

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

National Marine Fisheries Service P.O. Box 21668 Juneau, Alaska 99802-1668 March 29, 2013

Eric Olson, Chairman Chris Oliver, Executive Director North Pacific Fishery Management Council 605 W. Fourth Avenue, Suite 306 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Dear Chairman Olson and Mr. Oliver:

At its February 2013 meeting, the North Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) considered a draft analysis examining active participation requirements for persons acquiring or holding vessel owner quota share in the BSAI crab fisheries (agenda item C-4(b)) and a discussion paper considering measures for BSAI crab cooperatives to address various crew issues (agenda item C-4(c)). As you know, the Council decided to take no further action on either of these agenda items. However, the Council passed a motion requesting that each cooperative in the Crab Rationalization program voluntarily provide an annual report to the Council that describes the measures the cooperative is taking "to facilitate the transfer of quota share to active participants and crew members" and "available measures which affect high lease rates and crew compensation." The motion also states that the reports should describe the "effectiveness of the measures implemented through the cooperatives, the estimated level of member participation in any voluntary measures, and include supporting information and data." According to the Council's February 2013 newsletter, these reports are to be provided to the Council at its October meeting.

During Council deliberation on the motion, NOAA General Counsel expressed a concern that the Council's motion may be a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA). She indicated that further research would be needed to make a definitive determination and that the agency would report back to the Council on our findings.

We have had an opportunity to examine the requirements of the PRA and its implementing regulations. Based on that review, and with guidance from NOAA General Counsel, we have determined that the motion passed by the Council and described above constitutes a collection of information subject to the review and approval requirements of the PRA. The following paragraphs provide additional explanation for our determination.



The PRA applies to (1) agency (2) collections of (3) information using identical questions posed to, or reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed on, (4) ten or more persons. The Department of Commerce and NOAA have long considered councils to be "agencies" for purposes of the PRA. PRA regulations at 5 C.F.R. § 1320.3(h) define "information" as "any statement or estimate of fact or opinion, regardless of form or format, and whether oral or maintained on paper, electronic or other media." PRA regulations at 5 C.F.R. § 1320.3(c) define a "collection of information" as "... soliciting ... the disclosure to an agency ... of information ... for an agency by means of identical questions posed to, or identical reporting, recordkeeping. or disclosure requirements imposed on, ten or more persons, whether such collection of information is mandatory, voluntary, or required to obtain or retain a benefit." "Collection of information" includes "any requirement or request for persons to obtain, maintain, retain, report, or publicly disclose information." Id. The Council's motion requests each crab cooperative to voluntarily submit to the Council statements or estimates of fact or opinion concerning various measures taken by the cooperative and is an agency collection of information under the PRA. The fact that the Council's request for this information is voluntary does not exempt it from the requirements of the PRA.

As to the last criterion, NOAA General Counsel noted during the February meeting that the Council's motion may be exempt from the PRA because there are currently less than ten crab cooperatives. Our additional research revealed that PRA regulations at 5 C.F.R. § 1320.3(c)(4) state that "ten or more persons" refers to "the persons to whom a collection of information is addressed by the agency within any 12-month period, and to any independent entities to which the initial addressee may reasonably be expected to transmit the collection of information during that period" Furthermore, regulations at 5 C.F.R. § 1320(c)(4)(ii) state that if a collection of information is addressed to all or a substantial majority of an industry, the collection is presumed to be addressed to ten or more persons. The Council's motion is directed to the crab cooperatives, but these cooperatives will have to turn to their members to obtain the information requested by the Council. Also, NMFS currently issues over 99 percent of the individual fishing quota annually issued in all crab fisheries under the Crab Rationalization Program to these crab cooperatives.² Therefore, we have determined that the collection of information is addressed to ten or more persons, thus triggering the review and approval requirements of the PRA. I have attached a copy of a memorandum from the Administrator of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), which provides a concise summary of the central requirements of the PRA that may assist the Council in the development of future information collections.

² Initial Review Draft of Provisions Defining Active Participation Requirements for the Acquisition and Use of Owner Shares, prepared for agenda item C-4(b) at the February 2013 Council meeting, at page 9.

¹ Crab cooperatives are "persons" under the PRA. Regulations at 5 C.F.R. § 1320.3(k) define "person" as "an individual, partnership, association, corporation ... business trust, or legal representative, an organized group of individuals, a State, territorial, tribal, or local government or branch thereof, or a political subdivision of a State, territory, tribal, or local government or a branch of a political subdivision."

Personnel within the NMFS Alaska Region Sustainable Fisheries Division have begun preparation of the documents needed to obtain OMB review and approval of this new annual report from crab cooperatives. We believe that review and approval of this collection of information can be completed prior to the Council's October 2013 meeting.

Sincerely,

James W. Balsiger, PhD
Administrator, Alaska Region

Attachment: Office of Management and Budget Memorandum dated April 7, 2010

cc: Lisa Lindeman: NOAA General Counsel, Alaska Section cc: Leonard Herzog: Alaska King Crab Harvesters Cooperative

cc: Sandra Toomey: Aleutian Gold Crab Cooperative cc: Trevor McCabe: Coastal Villages Crab Cooperative cc: Rob Rogers: Crab Producers and Harvesters LLC

cc: Edward Poulsen: Dog Boat Cooperative

cc: Tim Abena: Independent Crabber's Cooperative cc: Erling Jacobsen: Inter-Cooperative Exchange

cc: Mary Mezich: R & B Cooperative

cc: Christian Asay: Trident Affiliated Crab Harvesting Corporation

cc: Mark Gleason: Alaska Bering Sea Crabbers cc: Ruth Christiansen: Alaska Bering Sea Crabbers



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

April 7, 2010

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HEADS OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES, AND INDEPENDENT REGULATORY AGENCIES

FROM:

Cass R. Sunstein

Administrator

SUBJECT:

Information Collection under the Paperwork Reduction Act

On January 21, 2009, the President issued a memorandum calling for the establishment of "a system of transparency, public participation, and collaboration." The memorandum required an Open Government Directive to be issued by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), instructing "executive departments and agencies to take specific actions implementing the principles set forth in this memorandum."

Implementing the President's memorandum, OMB's Open Government Directive requires a series of measures to promote the commitments to transparency, participation, and collaboration.² Section 4 of the Directive specifically instructs the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) to "review existing OMB policies, such as Paperwork Reduction Act guidance and privacy guidance, to identify impediments to open government and to the use of new technologies and, where necessary, issue clarifying guidance and/or propose revisions to such policies, to promote greater openness in government."

This Memorandum responds to that requirement by offering clarifying guidance with respect to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA)³ in order to specify its central requirements and to increase transparency and openness.

The PRA was designed, among other things, to "ensure the greatest possible public benefit from and maximize the utility of information created, collected, maintained, used, shared and disseminated by or for the Federal Government" and to "improve the quality and use of Federal information to strengthen decisionmaking, accountability, and openness in Government and society." Federal agencies play a critical role in collecting and managing information in order to promote openness, reduce burdens on the public, increase program efficiency and

4 44 U.S.C. § 3501.

Available at http://www.gpgsccess.gov/presdocs/2009/DCPD200900010.pdf.

² Available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/assets/memoranda 2010/m10-06.pdf.

³ 44 U.S.C. chapter 35; see 5 CFR Part 1320.

effectiveness, and improve the integrity, quality, and utility of information to all users within and outside the government.⁵

Before requiring or requesting information from the public, the PRA requires Federal agencies⁶ (1) to seek public comment on proposed collections and (2) to submit proposed collections for review and approval by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). OMB's Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) reviews agency information collection requests for approval or disapproval. When OMB approves an information collection, it assigns an OMB control number⁷ that the agency must display on the information collection.⁸ OMB has issued regulations and guidance to promote agency compliance with the PRA.⁹

What counts as "information" under the PRA?

OMB regulations define "information" as "any statement or estimate of fact or opinion, regardless of form or format, whether in numerical, graphic, or narrative form, and whether oral or maintained on paper, electronic or other media." This category includes:

- (1) requests for information to be sent to the government, such as forms (e.g., the IRS 1040), written reports (e.g., grantee performance reports), and surveys (e.g., the Census);
- (2) recordkeeping requirements (e.g., OSHA requirements that employers maintain records of workplace accidents); and
- (3) third-party or public disclosures (e.g., nutrition labeling requirements for food). 11

The PRA applies to collections of information using identical questions posed to, or reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed on, "ten or more persons." For the purpose of counting the number of respondents, agencies should consider the number of respondents within any 12 month period. If a collection of information is addressed to all or a substantial

⁵ 44 U.S.C. § 3506(b).

With some exceptions, the PRA applies to "any executive department, military department, Government corporation, Government controlled corporation, or other establishment in the executive branch of the Government (including the Executive Office of the President), or any independent regulatory agency." 44 U.S.C. § 3502(1).

The OMB Control Number is two four-digit codes separated by a hyphen. The first four digits identify the sponsoring agency and bureau, and the second four digits identify the particular collection. The public can find OMB's inventory of currently approved collections, with OMB control numbers, online at http://www.reginfo.gov.

The PRA prohibits agencies from penalizing or denying a benefit to (1) those who fail to respond to Federal collections of information that do not display valid OMB control numbers and (2) those who have not been informed that a response is not required unless the collection of information displays a valid control number. Litigants may raise these public protections at any time during an administrative process or judicial action. See 44 U.S.C. § 3512(b); Center for Auto Safety v. NHTSA, 244 F.3d 144 (D.C. Cir. 2001); Saco River Cellular Inc. v. FCC, 133 F.3d 25 (D.C. Cir. 1998):

Please see OIRA's website: http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/inforeg_default/.

¹⁰ 5 C.F.R. 1320.3(b).

¹¹ See 5 C.F.R. 1320.3(c).

¹² 44 U.S.C. § 3502(3)(A)(i). Under the PRA, "person" means "an individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, or legal representative, an organized group of individuals, a State, territorial, tribal, or local government or branch thereof, or a political subdivision of a State, territory, tribal, or local government or a branch of a political subdivision." 44 U.S.C. § 3502(10).

majority of an industry or sector in a 12 month period, that collection is presumed to be addressed to ten or more persons.¹³

The requirements of the PRA apply to voluntary collections as well as to mandatory collections and collections required to obtain a Federal benefit (e.g., a job, a grant, a contract).

In implementing program activities, agencies should be aware of the applicability of the PRA and address PRA compliance in sufficient time to solicit and respond to public comment.

15

What does not count as information under the PRA?

OMB regulations specify a number of items that are generally not "information" under the PRA. ¹⁶ Important examples are

- affidavits, receipts, changes of address, or consents;
- tests of the aptitude, abilities, or knowledge of persons; and
- facts or opinions that are (1) submitted in response to general solicitations of public comments, ¹⁷ (2) addressed to a single person, (3) obtained or solicited at or in connection with public hearings or meetings, (4) obtained through direct observation by the agency (e.g., through visual inspection to determine how long it takes for people to complete a specific transaction), or (5) obtained from participants in clinical trials (which typically do not involve answers to "identical questions").

It is worth emphasizing that facts or opinions obtained in connection with public meetings do not count as "information." This "public meeting" exception allows agencies to engage with the public on the Internet so long as the engagement is the functional equivalent of a public meeting (i.e., not a survey). In addition, it is important to underline that general solicitations, such as *Federal Register* notices, do not trigger the PRA. It follows that agencies may offer the public opportunities to provide general comments on discussion topics through the Internet. More generally, agencies may use social media and web-based technologies in a variety of specific ways without triggering the PRA. 18

What information collections do not require OMB approval?

By statute, the PRA does not apply to some types of information collections. OMB approval is not required for information collections during a Federal criminal investigation or prosecution, during a civil action to which the United States is a party, or during the conduct of intelligence activities. ¹⁹ Agency collections from "agencies, instrumentalities, or employees of

¹⁴ See 44 U.S.C. § 3502(3); 5 C.F.R. 1320.3(c).

⁹ 44 U.S.C. § 3518(c). Please see the Appendix for the statutory exemptions.

^{13 5} C.F.R. 1320.3(c)(4)(ii).

¹⁵ Given that the required public comment periods total 90 days, agencies should plan for at least 90 days plus time to respond to comments and questions that arise during OMB review.

^{16 5.} C.F.R. 1320.3(h). Please see the Appendix for the regulatory text.

¹⁷ Documents such as Advance Notices of Proposed Rulemaking, Requests for Comments, Requests for Information, and Notices of Proposed Rulemaking are generally not information collections:

¹⁸ For additional information, see OIRA Memorandum on Social Media, Web-Based Interactive Technologies, and the Paperwork Reduction Act, available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/inforeg_default/.

the United States" in their official capacities are generally not subject to the PRA, unless those collections are for "general statistical purposes." It is worth emphasizing that agencies may ask for facts and opinions of Federal employees without triggering the PRA.

What are the public notice and comment requirements for information collection requests?

To obtain the public's input on an agency's proposal to collect information, the PRA generally requires the agency to publish a 60-day notice in the *Federal Register* soliciting public comment on the agency's proposed collection. The notice must include a specific request that the public evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary; evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden that the collection would impose on respondents; comment on how to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and comment on how to minimize the burden of the collection of information.²¹

After conclusion of the 60-day comment period and the agency's internal consideration of the public's comments, the agency submits the collection to OMB and publishes a second Federal Register notice to announce the start of OMB review.²² This second notice informs the public about how to submit comments to OMB and informs the public that OMB may act on the agency's request only after the 30-day comment period has closed.



When and how may the public notice and comment requirements be reduced?

Under certain circumstances, an agency head or designee may request that it be permitted to seek expedited, or "emergency," OMB review of an information collection request. When expedited review is granted, the agency must take all practicable steps to consult with members of the public, but OMB may modify or, if necessary, waive the public comment requirements. And when review is expedited, OMB acts promptly through a suitably streamlined process, consistent with the purposes of the PRA.

OMB may grant expedited review if: "(i) Public harm is reasonably likely to result if normal clearance procedures are followed; (ii) An unanticipated event has occurred; or (iii) The use of normal clearance procedures is reasonably likely to prevent or disrupt the collection of information or is reasonably likely to cause a statutory or court ordered deadline to be missed."²⁴

²⁰ 44 U.S.C. § 3502(3)(A).

²¹ 44 U.S.C. § 3506(c)(2)(A). If a new information collection is associated with a proposed rule, OMB regulations require that only one notice be published. Agencies include this PRA notice in the preamble to the proposed rule and comments are directed to OMB. See 44 U.S.C. § 3506(c)(2)(B); 5 C.F.R. 1320.11.

²² 44 U.S.C. § 3507(a)(1)(D).

^{23 5} CFR 1320.13(e) and (d).

²⁴ 44 U.S.C. § 3507(j); 5 C.F.R. 1320.13(a)(2).

As these situations arise, agencies should consult with OIRA to select an approach that permits them to comply with the PRA while meeting their other obligations.²⁵

An agency may also request a "generic clearance" in situations in which (a) there is a need for multiple, similar low-burden collections that do not raise substantive or policy issues and (b) the specifics of each collection cannot be determined until shortly before the data are to be collected. Generic clearances have proved useful for customer satisfaction surveys, focus group testing, and website usability surveys. To obtain a generic clearance, agencies provide the public with opportunity for comment as required by the PRA and provide all information that would allow for meaningful comment, including a description of the need for the collection, the general nature of the collection, an estimate of the overall burden, and a description of the methodologies that will be used to collect the data. Once approval is granted for the overall collection, individual collections that fall within the generic clearance are reviewed on an expedited basis and are not generally required to undergo further public comment. Agencies are encouraged to consult with their OMB desk officers before developing a generic clearance to determine if it is appropriate.

What does OMB evaluate during its review of proposed collections?

A central goal of OMB review is to help agencies strike a balance between collecting information necessary to fulfill their statutory missions and guarding against unnecessary or duplicative information that imposes unjustified costs on the American public. In this regard, OIRA evaluates whether the collection of information by the agency:

- is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information has practical utility;²⁶
- minimizes the Federal information collection burden, with particular emphasis on those individuals and entities most adversely affected; and
- maximizes the practical utility of and public benefit from information collected by or for the Federal Government.2

OIRA also reviews the extent to which the information collection is consistent with applicable laws, regulations, and policies related to privacy, confidentiality, security, information quality, and statistical standards. In addition, OMB coordinates efforts across Federal agencies in shared areas of interest and expertise.

Under the PRA, OMB may approve a collection for up to three years at one time.²⁸ To extend the expiration date of a collection, an agency must provide the public with an opportunity to comment on the continuation of the collection, with the two notices described above, and

²⁵ This includes setting a schedule for when the agency will provide the public with opportunities for full notice and comment under the PRA. 26 44 U.S.C. § 3508.

²⁷ 44 U.S.C. § 3504.

²² 44 U.S.C. § 3507(g). Some approvals are for shorter periods of time. In the case of "emergency" requests, OMB approvals are limited to six months. 44 U.S.C. § 3507(j)(2).

resubmit the information collection request.²⁹ The public may have access to an inventory of currently approved agency collections at http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.30

What resources are available to provide assistance?

OIRA provides guidance on its website³¹ and makes its staff available to assist agencies in determining whether their activities are information collections under the PRA. When questions arise about the applicability of the PRA, an agency's internal resources, coordinated by the agency's Chief Information Officer, are the best sources for guidance and assistance. By working together, for example, OMB and the agencies have been able to minimize the number of PRA violations and to bring agencies into compliance when PRA violations occur. Finally, the PRA requires OMB to report to Congress annually on the Federal Government's major activities under the Act. This report, the Information Collection Budget (ICB), is available on OIRA's website.

²⁹ Agencies may also discontinue collections at any time by submitting a short request to OMB.

³⁰ To ensure that the public record is accurate, agencies must submit, and OMB must review, documentation of all proposed revisions to an active collection before those revisions may be implemented. If the agency is considering significant or substantive revisions to the collection, it must provide the public with an opportunity to comment on the proposed revisions, as it would with a new collection. For insignificant or non-substantive changes, the agency is not required to seek public comment.

31 http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/inforeg_default/ 1 000

Appendix

Statutory Exemptions³²

- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), this subchapter shall not apply to the collection of information--
 - (A) during the conduct of a Federal criminal investigation or prosecution, or during the disposition of a particular criminal matter;

(B) during the conduct of-

- (i) a civil action to which the United States or any official or agency thereof is a party; or
- (ii) an administrative action or investigation involving an agency against specific individuals or entities:
- (C) by compulsory process pursuant to the Antitrust Civil Process Act and section 13 of the Federal Trade Commission Improvements Act of 1980; or
- (D) during the conduct of intelligence activities as defined in section 3.4(e) of Executive Order No. 12333, issued December 4, 1981, or successor orders, or during the conduct of cryptologic activities that are communications security activities.
- (2) This subchapter applies to the collection of information during the conduct of general investigations (other than information collected in an antitrust investigation to the extent provided in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1)) undertaken with reference to a category of individuals or entities such as a class of licensees or an entire industry.

OMB Regulations

OMB regulations specify categories of items that are generally not "information" under the PRA. 33 These categories include:

- (1) Affidavits, oaths, affirmations, certifications, receipts, changes of address, consents, or acknowledgments; provided that they entail no burden other than that necessary to identify the respondent, the date, the respondent's address, and the nature of the instrument (by contrast, a certification would likely involve the collection of "information" if an agency conducted or sponsored it as a substitute for a collection of information to collect evidence of, or to monitor, compliance with regulatory standards, because such a certification would generally entail burden in addition to that necessary to identify the respondent, the date, the respondent's address, and the nature of the instrument);
- (2) Samples of products or of any other physical objects:
- (3) Facts or opinions obtained through direct observation by an employee or agent of the sponsoring agency or through nonstandardized oral communication in connection with such direct observations;
- (4) Facts or opinions submitted in response to general solicitations of comments from the public, published in the *Federal Register* or other publications, regardless of the form or format thereof, provided that no person is required to supply specific information pertaining to the commenter, other than that necessary for self-identification, as a condition of the agency's full consideration of the comment;

³² 44 U.S.C. § 3518(c).

³³ 5. C.F.R. 1320.3(h).

- (5) Facts or opinions obtained initially or in follow-on requests, from individuals (including individuals in control groups) under treatment or clinical examination in connection with research on or prophylaxis to prevent a clinical disorder, direct treatment of that disorder, or the interpretation of biological analyses of body fluids, tissues, or other specimens, or the identification or classification of such specimens;
- (6) A request for facts or opinions addressed to a single person;
- (7) Examinations designed to test the aptitude, abilities, or knowledge of the persons tested and the collection of information for identification or classification in connection with such examinations: * 1, 2 to 1 to 1
- (8) Facts or opinions obtained or solicited at or in connection with public hearings or meetings;
- (9) Facts or opinions obtained or solicited through nonstandardized follow-up questions designed to clarify responses to approved collections of information; and

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(10) Like items so designated by OMB.

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NMFS Status of Actions Report April 2013

AGENDA B-2 NPFMC – April, 2013

FMP Amendment Status: Actions Since February 2013	Date of Council Action	Start Regional Review	Transmittal Date of Action to NMFS HQ for Review	Proposed FMP Amendment Notice of Availability Published in Federal Register	Proposed Rule Published <i>in</i> Federal Register	Final Rule or Notice of Approval Published in Federal Register
Amendment 31 (KTC) C-Share Active Participation/application deadline modification	April 2008	PR: 8/22/11				
Amendment 41 (KTC) Crab regional emergency relief Approved March 9, 2013	December 2010	PR: 4/13/12 FR: 3/29/13	PR: 12/4/12	December 13, 2012 77 FR 74161 EOC: 2/11/13	January 30, 2013 77 FR 6279 EOC: 3/1/13	
Amendment 42 (KTC) Crab EDR revisions	February 2012	PR: 9/4/12	PR: 3/7/13	March 12, 2013 78 FR 15677 EOC: 5/13/13	March 21, 2013 78 FR 17341 EOC: 4/22/13	
Amendment 43 (KTC) and Amendment 103 (BSAI) Pribilof Island Blue King Crab Rebuilding	June 2012	PR: 3/29/13				
Amendment 44 (KTC) Modifications to Right-of-first- refusal provisions	February 2013					
Amendment 89 (GOA) Tanner crab protection and trawl sweep revisions	October 2010 April 2012	PR: 9/10/12				

NMFS Status of Actions Report

FMP Amendment Status: Actions Since February 2013	Date of Council Action	Start Regional Review	Transmittal Date of Action to NMFS HQ for Review	Proposed FMP Amendment Notice of Availability Published in Federal Register	Proposed Rule Published in Federal Register	Final Rule or Notice of Approval Published in <i>Federal</i> <i>Register</i>
Amendment 94 (GOA) Revise CQE vessel use caps and implement other CQE-related regulatory amds (CQE Omnibus) 1/	October 2011	PR: 7/20/12	PR: 2/15/12	February 22, 2013 78 FR 12287 EOC: 4/23/13	March 6, 2013 78 FR 14490 EOC: 4/5/13	
Amendment 95 (GOA) Halibut PSC management	June 2012					
Amendment 99 (BSAI) Revise Freezer Longline LLP License Maximum Length Overall (Vessel Replacement)	October 2012					
Amendment 102 (BSAI) CQE Program in Area 4B (Adak) and Area 4B Fish-up	February 2012 April 2012	PR: 3/29/13				
Amendment xxx (BSAI) Skate HAPC	February 2013	FMP only HCD lead staff				

¹/NMFS is consolidating three Council actions on the CQE Program into Amendment 94 and its associated proposed rule. In addition to the CQE vessel use caps, which are the subject of Amendment 94, this action will include the regulatory amendments to allow Area 3A CQEs to purchase D class halibut QS (Council final action in February 2011) and to add three new CQE communities (Council final action in December 2010).

NMFS Status of Actions Report

Regulatory Amendment Status: Actions Since February 2013	Date of Council Action	Start Regional Review	Transmittal Date of Action to NMFS HQ for Review	Proposed Rule Published in Federal Register	Final Rule Published in Federal Register						
Groundfish Regulatory Amendments											
Revisions to MRAs in the BSAI arrowtooth flounder fishery	October 2010	PR: 8/12/11 FR: 2/20/13	PR: 8/28/12	September 14, 2012 77 FR 56798 EOC: 10/15/12							
Remove GRS, modify reporting COMPLETED	February 2011	PR: 8/11/11 FR: 11/30/12	PR: 9/21/12 FR: 1/15/13	October 15, 2012 77 FR 62482 EOC: 11/14/12	February 25, 2013 78 FR 12627 Effective: 3/31/13						
BSAI 2013/2014 Harvest Specifications COMPLETED	Proposed: October 2012	PR: 10/18/12	PR: 11/20/12	December 6, 2012 77 FR 72791 EOC: 1/7/13	March 1, 2013 78 FR 13813 Effective: 3/1/13						
GOA 2013/2014 Harvest Specifications COMPLETED	Proposed: October 2012	PR: 10/18/12	PR: 11/20/12	December 5, 2012 77 FR72791 EOC: 1/4/13	February 26, 2013 78 FR 13162 Effective: 2/26/13						
Western GOA Control Date for Trawl Fisheries (ANPR) COMPLETED	February 2013	ANPR (Notice): 2/20/2013	ANPR (Notice): 2/26/13	March 21, 2013 78 FR 17340 Control Date: March 1, 2013							

NMFS Status of Actions Report

Regulatory Amendment Status: Actions Since February 2013	Date of Council Action	Start Regional Review	Transmittal Date of Action to NMFS HQ for Review	Proposed Rule Published in Federal Register	Final Rule Published in Federal Register
Halibut Regulatory Amendments			<u> </u>		
Establish new minimum vessel ownership criteria for using hired skipper of 12 months and 20% interest	December 2007	PR: 1/20/12	PR: 10/12/12	October 31, 2012 77 FR 65843 EOC: 11/30/12	
Revise IFQ hired skipper provisions	April 2011	PR: 9/27/12	PR: 3/19/13		
Revised Halibut Catch Sharing Plan for Areas 2C and 3A	October 2012	PR: 3/29/13			
International Pacific Halibut Commission Annual Management Measures COMPLETED	January 2013	FR: 2/19/2013	FR: 3/7/13	N/A	March 15, 2013 78 FR 16423 Effective: 3/15/13
Guideline Harvest Level Notice for Area 2C and 3A (corrected) COMPLETED	N/A		78	rch 26, 2013 B FR 18323 lotice only	

Bering Sea Aleutian Islands Catch Report (includes CDQ)

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



Bering Sea

Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Other Rockfish (includes CDQ)	17	400	383	4%	2
	Pacific Ocean Perch (includes CDQ)	86	8,130	8,044	1%	14
	Sablefish (Hook-and-Line and Pot)	0	632	632	0%	0
	Sablefish CDQ (Hook-and-Line and Pot)	0	158	158	0%	0
	Sablefish (Trawl)	0	672	672	0%	0
	Sablefish CDQ (Trawl)	0	59	59	0%	0
	Greenland Turbot	12	1,369	1,357	1%	0
	Greenland Turbot CDQ	0	172	172	0%	0
X	Pollock, AFA Inshore	171,950	549,551	377.601	31%	17,447
X	Pollock, AFA Catcher Processor	148,496	439,640	291,144	34%	26,215
X	Pollock, AFA Mothership	38,832	109,910	71,078	35%	6,479
X	Pollock CDQ	47,973	126,600	78,627	38%	3,684
	Pollock, Incidental Catch, non-Bogoslof (includes CDQ)	13,304	33,669	20,365	40%	1,130
	Pollock, Incidental Catch, Bogoslof (includes CDQ)	0	100	100	0%	0

Bering Sea Aleutian Islands Catch Report (includes CDQ)

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



Aleutian Islands

Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Other Rockfish (includes CDQ)	41	473	432	9%	11
	Pacific Ocean Perch, Eastern	968	8,742	7,774	11%	71
	Pacific Ocean Perch, Eastern CDQ	38	1,048	1,010	4%	0
	Pacific Ocean Perch, Central	0	6,233	6,233	0%	0
	Pacific Ocean Perch, Central CDQ	0	747	747	0%	0
	Pacific Ocean Perch, Western	0	9,109	9,109	0%	0
	Pacific Ocean Perch, Western CDQ	0	1,091	1,091	0%	0
	Rougheye Rockfish (includes CDQ) - BS + Eastern	3	169	166	2%	0
	Rougheye Rockfish (includes CDQ) - Central + Western	0	209	209	0%	0
	Atka Mackerel, Eastern (Jig)	0	70	70	0%	0
	Atka Mackerel, Eastern ICA	3	1,000	997	0%	0
X	Atka Mackerel, Eastern (Trawl)	2,771	14,021	11,250	20%	953
X	Atka Mackerel, Eastern CDQ	0	1,808	1,808	0%	0
	Atka Mackerel, Central ICA	0	75	75	0%	0
X	Atka Mackerel, Central (Trawl)	0	6,640	6,640	0%	0
X	Atka Mackerel, Central CDQ	0	805	805	0%	0
	Atka Mackerel, Western ICA	0	40	40	0%	0
X	Atka Mackerel, Western (Trawl)	0	1,300	1,300	0%	0
X	Atka Mackerel, Western CDQ	0	161	161	0%	Õ
	Sablefish (Hook-and-Line and Pot)	1	1,284	1,283	0%	1
	Sablefish CDQ (Hook-and-Line and Pot)	0	321	321	0%	0
	Sablefish (Trawl)	3	455	452	1%	0
	Sablefish CDQ (Trawl)	0	40	40	0%	0
	Greenland Turbot (includes CDQ)	1	383	382	0%	1
X	Pollock	0	5,000	5,000	0%	0
X	Pollock CDQ	0	0	0	0%	0
X	Pollock, Incidental Catch (includes CDQ)	210	1,600	1,390	13%	4

Bering Sea Aleutian Islands Catch Report (includes CDQ)

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



Bering Sea Aleutian Islands

Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Alaska Plaice (includes CDQ)	8,439	17,000	8,561	50%	664
	Arrowtooth Flounder	1,664	21,250	19,586	8%	44
	Arrowtooth Flounder CDQ	76	2,675	2,599	3%	4
	Flathead Sole	5,696	20,270	14,574	28%	229
	Flathead Sole CDQ	202	2,429	2,227	8%	10
	Kamchatka Flounder (includes CDQ)	184	8,500	8,316	2%	8
	Northern Rockfish (includes CDQ)	75	3,000	2,925	3%	23
	Other Flatfish (includes CDQ)	452	2,975	2,523	15%	16
X	Pacific Cod, Catcher Processor (Amendment 80)	6,425	31,112	24,687	21%	932
X	Pacific Cod, Catcher Processor (AFA)	4,167	5,340	1,173	78%	370
X	Pacific Cod, Catcher Vessel (Trawl)	35,655	51,312	15,657	69%	200
X	Pacific Cod, Catcher Processor (Hook-and-Line)	44,707	112,671	67,964	40%	3,049
X	Pacific Cod, Catcher Vessel (Hook-and-Line >= 60 ft)	0	463	463	0%	0
X	Pacific Cod, Catcher Processor (Pot)	1,840	3,470	1,630	53%	0
X	Pacific Cod, Catcher Vessel (Pot >= 60 ft)	9,900	19,434	9,534	51%	0
X	Pacific Cod (Jig)	8	1,451	1,443	1%	0
	Pacific Cod (Hook-and-Line and Pot < 60 ft)	6,996	6,427	-569	109%	122
	Pacific Cod, Incidental Catch (Hook-and-Line and Pot)	0	500	500	0%	0
()	Pacific Cod CDQ	9,352	27,820	18,468	34%	883
	Rock Sole	35,575	82,495	46,920	43%	3,126
	Rock Sole CDQ	1,431	9,885	8,454	14%	173
	Shortraker Rockfish (includes CDQ)	6	370	364	2%	0
	Yellowfin Sole	32,057	176,814	144,757	18%	2,969
	Yellowfin Sole CDQ	2,625	21,186	18,561	12%	34
	Octopus (includes CDQ)	98	500	402	20%	2
	Sculpin (includes CDQ)	1,799	5,600	3,801	32%	179
	Shark (includes CDQ)	15	100	85	15%	3
	Skate (includes CDQ)	10,743	24,000	13,257	45%	772
	Squid (includes CDQ)	10	595	585	2%	0
Total:		644,904	1,993,530	1,348,626	32%	69,822

Other flatfish: all flatfish except Pacific halibut, flathead sole, Greenland turbot, rock sole, yellowfin sole, Kamchatka flounder, arrowtooth flounder, and Alaska plaice.

Other rockfish: all Sebastes and Sebastolobus species except for Pacific ocean perch, northern, shortraker, and rougheye rockfish.

For changes to the harvest specifications refer to http://alaskafisheries.noaa.gov/2012/hschanges.htm

Bering Sea Aleutian Islands Prohibited Species Report (includes CDQ)

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



Chinook Salmon

Trawl Go	ear						
Seasons	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
X	BS Pollock (Pelagic)	Count	6,320	55,104	48,784	11%	599
X	BS Chinook Salmon PSQ	Count	442	4,896	4,454	9%	101
	AI Pollock (Pelagic)	Count	0	647	647	0%	0
	AI Chinook Salmon PSQ	Count	0	53	53	0%	0
Total:			6,762	60,700	53,938	11%	700
Halibut	Mortality						
Non-Tra	wl Gear						
Seasons	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Halibut Mortality (Non-Trawl)	MT	135	833	698	16%	6
Total:	€ V 1000		135	833	698	16%	6
Trawl G	par						
Seasons	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Cate
	Halibut Mortality (Trawl)	MT	938	3,200	2,262	29%	38
Total:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		938	3,200	2,262	29%	38
Trawl an	d Hook-and-Line Gear						
Seasons	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Halibut Mortality PSQ	MT	44	393	349	11%	2
Total:			44	393	349	11%	2
Herring	(includes CDQ fisheries)						
Trawl Go	ear						
Seasons	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Pacific Cod	MT	0	40	40	0%	0
	Rockfish	MT	0	13	13	0%	0
	Rock Sole, Flathead Sole, Other Flatfish	MT	2	30	28	5%	0
	Pollock, Atka Mackerel, Other Species	MT	0	200	200	0%	0
	Pollock Pelagic	MT	0	2,165	2,165	0%	0
	Yellowfin Sole	MT	5	180	175	3%	0
	Turbot, Arrowtooth, Kamchatka, Sablefish	MT	0	20	20	0%	0
Total:			7	2,648	2,641	0%	0

Page 1

Note: All weights are in metric tons.

Report run on: March 29, 2013 1:35 AM

Bering Sea Aleutian Islands Prohibited Species Report (includes CDQ)

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



Opilio (Tanner) Crab - COBLZ

Trawl G	ear						
Seasons	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Opilio Crab	Count	256,414	9,377,690	9,121,276	3%	620
	Opilio Crab PSQ	Count	4,078	1,123,643	1,119,565	0%	0
Total:			260,492	10,501,333	10,240,841	2%	620
Bairdi C	Crab, Zone 1						
Trawl G	ear			ė,			
Seasons	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Bairdi Crab PSQ	Count	1,454	104,860	103,406	1%	60
	Bairdi Crab	Count	23,597	875,140	851,543	3%	4,443
Total:			25,051	980,000	954,949	3%	4,503
Bairdi C	Crab, Zone 2						
Trawl G	ear						
ns	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Bairdi Crab	Count	74,265	2,652,210	2,577,945	3%	1,190
	Bairdi Crab PSQ	Count	1,484	317,790	316,306	0%	0
Total:			75,749	2,970,000	2,894,251	3%	1,190
Red Kin	g Crab, Zone 1						
Trawl G	ear						
Seasons	Account	Units	Total Catch	Limit	Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Red King Crab PSQ	Count	1,438	10,379	8,941	14%	0
	Red King Crab	Count	11,499	86,621	75,122	13%	204
Total:			12,937	97,000	84,063	13%	204

Gulf of Alaska Catch Report

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



Western, Central Pollock

Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
X	Pollock, 610 Shumagin	2,573	28,072	25,499	9%	967
X	Pollock, 620 Chirikof	35,875	51,443	15,568	70%	1,121
X	Pollock, 630 Kodiak	7,024	27,372	20,348	26%	991

Western Gulf

western	Guii					
Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Arrowtooth Flounder	369	14,500	14,131	3%	60
	Deep Water Flatfish	15	176	161	9%	2
	Shallow Water Flatfish	127	13,250	13,123	1%	1
	Flathead Sole	281	8,650	8,369	3%	39
	Rex Sole	24	1,300	1,276	2%	14
	Pacific Ocean Perch	2	2,040	2,038	0%	0
	Rougheye Rockfish	0	81	81	0%	0
	Shortraker Rockfish	I	104	103	1%	1
	Thornyhead Rockfish	1	150	149	1%	1
	Dusky Rockfish	3	377	374	1%	0
	Northern Rockfish	6	2,008	2,002	0%	5
	Other Rockfish	2	44	42	5%	0
	Pacific Cod	11,681	21,210	9,529	55%	644
	Sablefish (Hook-and-Line)	0	1,400	1,400	0%	0
	Sablefish (Trawl)	0	350	350	0%	0
	Big Skate	20	469	449	4%	3
	Longnose Skate	3	70	67	4%	0

Gulf of Alaska Catch Report

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



Central Gulf

Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Arrowtooth Flounder	4,339	75,000	70,661	6%	523
	Deep Water Flatfish	11	2,308	2,297	0%	1
	Shallow Water Flatfish	455	18,000	17,545	3%	74
	Flathead Sole	612	15,400	14,788	4%	83
	Rex Sole	584	6,376	5,792	9%	92
	Pacific Ocean Perch	46	10,926	10,880	0%	7
	Rougheye Rockfish	28	856	828	3%	5
	Shortraker Rockfish	25	452	427	6%	2
	Dusky Rockfish	16	3,533	3,517	0%	4
	Northern Rockfish	101	3,122	3,021	3%	30
	Thornyhead Rockfish	0	766	766	0%	0
	Other Rockfish	35	606	571	6%	12
	Pacific Cod	19,651	36,966	17,315	53%	4,972
	Sablefish (Hook-and-Line)	3	4,432	4,429	0%	2
	Sablefish (Trawl)	1	1,108	1,107	0%	0
	Big Skate	787	1,793	1,006	44%	84
	Longnose Skate	327	1,879	1,552	17%	32

Eastern Gulf

Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Rougheye Rockfish	4	295	291	1%	3
	Shortraker Rockfish	12	525	513	2%	4
	Thornyhead Rockfish	1	749	748	0%	I
	Pacific Cod	6	2,424	2,418	0%	0
	Big Skate	0	1,505	1,505	0%	0
	Longnose Skate	0	676	676	0%	0

Gulf of Alaska Catch Report

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



West Yakutat

Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Arrowtooth Flounder	11	6,900	6,889	0%	1
	Deep Water Flatfish	0	1,581	1,581	0%	0
	Shallow Water Flatfish	0	4,647	4,647	0%	0
	Flathead Sole	0	4,686	4,686	0%	0
	Rex Sole	0	832	832	0%	0
	Pacific Ocean Perch	49	1,641	1,592	3%	13
	Dusky Rockfish	0	495	495	0%	0
	Other Rockfish	0	230	230	0%	0
	Pollock	2,802	3,385	583	83%	1,021
	Sablefish (Hook-and-Line)	0	1,769	1,769	0%	0
	Sablefish (Trawl)	1	261	260	0%	0

Southeast

				Remaining		Last Week
Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Quota	% Taken	Catch
	Arrowtooth Flounder	0	6,900	6,900	0%	0
	Deep Water Flatfish	0	1,061	1,061	0%	0
	Shallow Water Flatfish	0	1,180	1,180	0%	0
	Flathead Sole	0	1,760	1,760	0%	0
	Rex Sole	0	1,052	1,052	0%	0
	Pacific Ocean Perch	0	1,805	1,805	0%	0
	Dusky Rockfish	6	295	289	2%	0
	Other Rockfish	4	200	196	2%	0
	Pollock	0	10,774	10,774	0%	0
	Demersal Shelf Rockfish	130	303	173	43%	1
	Sabletish (Hook-and-Line)	57	3 190	3 133	20%	57

Entire Gulf

Seasons	Account	Total Catch	Quota	Remaining Quota	% Taken	Last Week Catch
	Atka Mackerel	19	2,000	1,981	1%	0
	Octopus	102	1,455	1,353	7%	2
	Sculpin	352	5,884	5,532	6%	18
	Shark	63	6,028	5,965	1%	4
	Other Skates	551	2,030	1,479	27%	70
	Squid	127	1,148	1,021	11%	2
Total:		89,327	436,255	346,928	20%	10,970

Gulf of Alaska Halibut Mortality Report

Through: 23-MAR-2013

National Marine Fisheries Service Alaska Region, Sustainable Fisheries Catch Accounting



Trawl Fisheries

Deep Water Species Complex

Deep water species comp	nex					
Season	Begin	End	Total Catch	Limit	Limit Remaining	% Taken
1st Season	20-Jan-2013	01-Apr-2013	72	99	27	73%
2nd Season	01-Apr-2013	01-Jul-2013	0	296	296	0%
3rd Season	01-Jul-2013	01-Sep-2013	0	204	204	0%
4th Season	01-Sep-2013	01-Oct-2013	0	0	0	0%
Total:			72	599	527	12%
Shallow Water Species Co	mplex					
Season	Begin	End	Total Catch	Limit	Limit Remaining	% Taken
1st Season	20-Jan-2013	01-Apr-2013	235	444	209	53%
2nd Season	01-Apr-2013	01-Jul-2013	0	99	99	0%
3rd Season	01-Jul-2013	01-Sep-2013	0	197	197	0%
4th Season	01-Sep-2013	01-Oct-2013	0	148	148	0%
Total:			235	888	653	26%
Year-To-Date						
Account		Total Catch	Limit	Limit Remaining	% Taken	Last Week Catch
Trawl Fishery		307	1,973	1,666	16%	59
Other Hook-and-Line	Fisheries					
Season	Begin	End	Total Catch	Limit	Limit Remaining	% Taken
1st Season	01-Jan-2013	10-Jun-2013	107	250	143	43%
2nd Season	10-Jun-2013	01-Sep-2013	0	5	5	0%

Deep-water species complex: sablefish, rockfish, deep-water flatfish, rex sole and arrowtooth flounder. Shallow-water species complex: pollock, Pacific cod, shallow-water flatfish, flathead sole, Atka mackerel, and 'other species'.

0

107

35

290

No apportionment between shallow-water and deep-water fishery complexes during October 1 to December 31 (300 mt allocated).

Other hook-and-line fisheries means all hook-and-line fisheries except sablefish and demersal shelf rockfish in the Southeast District.

Halibut mortality for the demersal shelf rockfish fishery in Southeast District is not listed due to insufficient observer coverage.

31-Dec-2013

01-Sep-2013

Data is based on observer reports extrapolated to total groundfish harvest. Estimates for all weeks may change due to incorporation of late or corrected data.

Page 1

0%

37%

Report run on: March 29, 2013 1:35 AM

35

183

3rd Season

Total:

2013 catch is through March 23 and 2012 catch is through March 24 unless otherwise stated.

Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands

Bering Sea Pollock

NMFS reallocated Aleutian Islands pollock TAC increasing the Bering Sea TAC by 1,900 mt for CDQ and 10,500 mt for inshore, C/P, and mothership directed fisheries. The revised Bering Sea A season allocations are:

Sector	A season allocation	A season catch	% Taken
Inshore	219,820	171,950	78
C/P	175,856	148,496	84
Mothership	43,964	38,832	88
CDQ	50,640	47,973	95
Total	490,280	407,251	83

Salmon in the pollock fishery

In 2013, the total Chinook salmon is 818 salmon lower and pollock catch is 31,632 mt lower than in 2012. For both years the rate is about .017 Chinook salmon per metric ton of pollock.

Cl	inook		Non-G	Chinook	ί .
	2013	2012		2013	2012
CDQ	442	344	CDQ	12	1
Non-CDQ	6,320	7,236	Non-CDQ	130	10
Total	6,762	7,580	Total	142	11

Pacific cod

1 401110 004		
Hook-and-line Catcher/Processors	2013	2012
Total Catch	44,706	40,593
A season TAC	57,462	57,684
Remaining TAC	12,756	17,091
Number of vessels	26	27

Pot catcher vessels				
Year	2013	2012		
Total Catch	9,900	9,854		
A season TAC	9,911	9,950		
Remaining TAC	11	96		
Closure	January 22	January 20		
Number of vessels	25	27		

Pot catcher/processors				
Year	2013	2012		
Total Catch	1,840	1,656		
A season TAC	1,770	1,777		
Remaining TAC	-70	121		
Closure	January 28	January 23		
Number of vessels	3	5		

Hook-and-line or pot gear less than 60 feet length overall

NMFS reallocated 1,800 mt of the A season jig allocation to the less than 60 ft allocation. Pot gear effort increased after the Pacific cod pot gear closure in the Western GOA.

Year	2013	2012
Total Catch	6,996 (includes 443 after closure)	7,219 (includes 251 after closure)
Annual TAC	6,427 (4,627 + 1,800 from jig)	6,445 (4,645 + 1,800 from jig)
Remaining TAC	-569	-774
Closure	February 7	February 17
Number of vessels	22 (3 hook-and-line, 19 pot)	21 (3 hook-and-line, 18 pot)

Trawl catcher vessels

The 2013 B season allocation of 5,644 mt becomes available April 1.

Year	2013	2012
Total Catch	35,655	34,057
A season TAC	37,971	38,117
Remaining TAC	2,316	4,060
Closure	March 11	February 29
Number of vessels	Pacific cod 49, All 93	Pacific cod 48, All 91

Flatfish

Catch for all sectors including CDQ

Species	2013	2012
Alaska plaice	8,439	2,892
Arrowtooth flounder	1,740	654
Kamchatka flounder	184	61
Flathead sole	5,899	4,810
Greenland turbot	13	12
Other flatfish	452	1,240
Rock sole	37,007	58,543
Yellowfin sole	34,681	20,095

 $\underline{\text{Halibut mortality}}$ - In 2013 compared to 2012 the total halibut mortality in the BSAI is 68 mt higher and in the GOA is 184 mt lower.

		2013	2012				
Area and Gear	Halibut mortality	Groundfish	Rate	Halibut mortality	Groundfish	Rate	
BSAI non-pelagic trawl	767	137,982	0.56%	650	143,204	0.45%	
BSAI pelagic trawl	171	424,058	0.04%	267	459,811	0.06%	
BSAI hook-and-line	134	62,477	0.21%	87	54,484	0.16%	
BSAI Total	1,072	624,516	0.17%	1,004	657,500	0.15%	
GOA non-pelagic trawl	298	26,223	1.14%	506	19,690	2.57%	
GOA pelagic trawl	9	43,740	0.02%	3	42,364	0.01%	
GOA hook-and-line	107	8,924	1.20%	89	12,998	0.68%	
GOA Total	414	78,887	0.52%	598	75,052	0.80%	

Gulf of Alaska

Pacific cod - Western GOA

Sector		2013 A	season	2012 A season				
	Allocation	Catch	Closed	# of vessels	Allocation	Catch Mar 24	Closed	# of vessels Mar 24
Hook-and-line C/Ps	2,254	1,137	n/a	<3	2,257	1,795	Jun 10	5
Hook-and-line CVs	145	93	n/a	<3	145	n/a	Apr 2	<3
Jig	318	35	n/a	5	189	89	Jun 10	17
Pot CV/CP	4,095	4,536	Jan 28	32	4,100	4,225	Feb 6	35
Trawl CV	5,728	5,871	Mar 3	25	5,736	5,449	Feb 22	25
Trawl C/P	186	8	Jan 20	0	186	n/a	Feb 14	<3
Total	12,726	11,680		46	12,613	11,558		32

The 2013 trawl catcher vessel fishery closed February 14 and reopened March 1 through 3.

Pacific cod - Central GOA

		2013 A	season		2012 A season				
Sector	Allocation	Catch	Closed	# of vessels	Allocation	Catch Mar 24	Closed	# of vessels Mar 24	
Hook-and-line C/Ps	1,488	215	n/a	23 8	1,736	1,707	Feb 23	5	
Hook-and-line CVs <50 ft	3,375	3,324	Mar 21	45	3,938	4,392	Mar 4	57	
Hook-and-line CVs >=50 ft	2,032	2,026	Mar 21	13	2,372	2,404	Mar 20	16	
Jig	444	56	n/a	20	256	274	Mar 6	35	
Pot CV/CP	6,459	6,044	Feb 10	48	7,538	5,641	Feb 10	55	
Trawl CV	7,657	7,480	Mar 23	50	8,936	8,390	Mar 26	48	
Trawl C/P	726	402	n/a	<3	847	n/a	Apr 8	<3	
Total	22,180	19,547		176	25,623	22,808		216	

Pollock

The 2013 Area 610 pollock fishery caught 937 mt of the 4,292 mt A season allocation. All the other fisheries caught their A season allocations.

The Area 610 A season opened January 20 to March 10, and the B season March 10 to 30, 2013.

The Area 620 A season opened January 20 to February 4, and the B season March 10 to 17, 2013.

The Area 630 A season opened January 20 to 22 and February 8 to 14, and the B season March 22 to March 26, 2013.

The Area 640 the fishery opened January 20 to March 3 and reopened March 22.

<u>Salmon</u>

In the 2013 Western and Central GOA pollock fisheries the total Chinook salmon bycatch is 5,035 salmon compared to 3,136 salmon in 2012. The 2013 total pollock catch is 4,337 mt more than 2012.

Pollock	catch and	d Chine	ook salmoi	ı bycatch	in pollock	fisheric	es						
2013	610	0	62	.0	630	0	2012	610	0	62	0	63	0
Week	P	CS	P	CS	P	CS	Week	P	CS	P	CS	P	CS
1/26	105	2	3,043	327	0	0	1/21	0	0	0	0	294	0
2/02	0	0	10,144	2,028	0	0	1/28	777	176	62	0	18	0
2/09	0	0	3,074	805	3,008	462	2/04	916	264	0	0		0
2/16	0	0	0	0	2,610	504	2/11	30	16	185	0	75	3
2/23	168	3	0	0	0	0	2/18	13	0	2,791	548	2,135	86
3/02	228	4	0	0	0	. 0	2/25	7	l	8,330	1,248	3,071	115
3/09	213	17	0	0	0	0	3/03	21	4	2,662	204	0	0
3/16	668	51	18,393	755	0	0	3/10	72	7	2,708	53	_	0
3/23	964	26	1,112	45	951	6	3/17	18	4	14,148	346	0	0
Total	2,346	104	35,765	3,959	6,570	972	3/24	712	50	-	0	1,298	11
					-		Total	2,566	522	30,886	2,399	6,891	215

Total GOA-wide Salmon bycatch in all Fisheries	2013	2012
Chinook	6,929	3,973
Non-Chinook	97	48

Number of Catcher Vessels Observed by Area and Gear in the GOA Vessels may use more than one gear type. The total is the number of unique vessels in that area.

Area	HAL	NPT	POT	PTR	Total
610	0	9	6	7	20
620	2	14	3	27	39
630	16	12	20	18	59

Area	HAL	NPT	POT	PTR	Total
610	0	0	3	2	5
620	0	9	1	34	36
630	2	29	10	19	44