# ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME DOMESTIC FISHERIES REPORT

# Troll Salmon

The 1984 troll salmon fishery harvested approximately 240,000 chinook salmon; 33,000 in the winter fishery and 207,00 in the summer fishery. Additionally, 31,000 chinook were taken incidental to net fishery targeting on other species of salmon. The 1984 catch of chinook was 20,000 fewer than the 1983 catch. The summer troll chinook season was 25% shorter than the 60 day 1983 fishery.

The 1984 Southeast Alaska coho salmon continued a pattern of strong returns experienced during the last several years. The 1984 commercial harvest is expected to reach 1.8 million fish, the third largest harvest since statehood.

The troll coho harvest accounted for about 60% or 1.1 million. This harvest is down somewhat from the 1983 troll harvest of 1.3 million coho.

# Bering Sea/Aleutian Island Herring

A total of 25,989 mt of herring was harvested in the eastern Bering Sea sac roe commercial fishery and Aleutian Islands food and bait fishery during 1984. Wastage of herring, due mostly to gear loss, was estimated at less than 300 mt for all fishing districts. Spawn on kelp fishermen harvested 202 mt. Value of the fishery to the fishermen was estimated at \$8.9 million, with 45 buyers participating. The number of fishermen increased from 1983 levels in Togiak, Goodnews Bay, and Cape Romanzoff districts but decreased in Security Coves and Norton Sound.

Biomass estimates for spawning herring from Togiak to Norton Sound was estimated at 139,000 mt. The commercial exploitation rate was 16.4%. Approximately 70% of the run was ages 6 and 7 fish. Recruitment was poor.

The 1984 Aleutian Islands herring fishery was prosecuted by 9 seines. The harvests of 3,246 mt was taken in state waters near Dutch Harbor and Akutan. Price paid to fishermen varied from \$200-300 per ton for this food and bait fishery.

# Tanner Crab

A WAR

All 1983/84 Tanner crab fisheries are closed except for the Bering Sea opilio fishery north of  $58^\circ$  N. latitude. Preliminary catch statistics (in million of pounds) follow:

	1983/84	1982/83
Southeast/Yakutat	1.6	1.2
P.W.S.	Closed	1.5
Cook Inlet	2.8	3.0
Kodiak	14.4	18.9

Chignik	.7	3.5
South Peninsula	1.8	2.9
Dutch Harbor	.2	•5
Adak	.3	.5
Bering Sea		
C. bairdi	1.2	5.2
C. opilio	22.9	29.5
Total	46.0	66.7

# <u>Sablefish</u>

The only remaining Gulf of Alaska sablefish fishery open is the Western District. Preliminary harvests (in metric tons) to date are:

	<u>Harvest</u>
Southeast inside	994
Southeast outside/east Yakutat	2,654
West Yakutat	1,600
Central	2,830
Western	156
Total	8,234

# PRELIMINARY INSEASON REPORT ON 1984 SOUTHEAST ALASKA COMMERCIAL CHINOOK AND COHO SALMON FISHERIES

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September 17, 1984

Southeast Region Staff Division of Commercial Fisheries Alaska Department of Fish and Game Juneau, Alaska

# IMPORTANT NOTE

SALMON CATCH DATA REPORTED IN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED VERY PRELIMINARY AS IT IS BASED ON INITIAL INSEASON TABULATION OF FISH TICKETS AND INCLUDES SOME PROJECTIONS FOR MOST RECENT PERIODS WHEN FISH TICKETS WERE NOT AVAILABLE. REVISIONS WILL OCCUR AS LATE ARRIVING TICKETS ARE COMPILED AND THE DATA IS EDITED FOR ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS. HOWEVER, CATCH DATA REPORTED IS BELIEVED TO BE SUFFICIENTLY ACCURATE TO INDICATE GENERAL FISHERY PERFORMANCE TO DATE.

# PRELIMINARY SUMMARY OF 1984 SOUTHEAST ALASKA COMMERCIAL CHINOOK AND COHO SALMON FISHERIES

## CHINOOK FISHERIES

1) Based on preliminary catch reports, Southeast Alaska commercial fisheries harvested an estimated 271,000 chinook salmon during the 1984 season. Approximately 240,000 fish or nearly 90% of the harvest was taken in the troll fishery while 31,000 or about 10% of the total was caught incidentally in net fisheries targeting on other species of salmon (Table 1). An increase in catch rates during the last week of the troll chinook fishery combined with an above average incidental net catch resulted in the 1984 catch reaching the upper end of the 243,000 - 272,000 management range.

The 1984 catch of 271,000 was about 7% or 20,000 fish below the catch of 291,000 taken in both 1983 and 1982 but slightly above the 1981 catch of 268,000. Compared to the 1971-80 average catch of 325,000 chinook, the 1984 catch was reduced by about 17% or 54,000 fish (Table 2).

2) The 1984 Southeast Alaska summer troll chinook season consisted of 45 fishing days and was 15 days or 25% shorter

than the 60-day season in 1983 (Figure 1). This represents nearly a 75% reduction in fishing time since 1979 - and prior years - when 169 days were fished from April 15 through September 30. These reductions, begun in 1980, are part of a 15-year rebuilding program for depressed Southeast Alaska natural chinook salmon stocks as well as part of a coordinated coastwide effort to rebuild severely depressed natural chinook stocks originating from areas south of Alaska which contribute to Southeast Alaska fisheries.

During the 1984 summer troll season, an estimated 207,000 chinook were taken during two fishing periods, a 26-day period June 5-30 (130,000) and a 19-day period July 11-29 (77,000) (Table 3). Combined with a catch of 33,000 fish taken during the winter season (Oct. 1 - April 14), this yielded a total troll catch of 240,000 chinook. This was about 11% or 31,000 fish less than the 1983 catch of 271,000 but nearly the same as the 241,000 catch in 1982. Compared to the 1971-80 average troll catch of 300,000, the 1984 catch was reduced by about 20% or 60,000 fish. Since 1960, catches were smaller in only three years (1961, 1962, 1976).

3) The 1984 net fisheries catch of 31,000 chinook was nearly all taken incidental to the harvest of over 23 million salmon of other species. This was about 35% or 8,000 fish above the 1975-83 average of 23,000 fish (Table 1). (Almost all

chinook directed gillnet fisheries have been closed since 1975.) Approximately two thirds (20,000) of the total net chinook catch was taken by seine gear with most of this catch occuring in the Noyes Island area in southern Southeast Alaska.

Alaska systems and the transboundary rivers is still being compiled, however preliminary information indicates generally strong escapements in most systems. Data provided by the Canadian Dept. of Fisheries and Oceans shows that escapements approximately doubled in the Taku and Stikine rivers which had experienced exceptionally poor escapements in 1983. Escapements to the Situk River near Yakutat and the Behm Canal systems near Ketchikan were especially strong. Overall, goals for the first cycle of the 15-year stock rebuilding plan generally continue to be met or exceeded.

#### COHO SALMON

1) The 1984 Southeast Alaska coho salmon return continued the pattern of strong returns experienced during the last several years. The 1984 commercial harvest which is expected to reach approximately 1.8 million would be the third largest harvest since statehood, being exceeded only by catches of

- 2.0 million in 1983 and 2.1 million in 1982. The 1984 harvest represents a 65 percent increase over the 1971-80 average catch of 1.1 million.
- 2) The projected 1984 troll coho harvest of approximately 1.1 million, which represents about 60% of the total commercial harvest, would rank 1984 as the third or fourth best coho year for the troll fishery since statehood. Catches of approximately 1.3 million were taken in both 1982 and 1983. The 1984 catch was nearly double the 1971-80 average of 654,000.

The 1984 troll coho season began on June 15 and ran through September 20 except for two 10-day closures. A regionwide 10-day closure was implemented July 1-10 for chinook mangement purposes but applied to all species. The impact of this closure on the troll coho harvest was probably minimal as it occurred early in the coho run and catch patterns after the closure suggested that most coho remained in outer coastal and offshore areas where they were available to most of the troll fleet. A second 10-day regionwide closure was implemented August 15-24 for coho management. After the closure of the troll fishery to chinook on July 30, trollers targeted almost exclusively on coho salmon harvesting an estimated 500,000 to 600,000 additional coho.

- 3) Final 1984 season data is expected to show that net fisheries harvested approximately 700,000 fish or about 40% of the total commercial coho harvest. The total net harvest was split approximately 60:40 between seine and gillnet gear.
- 4) Information on the extent of 1984 coho escapements is not available at this date as peak migration into spawning streams does not occur until mid-October for many coho stocks.

TABLE 1. PRELIMINARY 1984 SOUTHEAST ALASKA COMMERCIAL CHINOOK AND COHO SALMON CATCHES BY FISHERY. (ADF&G 9/17/84)

# Numbers of Fish in Thousands

		.nook	Co	ho
Fishery	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
			·	
Troll				
Winter	33			
Summer	207		(1,073)	
Troll Subtotals	240	89%	1,073	61%
Net	•			
Seine	20		(400)	
Gillnet	11,3		2/ (280)	
Net Subtotals	31	11%	680	39%
			,	
Trap	+	+	6	_
				, T =======
Totals	271		(1,759)	
			•	

<sup>1/</sup> Troll coho fishery in progress until Sept. 20; catch shown includes projection through that date.

<sup>2/</sup> Fall gillnet fisheries still in progress; total season coho catch expected to reach 250-300,000.

TABLE 2. ANNUAL SOUTHEAST ALASKA COMMERCIAL AND RECREATIONAL CHINOOK SALMON CATCHES, 1965 - 84. (ADF&G 9/17/84)

Numbers of Fish in Thousands

Year	259	Net	Subtotal	Fisheries 2/	Total
	259				
1965		28	287	(13)	(300)
1966	282	26	308	(13)	(321)
1967	275	26	301	(13)	(314)
1968	304	28	332	(14)	(346)
1969	290	24	314	(14)	(328)
1965-69 Ave.	282	26	308	13	322
1970	305	18	323	(14)	(337)
1971	334	22	356	(15)	(371)
1972	242	45	287	(15)	(302)
1973	308	36	344	(16)	(360)
1974	322	25	347	(17)	(364)
1971-74 Ave.	302	29	331	15	347
1975	287	14	301	(17)	(318)
1976	231	11	242	(17)	(259)
1977	272	13 .	285	17	302
1978	376	25	401	17	418
1979	338 	29	367	17	384
1975-79 Ave.	301	18	319	17	336
1980	300	22	322	20	342
1981	248	20	268	21	289
1982	242	49	291	26	317
1983	271	20	291	22	313
1980-83 Ave.	265	28	293	22 3/	315
Prelim. 1984	240	31	271	(22)	(293)

<sup>1/</sup> Troll catches prior to 1980 based on calendar year. Catches
 beginning in 1980 based on Oct. 1 - Sept. 30 counting year.

<sup>2/</sup> Estimates of recreational catches after 1976 based on mail surveys. Estimates for 1965-76 based on 1977-80 average catch per capita data.

<sup>3/ 1980-83</sup> Average catch; 1984 data not available.

TABLE 3. PRELIMINARY 1984 SOUTHEAST ALASKA TROLL FISHERY CHINOOK AND COHO SALMON CATCHES. (REVISED ADF&G 9/17/84)

	Catches in Thou	sands of Fish
Period (No. of days)	Chinook	Coho
Winter Season (Oct. 1, 1983 - April 14, 1984)	33	
Summer Season (April 15 - Sept. 20, 1984)		
Apr 15 - Jun 4 (20)	- C1	osed -
Jun 5 - 30 (26)	130	1/ 35
Jul 1 - 10 (10)	- C1	osed -
Jul 11 - 29 (19)	77	423
Jul 30 - Aug 14 (16)	-Closed-	392
Aug 15 - 24 (10) •	- Clo	
Aug 25 - Sep 20 (27)	-Closed-	2/ (223) 
Summer Season Subtotals	207	1,073
1984 Season Totals	240	1,073

Note: Estimated troll catches of other species include the following: 9,000 sockeye, 290,000 pink, 22,000 chum.

<sup>1/</sup> Coho catch after June 15 coho season opening date.

<sup>2/</sup> Includes projected catch through Sept. 20.

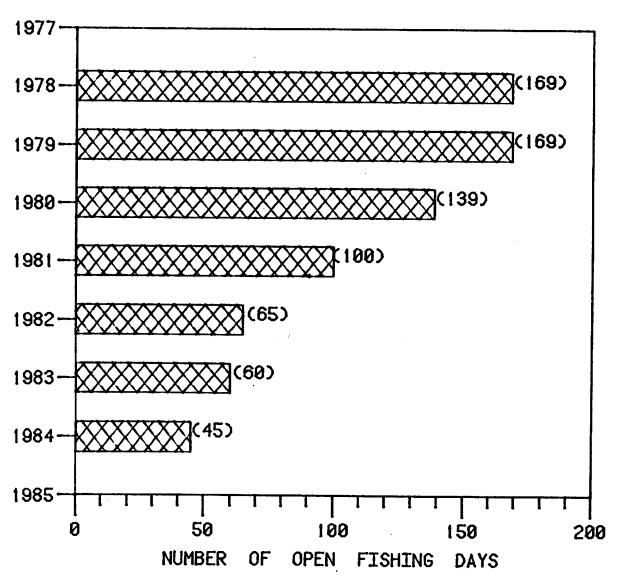


FIGURE 1. NUMBER OF DAYS SOUTHEAST ALASKA TROLL FISHERY OPEN TO CHINOOK SALMON FISHING DURING THE SUMMER SEASON APRIL 15
THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 1978-84. (ADF&G 7/31/84)

# PACIFIC HERRING STOCKS AND FISHERIES IN THE EASTERN BERING SEA, ALASKA, 1984

A Report to the North Pacific Fisheries Management Council

September 1984

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#### INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes current 1984 information on eastern Bering Sea Pacific herring stocks and fisheries conducted within Alaskan waters. A more detailed account of this information is presented in Lebida et. al. (in press).

## COMMERCIAL FISHERIES

A total of 25,989 mt of Pacific herring was harvested in the eastern Bering Sea herring sac roe commercial fishing districts and Aleutian Islands food and bait fishery during 1984 (Figures 1 and 2, Table 1). This was the third largest total harvest recorded in the history of these fisheries. Exploitation of estimated spawning bicmass in the commercial fishing districts was 16.4% (Table 2). Wastage of herring, mostly due to abandoned gear and loss of gear to sea ice movement, was estimated to be less than 300 mt for all districts combined. Spawn on rockweed kelp harvests in Togiak and Norton Sound Districts totaled 202 mt (Table 3). Value of total herring and spawn on kelp harvests to fishermen was estimated to be \$8.9 million (Tables 2 and 3). A total of 45 buyers participated in the herring sac roe fishery in all districts in 1984 compared to 44 during 1983 (Table 4). Number of fishermen increased in Togiak, Goodnews Bay and Cape Romanzof Districts, but decreased from 1983 levels in the other districts.

### SUBSISTENCE FISHERIES

A minimum estimated total of 10 mt of Pacific herring were harvested by 46 families from 3 villages in the Yukon delta area (Table 5). Subsistence surveys were not conducted during 1984 in the Nelson Island and Kuskokwim delta areas.

#### STOCK ASSESSMENT

#### Methods

Aerial surveys were conducted within all districts to estimate relative abundance, distribution and biomass of herring schools. Methods of data collection have previously been described (Barton and Steinhoff 1980; Fried 1983). A total of 172 hours was spent in aerial assessment surveys: 83 hours for Togiak, 20 hours for Security Cove/Goodnews Bay, 8 hours for Nelson-Nunivak Islands, 2 hours for Cape Romanzof and 59 hours for Norton Sound. During the season, standard conversion factors of 1.2 (water depth 5  $\rm m$ or less), 2.5 (water depth greater than 5 m) and 3.0 (school very dense and dark in appearance) mt per 50 m2 school surface area were used in analyses of aerial survey data. Assessment of Pacific herring within Cape Romanzof District continues to be a problem, since aerial surveys cannot be conducted due to consistantly turbid water. Studies are being conducted to determine whether spawning herring population size estimates can be made from egg deposition surveys. Taking into consideration harvest size, fishing effort and spawn deposition extent and intensity, the Cape Romanzof Pacific herring spawning biomass was estimated at about 5,500 mt (Table 6).

Test fishing with variable mesh gillnets and sampling of commercial landings were conducted in all districts to determine age, size and sexual maturity of Pacific herring. Volunteer purse seine and gillnet vessels were also used to

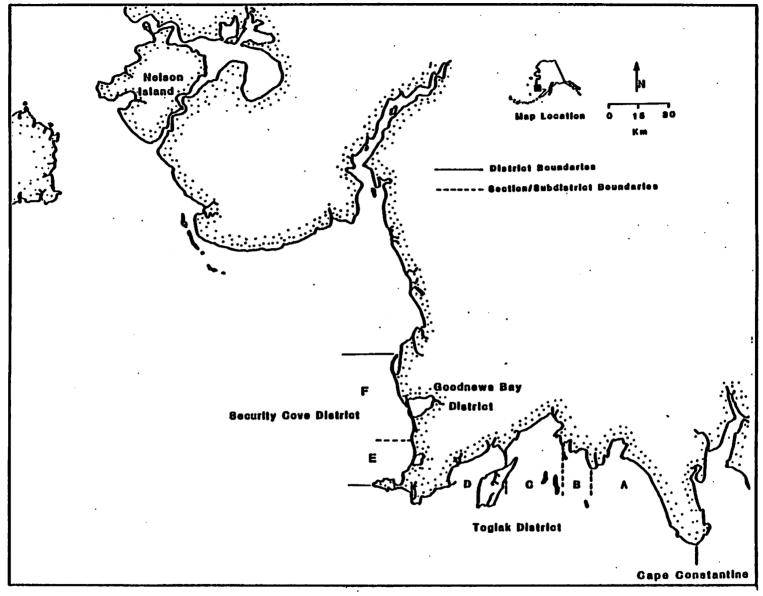


Figure 1. Togiak (A = Kulukak, B = Nunavachak, C = Togiak, D = Hagemeister Sections), Security Cove (E = Security Cove, F = Red Mt. Subdistricts) and Goodnews Bay Pacific herring commercial fishing districts in the eastern Bering Sea, Alaska.

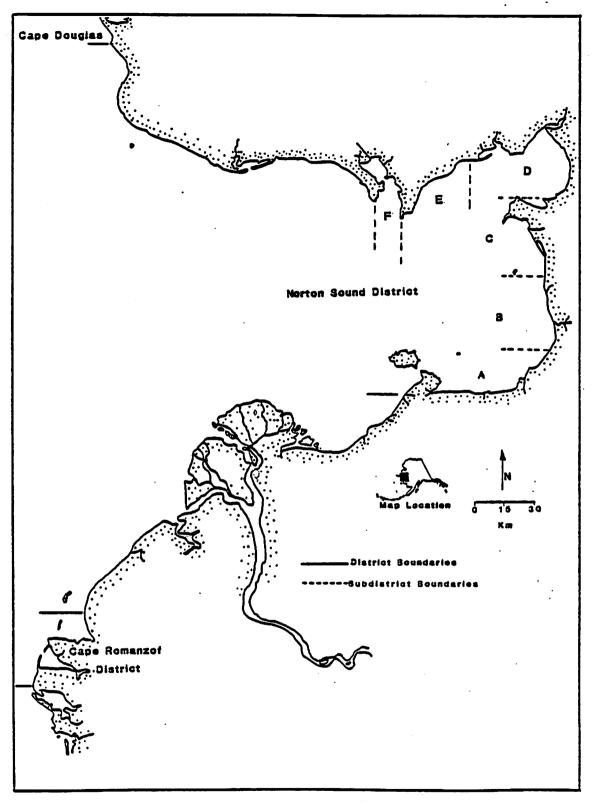


Figure 2. Cape Romanzof and Norton Sound (A = St. Michael, B = Unalakleet, C = Cape Denbigh, D = Norton Bay, E = Elim, F = Golovin Bay Subdistricts) Pacific herring commercial fishing districts in the eastern Bering Sea, Alaska.

Table 1. Pacific herring and herring spawn on kelp harvests by domestic commercial fishermen in the eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1909—1984.

			Herring (mt)	7			Corrino	Berring Spaun on Velo (mt)	
Year	Aleutian Islands	Bristol Bay	Security Cove/ Goodnews Bay	Cape	Norton Sound	Total	Bristol Bay	Norton Sound	Total
1909-1916	1	,	•	•	- 2/			•	•
1916-1928	1	ı	•	1		1.706		1	<b>t</b> 1
1929	1,142	ı	•	ı	151	1,293	•	ı	•
1930	1,738		•	•	400	2,138	ı	ì	ı
1931	958 8			ı	78	1,036	1	1	ı
1932	2,727	•	ŧ	ı	<b>48</b>	3,207	•	•	1
1933	1,438	1	•	•	28	1.466	1 (		
1934	1,391	ı	1	•	<b>⊳</b> (	1,205	<b>)</b> 1	) (	l (
1935	2,188	1	ı	1	14	> 1.202	• 1	<b>)</b> (	۱ (
1936	1,251	ı	•	•	, :	1 251	1 1	۱ ۱	۱ (
1937	525	ı	•	1	л	720	) (	۱ ۱	· •
1938	466	ı	•		) م	475	•	1 1	1 1
1939		•	ı	t	ហ	נים ל	1	8 1	1
1940	ı	1	•	1.	ដ	ᅜ	ı		1
1941	ı	•	1	•	ω	w	•	ı	ı
1942-1944	1		•	•	•	ı	•	1	1
1945	68	•	٠,	1	•	<b>6</b> 8	,	1	1
1946	. 1	• 1		•	•	•		•	•
1947-1963	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1964	۱ ۱	. 1	. 1	. 1	18	18	•	ı	1
1965		×	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1966	•		•	1	F	F	•	•	1
1967 1967		122			1	122			1
1960	•	8	•	•	1	83	25	ı	25
1970 1970	•	? £	•	ı	N	6	u	•	G
1971	<b>!</b> !	3 1		۱	i ~	32	18	ı	18
1972	•	74	<b>)</b>	۱ ۱	, c	3 6	24	ı	24
1973	•	5 7	• •	۱ ا	វី៤	3 8	29	ı	29
1974	•	113	•	•	٠ <b>١</b>	11,6	3 0		3 0
1975	•	ខ្ល		•	1 6	, t	<u> </u>	)	<u>.</u>
1976	1	• :	•	Ş	20	, e	<u> </u>	) (	1 0
1977	1	2,535		۱۰	16	2.545	ž į	1 m	វ្លុំ
1978	1	7,030	259	ı	14	7,303	5	2	ī
1979	1	10,115	466	ı	1.173	11.754	, 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	วี	3 5
1980	1	17,774 a		554	2.215	21.583	8 8	3	100
1981				653	3,964	18.290	38	3 <b>2</b>	) L
1982	234	19,556		55 86	3.567	28.131	25.		141
1983	3,238	24,486 c		740	4.156	33,988	33	کر در	148
1984	246	_			1 4 1 1 1	200			

<sup>\*</sup>たたて Pre 1964 harvest primarily in summer and fall for food; post 1964 harvest primarily in spring for sac roe. Fishery occurred some years but harvest data unavailable. Additional 3 mt harvested from imported kelp (Macrocystus sp). No commercial operations reported.

No commercial operations reported.

Mastage not included (mt): a= 5,200; b=5; c=544; d=1-5; e=140; f=52; g=80.

Table 2. Estimated biomass and commercial harvest of Pacific herring in eastern Bering Sea fishing districts, Alaska, 1978-1984.

Distr:	ict	Biomass (m.t.)		Harvest (m, t.)	Roe %	Estimated Value (\$)	% Biomass Harvested
1984							
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	104,200 4,600 3,700 5,500 21,000		17,529 f 294 e 605 d 1,075 3,240 c	9.8 11.8 10.1 8.6 10.3	7,178,400 110,000 150,000 355,000 876,000	16.8 6.4 16.4 19.5 15.4
	Total	139,000		22,743	9.8	8,669,400	16.4
1983							
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	128,600 5,800 2,900 5,000 25,500		24,486 b 973 395 740 4,156	8.8 9.4 9.4 9.0 8.6	10,517,300 422,300 184,800 367,100 1,519,200	19.1 16.8 13.6 14.8 16.3
	Total	167,800		30,750	8.8	13,010,700	18.3
1982							
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	88,800 4,600 2,400 4,400 15,800	٠	'19,556 737 441 596 3,567	8.8 9.3 9.5 9.3 8.8	6,174,300 271,000 187,900 221,700 1,046,200	22.0 16.0 18.4 13.6 22.6
1981	Total	116,000		24,897	8.9	7,630,100	21.5
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	143,900 7,500 3,900 4,400 22,800	<b>3</b>	11,374 1,064 596 653 3,965	9.1 8.1 7.7 8.0 8.8	3,988,000 347,070 196,170 211,260 1,500,000	7.9 14.2 15.3 15.0 17.3
1980	Total	182,500		17,652	8.9	6,242,500	9.7
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	62,300 1,100 1,100 2,700 7,600		17,774 a 632 406 554 2,224	9.2 8.2 9.5 9.8 8.1	3,205,000 151,000 97,000 132,000 500,500	28.5 57.4 36.9 20.5 29.3
1979	Total	74,800		21,590	8.8	4,085,500	28.9
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	216,800 19,500 6,700 2,700 7,000		10,115 385 82 0 1,172	8.6 8.5 4.7 7.0	6,700,000 327,000 38,500 - 628,200	4.7 2.0 1.2 0.0 16.7
1978	Total	252,700		12,406	8.0	7,694,000	4.9
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	172,600 1,200 400 2,700 4,800		7,033 259 0 0	8.2	2,300,000 - - - -	4.1 21.6 0.0 0.0 0.3
	Totals	181,700		7,305	8.2	2,300,000	4.0

Wastage not included (mt): a=5,200; b=544; c=80; d=42; e=10; f=140.

Table 3. Commercial harvest of Pacific herring spawn on rockweek kelp in eastern Bering Sea fishing districts, Alaska, 1978-1984.

	District	Harvest (m.t.)	Number of Buyers	Number of Pickers	Estimated Value (\$)
1984	•				
	Togiak Norton Sound	184.4 17.5 1/	6 3	· 330 32	203,300 21,500
	Total	201.9			224,800
1983					
	Togiak Norton Sound	122.8 25.0 b	:4 1	125 35	284,400 38,500
	Total	147.8			233,778
1982			•		
	Togiak Norton Sound	106.5 34.9	8 1	214 .74	176,193 57,585
1981	Total	141.4			233,778
	Togiak Norton Sound	171.9 0 37.2 a	7 4	108 22	250,000 45,000 2/
1980	Total	209.1			295,000
	Togiak . Norton Sound	86.0 22.2	21 1	78 20	94,600 73,000
1979	Total	108.2			167,600
	Togiak Norton Sound	188.0 11.8	16 1	100 19	248,160 15,576
1978	Total	199.8			263,736
	Togiak Norton Sound	149.6 3.4	11	160 0	119,800 2,723
	Total	153.0			122,523

<sup>1/</sup> Additional 3.0 mt harvested from 2,000 lbs. imported kelp (Macrocystus sp)
at estimated value of \$20,000.

Wastage not included (mt): a=5; b=1.5.

Table 4. Number of buyers and fishermen participating in eastern Bering Sea Pacific herring fisheries, Alaska, 1978-1984.

		Number of			•
	District	Buyers	Gillnet	Purse	Beach
1984					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay	25 4 4	300 38 130	196 * *	* *
	Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	. <b>3</b> 8	66 189	*	* 10
1983					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	23 6 4 3 9	250 94 84 63 271	150 * * *	* * * 1
1982					_
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	33 3 3 2 7	200 107 84 75 237	135 * * *	* * * * -
1981					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	28 7 5 4 13	106 113 175 111 332	83 * *	* * *
1980					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	27 8 4 2 8	363 175 165 69 294	140 * * *	* * *
1979					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof 2 Norton Sound	33 2 1 7	350 61 41 - 50	175 * - 17	* * *
1978					
	Togiak Security Cove	16 3	40	25	*
	Norton Sound	1	11	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Gear prohibited.

1/ Refers to number of vessels in Togiak District only.

2/ Fishery not conducted.

Table 5. Pacific herring subsistence harvest (mt) and effort data from selected eastern Bering Sea areas, Alaska, 1975—1984. 1/

Village	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
		<u>_</u>		Nelson	Island					
Tununak Umkumiut Toksook Bay	19.8 30.0 31.0	13.9 8.5 31.8	51.9 2.8 19.3	34.6 10.4 33.5	31.0 7.5 46.5	59.2 3.1 26.6	36.0 9.0 13.0	43.8 0 31.6	85.0 _	<u>-</u> -
Total	80.8	61.2	74.0	78.5	85.0	88.9	58.0	75.4	85.0	_
Number of Fish ing Familes	109	42	90	83	54	70	93	65	43	_
			Yu	kon-Kusk	okwim De	lta				
Scammon Bay Chevak Hooper Bay Kwigillingok	2.5	0.6 0.6 2.7 9.6	0.1 2.1 0.9	0.6 3.5	5.4 2.1 2.8 7.2	2.8 3.2 3.3 12.0	6.9 1.7 3.6	3.5 1.8 4.2 12.0 2	2.3 1.3 4.7	3.9 2.3 3.7
Total	2.5	13.5	3.1	4.1	17.5	21.3	12.2	21.5	8.3	9.9
Number of Fish ing Families	34	49	39	29	106	80	45	64	37	46
	·			Areas	Combined				. •	
Total Catch	83.3	74.7	77.1	82.6	102.5	110.2	70.2	96.9	93.3	6.9
Number of Fish ing Families	143	91	129	112	160	150	138	129	80	46

 <sup>1/</sup> Other areas with small catches have been surveyed irregularly (1975-1978; estimated total coastal yearly subsistence catch averaged 100 m.t.).
 2/ Estimate based on post season observations.

Not surveyed.

Table 6. Relative abundance index (RAI) and estimated biomass of Pacific herring in the eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1978-1984.

District	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
		Relative A	Sbundance Index (	RAI) 1/			
Togiak	43,050	137,630	15,249	79,352	49,998	88,806	58,807
Security Cove	246	2,912	435	2,228	486 3/	1,602	3,219
Goodnews Bay	241	3 <b>,</b> 729	- 3/	1,593	- 3/	815	2 <b>,</b> 579
Nelson Island	1,079	- 3/	- 3/	1,072	- 3/	2,515	8,300
Nunivak Island	215	-		5		2,300	5,062
Cape Romanzof	539	- 3/	- 3/	- 4/	- 4/	- 5/	3 <b>,</b> 060 6/
Norton Sound	1,277	1,860	2,242	6,516	4,548	6,796	·13,798
Total	46,647	146,131+	17,926+	90,766+	55,032+	102,534	94,825
		Estimat	ed Biomass in m.	t. 2/			
Toqiak	172,600	216,800	62,300	143,900	88,800	128,600	104,200
Security Cove	1,200	19,500	ري 1,100	7,500	4,600 3/	5,800	4,600
Goodnews Bay	400	6,700 3/	1,100 3/	3,900	2,400 3/	2,900	3,700
Nelson Island	5,400	5,400 3/	5,400 3/	3,600	3,600 3/	6,600	10,000
Nunivak Island	731	-	<b>-</b> '	17	_	6,900	6,074
Cape Romanzof	2,700	2,700 3/	2,700 3/	4,400 4/	4,400 4/	5,000	5,500
Norton Sound	4,800	7,000	7,600	20,800	15,800	25,500	21,000
Total	187,831	258,100	80,200	186,117	119,600	181,300	155,074
% Fluction 7/	-	40	<69>	132	<36>	. 52	<14>

<sup>1/</sup> Number of fish schools equivalent to 50 m surface area, unadjusted for presence of non-herring pelagic species.

<sup>2/</sup> Adjusted for presence of non-herring pelagic species. Estimates for 1978 and 1979 represent low end of estimate ranges from Barton and Steinhoff (1980), 1980 estimates from Kingsbury (1980).

<sup>3/</sup> Incomplete data due to inclement weather and/or turbid waters, biomass estimates are questionable and are based on 1978, 1979 or 1981 data.

<sup>4/</sup> No aerial surveys made, 1981 and 1983 estimates based upon assumption that commercial harvest represented 15 percent of total biomass; 1981 estimate used for 1982.

<sup>5/</sup> No satisfactory aerial survey made, 1983 estimate based on assumption of slight increase in biomass over previous year.

<sup>6/</sup> No satisfactory aerial survey made, 1984 estimate based on assumption of slight increase in biomass over previous year.

<sup>7/</sup> Based on prior year bicmass estimate.

collect Pacific herring samples within Togiak District. A total of 11,731 Pacific herring was sampled during 1984 from all districts and the Nelson Island area.

#### RESULTS

An overall total of 155,100 mt of Pacific herring was estimated to have been present during the 1984 spawning season (Table 6). This estimate was 14% lower than the spawning population observed in 1983 and is the smallest recorded fluctuation in population size for consecutive years since 1978. Total spawn sightings for all districts in 1984 was a record 207 linear km of milt: 99 km for Togiak, 24 km for Security Cove/Goodnews Bay, 2 km for Cape Romanzof and 69 km for Norton Sound. An additional 13 km of milt was observed during surveys of the Nelson-Nunivak Island area. Most spawning occurred 18-19 May in Togiak, 19-25 May in Security Cove, 30 May - 7 June in Cape Romanzof and 10-18 June in Norton Sound. In general, spawn deposition was extensive and egg density was moderate (i.e. usually not more than four layers thick) in all districts.

Age composition analyses indicated that 6 and 7 year old Pacific herring (1978 and 1977 year classes, respectively) comprised about 70% of the total spawning population in all districts (Figures 3 and 4). Five year old herring (1979 year class) accounted for 13% of the population with 4 year old herring (1980 year class) comprising about 2% of the Togiak and Security Cove/Goodnews Bay population, and about 4% of the Cape Romanzof and Norton Sound populations.

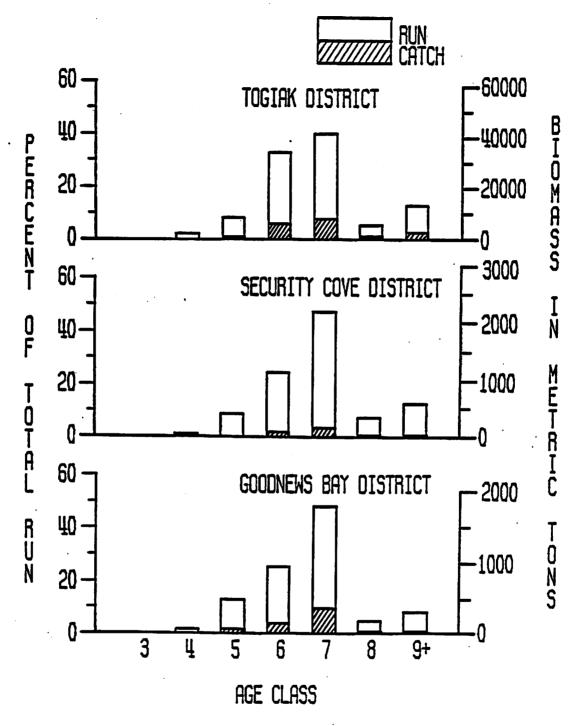


Figure 3. Age composition of Pacific herring in spawning populations and commercial catches in Togiak, Security Cove and Goodnews Bay commercial herring fishing districts, eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1984.

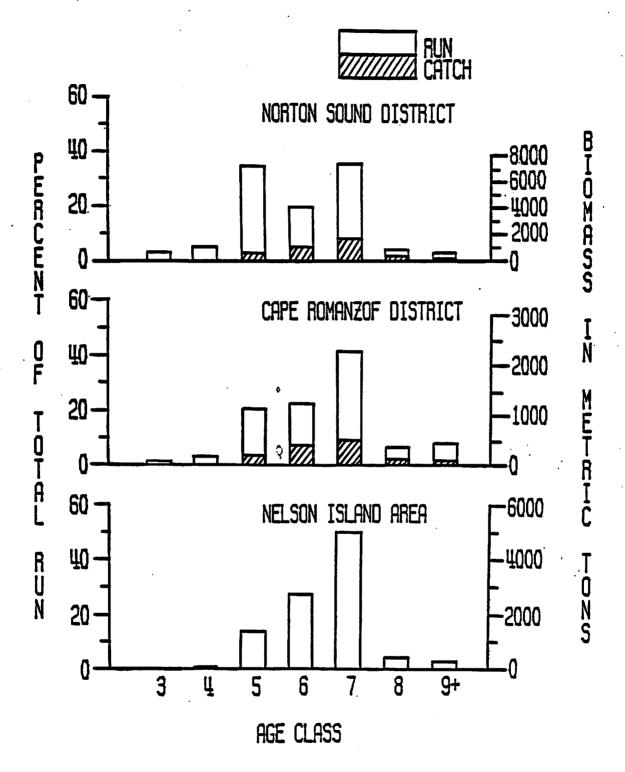


Figure 4. Age composition of Pacific herring in spawning populations and commercial catches in Norton Sound and Cape Romanzof commercial herring fishing districts and the Nelson-Nunivak Island area, eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1984.

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NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR ALL AREAS

SPECIES	ADFG	WDF	DAP	JVP	DAH W	. GERMANY	Japan	KOREA	POLAND	
ARROWTOOTH FLOUNDER	0.4	-	: 0.4		0.4					
ENGLISH SOLE	_	0.1	0.1	_	0.1	_	-	-	-	-
PETRALE SOLE	TR	_	TR	_	TR	_	-	-	-	-
STARRY FLOUNDER	63.3	26.6	89.9	_	89.9	_	<b>-</b>	-	-	-
YELLOWFIN SOLE	-	_	_	25639.6	25639.6	_	32925.7	15469.3	-	48395.1
OTHER FLATFISH	TR	_	TR	_	TR	_	<b>4</b> -7-1017	10.0770	-	100,011
UNSP. FLATFISH	239.8	_	239.8	13056.0	13295.8	1.2	28488.5	3615.7	0.2	32105.6
ALL FLATFISH	303.5	26.8	330.2	38695.6	39025.9	1.2	61414.2	19085.0	0.2	80500.7
BLACK ROCKFISH	13.0	_	13.0	_	13.0	_	_	_	_	
CANARY ROCKFISH	3.9	-	3.9	_	3.9	_	_	_	_	-
SILVERGREY ROCKFISH	TR	_	TR	_	TR	_	_	_	_	-
YELLOWEYE ROCKFISH	102.4	_	102.4	_	102.4	_	_	_	_	
YELLOWTAIL ROCKFISH	1.5	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	_	_	_	_
OTHER ROCKFISH	51.7	_	51.7	_	51.7	_	_	_	_	-
SEBASTES COMPLEX	172.6	_	172.6	-	172.6	-	_	_	_	<u> </u>
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	37.8	-	37.8	-	37.8	_	_	_	_	_
THORNYHEADS	10.3	_	10.3	_	10.3	_	-	_	_	_ [
UNSP. ROCKFISH	350.4	0.5	350.9	2234.5	2585.4	1.7	3302.1	46.2	_	3350.0
ALL ROCKFISH	571.1	0.5	571.6	2234.5	2806.1	1.7	3302.1	46.2	-	3350.0
ATKA MACKEREL	_	_	_	36910.0	36910.0	0.3	265.7	6.2	_	272.2
LINGCOD	56.6	0.2	56.8	-	56.8	_	_	_	_	
PACIFIC COD	18393.3	8808.7	27202.0	32958.1	60160.1	72.3	29559.3	3652.7	0.4	37
HALLEYE POLLOCK	402.4	135.1	537.5	396330.2	396867.7	14365.4	368415.2	112513.4	256.9	495.
SABLEFISH	3506.5	103.3	3609.8	583.8	4193.6	1.4	968.5	40.6	_	1010.5
OTHER ROUNDFISH	1.7	-	1.7	_	1.7	_	_		_	_
ALL ROUNDFISH	22360.5	9047.4	31407.9	466782.1	498190.0	14439.4	399208.7	116213.0	257.3	530118.4
SPINY DOGFISH	TR	_	TR	_	TR	_	_	_	_	
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	21.4	_	21.4	3430.5	3451.9	11.6	3765.9	407.5	_	4185.0
MISC. GROUNDFISH	21.4	-	21.4	3430.5	3451.9	11.6	3765.9	407.5	-	4185.0
ALL GROUNDFISH	23256.5	9074.6	32331.1	511142.8	543473.9	14453.9	467691.0	135751.7	257.5	618154.0
PACIFIC HALIBUT	-	794.7	794.7	_	794.7	_	_			

NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR ALL AREAS

SPECIES	TOTAL
ARROWTOOTH FLOUNDER	0.4
ENGLISH SOLE	0.1
PETRALE SOLE	TR
STARRY FLOUNDER	89.9
YELLOWFIN SOLE	74034.7
OTHER FLATFISH	TR
UNSP. FLATFISH	45401.4
ALL FLATFISH	119526.5
BLACK ROCKFISH	13.0
CANARY ROCKFISH	3.9
SILVERGREY ROCKFISH	TR
YELLOWEYE ROCKFISH	102.4
YELLOWTAIL ROCKFISH	1.5
OTHER ROCKFISH	51.7
SEBASTES COMPLEX	172.6
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	37.8
THORNYHEADS	10.3
UNSP. ROCKFISH	5935.4
ALL ROCKFISH	6156.1
ATKA MACKEREL	37182.2
LINGCOD	56.8
PACIFIC COD	93444.8
AALLEYE POLLOCK	892418.7
SABLEFISH	5204.1
OTHER ROUNDFISH	1.7
ALL ROUNDFISH	1028308.3
SPINY DOGFISH	TR
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	7636.9
MISC. GROUNDFISH	7636.9
ALL GROUNDFISH	1161627.9
PACIFIC HALIBUT	794.7

NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR ALEUTIAN AREA

SPECIES	ADFG	WBF	DAP	JVP	DAH W	. GERMANY	JAPAN	KOREA	POLAND	
YELLOWFIN SOLE				7.3	7.3		TR			TR
LINSP. FLATFISH	_	-	-	377.7	377.7	0.2	1290.2	_	_	1290.4
ALL FLATFISH	-	-	-	385.0	385.0	0.2	1290.2	-	-	1290.5
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	2.3	_	2.3	-	2.3	_	-	_	-	, -
UNSP. ROCKFISH	-	_	-	463.3	463.3	0.8	466.1	_	_	466.9
ALL ROCKFISH	2.3	-	2.3	463.3	465.6	0.8	466.1	-	-	466.9
ATKA MACKEREL	_	-	_	36535.7	36535.7	0.3	11.3	_		11.6
PACIFIC COD	260.4	8808.5	9068.9	6334.7	15403.6	18.1	528.1	0.3	_	546.5
WALLEYE POLLOCK	9.5	135.1	144.5	6509.5	6654.0	8698.6	34525.0	11358.5	_	54582.0
SABLEFISH	_	4.7	4.7	279.3	284.0	0.7	260.4	_	_	261.1
ALL ROUNDFISH	269.8	8948.3	9218.1	49659.2	58877.3	8717.6	35324.9	11358.8	-	55401.3
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	_	_	_	1488.8	1488.8	7.4	111.4	0.1		118.9
MISC. GROUNDFISH	-	-	-	1488.8	1488.8	7.4	111.4	0.1	-	118.9
ALL GROUNDFISH	272.1	8948.3	9220.4	51996.3	61216.7	8726.1	37192.6	11358.9		57277.6
PACIFIC HALIBUT	_	19.8	19.8	_	19.8	_	_		_	

# NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR ALEUTIAN AREA

SPECIES	TOTAL
YELLOWFIN SOLE	7.4
UNSP. FLATFISH	1668.1
ALL FLATFISH	1675.5
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	2.3
UNSP. ROCKFISH	930.2
ALL ROCKFISH	932.5
ATKA MACKEREL	36547.4
PACIFIC COD	15950.1
WALLEYE POLLOCK	61236.0
SABLEFISH	545.1
ALL ROUNDFISH	114278.6
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	1607.7
MISC. GROUNDFISH	1607.7
ALL GROUNDFISH	118494.3
PACIFIC HALIBUT	19.8

NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR BERING SEA AREA

SPECIES	ADFG	WDF	DAP	JVP	DAH I	N. GERMANY	Japan	KOREA	POLAND	
YELLOWFIN SOLE	_	_	; -	25632.3	25632.3	• -	32925.7	15469.3		48395.0
UNSP. FLATFISH	_	_	_	10986.5	10986.5	1.0	25751.5	3518.5	0.2	29271.2
ALL FLATFISH	-	-	-	36618.8	36618.8	1.0	58677.2	18987.3	0.2	77666.2
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	6.7	_	6.7	_	6.7					:
UNSP. ROCKFISH	8.8	_	8.8	135.1	144.0	0.9	149.3	7.9	-	158.0
ALL ROCKFISH	15.5	-	15.5	135.1	150.7	0.9	149.3	7.9	-	158.0
atka Mackerel	_	_	_	15.9	15.9		3.2	2.6		5.8
PACIFIC COD	16047.9	_	16047.9	23606.9	39654.8	54.2	16734.6	3546.1	0.4	20335.3
WALLEYE POLLOCK	64.0	_	64.0	210232.3	210296.4	5666.8	315584.3	91006.9	256.9	412514.9
SABLEFISH	38.8	_	38.8	56.2	94.9	0.7	396.0	15.8	200.7	412.5
ALL ROUNDFISH	16150.7	-	16150.7	233911.4	250062.1	5721.7	332718.0	94571.4	257.3	433268.5
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	_	_	_	808.2	808.2	4.2	3324.7	385.9		3714.8
MISC. GROUNDFISH	-	-	-	808.2	808.2	4.2	3324.7	385.9	-	3714.8
ALL GROUNDFISH	16166.2	-	16166.2	271473.6	287639.8	5727.8	394869.1	113953.1	257.5	514807.5

NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR BERING SEA AREA

SPECIES	TOTAL
YELLOWFIN SOLE	74027.4
UNSP. FLATFISH	40257.7
ALL FLATFISH	114285.0
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	6.7
UNSP. ROCKFISH	302.0
ALL ROCKFISH	308.7
ATKA MACKEREL	21.7
PACIFIC COD	59990.2
HALLEYE POLLOCK	622811.2
SABLEFISH	507.4
ALL ROUNDFISH	683330.5
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	4523.0
MISC. GROUNDFISH	4523.0
ALL GROUNDFISH	802447.3

NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR WESTERN AREA

SPECIES	ADFG	WDF	DAP	JVP	DAH V	. GERMANY	Japan	KOREA	POLAND	
UNSP. FLATFISH	1	- 4	_	134.7	134.7		114.0	97.2		211.2
ALL FLATFISH	<u> </u>	-	-	134.7	134.7	-	114.0	97.2	-	211.2
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	25.6	_	25.6	_	25.6	_	_	_	_	: <u>_</u>
UNSP. ROCKFISH		_	_	1396.9	1396.9	_	140.0	38.3	_	178.3
ALL ROCKFISH	25.6	_	25.6	1396.9	1422.5	-	140.0	38.3	_	178.3
ATKA MACKEREL	\	_	_	351.2	351.2	_	193.0	3.5	_	196.5
PACIFIC COD	16.4	_	16.4	138.7	155.1	_	9727.6	106.3	_	9834.0
WALLEYE POLLOCK	; <u> </u>	_	_	271.4	271.4	_	614.6	10148.1	_	10762.6
SABLEFISH	15.4	_	15.4	120.9	136.3	_	263.9	24.8	_	288.7
ALL ROUNDFISH	31.9	-	31.9	882.1	914.0	-	10799.1	10282.8	-	21091.8
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	_	_	_	28.3	28.3		178.0	21.5		199.4
MISC. GROUNDFISH	: -	-	_	28.3	28.3	-	178.0	21.5	-	199.4
ALL GROUNDFISH	57.5	_	57.5	2442.0	2499.5		11231.1	10439.7		21670.8
PACIFIC HALIBUT	-	185.9	185.9	211217	185.9	<u>-</u>	1120111	4V1J/4/	-	210/0.0

NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR WESTERN AREA

SPECIES	TOTAL
UNSP. FLATFISH	345.9
ALL FLATFISH	345.9
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	25.6
UNSP. ROCKFISH	1575.2
ALL ROCKFISH	1600.8
atka mackerel	547.7
PACIFIC COD	9989.1
HALLEYE POLLOCK	11034.0
SABLEFISH	425.1
ALL ROUNDFISH	21995.8
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	227.8
MISC. GROUNDFISH	227.8
ALL GROUNDFISH	24170 2
PACIFIC HALIBUT	24170.3
LUCILIC UHTIBOI	185.9

# NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR CENTRAL AREA

PART 1 PAGE 5

SPECIES	ADFG	WDF	DAP	JVP	DAH W	. GERMANY	JAPAN	KOREA	POLAND	F
ARROWTOOTH FLOUNDER	0.4		0.4		0.4		-		_	
OTHER FLATFISH	TR	_	` TR	_	TR	_	_	_		
UNSP. FLATFISH	239.4	_	239.4	1557.1	1796.5	_	1332.8	-	-	1332.8
ALL FLATFISH	239.8	-	239.8	1557.1	1796.9	_	1332.8	-	-	1332.8
BLACK ROCKFISH	5.1	_	5.1	_	5.1	_	_	_	_	_
SEBASTES COMPLEX	5.1	_	5 <b>.</b> i	_	5.1	_	-	_	_	_
UNSP. ROCKFISH	16.8	_	16.8	239.1	256.0	_	2546.7	_	_	2546.7
ALL ROCKFISH	21.9	-	21.9	239.1	261.1	-	2546.7	-	_	2546.7
ATKA MACKEREL	_	_	_	7.1	7.1	_	58.2	_		58.2
LINGCOD	0.1	_	0.1	_	0.1	_		_	_	-
PACIFIC COD	2049.1	_	2049.1	2877.8	4926.9	-	2568.9	_	_	2568.9
WALLEYE POLLOCK	329.0	_	329.0	179317.1	179646.0	_	17691.4	_		17691.4
SABLEFISH	875.7	7.5	883.2	127.4	1010.6	_	48.2	_	_	48.2
ALL ROUNDFISH	3253.9	7.5	3261.4	182329.4	185590.8	_	20366.7	-	_	20366.7
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	0.1	_	0.1	1105.2	1105.3	_	151.8	_	_	151.8
MISC. GROUNDFISH	0.1	-	0.1	1105.2	1105.3	_	151.8	-	-	151.8
ALL GROUNDFISH	3515.7	7.5	3523.2	185230.8	188754.0	_	24398.1	_	_	24398.1
PACIFIC HALIBUT	_	491.5	491.5	· _	491.5	-	_	_	_	_

NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR CENTRAL AREA

	,
SPECIES	TOTAL
ARROWTOOTH FLOUNDER	0.4
OTHER FLATFISH	TR
UNSP. FLATFISH	3129.3
ALL FLATFISH	8129.7
BLACK ROCKFISH	5.1
SEBASTES COMPLEX	5.1
UNSP. ROCKFISH	2802.7
ALL ROCKFISH	2807.8
atka MacKerel	65.4
LINGCOD	0.1
PACIFIC COD	7495.8
WALLEYE POLLOCK	197337.4
SABLEFISH	1058.8
ALL ROUNDFISH	205957.5
	1
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	1257.1
MISC. GROUNDFISH	1257.1
ALL GROUNDFISH	213152.1
PACIFIC HALIBUT	491.5
	( ,,,,,,

THIS REPORT INCLUDES ONLY DATA FOR NORTH PACIFIC COUNCIL INPFC AREAS
TR => LANDED CATCH LESS THAN 0.05 METRIC TONS, OR METRIC TONS PER DELIVERY LESS THAN 0.005

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NPFHC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR EASTERN AREA

SPECIES	ADFG	WDF	DAP	JVP	DAH W.	GERMANY	Japan	KOREA	POLAND	F
ENGLISH SOLE		0.1	. 0.1		0.1	_				
PETRALE SOLE	TR	_	TR	_	TR	_	_	_	_	
STARRY FLOUNDER	63.3	26.6	89.9	_	89.9	_	_	_	_	
UNSP. FLATFISH	0.4	_	0.4	_	0.4	_	_	_	_	:
ALL FLATFISH	63.7	26.8	90.5	-	90.5	-	-	-	-	
BLACK ROCKFISH	7.9	-	7.9	_	7.9	_	_	_	_	
CANARY ROCKFISH	3.9	_	3.9	_	3.9	_	_	_	_	
SILVERGREY ROCKFISH	TR	_	TR	_	TR	_	_	_	_	
YELLOWEYE ROCKFISH	102.4	-	102.4	-	102.4	_	_	_	_	
YELLOWTAIL ROCKFISH	1.5	_	1.5	_	1.5	-	_	_	_	
OTHER ROCKFISH	51.7	-	51.7	_	51.7	-	_	_	_	
SEBASTES COMPLEX	167.5	-	167.5	_	167.5	_	-	_	_	
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	3.2	_	3.2	_	3.2	_	-	_	_	
THORNYHEADS	10.3	_	10.3	_	10.3	_	_	_	_	
UNSP. ROCKFISH	324.8	0.5	325.2	-	325.2	_	-	-	-	
ALL ROCKFISH	505.8	0.5	506.3	-	506.3	-	-	-	-	
LINGCOD	56.5	0.2	56.7	_	56.7	_	_	_	_	
PACIFIC COD	19.5	0.2	19.7	_	19.7	_	_	_	_	
SABLEFISH	2576.6	91.2	2667.7	_	2667.7	_	-		_	
OTHER ROUNDFISH	1.7	-	1.7	_	1.7	_	_	-	_	
ALL ROUNDFISH	2654.2	91.6	2745.8	-	2745.8	-	-	-	-	
SPINY DOGFISH	TR	_	TR	_	TR	_	_	_		1
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	21.3	_	21.3	_	21.3	_	_	_	_	
MISC. GROUNDFISH	21.3	-	21.3	_	21.3	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	
ALL GROUNDFISH	3245.1	118.9	3363.9	_	3363.9					
PACIFIC HALIBUT	_	97.5	97.5	_	97.5	_	-	-	-	

THIS REPORT INCLUDES ONLY DATA FOR NORTH PACIFIC COUNCIL INPFC AREAS
TR => LANDED CATCH LESS THAN 0.05 METRIC TONS, OR METRIC TONS PER DELIVERY LESS THAN 0.005

NPFMC SOURCE REPORT: COMMERCIAL GROUNDFISH LANDED CATCH (METRIC TONS) FOR 1984 FOR EASTERN AREA

			Officer	WILLIATO 10831 FO	N 1304 LOW FH21FF	IN AKEA	
SPECIES	TOTAL						
- ENGLISH SOLE	0.1						
PETRALE SOLE	TR	•					
STARRY FLOUNDER	89.9						
UNSP. FLATFISH	0.4						
ALL FLATFISH	90.5						
BLACK ROCKFISH	7.9						
CANARY ROCKFISH	3.9						
SILVERGREY ROCKFISH	TR						
YELLOWEYE ROCKFISH	102.4						
YELLOWTAIL ROCKFISH	1.5						
OTHER ROCKFISH	51.7						
SEBASTES COMPLEX	167.5						
PACIFIC OCEAN PERCH	3.2						
THURNYHEADS	10.3						
UNSP. ROCKFISH	325.2						
ALL ROCKFISH	506.3						
LINGCOD	56.7						
PACIFIC COD	19.7						
SABLEFISH	2667.7						
OTHER ROUNDFISH	1.7	•					
ALL ROUNDFISH	2745.8						
SPINY DOGFISH	TR						
UNSP. GROUNDFISH	21.3	Ş					
MISC. GROUNDFISH	21.3	·				Manager Control	Markey or
ALL GROUNDFISH	3363.9						
PACIFIC HALIBUT	97.5						
•	<del></del>						

THIS REPORT INCLUDES ONLY DATA FOR NORTH PACIFIC COUNCIL INPFC AREAS
TR => LANDED CATCH LESS THAN 0.05 METRIC TONS, OR METRIC TONS PER DELIVERY LESS THAN 0.005

#### PRELIMINARY 1984 ALASKA DAP GROUNDFISH HARVEST SUMMARY

(Round Weight in Metric Tons)

	Eastern Gulf	Central Gulf	Western Gulf	Bering Sea	Aleutians	Total
Pollock	٥	330	0	149.7	12.3	<b>49</b> 2
Sablefish	5008	2870.4	155.6	38.7	0	8072.7
Pacific Cod	19.5	2072.7	16.4	20438.4	345.5	22892.5
Flounder	63.7	239.8	0	0	0	303.5
Pacific O. Perch	3.2	0	25.6	6.7	2.3	37.8
Rockfish	502.5	22	0	8.8	0	533.3
Atka Mackerel	٥	٥	0	a	0	0
Other	79.5	0.2	0	0	0	79.7
Total	5676.4	5535.1	197.6	20642.3	360.1	32411.5

Alaska Dept. of Fish and Game 22-Sep-84

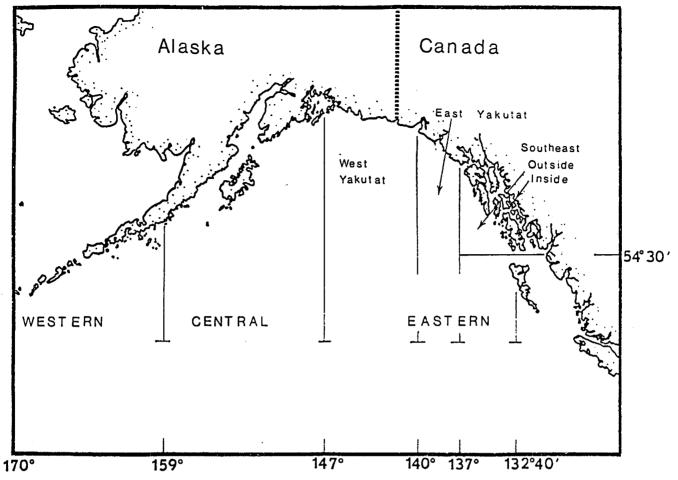
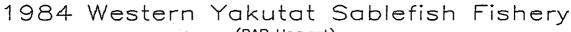


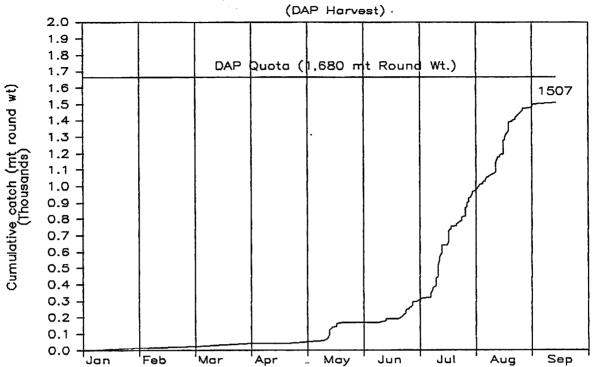
Figure 1 -- Regulatory Areas of the Gulf of Alaska (FMP)

## PRELIMINARY 1984 GULF OF ALASKA SABLEFISH DAP HARVEST (22-Sep-84)

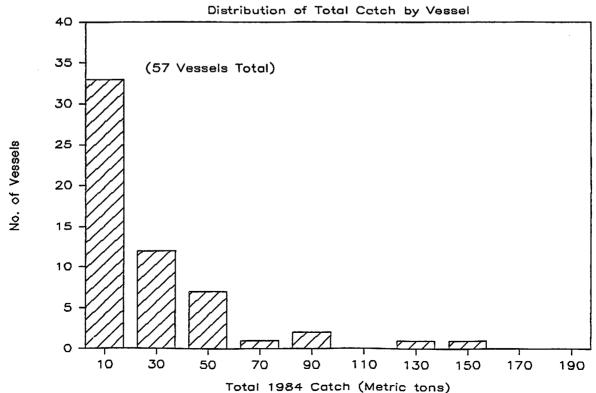
### (Round Weight in Metric Tons)

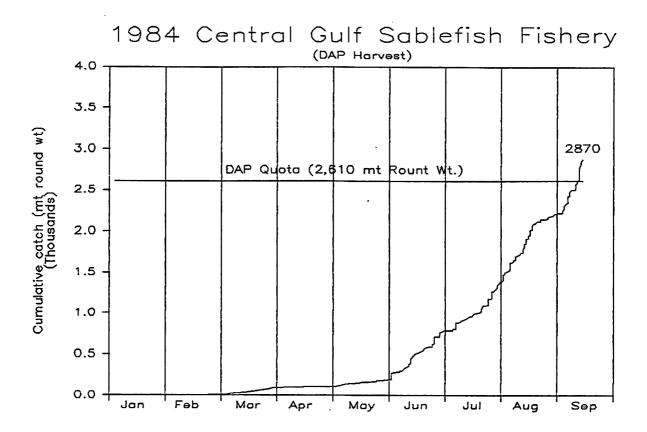
Clarence Strait/Dixon Entrance:	148.0
Chatham Strait:	846.0
Southeast Outside & East Yakutat:	2654.0
West Yakutat:	1507.9
Central Gulf:	2870.4
Western Gulf:	155.6

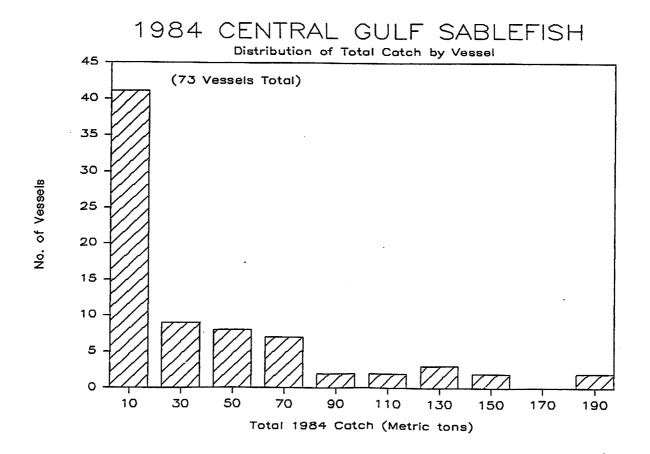




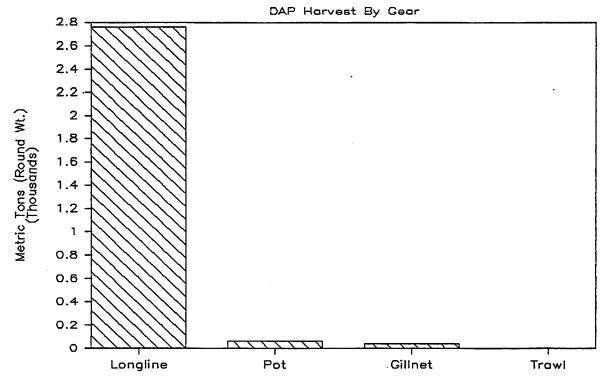
## 1984 WESTERN YAKUTAT SABLEFISH







# Central Gulf Sablefish



# Preliminary 1984 Sablefish Harvest (Round Weight in Metric Tons)

	Central Gulf		SE & E. Yakutat	Chatham	Clarence/ Dixon
Longline Pot Gillnet Trawl	2757.0 62.5 41.9 9.0	1507.1 0.0 0.9 0.0	2654.0	846.0	
Total:	2870.4	1507.9	2654.0	846.0	148.0

#### PACIFIC HERRING STOCKS AND FISHERIES IN THE EASTERN BERING SEA, ALASKA, 1984

A Report to the North Pacific Fisheries Management Council

September 1984

Prepared by:

Robert C. Lebida, Craig Whitmore, and Gene J. Sandone

Alaska Department of Fish and Game Division of Commercial Fisheries 333 Raspberry Road Anchorage, Alaska 99502

#### INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes current 1984 information on eastern Bering Sea Pacific herring stocks and fisheries conducted within Alaskan waters. A more detailed account of this information is presented in Lebida et. al. (in press).

#### COMMERCIAL FISHERIES

A total of 25,989 mt of Pacific herring was harvested in the eastern Bering Sea herring sac roe commercial fishing districts and Aleutian Islands food and bait fishery during 1984 (Figures 1 and 2, Table 1). This was the third largest total harvest recorded in the history of these fisheries. Exploitation of estimated spawning biomass in the commercial fishing districts was 16.4% (Table 2). Wastage of herring, mostly due to abandoned gear and loss of gear to sea ice movement, was estimated to be less than 300 mt for all districts combined. Spawn on rockweed kelp harvests in Togiak and Norton Sound Districts totaled 202 mt (Table 3). Value of total herring and spawn on kelp harvests to fishermen was estimated to be \$8.9 million (Tables 2 and 3). A total of 45 buyers participated in the herring sac roe fishery in all districts in 1984 compared to 44 during 1983 (Table 4). Number of fishermen increased in Togiak, Goodnews Bay and Cape Romanzof Districts, but decreased from 1983 levels in the other districts.

#### SUBSISTENCE FISHERIES

A minimum estimated total of 10 mt of Pacific herring were harvested by 46 families from 3 villages in the Yukon delta area (Table 5). Subsistence surveys were not conducted during 1984 in the Nelson Island and Kuskokwim delta areas.

#### STOCK ASSESSMENT

#### Methods

Aerial surveys were conducted within all districts to estimate relative abundance, distribution and biomass of herring schools. Methods of data collection have previously been described (Barton and Steinhoff 1980; Fried 1983). A total of 172 hours was spent in aerial assessment surveys: 83 hours for Togiak, 20 hours for Security Cove/Goodnews Bay, 8 hours for Nelson-Nunivak Islands, 2 hours for Cape Romanzof and 59 hours for Norton Sound. During the season, standard conversion factors of 1.2 (water depth 5 m or less), 2.5 (water depth greater than 5 m) and 3.0 (school very dense and dark in appearance) mt per 50 m2 school surface area were used in analyses of aerial survey data. Assessment of Pacific herring within Cape Romanzof District continues to be a problem, since aerial surveys cannot be conducted due to consistantly turbid water. Studies are being conducted to determine whether spawning herring population size estimates can be made from egg deposition surveys. Taking into consideration harvest size, fishing effort and spawn deposition extent and intensity, the Cape Romanzof Pacific herring spawning biomass was estimated at about 5,500 mt (Table 6).

Test fishing with variable mesh gillnets and sampling of commercial landings were conducted in all districts to determine age, size and sexual maturity of Pacific herring. Volunteer purse seine and gillnet vessels were also used to

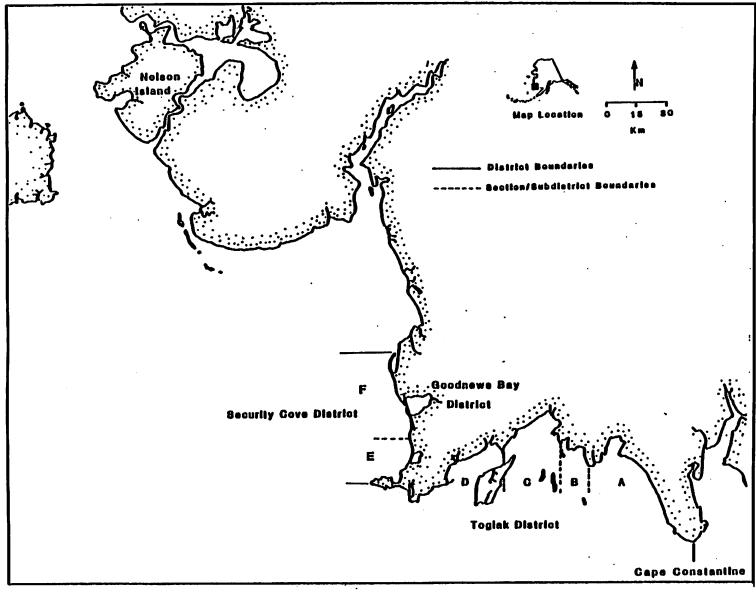


Figure 1. Togiak (A = Kulukak, B = Nunavachak, C = Togiak, D = Hagemeister Sections), Security Cove (E = Security Cove, F = Red Mt. Subdistricts) and Goodnews Bay Pacific herring commercial fishing districts in the eastern Bering Sea, Alaska.

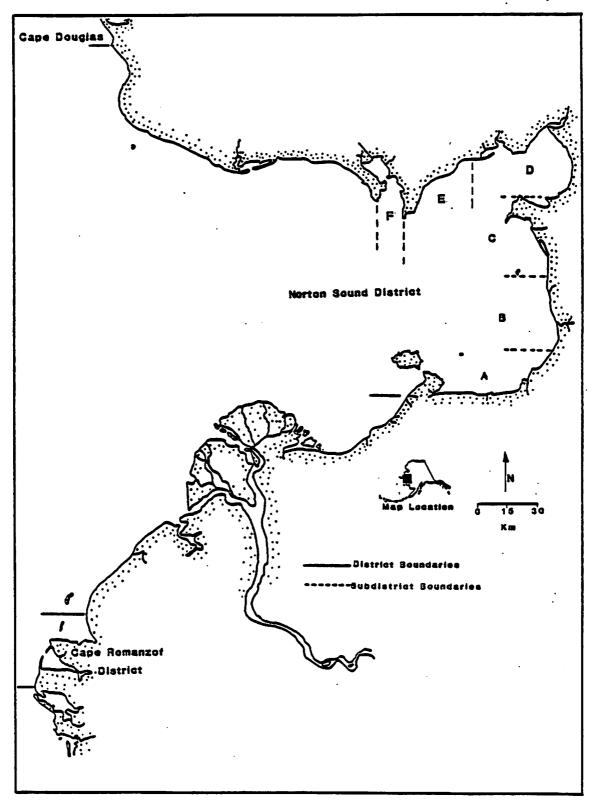


Figure 2. Cape Romanzof and Norton Sound (A = St. Michael, B = Unalakleet, C = Cape Denbigh, D = Norton Bay, E = Elim, F = Golovin Bay Subdistricts) Pacific herring commercial fishing districts in the eastern Bering Sea, Alaska.

Table 1. Pacific herring and herring spawn on kelp harvests by domestic commercial fishermen in the eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1909-1984.

		 	 	1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	958 958 958 958 1338 1338 1466 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	958	1,738 958 2,727 1,438 1,438 1,251 1,251 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•	,	•	•	·	·	7,53 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 1	10,753 51,636 10,636	7,030 11,715 12,74 13,74 13,74 14,74 15,74 16,74 17,74 17,74	11,771,535
•	111	 	 			***************************************	***************************************		111 * 1 * 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	រៈ រៈ រៈ » រៈ » រៈ	2.8682.*.*	] 4 Z 1 B & B Z 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 * 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 .	50 L 4 L 2 L 2 L 2 L 2 L 2 L 2 L 2 L 2 L 2			ω ·	<u>β</u>
	1 ,	 	 			*!!!!!!!!!!!!	***!!!!!!!!!!!!!		***************************************	11111*1*1111111111111			111111111111111111111111111	 23. 24. 24. t. 1. t. t. 1. t. t. t. * t. * 1. t. 1. t			1,0466 653 554

<sup>\*%%</sup>٢ Pre 1964 harvest primarily in summer and fall for food; post 1964 harvest primarily in spring for sac roe. Fishery occurred some years but harvest data unavailable. Additional 3 mt harvested from imported kelp (Macrocystus sp). No commercial operations reported.

No commercial operations reported.

Mastage not included (mt): a= 5,200; b=5; c=544; d=1-5; e=140; f=52; g=80.

Table 2. Estimated biomass and commercial harvest of Pacific herring in eastern Bering Sea fishing districts, Alaska, 1978-1984.

Distri	i.ct.	Bicmass (m.t.)	Harvest (m.t.)	Roe %	Estimated Value (\$)	% Biomass Harvested
1984						
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	104,200 4,600 3,700 5,500 21,000	17,529 f 294 e 605 d 1,075 3,240 c	9.8 11.8 10.1 8.6 10.3	7,178,400 110,000 150,000 355,000 876,000	16.8 6.4 16.4 19.5 15.4
	Total	139,000	22,743	9.8	8,669,400	16.4
1983					•	
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound Total	128,600 5,800 2,900 5,000 25,500 167,800	24,486 b 973 395 740 4,156 30,750	8.8 9.4 9.4 9.0 8.6 8.8	10,517,300 422,300 184,800 367,100 1,519,200	19.1 16.8 13.6 14.8 16.3
1982					•	
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	88,800 4,600 2,400 4,400 15,800	19,556 737 441 596 3,567	8.8 9.3 9.5 9.3 8.8	6,174,300 271,000 187,900 221,700 1,046,200	22.0 16.0 18.4 13.6 22.6
1981	Total	116,000	24,897	8.9	7,630,100	. 21.5
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	143,900 7,500 3,900 4,400 22,800	11,374 1,064 596 653 3,965	9.1 8.1 7.7 8.0 8.8	3,988,000 347,070 196,170 211,260 1,500,000	7.9 14.2 15.3 15.0 17.3
1980	Total	182,500	17,652	8.9	6,242,500	9.7
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	62,300 1,100 1,100 2,700 7,600	17,774 a 632 406 554 2,224	9.2 8.2 9.5 9.8 8.1	3,205,000 151,000 97,000 132,000 500,500	28.5 57.4 36.9 20.5 29.3
1979	Total	74,800	21,590	8.8	4,085,500	28.9
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	216,800 19,500 6,700 2,700 7,000	10,115 385 82 0 1,172	8.6 8.5 4.7 7.0	6,700,000 327,000 38,500 628,200	4.7 2.0 1.2 0.0 16.7
1978	Total	252,700	12,406	8.0	7,694,000	4.9
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	172,600 1,200 400 2,700 4,800	7,033 259 0 0 13	8.2	2,300,000	4.1 21.6 0.0 0.0 0.3
	Totals	181,700	7,305	8.2	2,300,000	4.0

Wastage not included (mt): a=5,200; b=544; c=80; d=42; e=10; f=140.

Table 3. Commercial harvest of Pacific herring spawn on rockweek kelp in eastern Bering Sea fishing districts, Alaska, 1978-1984.

	District	Harvest (m, t.)	Number of Buyers	Number of Pickers	Estimated Value (\$)
1984		_			
	Togiak Norton Sound	184.4 17.5 1/	6 3	· 330 32	203,300 21,500
	Total	201.9			224,800
1983					
	Togiak Norton Sound	122.8 25.0 b	1	125 35	284,400 38,500
	Total	147.8			233,778
1982			ŧ		
	Togiak Norton Sound	106.5 34.9	8 1	214 74	176,193 57,585
1981	Total	141.4			233,778
<u> </u>	Togiak Norton Sound	171.9 37.2 a	7	108 22	250,000 45,000 2/
1980	Total	209.1			295,000
	Togiak Norton Sound	86.0 22.2	21 1	78 20	94,600 73,000
1979	Total	108.2			167,600
	Togiak Norton Sound	188.0 11.8	16 1	100 19	248,160 15,576
1978	Total	199.8			263,736
	Togiak Norton Sound	149.6 3.4	11	160 0	119,800 2,723
	Total	153.0			122,523

<sup>1/</sup> Additional 3.0 mt harvested from 2,000 lbs. imported kelp (Macrocystus sp)
at estimated value of \$20,000.

Wastage not included (mt): a=5; b=1.5.

Table 4. Number of buyers and fishermen participating in eastern Bering Sea Pacific herring fisheries, Alaska, 1978-1984.

		Number	Number (	of fishermen Se	l/ ine
	District	of Buyers	Gillnet	Purse	Beach
1984					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	25 4 4 3 8	300 38 130 66 189	196 * * *	* * * 10
1983				•	
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	23 6 4 3 9	250 94 84 63 271	150 * * *	* * * 1
1982					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	33 3 3 2 7	200 107 84 75 237	135	* * * * *
1981					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	28 7 5 4 13	106 113 175 111 332	83 * * *	* * *
1980					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof Norton Sound	27 8 4 2 8	363 175 165 69 294	140 * * *	* * *
1979					
	Togiak Security Cove Goodnews Bay Cape Romanzof 2 Norton Sound	33 2 1 7	350 61 41 _ 50	175 * - 17	* * * -
1978					
	Togiak Security Cove Norton Sound	16 3 1	40 11	25 	* -

<sup>\*</sup> Gear prohibited.

1/ Refers to number of vessels in Togiak District only.

2/ Fishery not conducted.

Table 5. Pacific herring subsistence harvest (mt) and effort data from selected eastern Bering Sea areas, Alaska, 1975-1984. 1

e Aumber of Fish- ing Families	143	Τ6	129	775	09T	T20	138	173	08	9₹
क्षेत्रका क्षेत्रका	€. £8	L*\$L	T*	<b>6.28</b>	102.5	110.2	2.07	6°96	£ <b>.</b> £6	6°9
				Areas	Denidmo0					
Wimber of Fish- ing Families	34	617	68	52	90T	08	57	79	37	9₹
Total	2.5	5° ET	Τ*ε	T**	5° LT	27.3	12.2	27°2	£.8	6.6
Zwigillingok	-	9*6	6°0	_	2. T	12.0	_	75.0 2	- /	_
Hooper Bay	2.5	<b>L</b> *Z	Z.1	3.5	8.2	£. £	9∙£	Z.4	L**	7•ε
Cygninou Bay Scannon Bay	-	9°0	T.0	<b>9.</b> 0	2°7 2°7	8.2 3.2	<b>∠°</b> τ 6°9	8°T	2.3 1.3	3.9 2.3
				cou-kusk	okwim Del	, E3.				
									_	
Number of Fish- ing Familes	60T	42	06	28	79	04	£6	<b>S9</b>	43	-
Total	8.08	6T°5	0°₹	78*2	0.28	6.88	0.82	\$°\$L	0.28	
Toksook Bay	0°TE	8°TE	E*6T	33.5	S. 94	9°97	13.0	9°TE	_	_
<b>לוח</b> גינת בינד	30.0	5.8	8.2	₽•0T	5° L	3°T	0°6	0	-	-
Tununak	8.et	6° ET	6°TS	34.6	3T°0	Z*6S	0°9E	8. 54	0.28	-
				<u>Nejeou</u>	Island					-
Village	SL6T	9 <b>/</b> 6T	LL6T	8 <b>/6</b> T	6 <b>/</b> 6T	0861	T86T	Z86T	E86T	786T

Cosetal yearly subsistence catch averaged 100 m.t.).

2. Estimate based on post season observations.

- Not surveyed.

Ev.

Table 6. Relative abundance index (RAI) and estimated biomass of Pacific herring in the eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1978-1984.

District	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
		Relative i	Abundance Index	(RAI) 1/		•	
Togiak	43,050	. 137,630	15,249	79,352	49,998	88,806	58,807
Security Cove	246	2 <b>,</b> 912	435	2,228	486 3/	1,602	3,219
Goodnews Bay	241	3,729	- 3/	1,593	- 3/	815	2 <b>,</b> 579
Nelson Island	1,079	- 3/	- 3/	1,072	- 3/	2,515	8,300
Nunivak Island		_	-	5	-	2,300	5,062
Cape Romanzof	539	- 3/	- 3/	- 4/	- 4/	- 5/	3,060 6,
Norton Sound	1,277	1,860	2,242	6,516	4,548	6,796	13,798
Total	46,647	146,131+	17,926+	90,766+	55,032+	102,534	94,825
		Estimat	ced Biomass in r	n.t. 2/			
Togiak	172,600	216,800	62,300	143,900	88,800	128,600	104,200
Security Cove	1,200	19,500	1,100	7,500	4,600 3/	5,800	4,600
Goodnews Bay	400	·· 6,700 3/	1,100 3/	3,900	2,400 3/	2,900	3,700
Nelson Island	5,400	5,400 3/	5,400 3/	3,600	3,600 3/	6,600	10,000
Nunivak Island	731	-	<b>-</b> '	17	· <b>-</b> ·	6,900	6,074
Cape Romanzof	2,700	2,700 3/	2,700 3/	4,400 4/	4,400 4/	5,000	5,500
Norton Sound	4,800	7,000	7,600	20,800	15,800	25,500	21,000
Total	187,831	258,100	80,200	186,117	119,600	181,300	155,074
% Fluction 7/	-	40	<69>	132	<36>	. 52	<14>

<sup>1/</sup> Number of fish schools equivalent to 50 m surface area, unadjusted for presence of non-herring pelagic species.

<sup>2/</sup> Adjusted for presence of non-herring pelagic species. Estimates for 1978 and 1979 represent low end of estimate ranges from Barton and Steinhoff (1980), 1980 estimates from Kingsbury (1980).

<sup>3/</sup> Incomplete data due to inclement weather and/or turbid waters, biomass estimates are questionable and are based on 1978, 1979 or 1981 data.

<sup>4/</sup> No aerial surveys made, 1981 and 1983 estimates based upon assumption that commercial harvest represented 15 percent of total biomass; 1981 estimate used for 1982.

<sup>5/</sup> No satisfactory aerial survey made, 1983 estimate based on assumption of slight increase in biomass over previous year.

<sup>6/</sup> No satisfactory aerial survey made, 1984 estimate based on assumption of slight increase in biomass over previous year.

<sup>7/</sup> Based on prior year biomass estimate.

collect Pacific herring samples within Togiak District. A total of 11,731 Pacific herring was sampled during 1984 from all districts and the Nelson Island area.

#### RESULTS

An overall total of 155,100 mt of Pacific herring was estimated to have been present during the 1984 spawning season (Table 6). This estimate was 14% lower than the spawning population observed in 1983 and is the smallest recorded fluctuation in population size for consecutive years since 1978. Total spawn sightings for all districts in 1984 was a record 207 linear km of milt: 99 km for Togiak, 24 km for Security Cove/Goodnews Bay, 2 km for Cape Romanzof and 69 km for Norton Sound. An additional 13 km of milt was observed during surveys of the Nelson-Nunivak Island area. Most spawning occurred 18-19 May in Togiak, 19-25 May in Security Cove, 30 May - 7 June in Cape Romanzof and 10-18 June in Norton Sound. In general, spawn deposition was extensive and egg density was moderate (i.e. usually not more than four layers thick) in all districts.

Age composition analyses indicated that 6 and 7 year old Pacific herring (1978 and 1977 year classes, respectively) comprised about 70% of the total spawning population in all districts (Figures 3 and 4). Five year old herring (1979 year class) accounted for 13% of the population with 4 year old herring (1980 year class) comprising about 2% of the Togiak and Security Cove/Goodnews Bay population, and about 4% of the Cape Romanzof and Norton Sound populations.

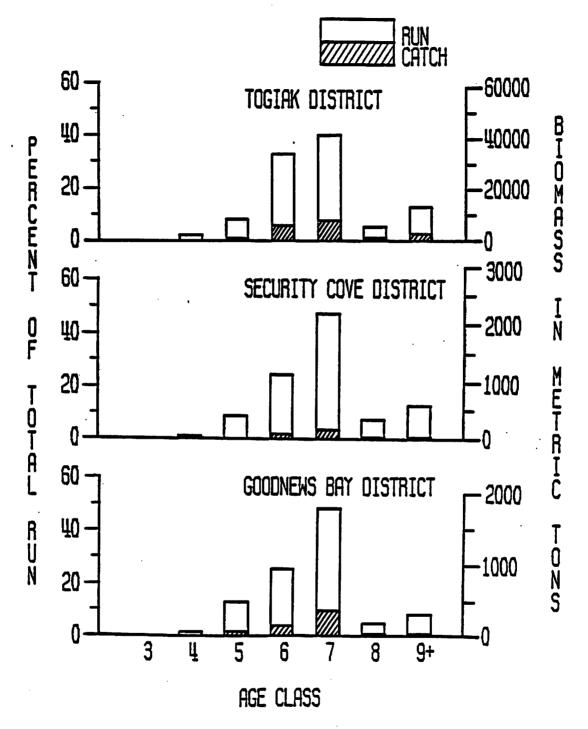


Figure 3. Age composition of Pacific herring in spawning populations and commercial catches in Togiak, Security Cove and Goodnews Bay commercial herring fishing districts, eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1984.

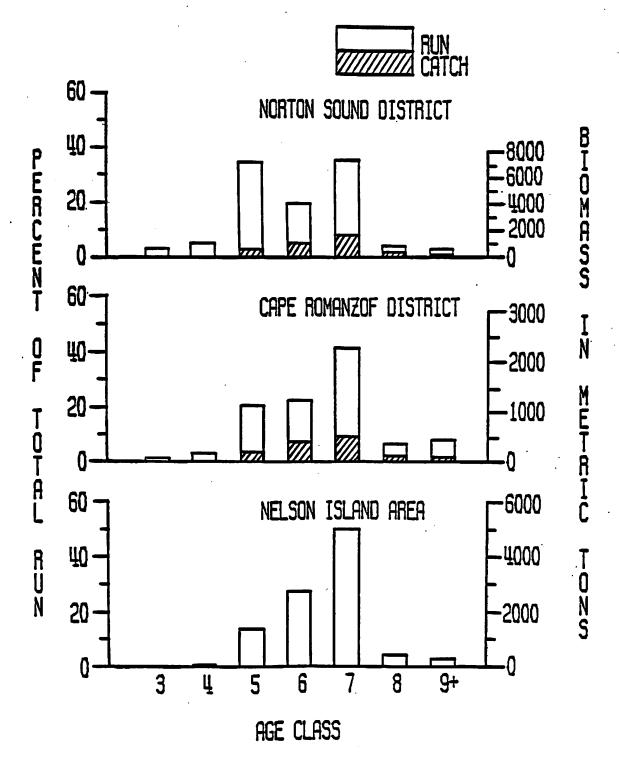


Figure 4. Age composition of Pacific herring in spawning populations and commercial catches in Norton Sound and Cape Romanzof commercial herring fishing districts and the Nelson-Nunivak Island area, eastern Bering Sea, Alaska, 1984.

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