Feb. 2021

CLIMATE CHANGE TASK FORCE WORKPLAN OVERVIEW D3 COUNCIL

CCTF Members:

Co-chair: Diana Stram (NPMFC): diana.stram@noaa.gov Co-chair: Kirstin Holsman (NMFS- AFSC) : kirstin.holsman@noaa.gov Lauren Divine (Aleut Community of Saint Paul Island) Scott Goodman (Natural Resources Consultants/BS Fisheries Res. Foundation) Joe Krieger (NMFS-Regional Office) Mike LeVine (Ocean Conservancy) Steve Martell (SeaState) Brenden Raymond-Yakoubian (Sandhill Culture Craft) Jeremy Sterling (AFSC Marine Mammal Lab)



CCTF MEETINGS TO DATE

Work in 2020

- January: spin up meeting and update to Council bodies (Ecosystem Committee, SSC/AP/Council)
- February CCTF meeting 2:
 - Initial development of framework and proposed process
 - Initial draft of work plan
 - Update to FEP (March meeting)
- December CCTF meeting 3





ATTENDEES DEC. 14 & 16, 2020 (VIRTUAL)

Taskforce members in attendance:

Lauren Divine (Aleut Community of Saint Paul Island), Scott Goodman (Natural Resources Consultants/Bering Sea Fisheries Research Foundation), Kirstin Holsman co-Chair (AFSC-Seattle), Steve Martell (SeaState), Joe Krieger (NMFS-Regional Office), Brenden Raymond-Yakoubian (Sandhill.Culture.Craft), Mike LeVine (Ocean Conservancy), Jeremy Sterling (AFSC Marine Mammal Lab), Diana Stram co-Chair (NPFMC)

Members of the public and other state and agency staff:

Diana Evans (NPFMC), Sarah Wise (AFSC-Seattle), Kate Haapala (NPFMC), Steve Marx, Melissa Parks, Megan Williams, Mateo Paz Soldan, Erin Shaw, Steve MacLean (NPFMC), Teresa Peterson

Goals of CCTF3:

- Review progress since CCTF2
- Finalize draft Work Plan for review





The goal of the Climate Change Module is to facilitate the Council's work towards climate-ready fisheries management that helps ensure both short- and longterm resilience for the Bering Sea.



Key: Action informing NOT policy prescriptive



Key: Seeks to use existing "on ramps" to deliver climate information to Council process



Key: Iterative process that will be refined over time with input and feedback



Key: Inclusive approach to provide Council process with "the best available" information on climate impacts and effective adaptation actions to reduce impacts.



BACKGROUND

credit: Mark Holsman

Background: Climate change is altering the Bering Sea ecosystem



Anomaly from 1901-2000 climatology 1 degree, weekly resolution; September



NOAA National Centers for Environmental information, Climate at a Glance: Global Time Series, published November 2020, retrieved on December 9, 2020 from <u>https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cag/</u>



Background: Future changes to the Bering sea are expected



Changes in Sea Surface Temperature

CMIP6: SST Anomaly from 1955-1984 climatology



https://psl.noaa.gov/ipcc/cmip6/

Background: Management can reduce impacts & support adaptation



Holsman et al.(2019). Towards climate resiliency in fisheries management. ICES Journal of Marine Science. https://doi.org/10.1093/icesjms/fsz031 Karp et al. 2019. Accounting for Shifting Distributions and Changing Productivity in the Development of Scientific Advice for Fishery Management. ICES JMS doi: 10.1093/icesjms/fsz048



Glossary of Terms: Social-ecological system



Glossary of Terms: Social-ecological system

Human and ecological systems are linked through feedback mechanisms



E.g., Fishery Climate Adaptation Tools



Hazen et al. 2019 https://advances.sciencemag.org/co ntent/4/5/eaar3001 Holsman et al. 2020 https://www.nature.com/articles/s4 1467-020-18300-3 Santos et al. 2020. https://www.nature.com/articles/s41893-020-0513-x

Technical workplan

credit: Mark Holsman

What: Task Force Goals:

The CCTF aims to operationalize the delivery of climate change information to the Council including climate change information, tools, and recommendations that can help the Council further its ecosystem vision statement through equitable climate change adaptation pathways, transparent communication, utilization of diverse knowledge sources, and broad engagement. This module will support the Council's capacity to:

- 1. More effectively incorporate climate change information from diverse knowledge holders into the fishery management process through transparent, effective and dynamic communication and engagement with communities, fishers, managers, scientists and other Council stakeholders with the Council and Council staff; and,
- 2. Evaluate and implement management measures that can help preserve livelihoods, economies, health and well-being across fisheries and dependent coastal communities; support near- and long-term adaptation to climate change; and ensure the continued productivity and sustainability of the coupled social-ecological Bering Sea system.

Supporting climate-resilient fisheries through understanding climate change

D3 Draft CCTF Workplan February 2021

fisheries through understanding climate change impacts and adaptation responses

December 2020

DRAFT Climate Change Task Force work plan of the Bering Sea Fishery Ecosystem Plan

Diana Stram¹, Kirstin Holsman²

Brenden Raymond-Yakoubian³, Lauren Divine⁴, Mike LeVine⁵, Scott Goodman⁶, Jeremy Sterling⁷, Joe Krieger⁸, Steve Martell⁹

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 <u>Ocean Conservancy, Juneau, AK, USA</u>
 <u>Conservancy, Juneau, AK, USA</u>
 <u>Shatral Resource Consultants, Inc. Sentte, WA.</u>
 <u>APSF-Regional Office, Anchorage, AK, USA</u>
 <u>ShatSrake Scattle, WA, USA</u>
 <u>Senstate, Scattle, WA, USA</u>



How: Iterative process of review & synthesis





How: Iterative process of review & synthesis

Step 1:

		 Objective 1: Coordinate the review of existing and
	Collate Info	emergent climate information on impacts, adaptation,
		and residual risk. Step 2:
	Synthesize	 Objective 2: Assess key climate change impacts,
		adaptation actions, and residual risk.
		Step 3: - Objective 3: Summarize and communicate potential
C	Communicate	risks and adaptation actions.



Examples of sources of climate information (Fig. 5)



Local knowledge.

What: Streamline, summarize, and organize information



REVISED: Fig. 6 with feedback from Ecosystem Committee







Bering Sea FEP Annual Climate Change Module Work plan Cycle (2021-2025)



Bering Sea FEP Annual Climate Change Module Work plan Cycle (2021-2025)









Bering Sea FEP Annual Climate Change Module Work plan Cycle (2021-2025)





FEP Plan Team

Council process & EBFM Coordination

AP



Bering Sea FEP Annual Climate Change Module Work plan Cycle (2021-2025) **Council process & EBFM Coordination** Red flags and early info help inform survey design, indicator needs, Information model considerations, etc. $\sqrt{}$ review; early (on-ramp 1) indicators / obs. **Tactical** Near-term Model updates Advice (<2 yr) enhanced TK & IK NMFS surveys models SSC Summer (**Risk table evaluations** AP Local Knowledge **Groundfish Stock** REPORTS Assessment Fall Ecosystem Report Strategic Near-term Advice (<2 yr) Winter (on-ramp 2) Refine (on-ramp 3) & Repeat Strategic & Long-term **FEP Report** Advice (>2 yr) card Bi-annual synthesis, State of the review, update Public review Climate Inform Scenario & comment planning, MSEs, Long-term strategic context Legend Existing tools or process New Council "on-ramp" for **CCTF** Coordination **FEP Plan Team** emerging climate change **CCTF New tools or process** risk & adaptation information CCTF



CCTF additional products

(Iteratively developed & refine now-2025):

- Synthesis Report Appendices:
 - Table of climate change drivers, impacts, potential policy/management responses, targets, and gaps/needs
 - SES Adaptation Briefing Note
 - SES Resilience Briefing Note
 - Climate Briefing Form and Process
 - Adaptation and Climate Testimonial workshop summaries

Coordination with LK/TK/Subsistence Taskforce and the BS FEP Team to communicate issues/topics of joint relevance

Periodic updates with SSC, Plan Teams, and Ecosystem Committee to provide interim synthetic climate information

Every 6 mo



OTHER ASPECTS OF CCTF DECEMBER MEETING

- Climate Briefing Form
 - Link to draft form in minutes
- Case studies: criteria and examples
- Table (output) under construction by CCTF:
 - Summary of drivers, impacts, potential responses, resiliency targets, gaps/needs
 - Case studies \rightarrow best fit within this context
- Next meeting





CONSIDERATIONS FOR THE COUNCIL

- Council concurrence on work plan direction
 - Overall steps, activities and direction
 - Proposed process is iterative
- Proposed lifespan of CCTF:
 - Plan for 5 years (FEP originally estimated 5-7)





Appendices

credit: Mark Holsman

Appendix 1

Working draft of Adaptation in the Bering Sea coupled socialecological system

Overview:

The CCTF aims for an inclusive process in developing recommendations and when assessing risks, impacts, and tradeoffs. The latter relies on understanding and considering biological trajectories of change as well as the social, cultural, and economic implications and scope of adaptation in the intricately coupled social-ecological Bering Sea system. Therefore the CCTF will develop and update (as needed) definitions of "adaptation" and "resilience" in terms of climate change and Bering sea fisheries ,as well as attendant metrics and indicators of progress (or limitations) towards implementation and performance. The IPCC definitions for "adaptation" and "resilience" and the CCTF preliminary definitions of each are provided below and included here as starting points for discussion. The focus on these definitions is intended to provide clarity for the success of the work plan. They will be updated with input from and collaborative engagement with stakeholders, and the CCTF will maintain evolving documents describing Adaptation and Resilience in the Appendices to the work plan that provide more detailed definition and descriptions.

Adaptation definition (draft):

The IPCC defines adaptation as "the process of adjustment to actual or expected climate change and its effects" (IPCC 2014, p. 5). In the context of Bering Sea fisheries, adaptation to support climate resilient social-ecological systems includes ecosystem-based management policies that embrace uncertainty, adjust at a rate that is consistent with observed changes (e.g., allows communities and fisheries to adapt in a proactive rather than a solely reactive manage), are inclusive of diverse knowledge sources and

Appendix 2

Resilience of the Bering Sea coupled social-ecological system



Overview

As the CCTF seeks to provide information recommendations to help the Council advance adaptive management that helps ensure resilient ecosystems, fisheries, and communities, it seems wise to have working definitions of those terms. The IPCC definitions for "adaptation" and "resilience" and the CCTF preliminary definitions of each are provided in the CCTF workplan and included as starting points for discussion. The CCTF intends to work collaboratively with stakeholders to periodically update and revise

EXTRA SLIDES FOR DISCUSSION



Integrating the module into existing Council process

- "complement existing delivery of EBM advice to the Council process by organizing and synthesizing the breadth of climate information"
- "systematic review of new and emergent climate change information, both immediate and long-term in scope"
- "synthesis and evaluation of key issues, emergent trends, and potential red flags relevant to the Council"
- "communication and iterative review with the LK/TK/Subsistence Task Force and FEP Team to support the diversity of perspectives and knowledge sources needed for evaluations of risk"
- "identification of climate-resilient management actions to enable adaptation to climate-driven change (this particular point would be in the form of recommendations that can be considered by the Council through the Council process)"
- "As much as possible we will work with existing teams and products (such as the Ecosystem Status Report teams) to minimize the amount of reporting and review and avoid duplication of existing efforts."

Management can reduce risks & support adaptation



Holsman et al.(2019). Towards climate resiliency in fisheries management. ICES Journal of Marine Science. https://doi.org/10.1093/icesjms/fsz031

Climate Fisheries Initiative (CFI)



ACLIM as a test bed for operationalized climateinformed fisheries advice



The Alaska Climate Integrated Modeling Project

- Southeast Bering Sea
- Funding: NMFS S&T (FATE+SAAM+NPCREP), IEA, RTAP, Economic and Human Dimensions Program, AFSC, OAR)
- Operational suite of coupled socioecological models for climate fisheries hindcasts, forecasts, projections and Management Strategy Evaluation

www.fisheries.noaa.gov/alaska/ecosyste a-climate-integrated-modeling-project









Hollowed et al. 2020. Frontiers in Mar. Sci. doi: 10.3389/fmars.2019.00775

Glossary of Terms

• RCP

- IPCC : United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- NOAA : National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- NMFS : National Marine Fisheries Service
- Council : North Pacific Fisheries Management Council
- CE : "Climate Enhanced" -
- GCM : General Circulation Model (Global in scale)
 - : Representative (carbon) Concentration Pathway
- FEP : Fisheries Ecosystem Plan
- ROMS : Regional Ocean Modeling System
- NPZ : Nutrient Phytoplankton Zooplankton Model
- CEATTLE : Climate Enhanced Assessment with Temperature and Trophic Linkages & Energetics Model
- FEAST : Forage and Euphausiid Assessment in Space and Time model
- SES : coupled Social-Ecological System