Range (pounds of shucked meat)</u>	<u>Bycatch Limits</u>	
		<u>Tanner Crab</u>	<u>King Crab</u>
Yakutat			
Area D	0 to 150,000	NA	NA
District 16	0 to 21,000	NA	NA
Prince William Sound	0 to 37,000	11,400	NA
Kodiak			
Northeast District	0 to 90,000 ¹	220,000	100 ²
Shelikof District	0 to 170,000 ³	84,000	1200
Alaska Peninsula	0 to 10,000 ⁴	26,000	71
Dutch Harbor	Closed	NA	NA
Bering Sea	0 to 50,000	260,000 300,000	<i>C. bairdi</i> <i>C. opilio</i> and hybrids 500
Adak	0 to 75,000	10,000	50

¹The GHR for the Northeast District of the Kodiak Area is divided into harvest caps by statistical area(s).

²The king crab bycatch limit in the area north of 58° 06.00' N. lat., is five crabs.

³Within the Shelikof District of the Kodiak Area, harvest caps will apply to selected statistical areas north and south of a line at 58° 30' N lat.

⁴All waters between 160° W. long. and 161° W. long. will be closed.

Given present participation levels in the fishery, catch data by registration area remains confidential at this time. However, the Statewide scallop harvest as reported by observers totals 221,038 pounds to date.

Central Region Pacific Cod (FIGURE 11)

Prince William Sound

The Prince William Sound state managed Pacific cod season opened on March 6, 2007, which was seven days after the close of the federal fishery. The GHL had been set at 910,730 pounds, which was calculated as 10 percent of the federal Eastern Gulf ABC. Four pot boats and one jig fishermen registered for the fishery. The jig catch remains confidential. The pot catch totaled about 340,000 pounds through August 21, 2007. The state water fishery closed and the parallel season

reopened on September 1, 2007 in order to allow participation by other gear groups. The parallel Pacific cod season coincides with the season and gear restrictions established by the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) in the adjacent federal Central Gulf of Alaska Regulatory Area (CGOA). All federal requirements including the use of VMS, where required, are in place. The parallel Pacific cod fishery will close by emergency order when NMFS closes the CGOA.

Cook Inlet

The Cook Inlet state managed Pacific cod season opened on February 28, 2007, which was 24 hours after the close of the federal fishery. The GHL had been set at 3,131,088 pounds. That GHL is calculated as 3.75 percent of the Acceptable Biological Catch (ABC) for the federal Central Gulf of Alaska area. There were 5 jig vessels and 14 pot vessels registered to participate in the fishery. The harvest through late August was approximately 1.4 million pounds. As was the case in Prince William Sound, the department closed the state waters fishery and reopened the parallel season to allow additional harvesters access to the remaining quota. Federal requirements are enforced during the parallel season.

Westward Region Pacific Cod (FIGURE 12)

Kodiak Pacific Cod (FIGURE 13)

For the Kodiak area, the GHL is 10.43 million pounds, which is 12.5 percent of the Central Gulf of Alaska ABC. The GHL is allocated 50 percent to mechanical jig and hand troll gears and 50 percent to pot gear. The fishery opened on March 6, 2007, which was 7 days after the close of the federal fishery. There were 35 fishermen registered to fish using pot gear. The pot fishery closed on April 8, 2007. The harvest was 5.16 million pounds. The jig gear fishery started very slowly, likely due to poor weather. There were 76 fishermen registered to fish using jig gear. Catch reached 1.25 million at the end of August. The state-waters Pacific cod seasons in the Kodiak area closed on September 1, 2007. The Central Gulf of Alaska Pacific cod federal 'B' seasons opened on September 1, 2007. State waters of the Kodiak area opened concurrent to the federal season on September 1, 2007 under parallel rules. Federal requirements are enforced during the parallel season.

Chignik Pacific Cod (FIGURE 14)

The Chignik area Pacific cod season opened by regulation on March 1, 2007. The GHL is 7.3 million pounds, which is calculated as 8.75 percent of the Central Gulf of Alaska ABC. The GHL is split to allow pot fishermen 90 percent of the quota. Sixteen fishermen using pot gear harvested about 5.2 million pounds by the end of August, or approximately 85 percent of their allocation. Although three jig fishermen registered, no landing were made by jig gear by the end of August. The state-waters Pacific cod seasons in the Chignik area closed on September 1, 2007. The Pacific cod federal 'B' seasons opened on September 1, 2007. State waters of the Chignik area opened concurrent to the federal season on September 1, 2007 under parallel rules.

South Alaska Peninsula Pacific Cod (FIGURE 15)

The GHL is 14.8 million pounds, which is 25 percent of the Western Gulf of Alaska ABC. The harvest is allocated 85 percent to pot gear and 15 percent to jig gear. This fishery opened on March 15, 2007, which was 7 days after the closure of the federal fishery in the western Gulf. There were 47 fishermen registered to fish using pot gear. The fishery closed to the use of pot gear on April 17, 2007. Catch was approximately 12.4 million pounds. The new Board of Fisheries requirement for call-out reporting appears to have greatly improved the department's ability for improved management as we were within 1percent of the GHL. Approximately 10 vessels fished the south side of Unalaska Island this year. In previous years, all effort was concentrated around Sanak, Pankof and the Shumagin Islands. There were 27 fishermen registered to fish using jig gear. Harvest with jig gear was slow at the start of the season, again, similar to Kodiak because of brutal weather. Catch at the end of August was only about 241,000 pounds. As with the case of Kodiak and Chignik, the department closed the fishery on September 1, 2007 to allow additional gears access to the fish under the federal 'B' season. Fishermen operating under parallel rules are reminded of VMS requirements when appropriate.

Aleutian Islands Pacific Cod (FIGURE 16)

The state-waters B season Pacific cod fishery in the Aleutian Islands District west of 170° W longitude reopened on October 1, 2007. The remaining portion of the 2007 state-waters guideline harvest level (GHL) is 1,239,222 pounds. The state-waters B season opened on June 10, 2007 with a GHL of 3,410,357 pounds and closed by regulation on September 1, 2007 after 2,143,310 pounds were harvested. The B season reopened by regulation after the closure of the parallel/federal Bering Sea-Aleutian Islands (BSAI) Pacific cod catcher-vessel (CV) pot fishery for vessels over 60 feet overall length (OAL). National Marine Fisheries (NMFS) announced a closure for the federal BSAI CV pot fishery for vessels over 60 feet OAL on September 26, 2007 for a closure effective September 28 at noon. Therefore the state-waters Pacific cod fishery west of 170° W long. opened on October 1 at 12:01 a.m., allowing fishermen participating in the parallel fishery time to offload their product prior to registering for the B season.

The parallel BSAI Pacific cod fishery is closed for all gear types west of 170° W longitude for the duration of the state-waters Pacific cod season. The state-waters fishery is open to jig and longline vessels 58 feet or less in OAL and pot vessels not greater than 125 feet OAL. Vessels using non-pelagic trawl gear may not exceed 100 feet OAL.

Southeast Groundfish (FIGURE 17)

In the directed lingcod fishery, there has been a small amount of effort recently in Central Southeast Outside (CSEO), although less than half of the quota has been taken. There has been no recent effort in either Northern Southeast Outside (NSEO) and the Southern Southeast Outside (SSEOC) catch is confidential.

Troll bycatch of NSEO closed to ling retention in late July and SSEOC closed in August. The CSEO and East Yakutat (EYKT) allocations are close to being taken as well.

Bycatch in the longline fisheries for EYKT, CSEO, and SSEOC still have a lot of quota remaining.

The Southern Southeast Inside (SSEI) or Clarence Strait longline sablefish fishery closed by regulation on August 15, 2007. The SSEI pot fishery opened September 1, 2007. Quota for the combined fisheries is 696,000 round pounds, which is the same as last year. Equal quota share (EQS) for the 32 permit holders is 21,750 pounds. Four permit holders participate in the pot fishery

The Northern Southeast Inside (NSEI) or Chatham Strait longline sablefish fishery opened August 15, 2007. Quota for the fishery was reduced 28 percent from last year and is now 1,488,000 round pounds. The EQS for each of the 103 permit holders is 14,450 pounds, down from 19,550 pounds in 2006. Almost 68 percent of the quota has been landed to date.

For the Pacific cod fishery there has been a small amount of effort in the NSEI directed fishery. Pacific cod bycatch in the halibut fishery continues to be landed in both NSEI and SSEI.

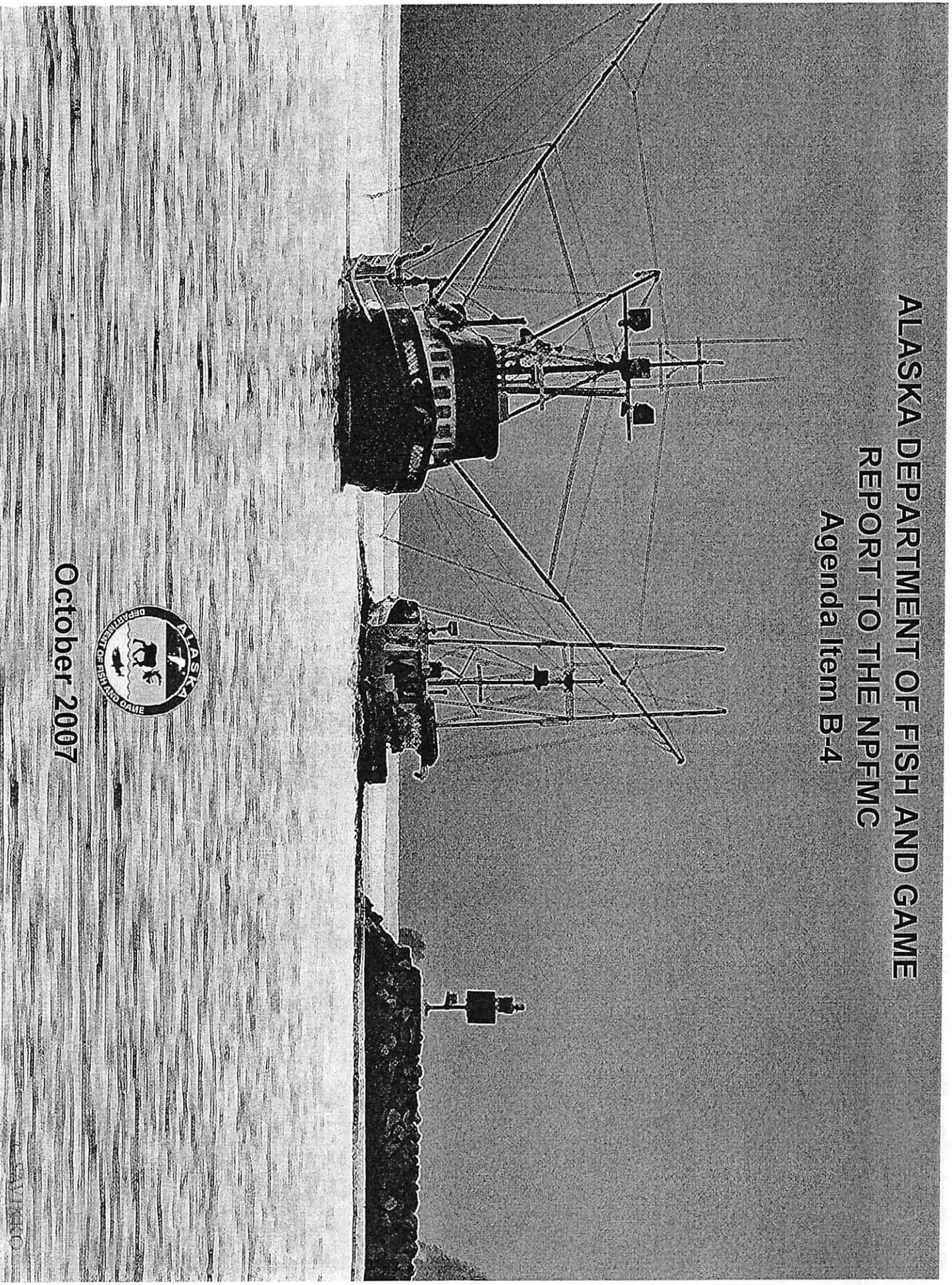
There has been no recent effort in the Black rockfish fishery.

The department completed the 2007 Demersal Shelf Rockfish stock assessment survey in CSEO with the Delta submersible in August. Data is currently being analyzed and will be ready for the Council's Groundfish Plan Team meeting in November.

Alaska Board of Fisheries

The Alaska Board of Fisheries will be meeting at the Coast International Inn from October 8-11, 2007. This is their work session. Staff will be briefing them on issues before the Council including pollock trip limits, the NMFS requested Adak pollock closure, seabird avoidance measures and salmon bycatch issues.

**ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME
REPORT TO THE NPFMC
Agenda Item B-4**



October 2007

SE AK Summer Troll Chinook Salmon Catches

Figure 1.

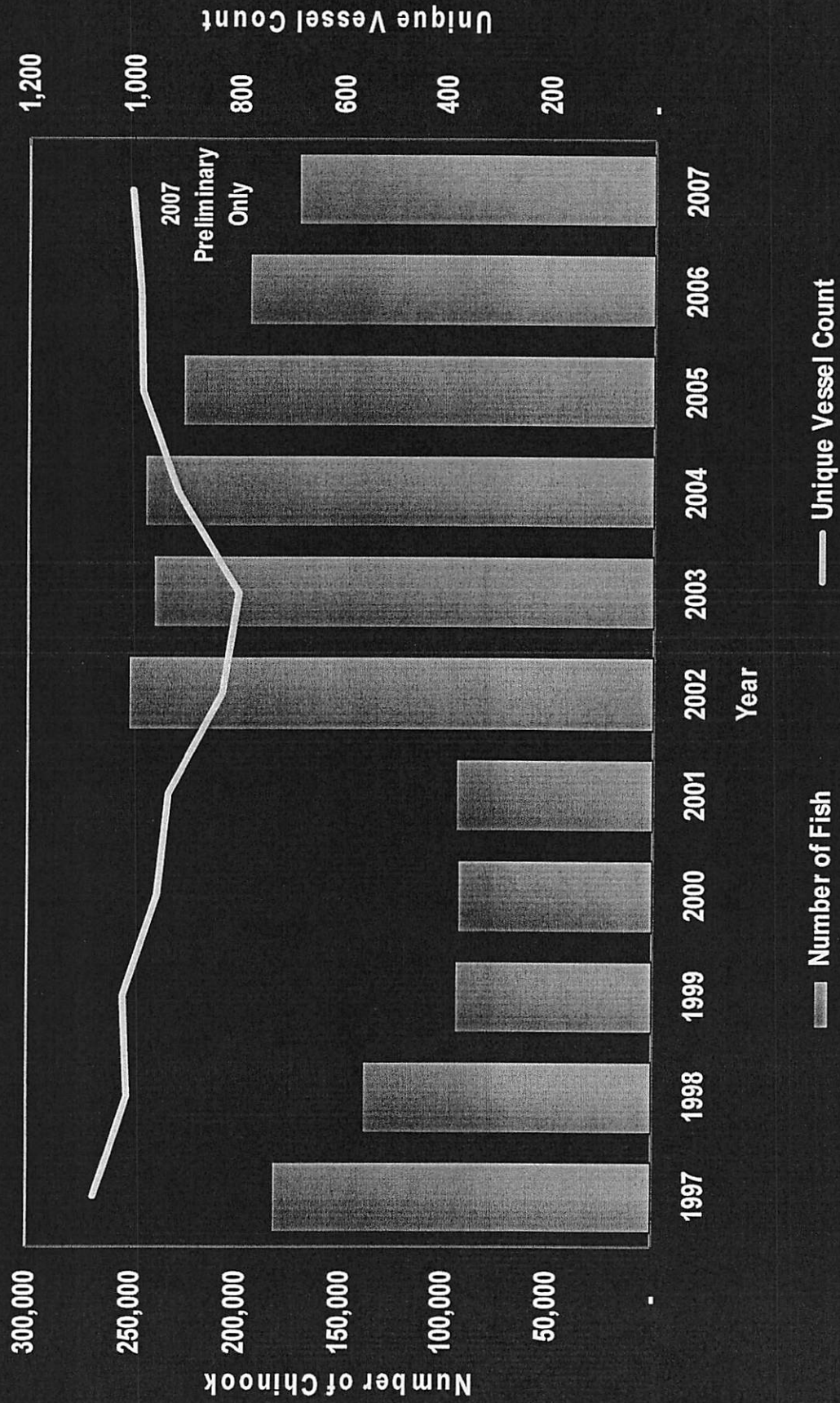
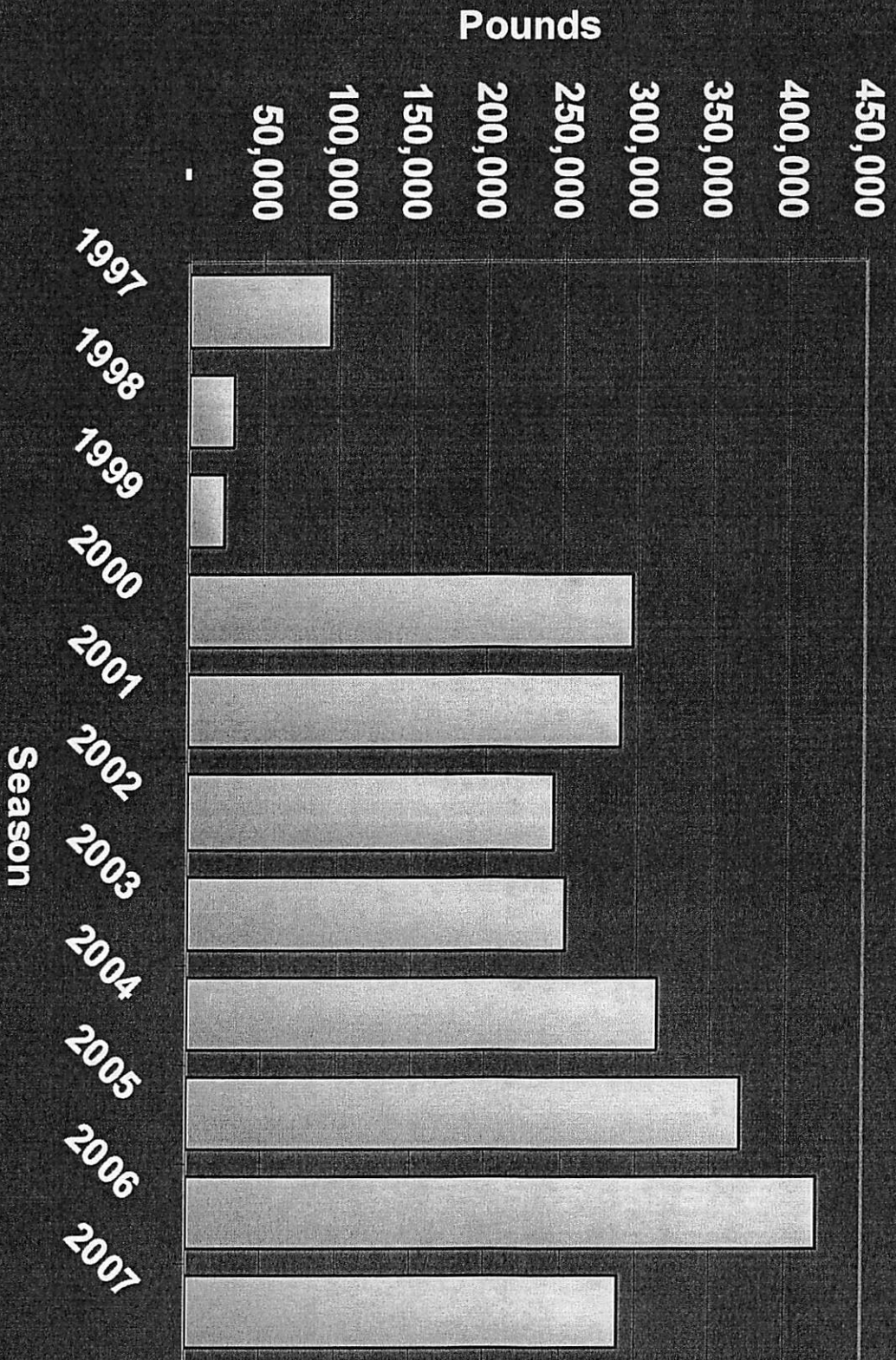
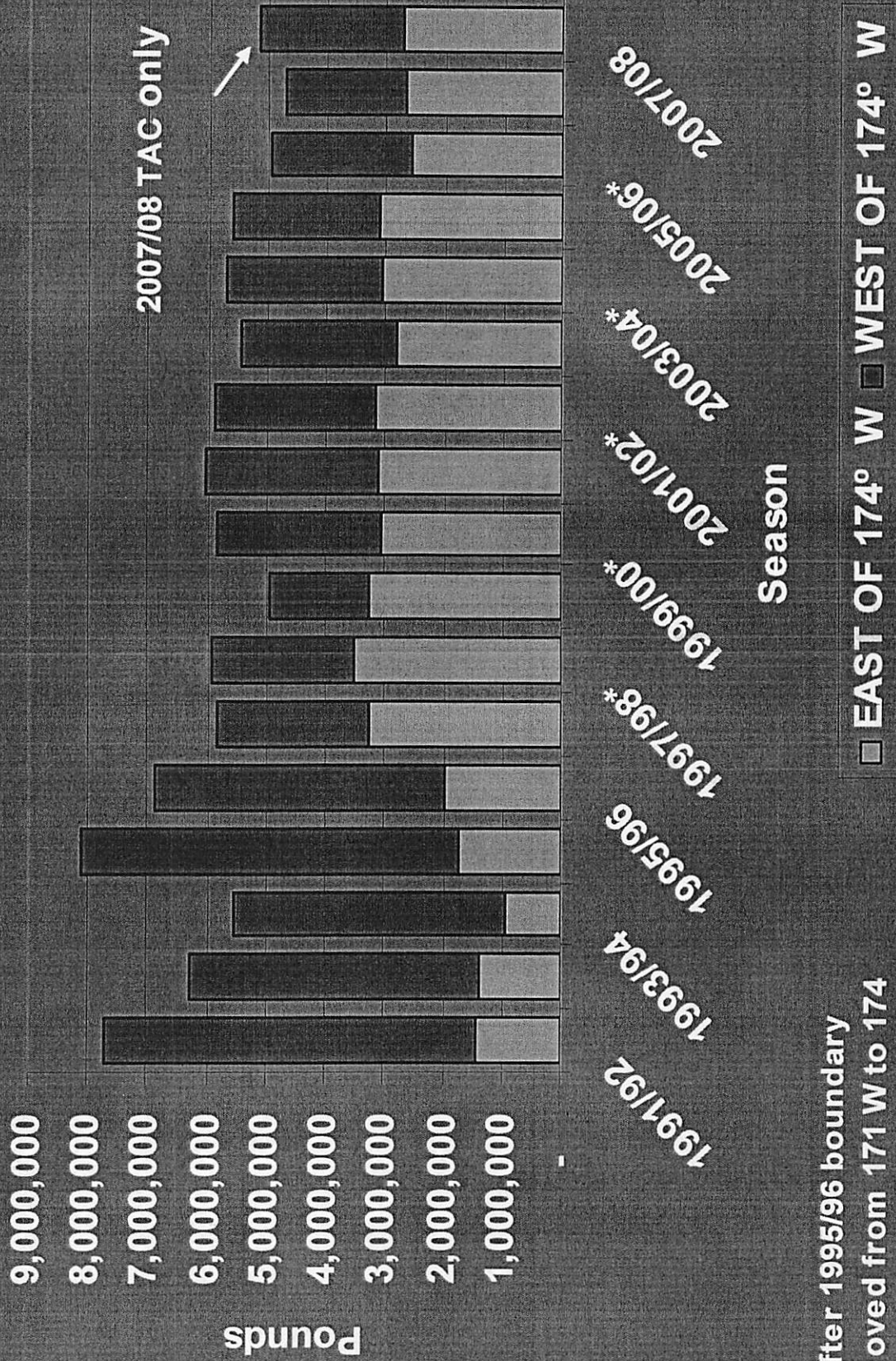


Figure 2. Norton Sound Summer Red King Crab



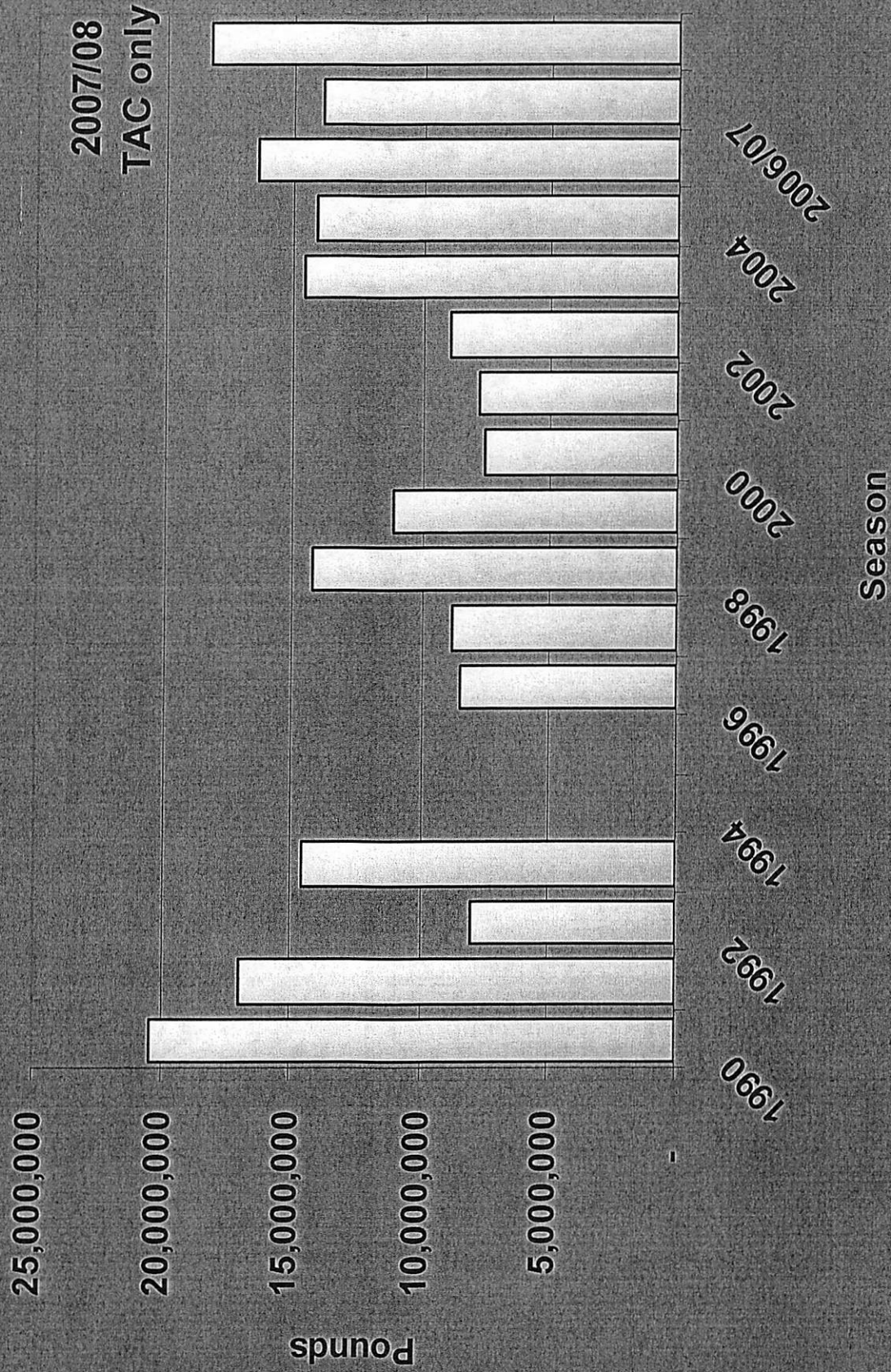
Aleutian Islands Golden King Crab

Figure 3.



Figure

Bristol Bay Red King Crab



Bering Sea Snow Crab

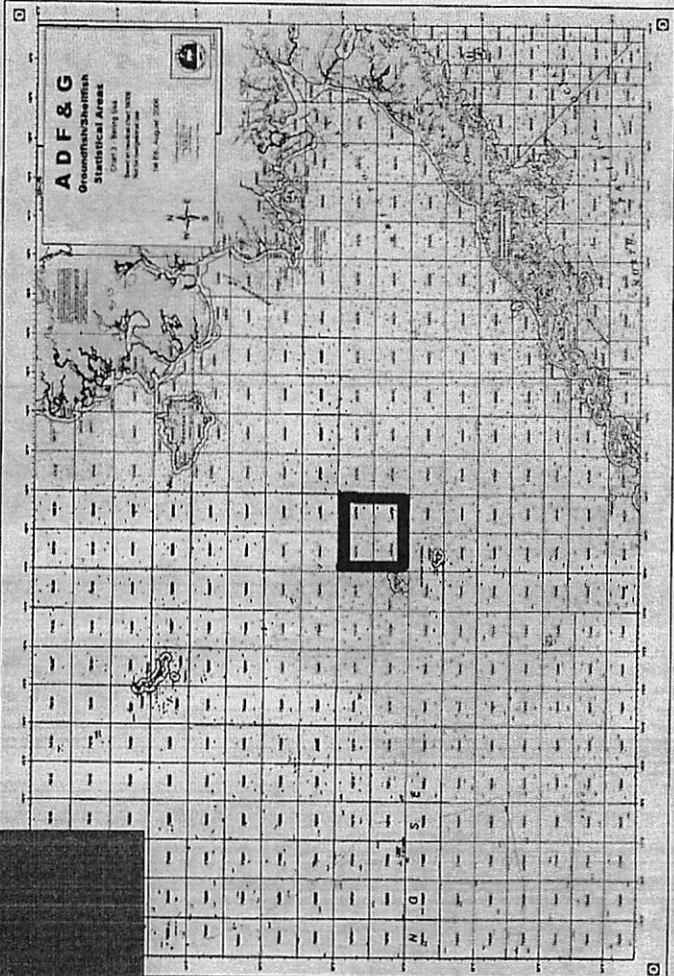
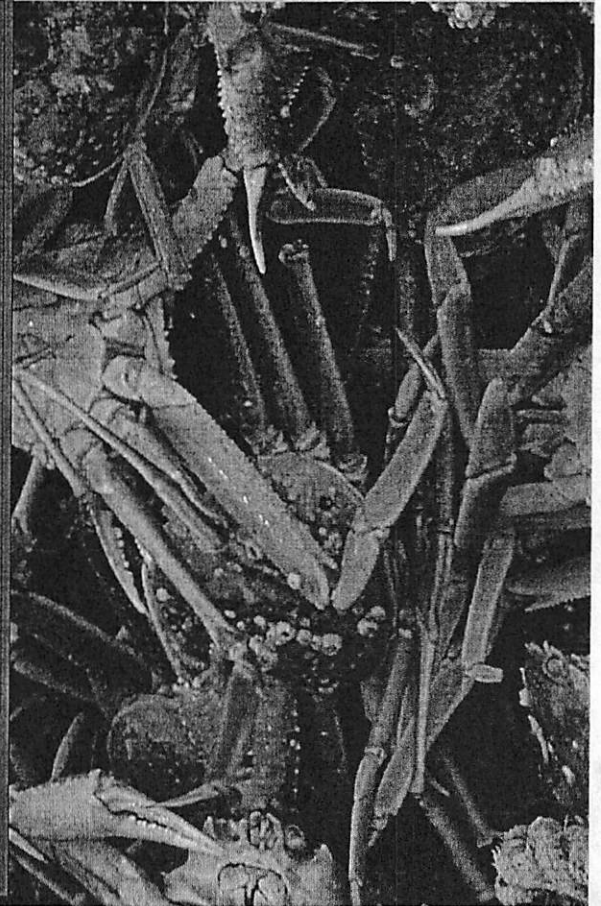
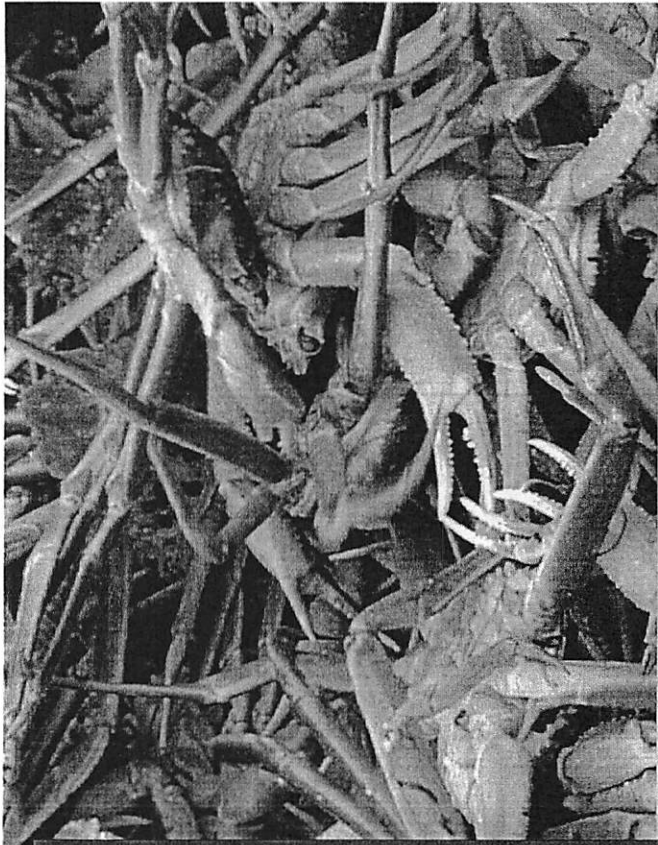
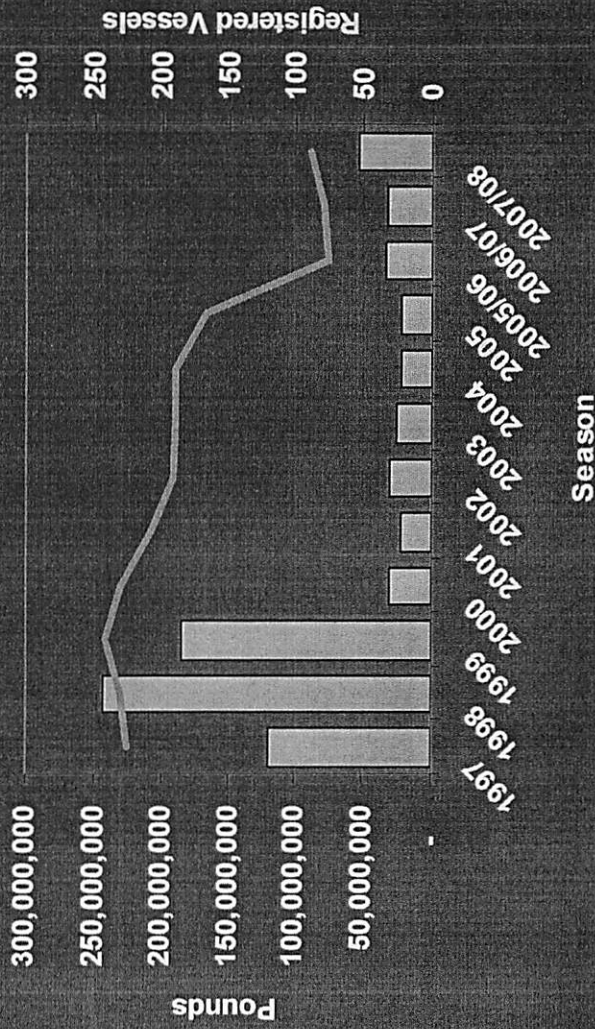


Figure 6

Bering Sea Tanner Crab

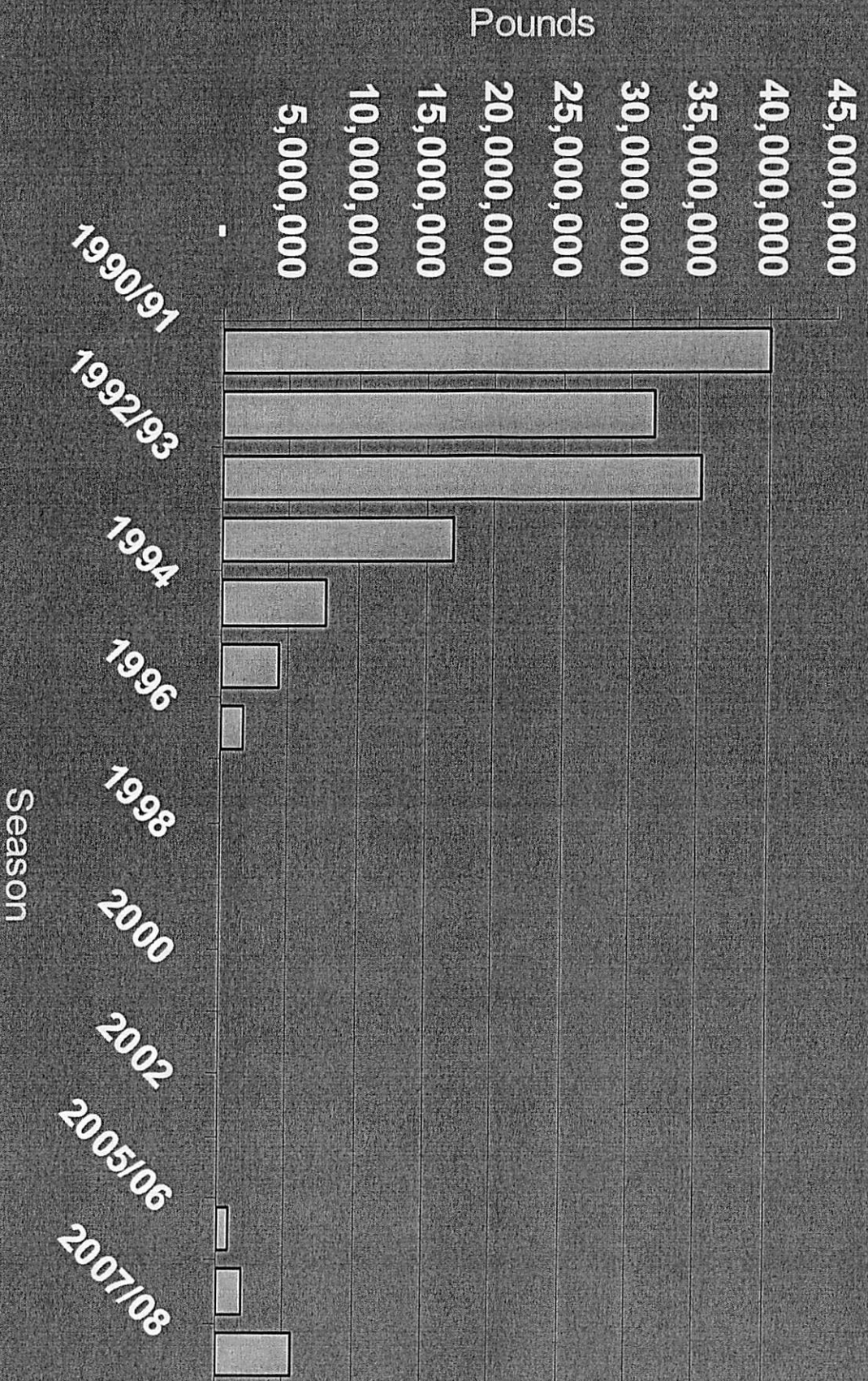


Figure 7.

Adak Red King Crab

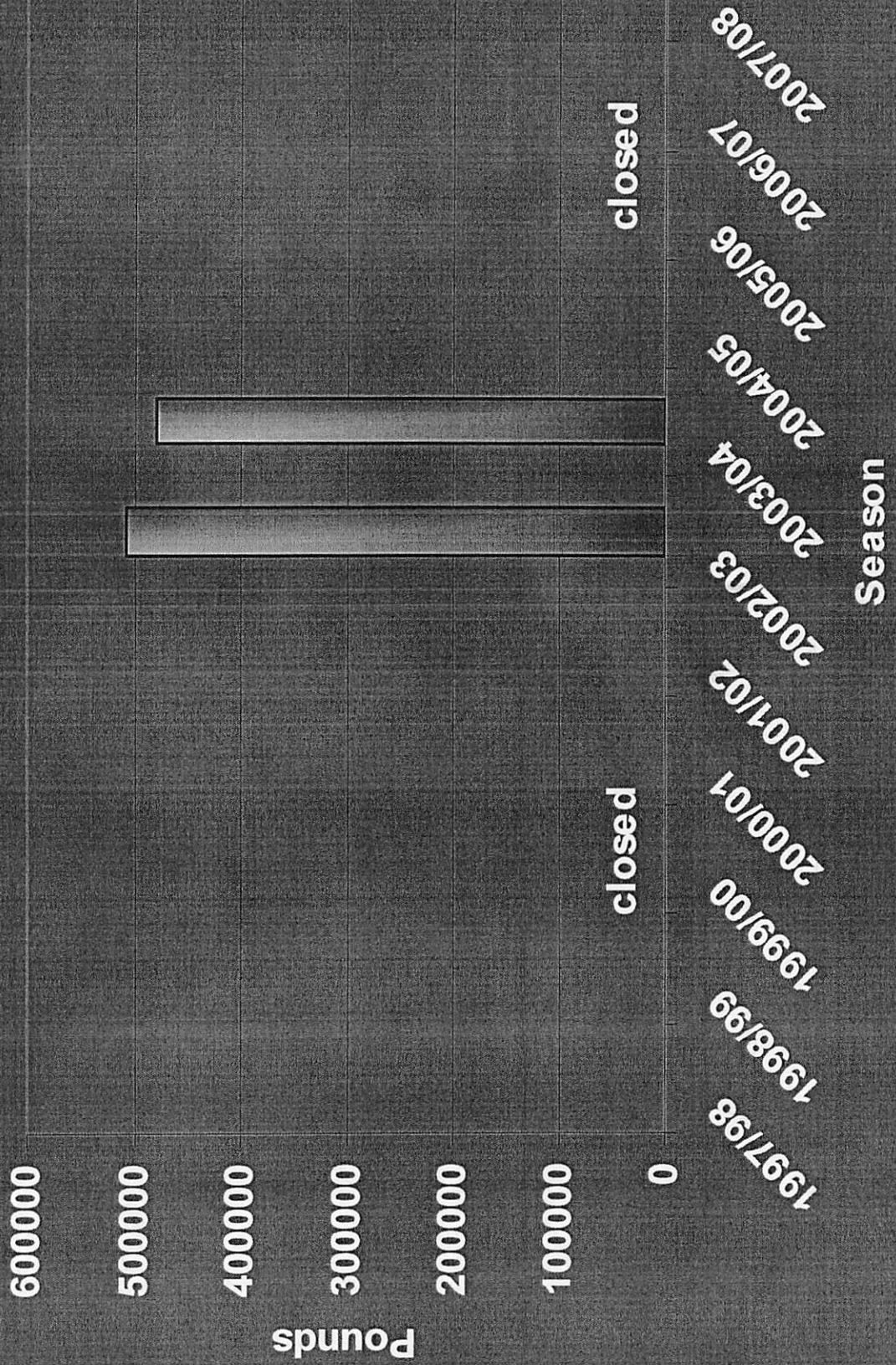


Figure 8.

Pribilof King Crab

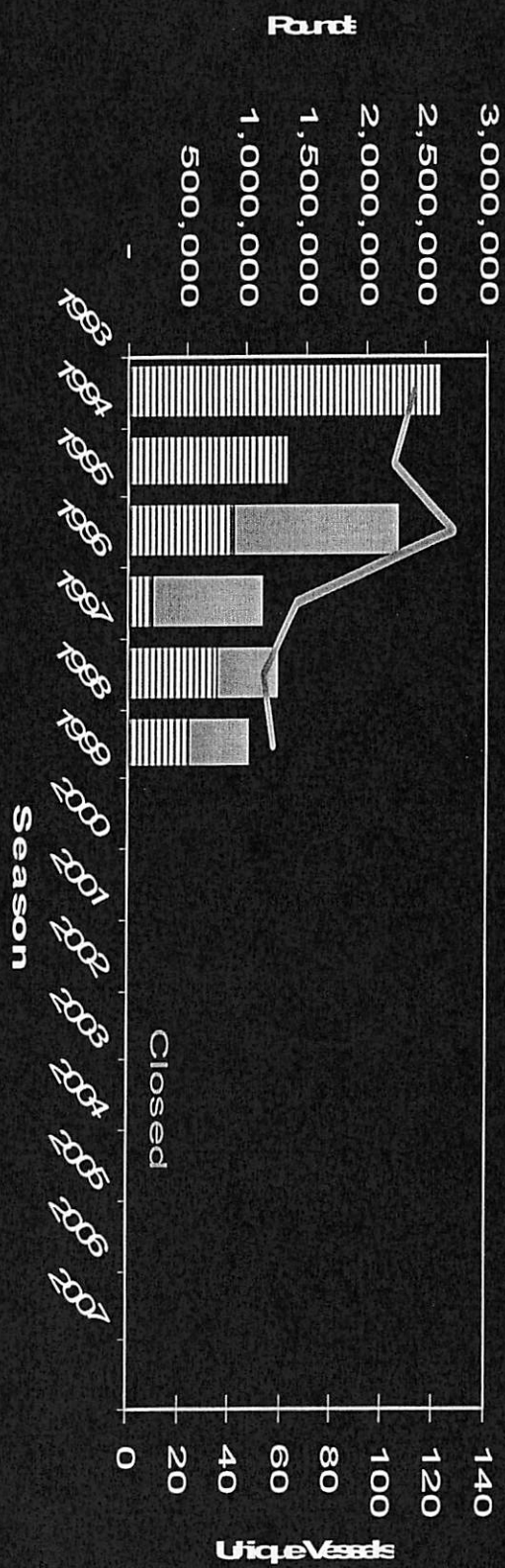
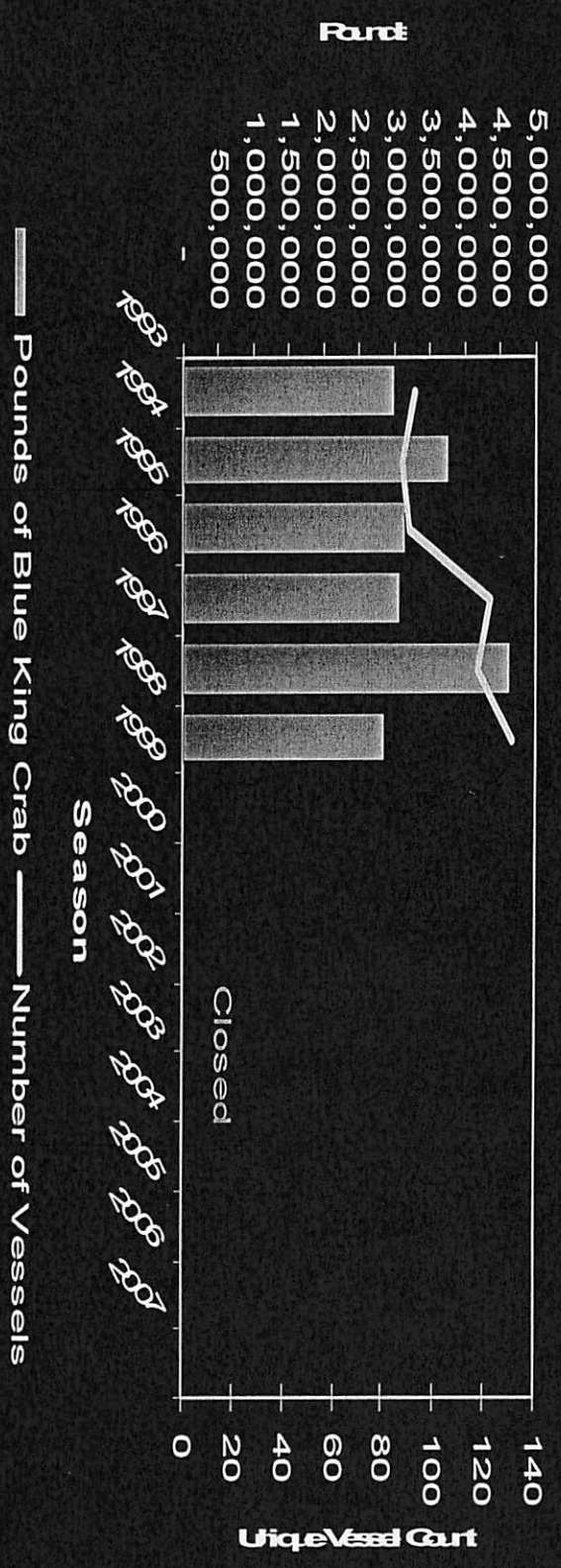


Figure 9.

St. Matthew Section Blue King Crab



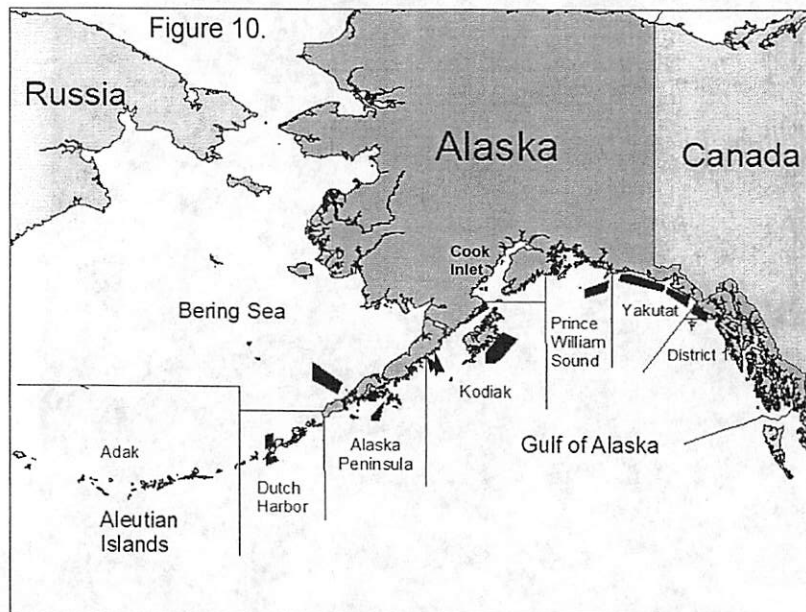


Figure 8. Major weathervane scallop fishing locations in coastal waters of Alaska.

Registration Area	Guideline Harvest Range (pounds of shucked meat)	Bycatch Limits	
		Tanner Crab	King Crab
Yakutat			
Area D	0 to 150,000	NA	NA
District 16	0 to 21,000	NA	NA
Prince William Sound	0 to 37,000	11,400	NA
Kodiak			
Northeast District	0 to 90,000 ¹	220,000	100 ²
Shelikof District	0 to 170,000 ³	84,000	1200
Alaska Peninsula	0 to 10,000 ⁴	26,000	71
Dutch Harbor	Closed	NA	NA
Bering Sea	0 to 50,000	260,000 300,000	<i>C. bairdi</i> <i>C. opilio</i> and hybrids
Adak	0 to 75,000	10,000	50

¹The GHR for the Northeast District of the Kodiak Area is divided into harvest caps by statistical area(s).

²The king crab bycatch limit in the area north of 58° 06.00' N. lat., is five crabs.

³Within the Shelikof District of the Kodiak Area, harvest caps will apply to selected statistical areas north and south of a line at 58° 30' N lat.

⁴All waters between 160° W. long. and 161° W. long. will be closed.

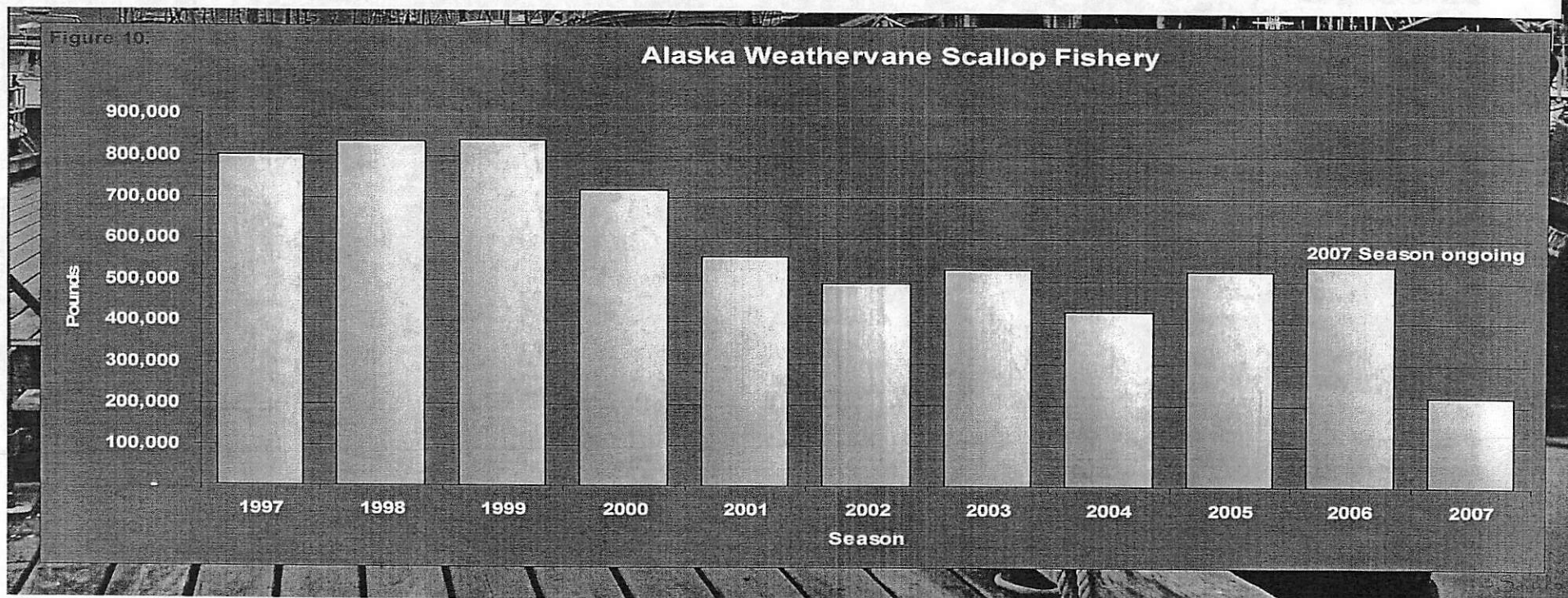


Figure 11.

Central Region Pacific Cod Harvests, 2007

Data through August 31, 2007

This summary censored for CONFIDENTIAL reports or records.

Pacific Cod

PARALLEL SEASON - STATE WATERS

Gear	Cook Inlet Management Area			Prince William Sound		
	Vessels	Landings	Pounds	Vessels	Landings	Pounds
Hand troll	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jigs	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trawl	0	0	0	1	1	confidential
Longline	37	78	197,837	23	45	22,423
Pots	7	72	284,972	1	1	confidential
Totals	44	150	482,809	25	47	22,423
Status		Open			Open	
Federal seasons: Central Gulf	Directed Opened - Closed Jan 1 - noon Feb 27 Sept 1 - open			Directed Opened - Closed Jan 1 - noon Feb 27 Sept 1 - open		

Parallel season concurrent with federal waters of the Central Gulf of Alaska (CGOA).

Totals include Pacific Cod bycatch to other directed fisheries e.g. halibut & sablefish.

Pacific Cod

*STATE MANAGED - STATE WATERS

GHL (lb)	*Cook Inlet Management Area			*Prince William Sound		
	Vessels	Landings	Pounds	Vessels	Landings	Pounds
		3,131,088			910,730	
Gear	Vessels	Landings	Pounds	Vessels	Landings	Pounds
Jigs	5	7	5,545	1	2	confidential
Pots < 58'	9	123	725,151	0	0	0
Pots > 58'	5	23	711,653	4	20	344,341
Totals	19	153	1,442,349	5	22	344,341
State seasons:		Opened - Closed			Opened - Closed	
State seasons: Jigs	noon Feb 28 - 11:59 Sept 1 Closed			noon March 6 - 11:59 Sept 1 Closed		
*Status	Opened - Closed			Opened - Closed		
Pots	noon Feb 28 - noon May 1 June 15 - 11:59 Sept 1			noon March 6 - 11:59 Sept 1		
*Status	Closed			Closed		

*The state managed fishery for Pacific cod opens by emergency order to pot and jig gear under exclusive area registration 24 hours after the Federal closure in Cook Inlet and 7 days in PWS.
Includes only directed fishery harvest.



Figure 12.

2007 STATE MANAGED GROUND FISH
PRELIMINARY PACIFIC COD HARVEST BY FISHERY WEEK

UPDATED: 9/5/07

KODIAK				CHIGNIK			SOUTH ALASKA PENINSULA					
Vessel Registration	Total	Pot	Jig	Total	Pot	Jig	Total	Pot	Jig			
Current	112	35	77	19	16	3	74	47	27			
Overall	112	35	77	19	16	3	74	47	27			
2007 GHJL				2007 GHJL			2007 GHJL					
10.43 Million Pounds				7.30 Million Pounds			14.80 Million Pounds					
ALLOCATIONS: 50% Jigs, 50% Pots				90% Pots, 10% Jigs			85% Pots, 15% Jigs					
Pots >58' restricted to 25% of total GHJL before Sept. 1. Jigs = 5.21 million, Pots = 5.21 million, >58' pots 2.60 before Sept. 1				Pots = 6.57 million Jigs = .73 million			Pots = 12.58 million Jigs = 2.22 million					
DATES:	Pots		Jigs		Pots		Jigs		Pots		Jigs	
	Landings	Catch	Landings	Catch	Landings	Catch	Landings	Catch	Landings	Catch	Landings	Catch
	Fishery opens 3/6/07 at 12 Noon				Fishery Opens 3/1/07 at 12 Noon				Fishery Opens 3/15/07 at 12 Noon			
2/25-3/3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3/4-3/10	4	51,419	0	0	7	173,076	0	0	0	0	0	0
3/11-3/17	26	460,164	0	0	7	247,104	0	0	Confidential		0	0
3/18-3/24	48	1,330,088	12	20,676	11	192,763	0	0	69	2,222,908	0	0
3/25-3/31	44	1,508,826	15	36,285	26	833,541	0	0	87	3,372,664	Confidential	
4/1-4/7	47	1,438,412	25	84,250	14	512,627	0	0	104	3,202,373	Confidential	
4/8-4/14	13	368,636	26	57,558	34	971,435	0	0	98	2,662,250	Confidential	
4/15-4/21	Closed 4/8		29	58,537	28	861,135	0	0	47	876,149	0	0
4/22-4/28			16	35,641	34	706,385	0	0	Closed 4/17		0	0
4/29-5/4			36	110,102	26	473,871	0	0			Confidential	
5/5-5/11			54	201,139	32	451,780	0	0			7	40,857
5/12-5/18			34	89,747	16	199,022	0	0			5	16,217
5/19-5/25			34	115,305	Confidential		0	0			5	9,168
5/26-6/1			27	94,250	Confidential		0	0			9	46,024
6/2-6/8			26	89,788	Confidential		0	0			3	7,961
6/9-6/15			28	50,267	Confidential		0	0			Confidential	
6/16-6/22			17	38,347	0	0	0	0			Confidential	
6/23-6/29			15	47,180	0	0	0	0			4	18,405
6/30-7/6			19	46,075	0	0	0	0			5	44,192
7/7-7/13			21	28,008	0	0	0	0			Confidential	
7/14-7/20			9	22,437	0	0	0	0			4	5,676
7/21-7/27			6	13,756	0	0	0	0			3	6,126
7/28-8/3			7	10,232	0	0	0	0			Confidential	
8/4-8/10			Confidential		0	0	0	0			Confidential	
8/11-8/17			5	5,461	0	0	0	0			0	0
8/18-8/24			0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0
8/25-8/31			0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0
9/1			Closed 9/1		Closed 9/1		Closed 9/1				Closed 9/1	
ACCUMULATIVE	182	5,157,545	461	1,255,606	235	5,722,692	0	0	405	12,425,811	45	243,923
CATCH	(Total combined)		6,413,151		(Total combined)		5,722,692		(Total combined)		12,669,734	

Figure 13.

Kodiak State Waters Pcod Harvests

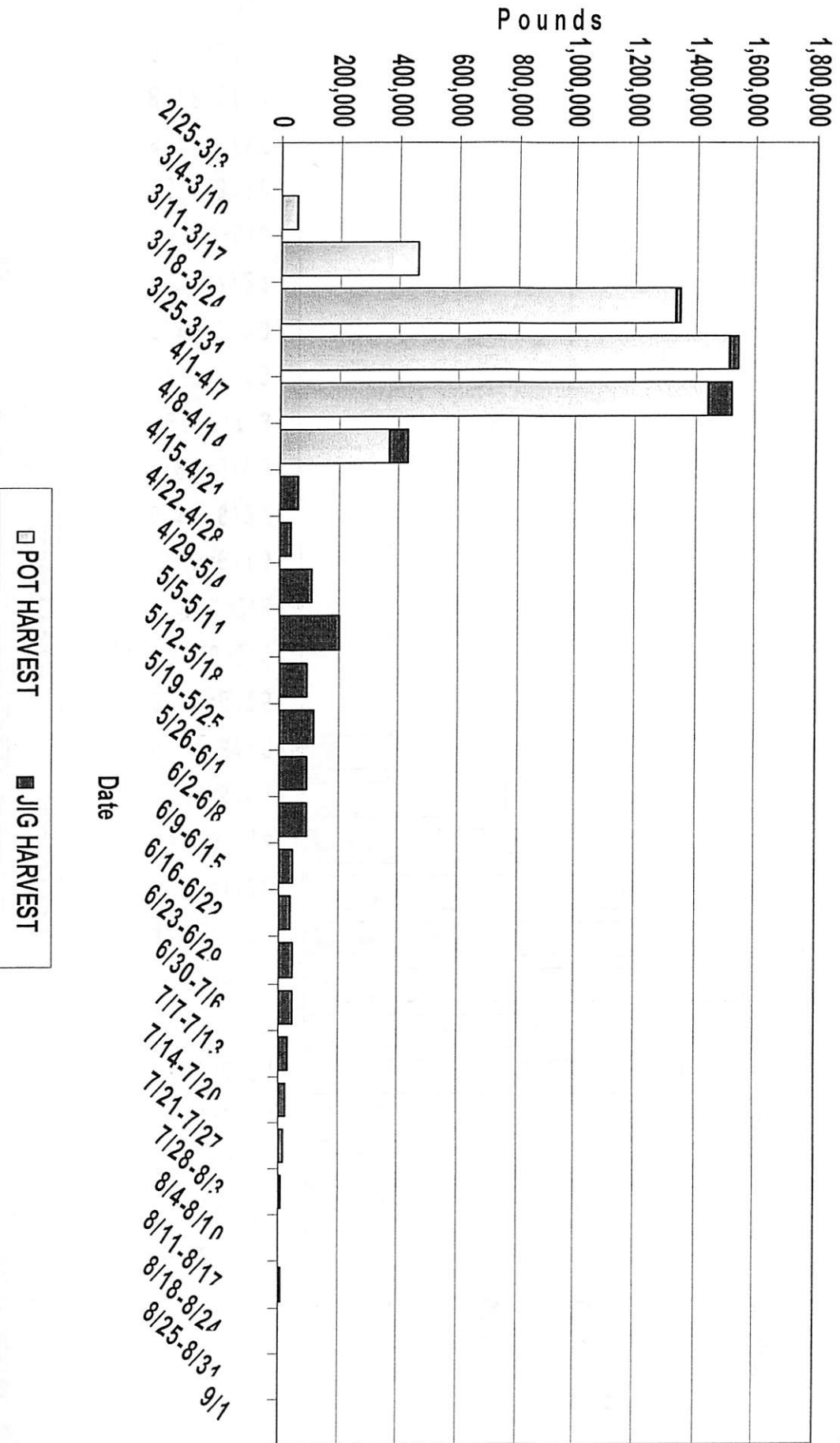


Figure 14.

Chignik State Waters Pcod Harvest

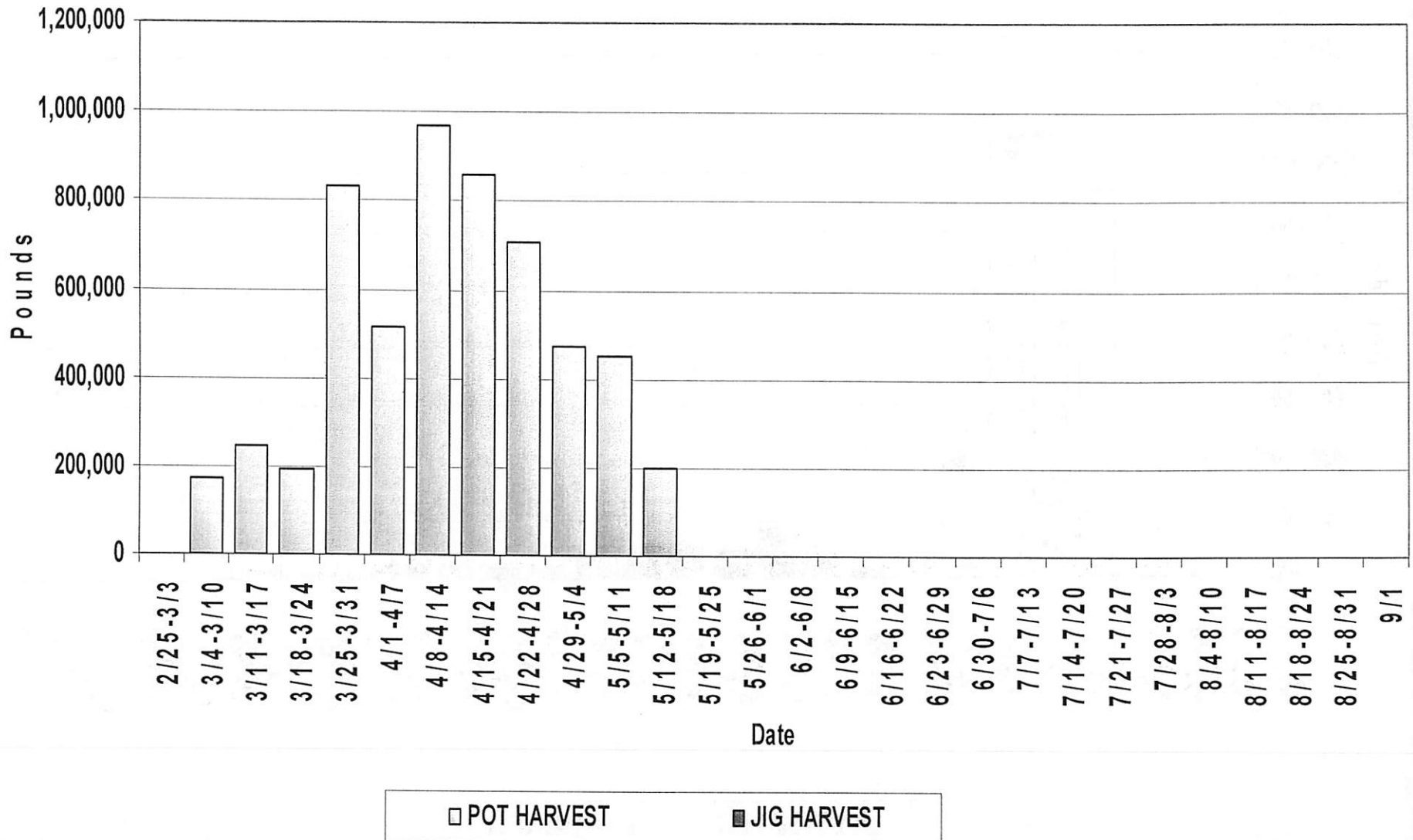
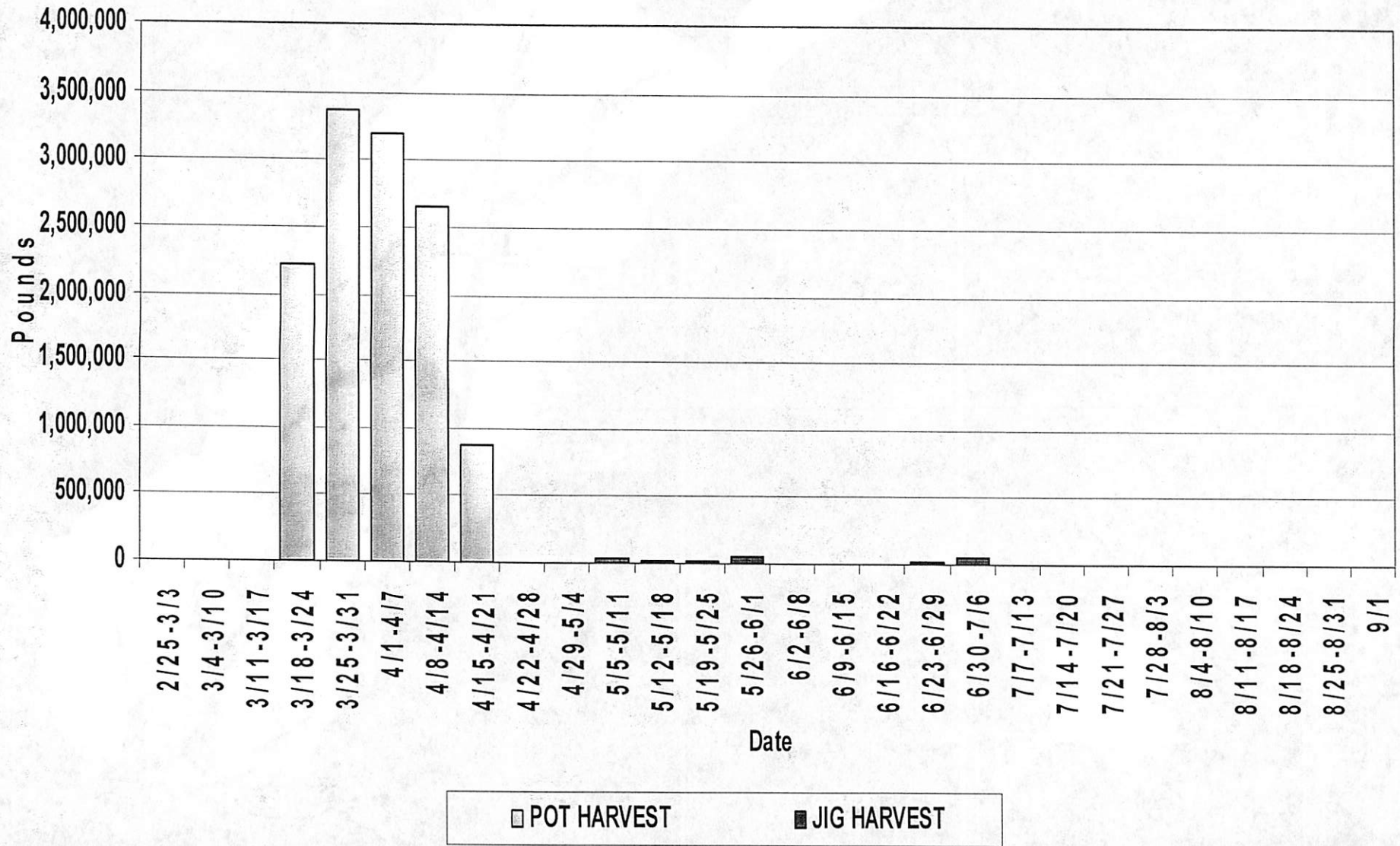
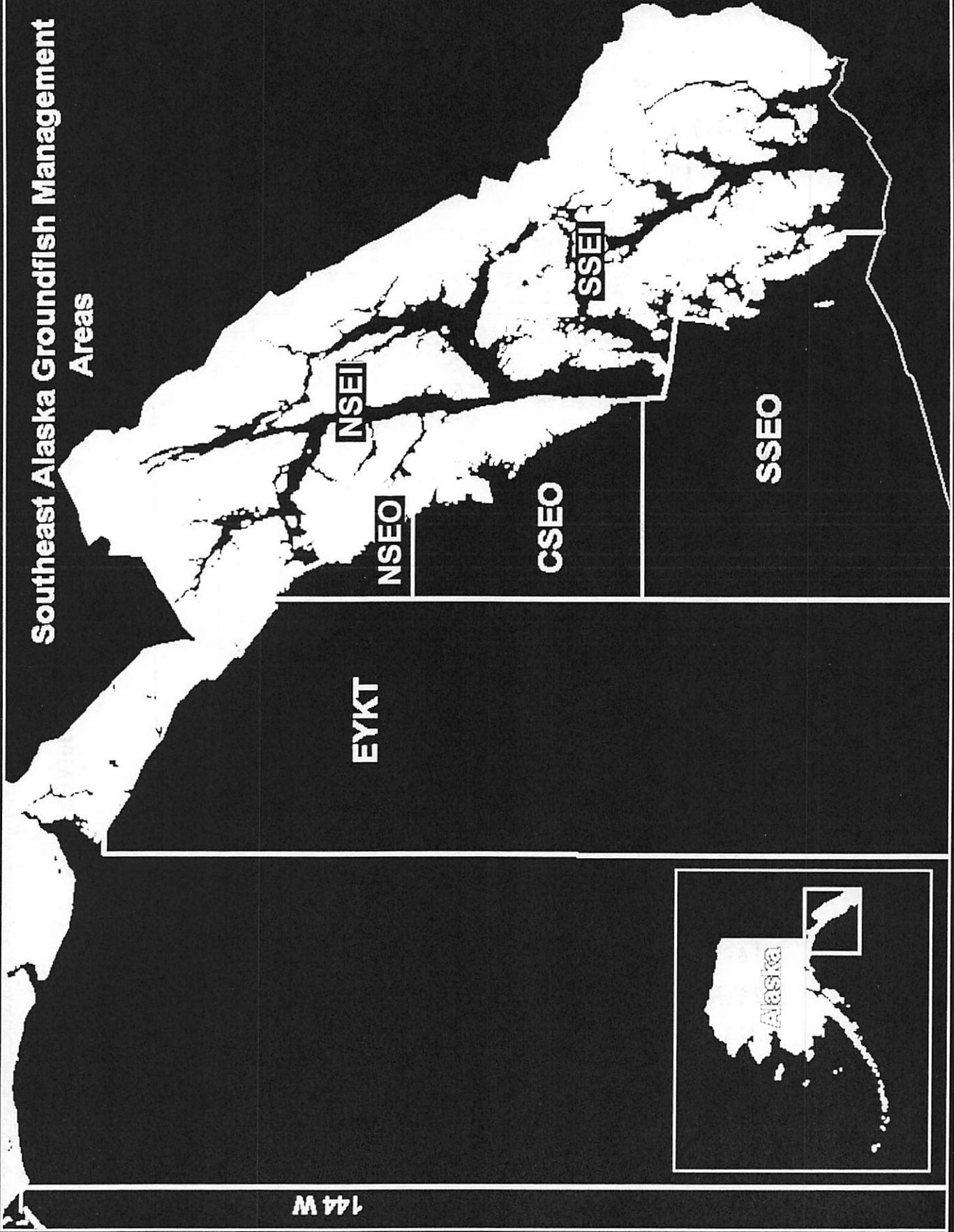


Figure 15.

South AK Peninsula Pcod Harvest



Southeast Alaska Groundfish Management Areas



144 W

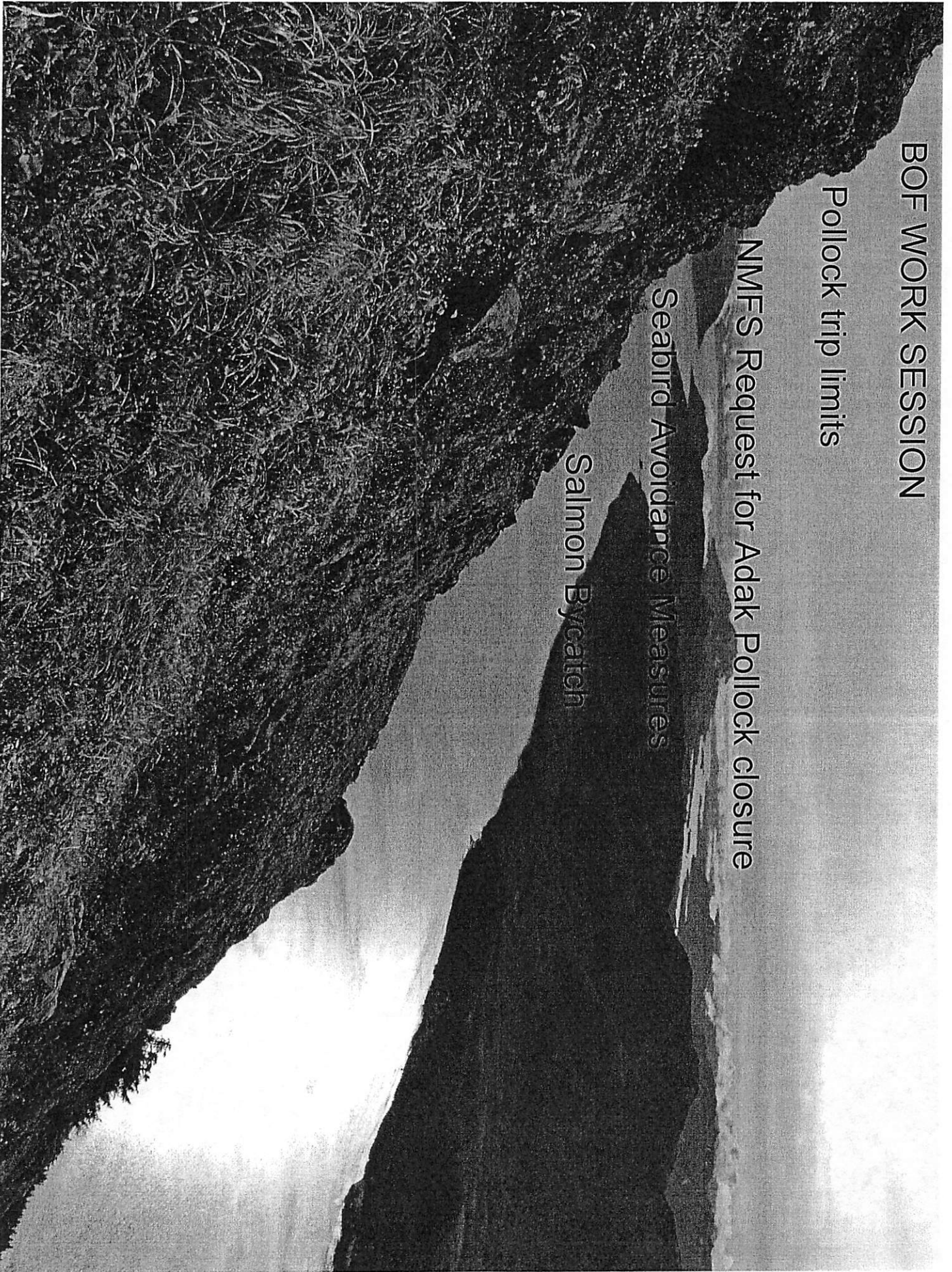
BOF WORK SESSION

Pollock trip limits

NIMFS Request for Adak Pollock closure

Seabird Avoidance Measures

Salmon Bycatch



end

© Savitko

