Bering Sea Fishery Ecosystem Plan – Ecosystem Goals and Objectives¹

Ecosystem Goal 1: Maintain, rebuild, and restore fish stocks at levels sufficient to protect, maintain, and restore food web structure and function

- 1. Maintain target biomass levels for target species, consistent with optimum yield, using available tools.
- 2. Maintain healthy populations and function of non-target and forage species.
- 3. Adjust fishing-related mortality from the system to be sustainable and commensurate with total productivity and continue to limit optimum yield to 2 million metric tons for the BSAI groundfish fisheries.

Ecosystem Goal 2: Protect, restore, and maintain the ecological processes, trophic levels, diversity, and overall productive capacity of the system

- 4. Maintain key predator/prey relationships.
- 5. Conserve structure and function of ecosystem components.

Ecosystem Goal 3: Conserve habitats for fish and other wildlife

- 6. Minimize adverse impacts to essential fish habitat, to the extent practicable.
- 7. Avoid and/or minimize impacts to ecologically-sensitive habitat, including habitat areas of particular concern (HAPCs).
- 8. Avoid and/or minimize impacts to seabirds, marine mammals, and protected species.

Ecosystem Goal 4: Provide for subsistence, commercial, recreational, and non-consumptive uses of the marine environment

- 9. Support benefits in the Bering Sea fishery and fishery-related industries.
- 10. Provide opportunities for new entrants in Federal fisheries.
- 11. Promote economic and community stability to all commercial harvesting and processing sectors.
- 12. Support sustainable opportunities and community resilience for subsistence users and Alaska Native communities.
- 13. Provide for directed fisheries including subsistence fisheries by minimizing bycatch mortality.
- 14. Preserve the ability for stakeholders to derive non-consumptive and cultural value from the Bering Sea ecosystem.

Ecosystem Goal 5: Avoid irreversible or long-term adverse effects on fishery resources and the marine environment

Ecosystem Goal 6: Provide a legacy of healthy ecosystems for future generations

Combined objectives for goals 5 and 6:

- 15. Establish appropriate thresholds to minimize risk of crossing ecosystem tipping points caused by fishery or other human activity.
- 16. Encourage responsible parties to minimize adverse impacts to fish and other wildlife associated with changes in shipping activity, tourism, energy, and other types of development.
- 17. Ensure that fishery management is sufficiently adaptive to account for the effects of climate change or other ecosystem changes, including loss of sea ice and ocean acidification.

¹ From pp 23-24 of <u>Bering Sea Fishery Ecosystem Plan</u>