St Matthew Island blue king crab

Rebuilding Plan Initial Review

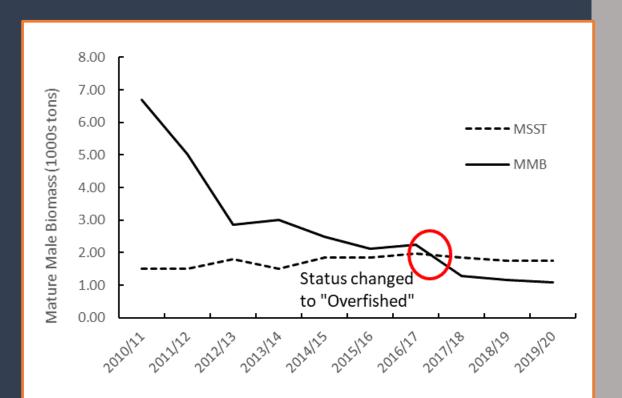
December 2019



Outline Chapter Introduction 1.0 Status change, required action, Statutory, NS1, Crab SAFE 2.0 Alternatives Other considerations 3.2.2 - 3.2.4 Bycatch, Existing protections, Ecosystem conditions Rebuilding analysis 3.2.5 - 3.2.9 Recruitment, Harvest (Alternatives), Timeframes 3.3 Socio-econ Impacts

1. Introduction

- October 22, 2018 declared overfished
 - MSST₂₀₁₈ 1.85
 - MMB_{2017/2018} 1.29
- Rebuilding plan in 2 years
- Time frame to rebuild
- NS1 Guidelines on minimum rebuild time



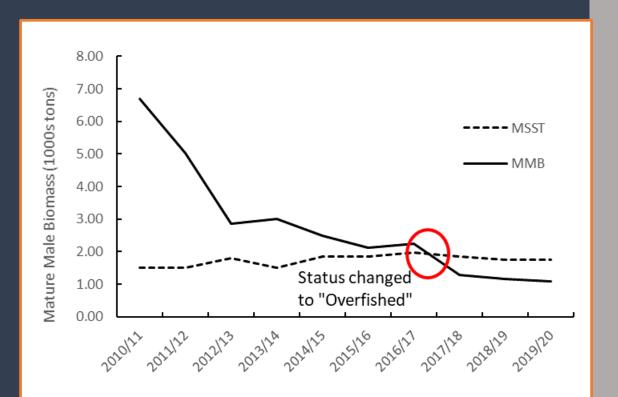
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1.2.2 $T_{ m min}$ and $T_{ m max}$

- $\bullet \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{min}}$
 - F = 0
 - years for p(B = B_{msy}) \geq 50 %
 - Starting year for the T_{min} is first year rebuilding plan is in place.
- If $T_{min} > 10 \text{ yrs, } T_{max}$
- T_{max}
 - Tmin + 1 generation time
 - Time at 75% MFMT
 - Tmin x 2

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T_{min} ~ **14.5** years

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Average age of spawners in unfished stock

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Average age of spawners in unfished stock = 14

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 - F = 0

T_{min} ~ **14.5** years

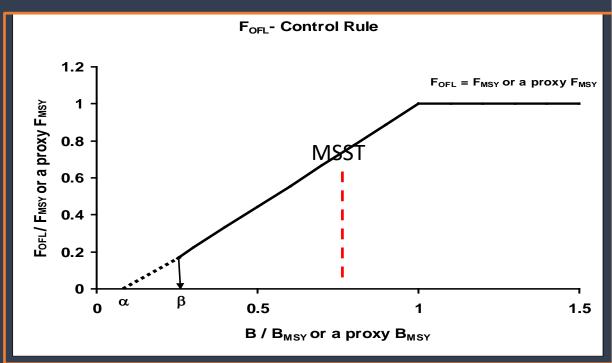
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- ullet $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{max}}$

T_{max} ~ **28.5** years

- Tmin + 1 generation time
- Time at 75% MFMT (not analyzed, 43 yr)
- Tmin x 2 (not analyzed, 29 yr)

1.2.3, 1.2.4 Crab SAFE

- 5 Tier system
 - SMBKC is Tier 4
 - Stock status level (a,b,c)
- F_{OFL} Control Rule
- $\beta = 25\%$
- MSST = 50%

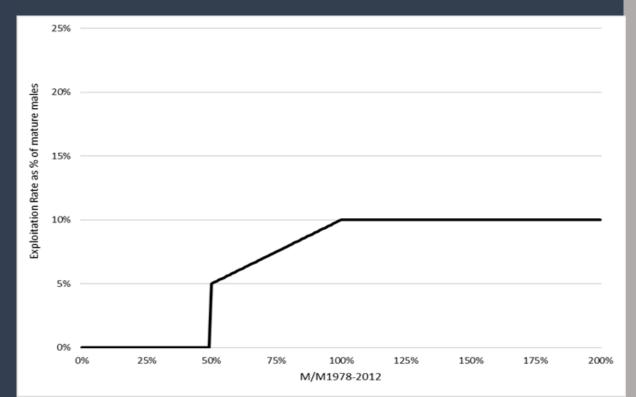


2. Description of Alternatives

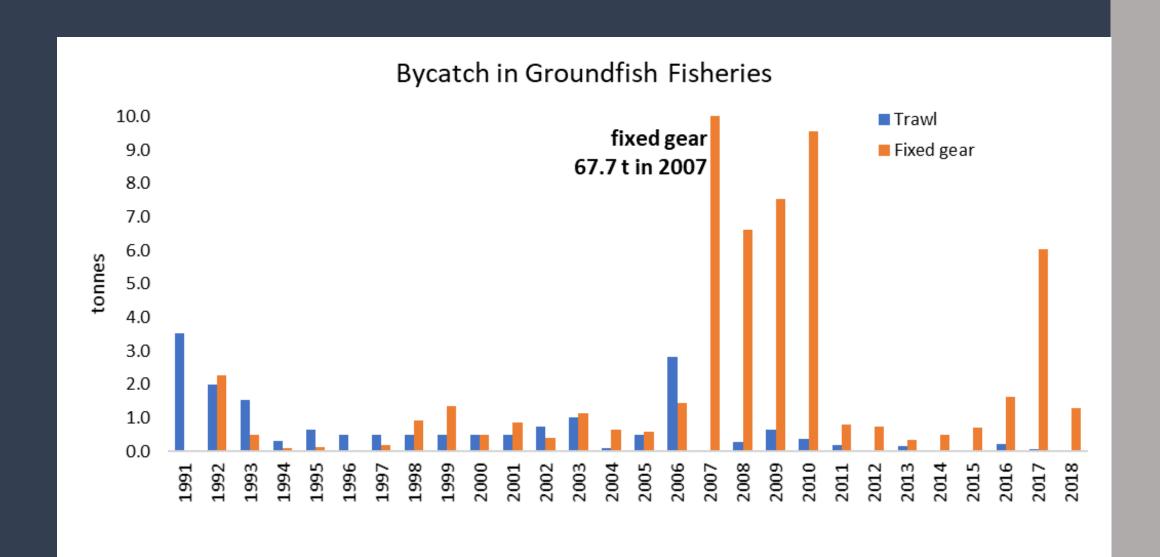
- Alternative 1 (No Action)
 - No rebuilding plan, ABC in projections
- Alternative 2 (Rebuilding)
 - Option 1 no harvest during rebuilding
 - Option 2 State Harvest Strategy

2.2 Alternative 2, Option 2

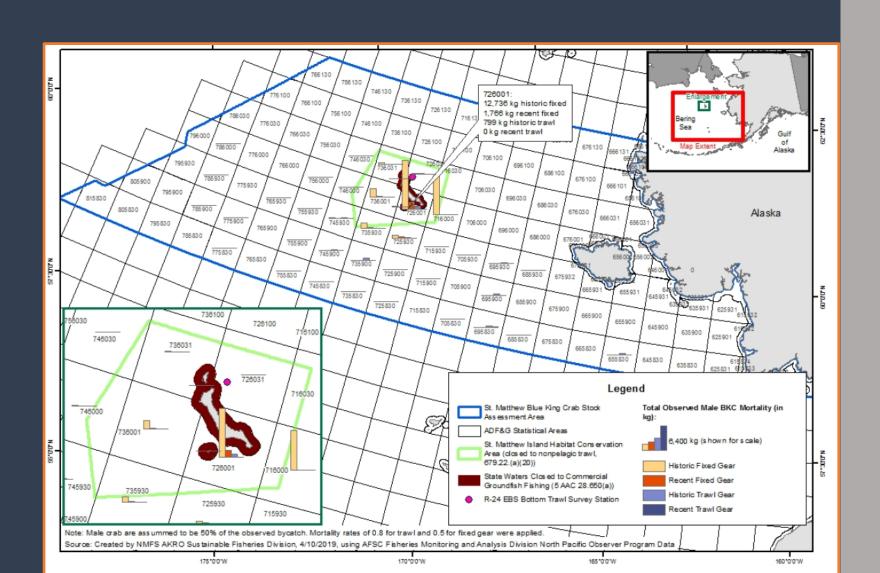
- Option 2 State Harvest Strategy (5 AAC 34.917)
 - Open if MMB ≥ 50% Average 1978-2012
 - Max 10% Exploitation
 - Assessment provides basis
 - Closed fishery prior to "Overfished" status



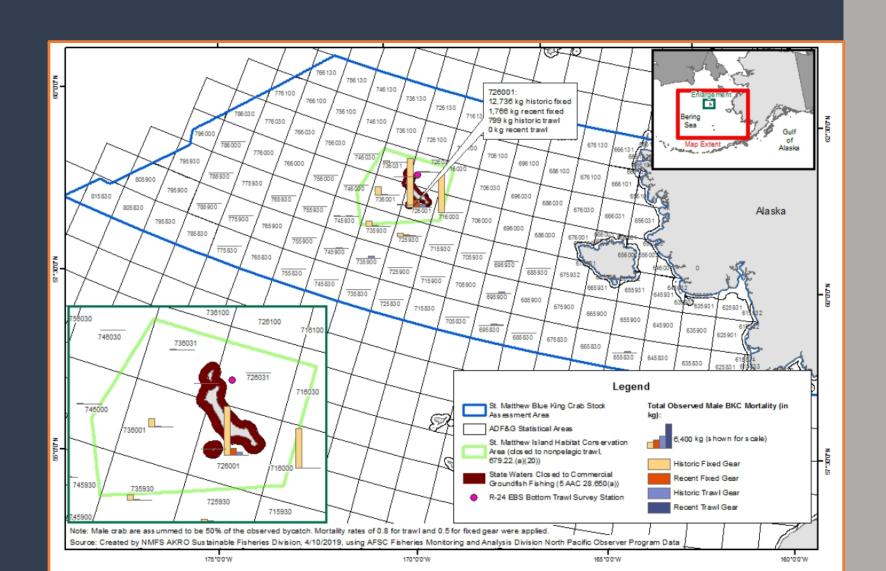
3.2.2 Bycatch



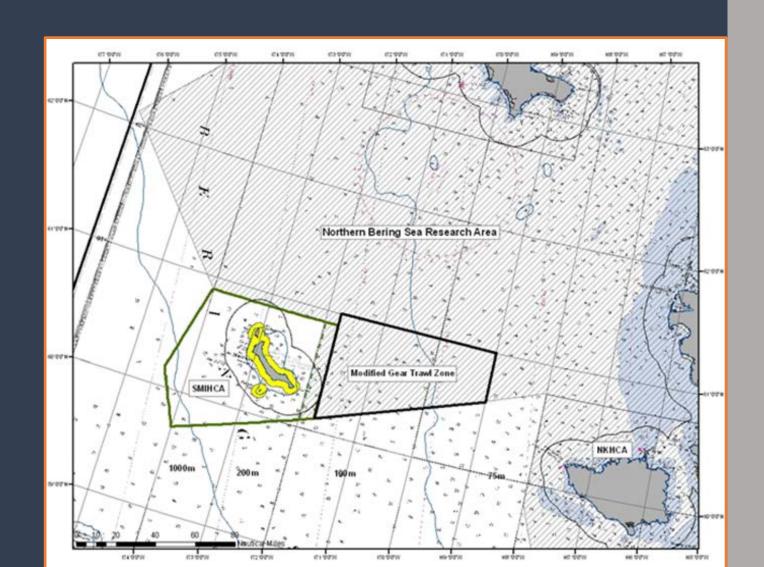
3.2.2 Bycatch



3.2.3 Existing Protections

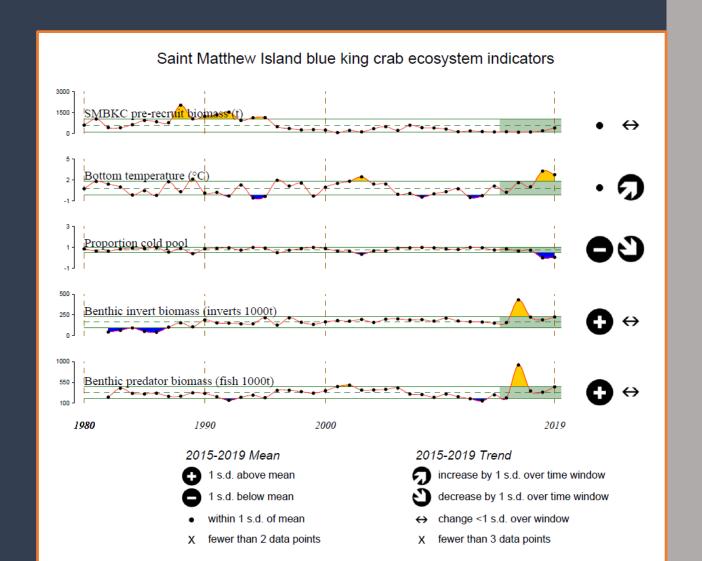


3.2.3 Existing Protections



3.2.4 Ecosystem Conditions

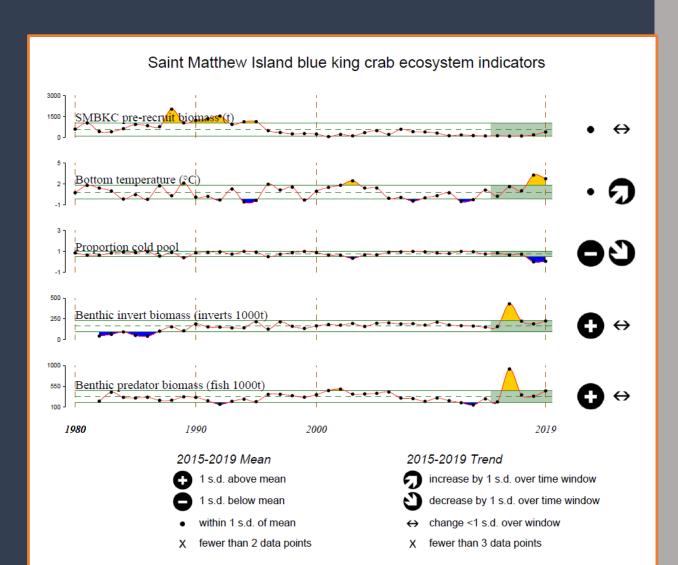
- 1. Pre-recruit biomass
- 2. Bottom temperature
- 3. Cold pool extent
- 4. Benthic invertebrate biomass
- 5. Benthic predator biomass.



3.2.4 Ecosystem Conditions

Poor conditions in recent years

- 1. Environmental factors impeding recruitment and recovery.
- 2. Thermal and habitat requirements limit mobility
- 3. Pacific cod increases preceded declines



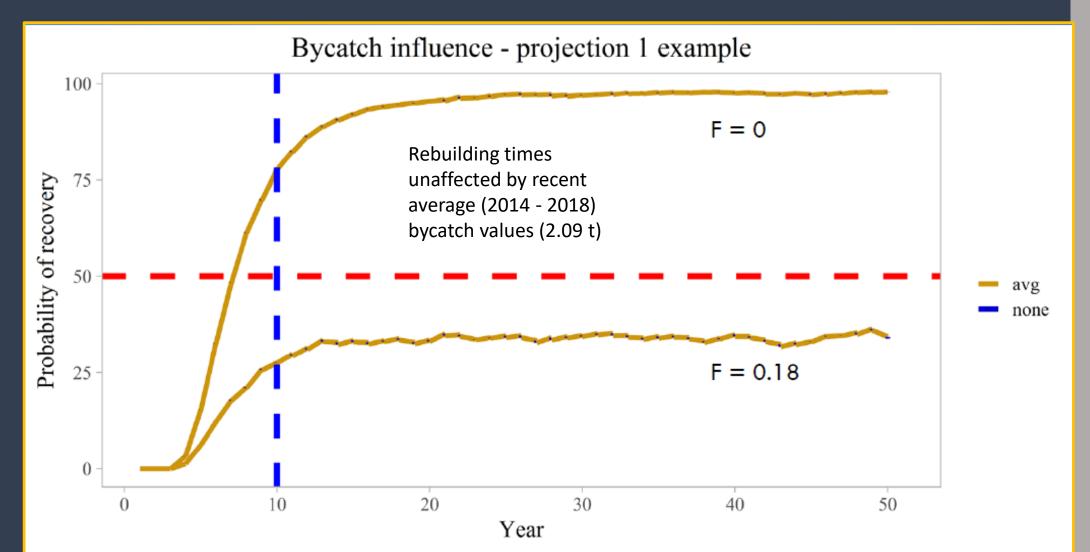
3.2.6 Effects of Alternatives

- Description of the assessment
 - Outputs (starting conditions)
- Bycatch assumptions
 - Average
 - Maximum
- Recruitment
 - Random
 - Ricker
- Breakpoint Analysis
 - B_{msy}

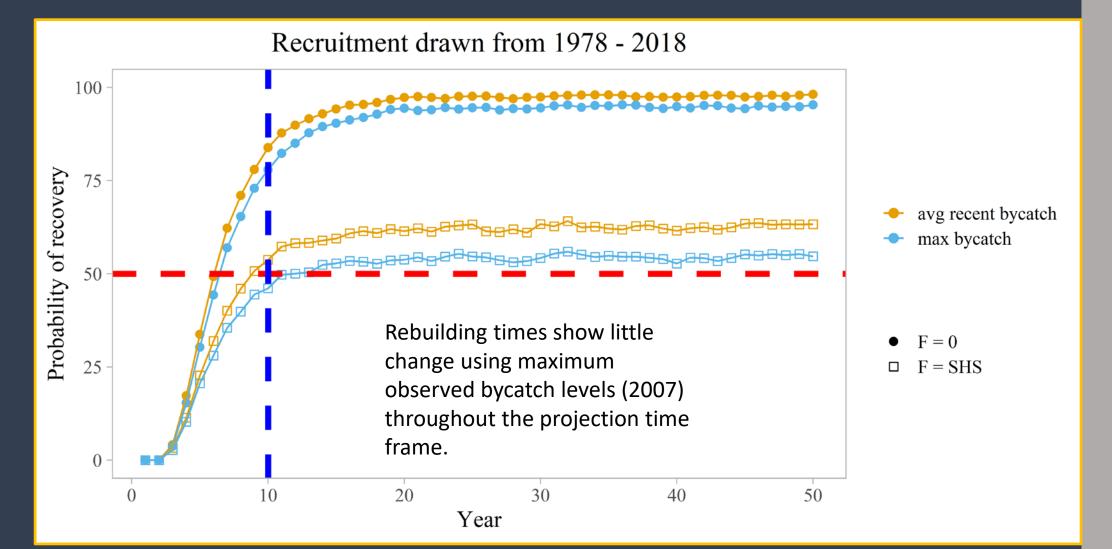
3.2.7 Starting Conditions

Year	Basis for B _{MSY} proxy	B _{MSY} proxy	MSST	B ₂₀₁₉	B/B _{MSY}	F _{OFL}	M
2019/20	Ave. Annual MMB from 1978-2018	3.484 kt MMB	1.742 kt MMB	1.081 kt MMB	0.31	0.042	0.18

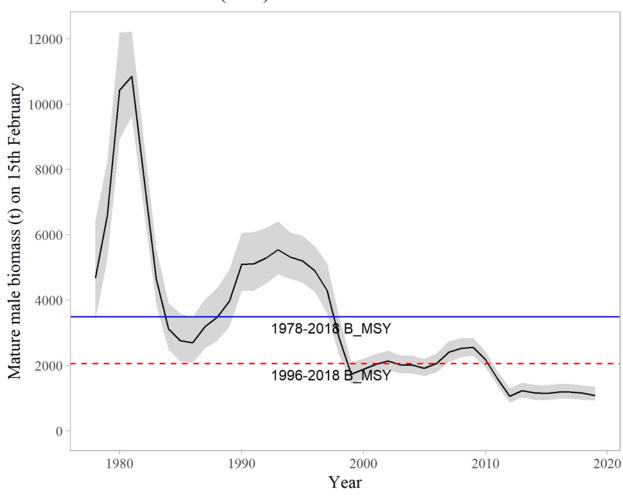
3.2.7 Bycatch Assumptions



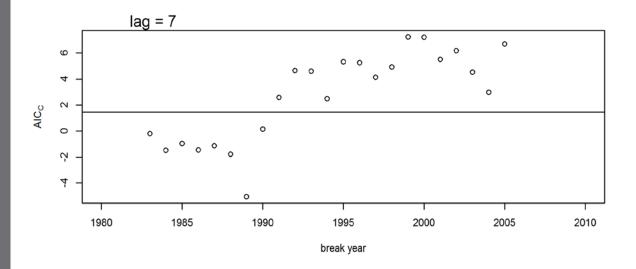
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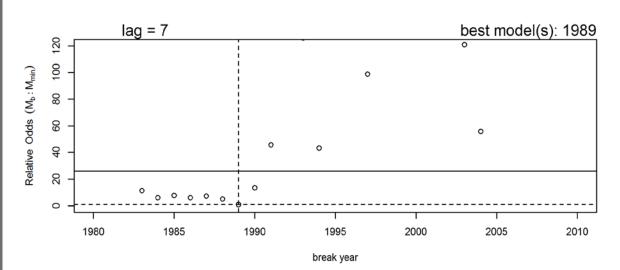


Reference model (19.0)



Breakpoint Analysis

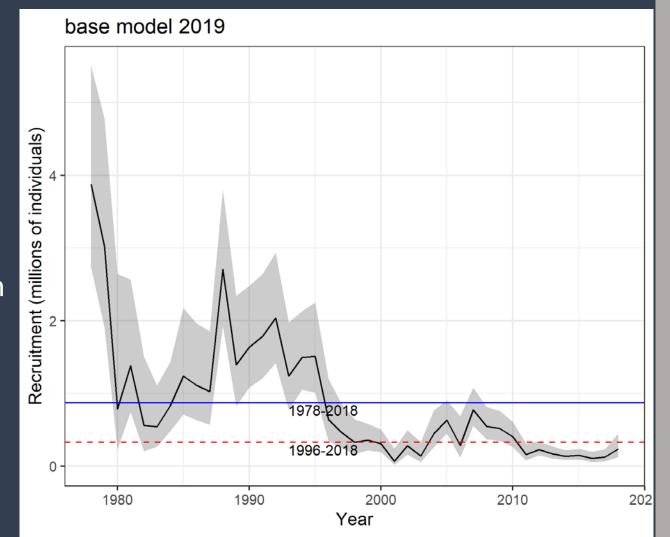




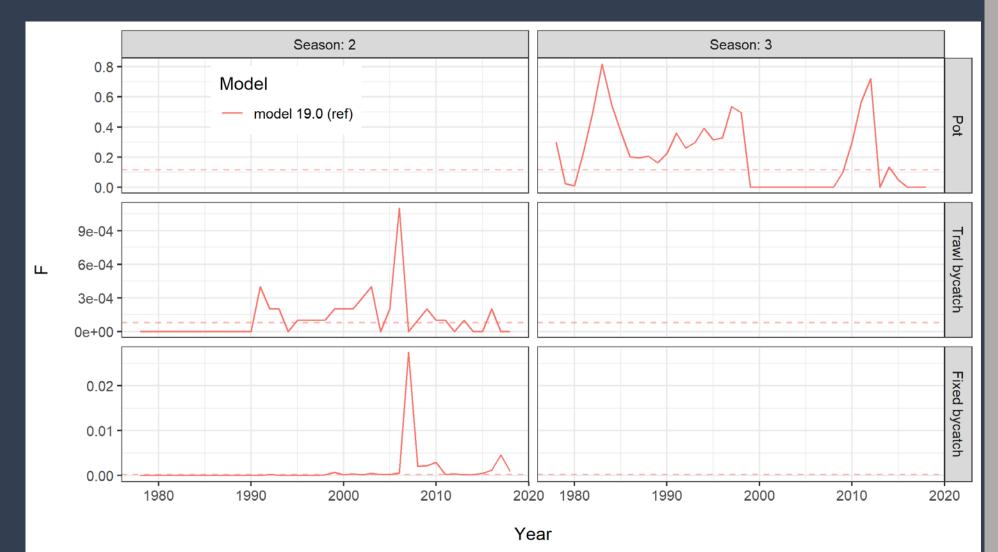
Breakpoint Analysis

Breakpoint / STARS analysis

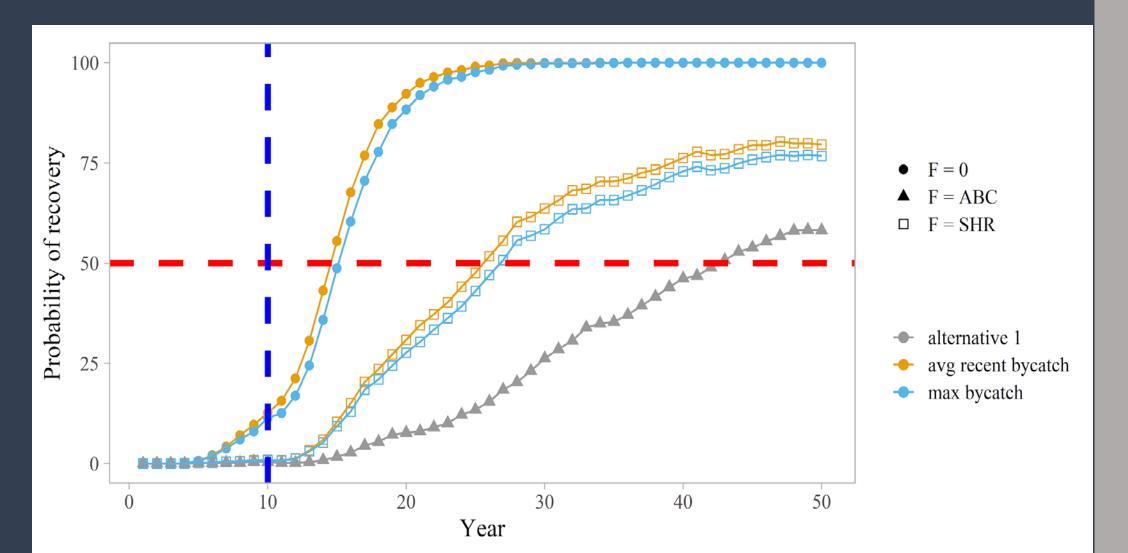
- Break in recruitment in 1996
- No obvious link to environmental change
 - "baby" regime shift in Bering Sea around this time
- Fishing mortality high in 90s
 prior to previous rebuilding plan
 - Can't rule out fishing pressure contributing to low recruitment
- Keep reference time frame to all years



Model estimated Fishing mortality

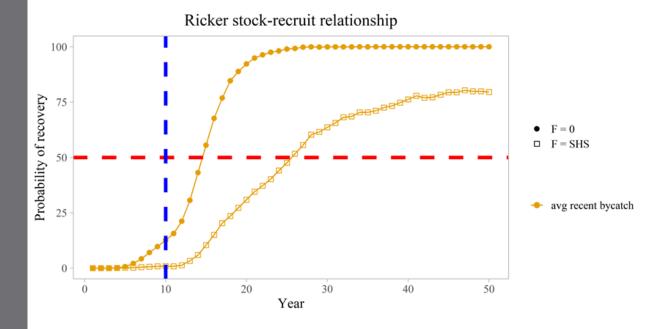


Projections

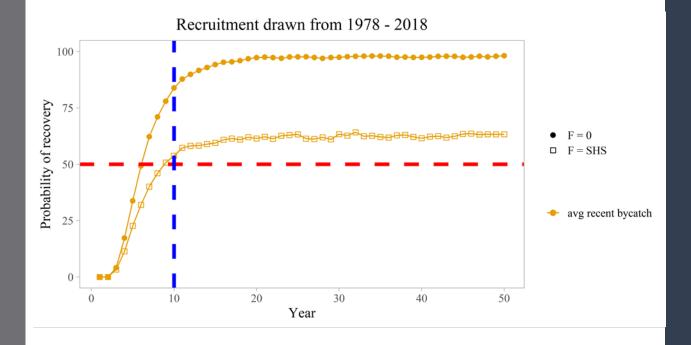


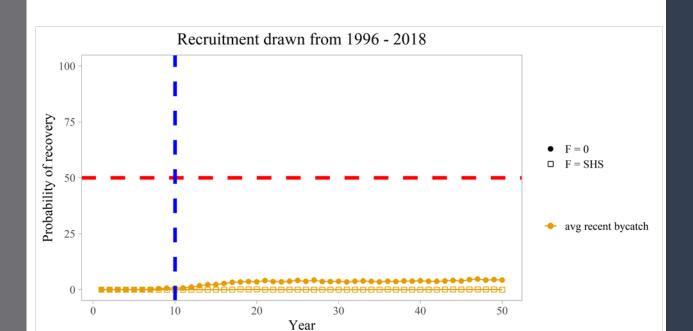
Projection Module

- Run using GMACS
- Uses the current operating model and projections into the future
- Recruitment options: random draws or stock-recruit relationship
- Harvest policy options: current ABC, state harvest strategy, directed F = 0
- Bycatch mortality: can be turned off/on
 - Current levels of bycatch mortality produced identical rebuilding projections
 - Maximum bycatch levels (7x higher than current) did not greatly influencing rebuilding time frames under any projections



Recruitment Ricker S-R Model





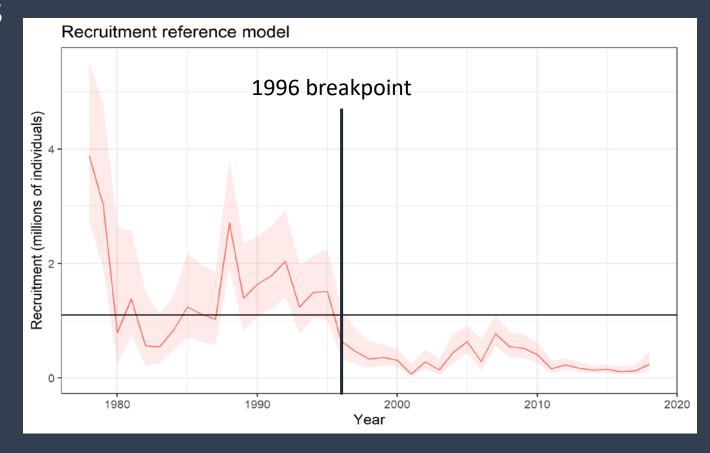
1978-2018

Randomized Recruitment

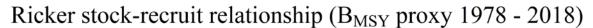
1996-2018

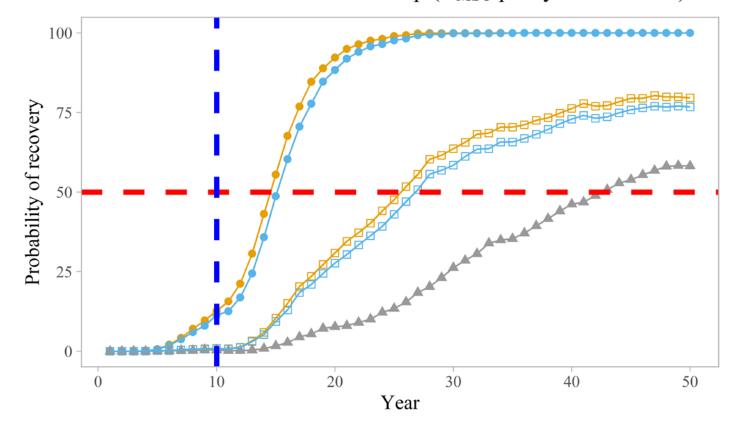
Summary of projections

- Random recruitment: All years (1978 2018)
 - PRO: allows for high recruitment possibilities
 - CON: optimistic with current environment, stock status, etc.
- Random recruitment: Current regime (1996 – 2018)
 - PRO: realistic recruitment expectations for near future
 - CON: does NOT allow for increased recruitment
- Ricker stock-recruit model
 - PRO: Fluctuates with stock size
 - CON: weak relationship



Ricker stock-recruit recruitment projections





Average bycatch levels

F level	T _{min}
F = 0	14.5 yrs
F = SHS	25.5 yrs
F = ABC	43.0 yrs

- \bullet F = 0
- \blacktriangle F = ABC
- \Box F = SHS

- alternative 1
- avg recent bycatch
- max bycatch

3.3 Socioecon Effects

Fishing Year	GHL/TAC (mil lbs)	Crab	Pounds	Value	Pot lifts	CPUE	CVs	Landings	Trips
1999/00 -	2008/09			FIS	SHERY CLO	SED			
2009/10	1.17	101,074	460,857	986,770	10,697	9	7	21	16
2010/11	1.6	296,183	1,263,974	6,225,905	29,346	10.1	11	47	39
2011/12	2.54	430,813	1,880,606	8,695,968	48,554	8.9	18	61	58
2012/13	1.63	374,278	1,616,048	6,966,710	37,065	10.1	17	54	46
2013/14		FISHERY CLOSED							
2014/15	0.66	67,872	308,581	*	10,133	6.7	4	18	14
2015/16	0.41	24,045	106,422	*	5,475	4.4	3	6	6
2016/17 - 2018/19 FISHERY CLOSED									

Table 13. Vessels Revenue Dependence on the Saint Matthew Island blue king crab fishery, 2010-2012 (millions of 2018 real dollars).

Geography	Annual Average Number of Vessels	Annual Average Ex- Vessel Gross Revenues	Annual Average Total Ex-Vessel Gross Revenues	Ex-Vessel Value as a Percentage of Total Ex- Vessel Gross Revenue
Alaska Total	5.3	\$2.30	\$18.90	12.15%
WA and OR	10.0	\$5.91	\$36.10	16.37%
Grand Total	15.3	\$8.21	\$55.00	14.92%

Source: ADFG/CFEC Fish Tickets, data compiled by AKFIN in Comprehensive FT

Table 14. Community Fishery Revenue Dependence on the Saint Matthew Island blue king crab fishery, 2010-2012 (millions of 2018 real dollars).

Geography	Annual Average Number of Vessels	Annual Average Number of Commercial Fishing CVs in those Same Communities	Annual Average Ex-Vessel Gross Revenues from SMB Fishery	Annual Average Total Ex- Vessel Gross Revenues from All Areas, Gears, and Species Fisheries by Community	Annual Average Saint Matthews Blue King Crab Ex-Vessel Revenue as a Percentage of Total Ex- Vessel Revenue	
Alaska Total	5.3	866	\$2.30	\$270.65	0.85%	
WA and OR	10.0	298	\$5.91	\$608.16	0.97%	
Grand Total	15.3	1,164	\$8.21	\$878.81	0.93%	

Source: ADFG/CFEC Fish Tickets, data compiled by AKFIN in Comprehensive FT

Table 15. Shore-Based Processors in Alaska Accepting Saint Matthew Island blue king crab Deliveries, 2010-2015 (number of processors).

Geography	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Annual Average 2010-2015 (number)	Annual Average 2010-2015 (percent)	Total Unique SBPRs 2010-2015 (number)
Akutan	1	1	1	<u>Fi</u>	0	0	0.6	21.43%	1
Unalaska/Dutch Harbor	2	2	2	Fishery	0	0	1.2	42.86%	3
St Paul	1	1	1	/ Closed	1	1	1.0	35.71%	1
Total	4	4	4	sed	1	1	2.8	100.00%	5

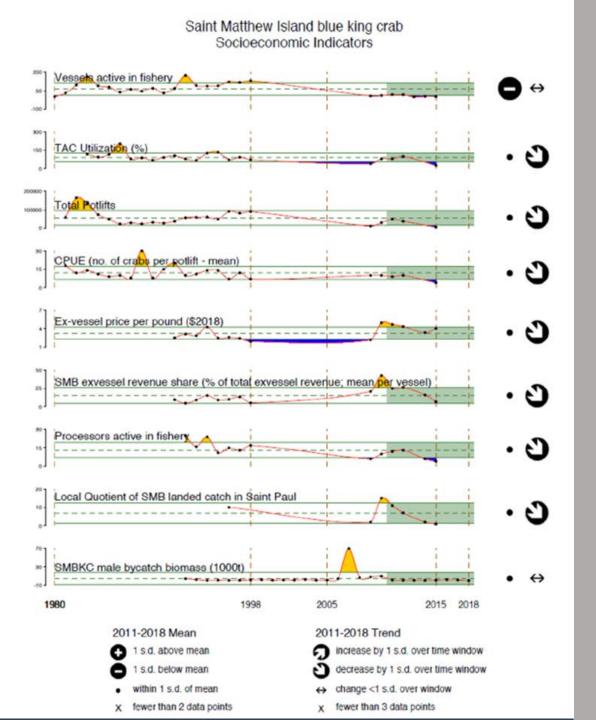
Source: ADFG/CFEC Fish Tickets, data compiled by AKFIN in Comprehensive FT

Table 16. Processors Ex-Vessel Values From Saint Matthew Island blue king crab, 2010-2015 (millions of 2018 real dollars).

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Annual Average 2010-2012 (\$ millions)	Processor Dependence 2010-2012 (percent)	Community Processing Dependence 2010-2012 (percent)
Shore-Based Processors	\$7.15	\$9.78	\$7.69	NA	*	*	\$8.21	1.38%	1.35%

Source: ADFG/CFEC Fish Tickets, data compiled by AKFIN in Comprehensive FT

3.3 Socioecon Effects



Summary

Alternative	Time for 50% Prob of Rebuilt	Fishing mortality	Diff from T _{min} (14.5 years)	Diff from T _{max} (28.5 years)
Alt 1	>40 years	F = M (0.18)	>+25 years	>+12 years
Alt 2, Option 1	14.5 years	zero	$=T_{\min}$	-17 years
Alt 2, Option 2	25.5 years	State harvest strategy	+11 years	-3 years

Council actions following initial review draft

Dec

- Council action as necessary
- Public review draft

Apr

- Council Final action
- SOC final analysis

post April

- NMFS approval and regulations as needed
- Implementation prior to October 2020