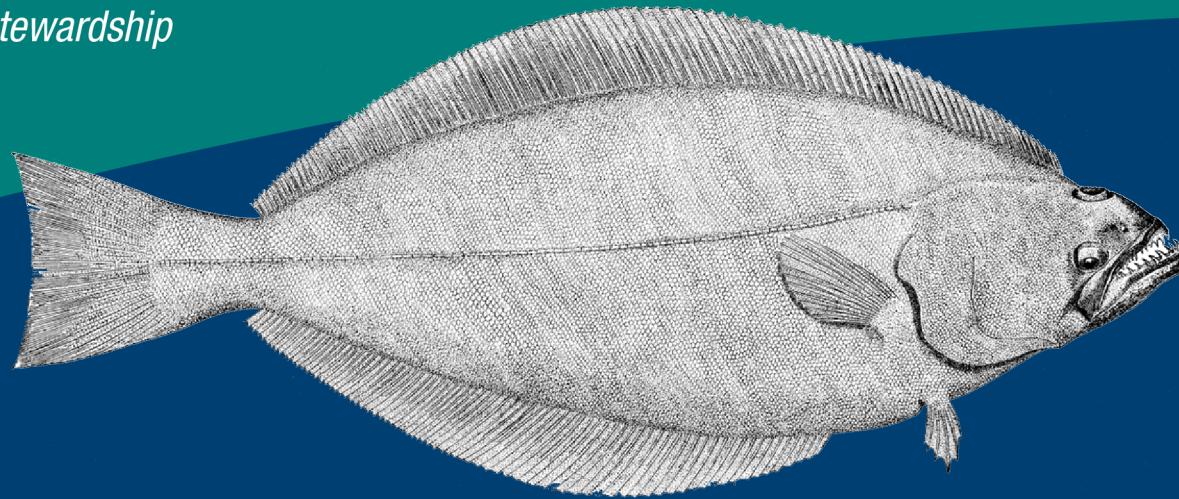
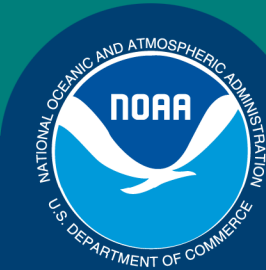


*Science, Service, Stewardship*

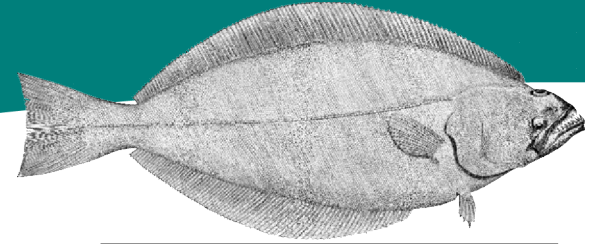


## BSAI Greenland turbot assessment 2016

Steve Barbeaux, James Ianelli, Dan  
Nichol, and Jerry Hoff

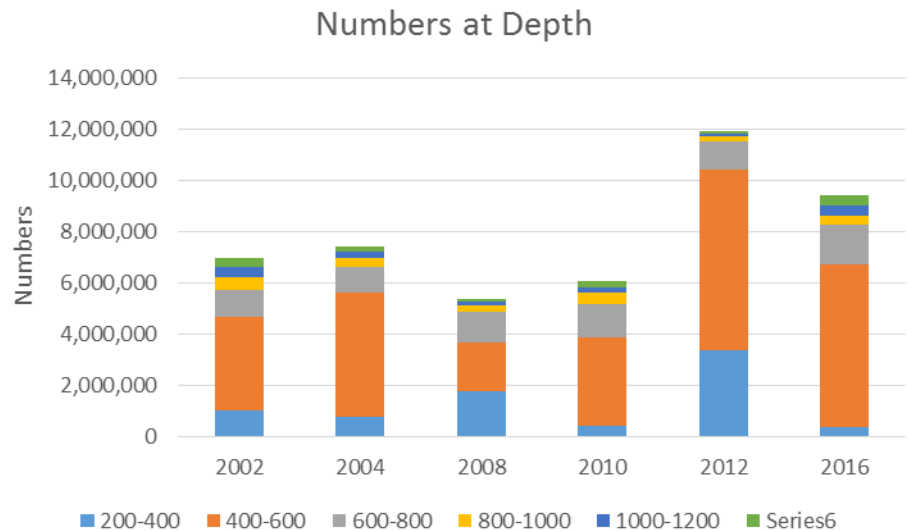
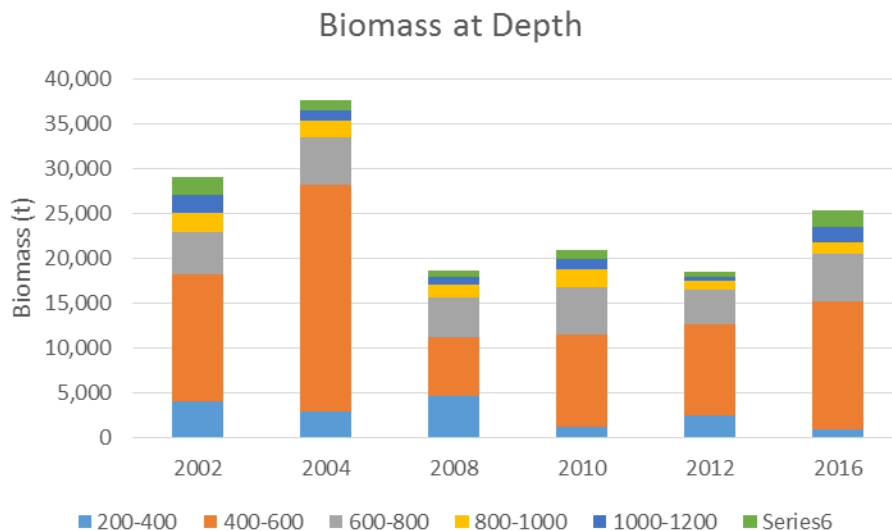
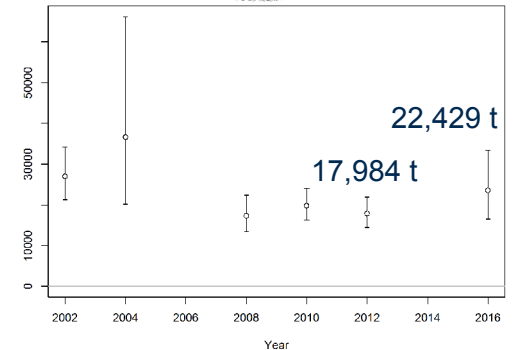
NPFMC Plan Team, Nov. 16, 2016

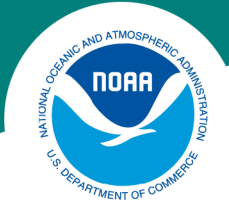
**NOAA  
FISHERIES  
SERVICE**



## New slope survey!

- Biomass up from 2012
- Abundance down at levels consistent with M
- Distribution consistent with southward and downward migration of strong 2007-2009 year classes

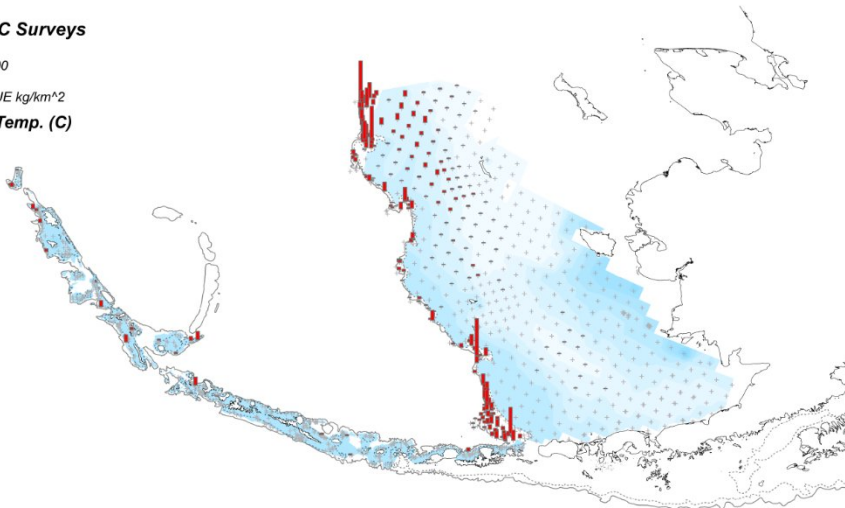




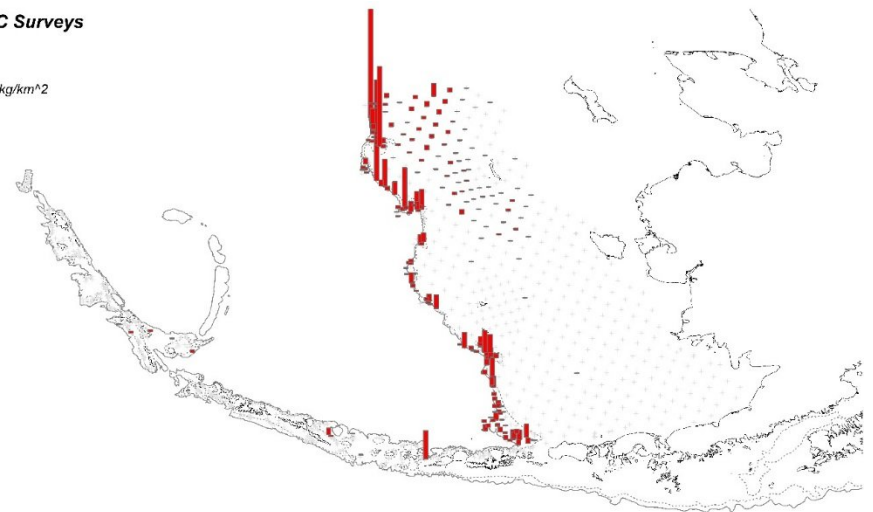
## Slope survey

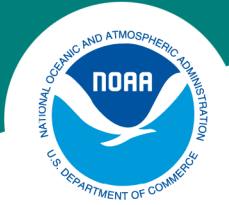
- Southern shift from 2012 as 2007-2009 year classes migrate downward and south.

2012 AFSC Surveys



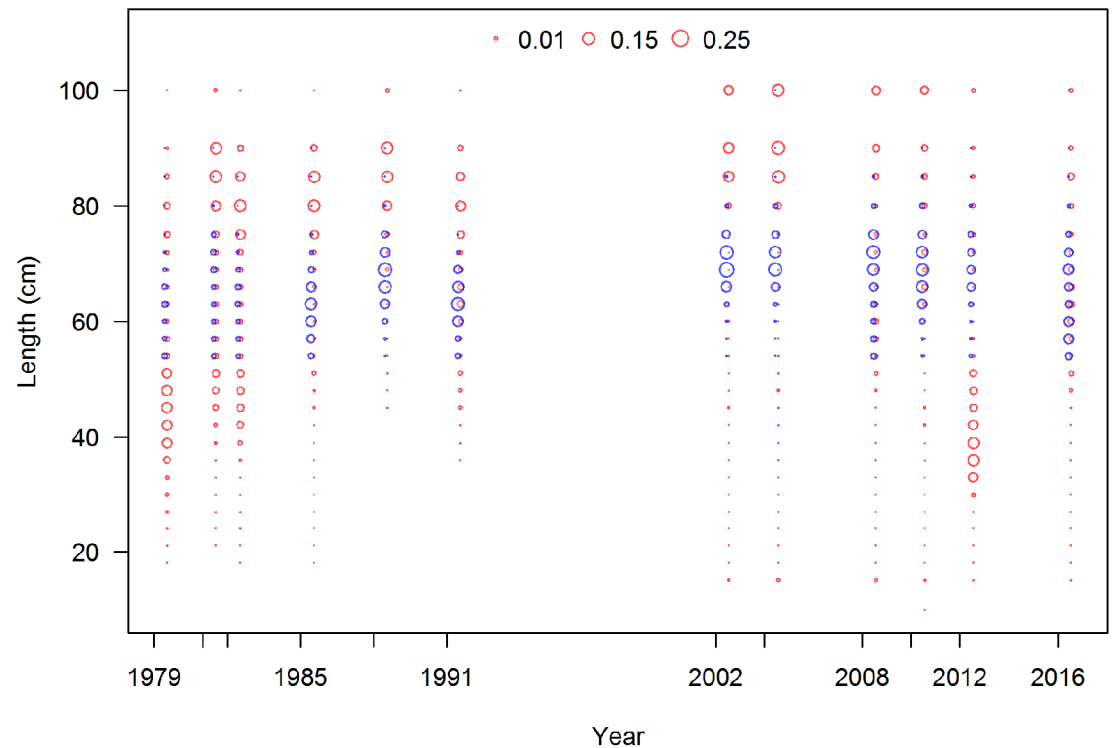
2016 AFSC Surveys

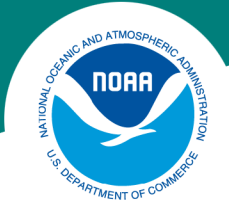




## Slope size composition

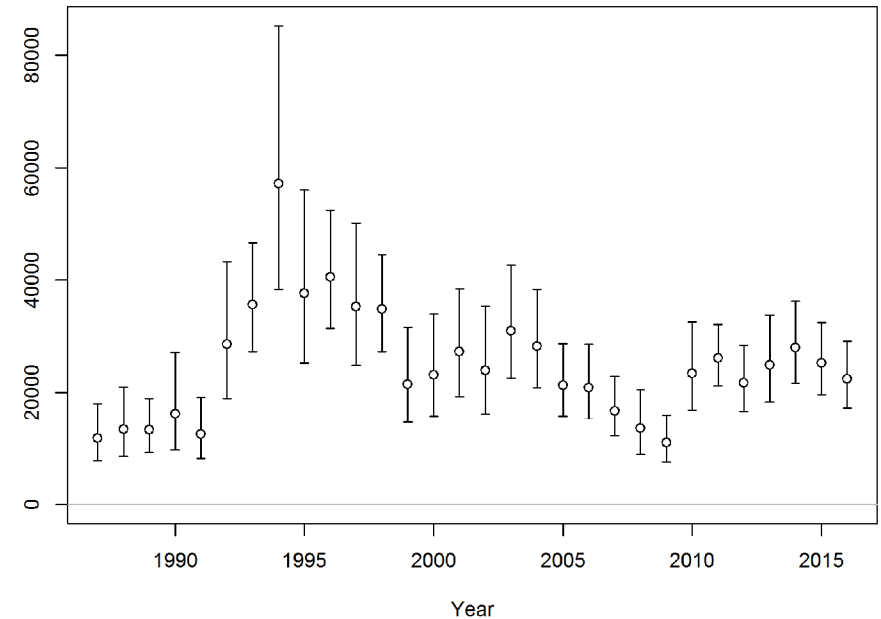
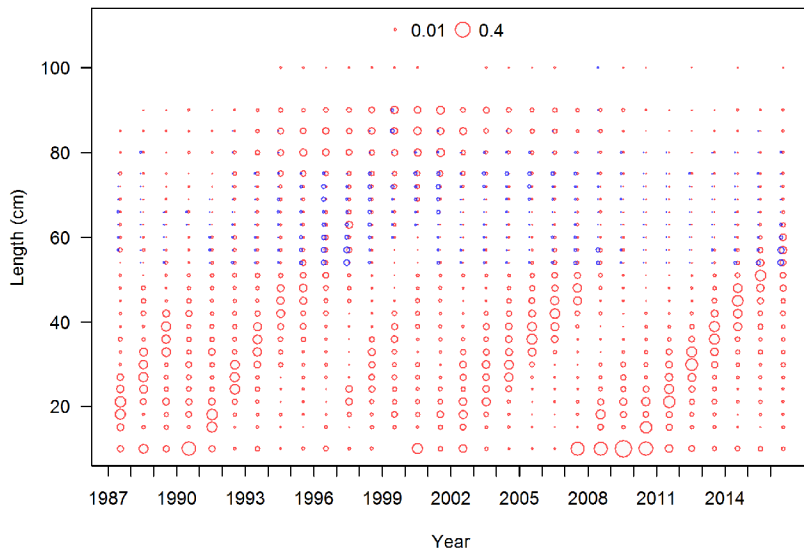
- Increase in 55-75 cm fish
- Smaller fish less abundant
- Consistent with growth of 2007-2009 year classes
- Low recruitment since 2010

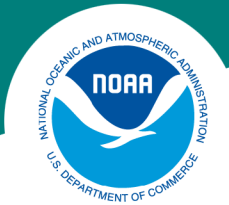




## Shelf survey biomass index

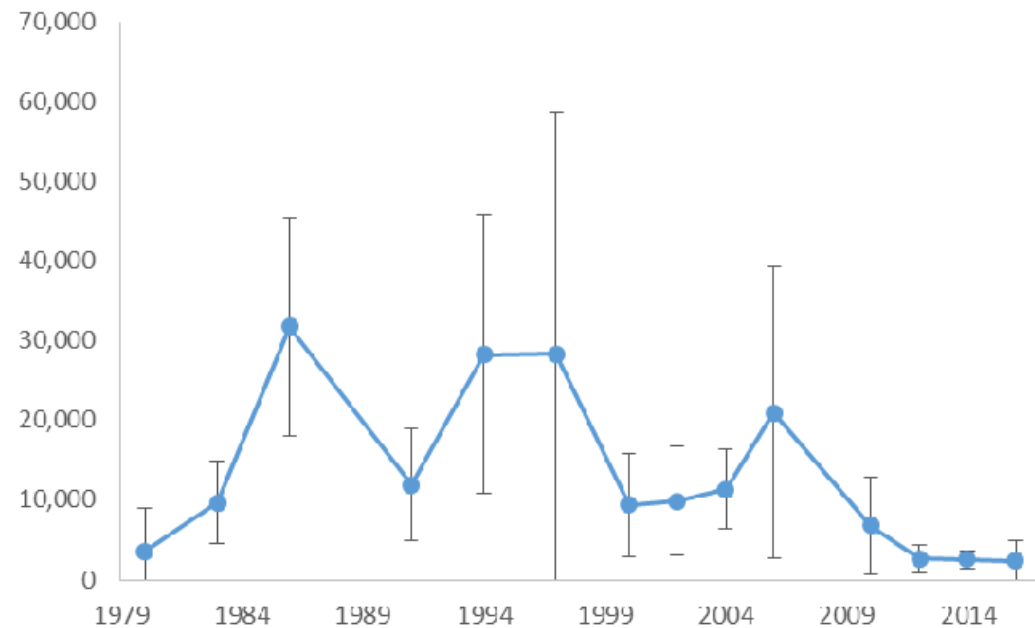
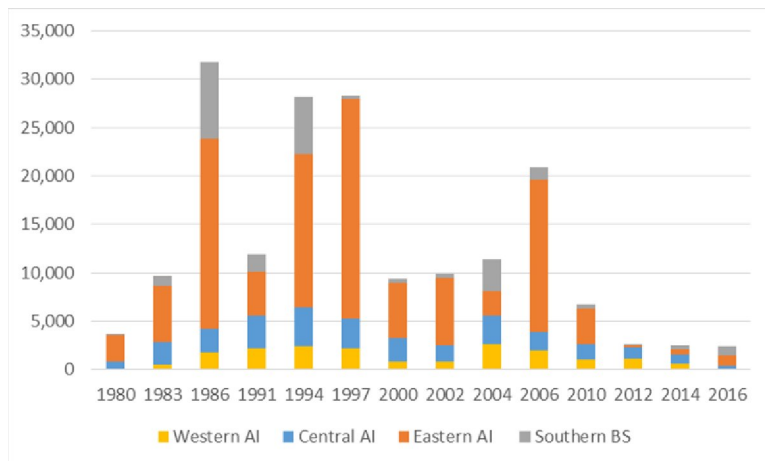
- 22,429 t
- Down 11% from 2015, consistent with recent low recruitment and off-shelf migration of large 2007-2009 year classes

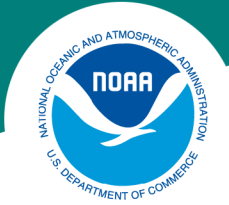




## AI survey (not used in assessment)

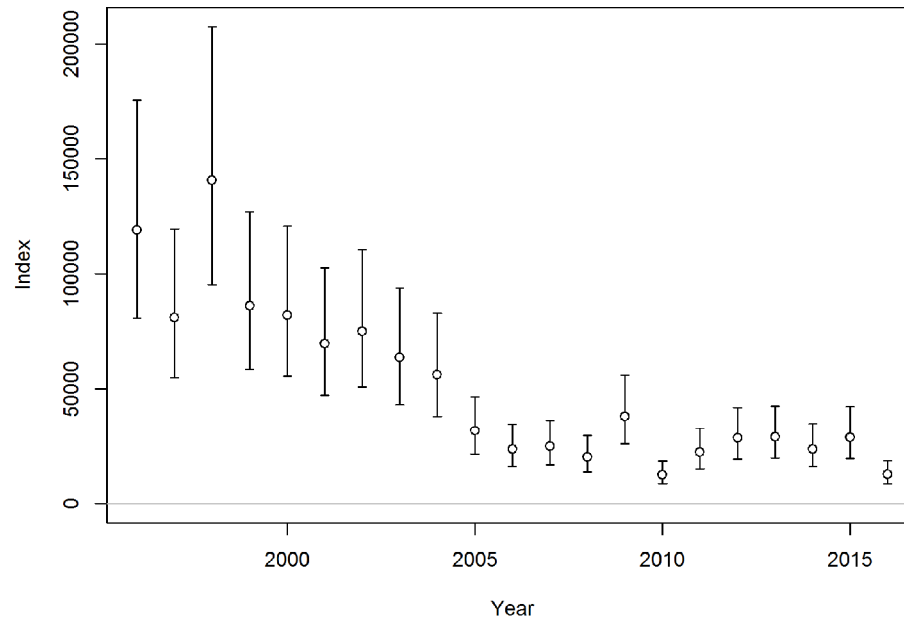
- 2,378 t, down 6% from 2014
- Slight decline but relatively stable since 2012
- Decrease from historical levels



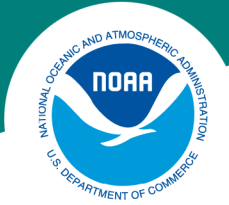


## Auke Bay longline survey

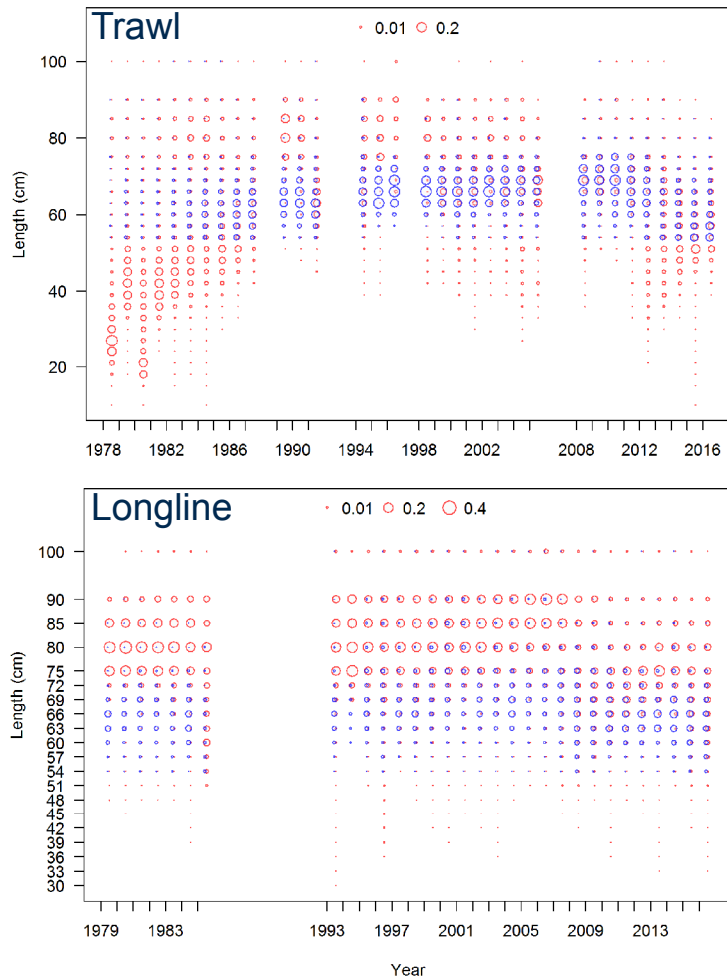
- RPN index alternates between Bering Sea (odd years) and Aleutians (even years).
- Apparent decline from 2015 and 2014



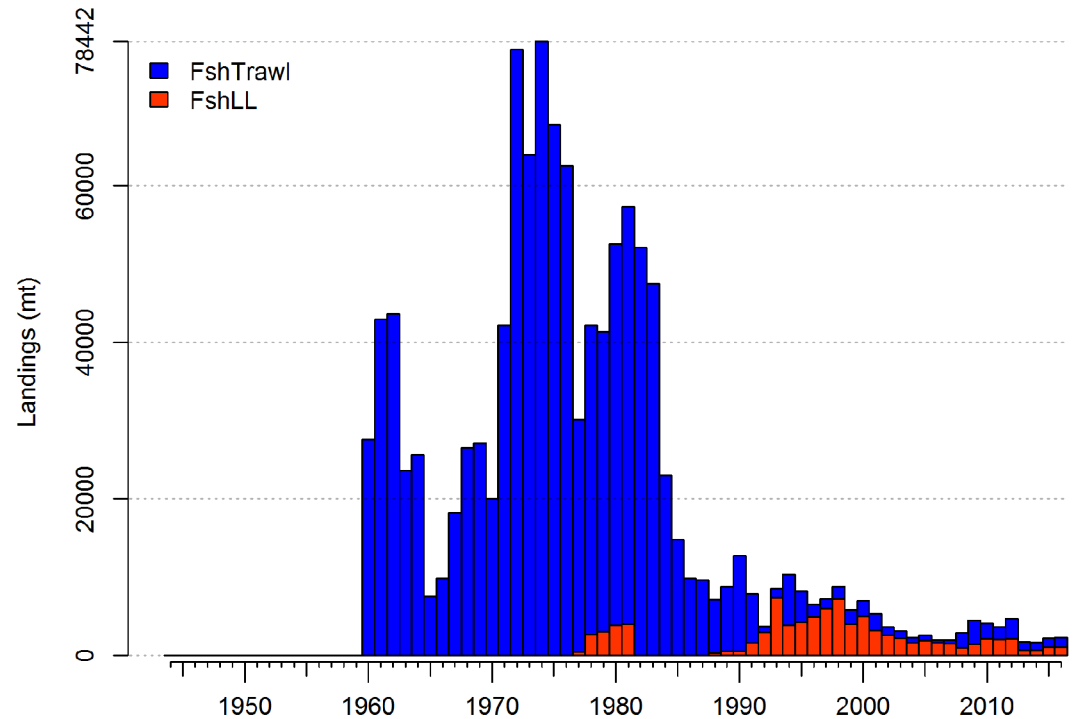




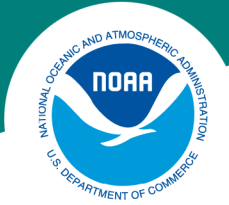
## Fisheries data



- 2,002 t in 2016 as of Oct. 28
- 2,176 t in 2015



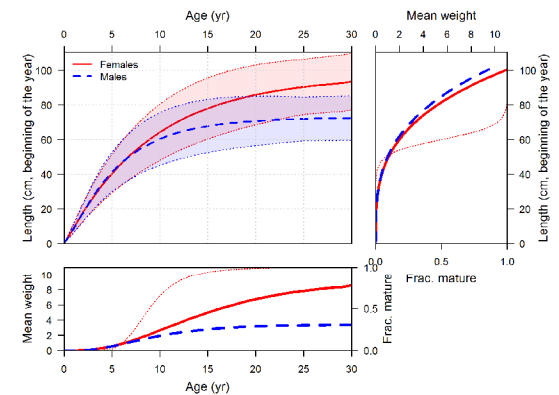


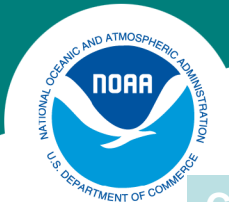


## Assessment models



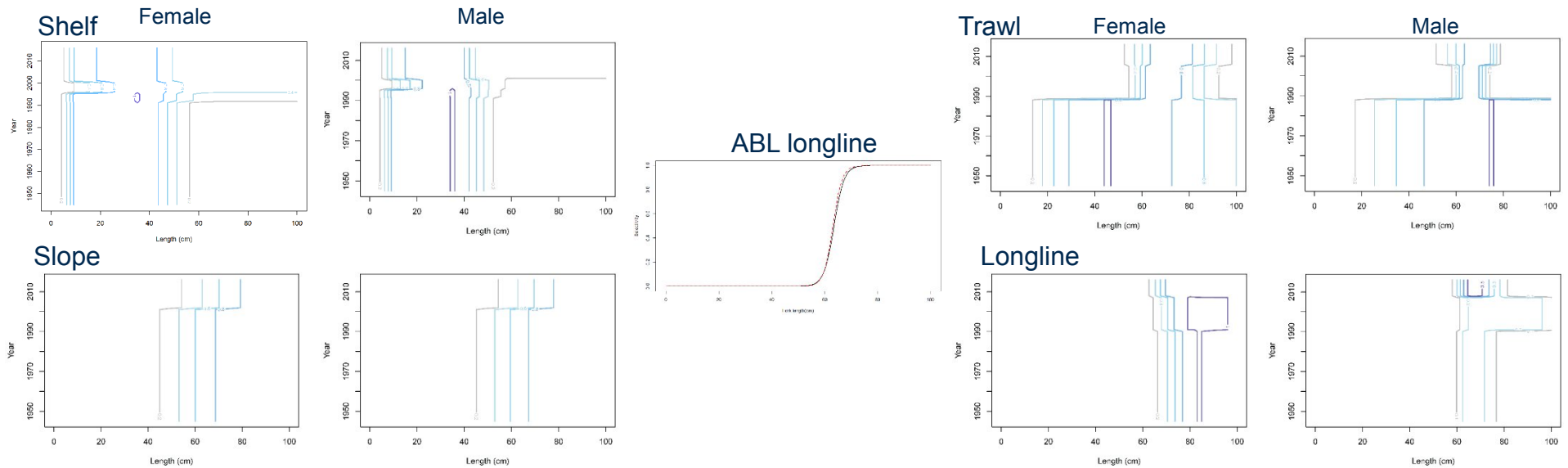
- All SS3 age-based statistical models
  - Split sex
  - Fixed natural mortality for both sexes
    - $M = 0.112$
  - Von Bertalanffy growth curve
  - Beverton-Holt stock recruitment model
    - Steepness = 0.79
    - Sigma R = 0.8
  - Fixed Q for both surveys (based on previous year's analyses)
    - Slope = 0.57
    - Shelf = 0.62

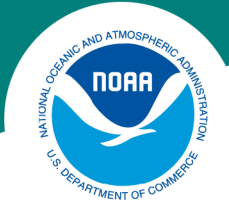




## 2015 accepted model - selectivity

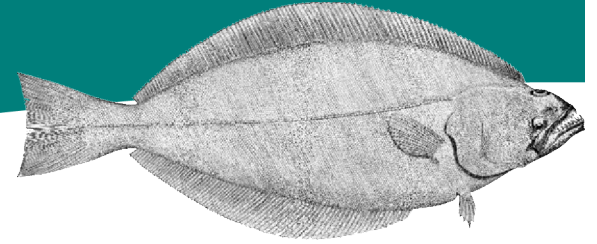
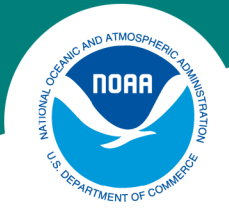
Component	Type	Time blocks
Trawl Fishery	Double-normal	1945-1988, 1989-2005, and 2006-2016
Longline Fishery	Double-normal	1945-1990, 1991-2007, and 2008-2016
Shelf Survey	Double-normal	1945-1991, 1992-1995, 1996-2000, and 2001-2016
Slope Survey	Logistic	1945-2001 and 2002-2016
ABL longline survey	Logistic	none



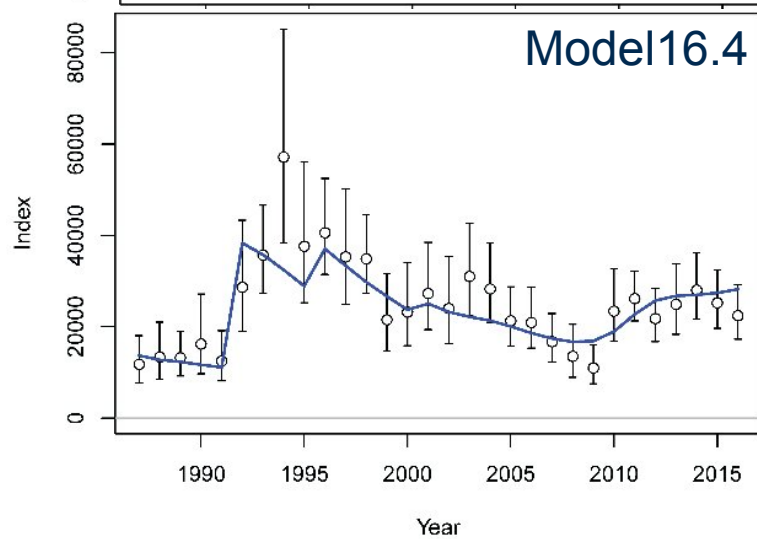
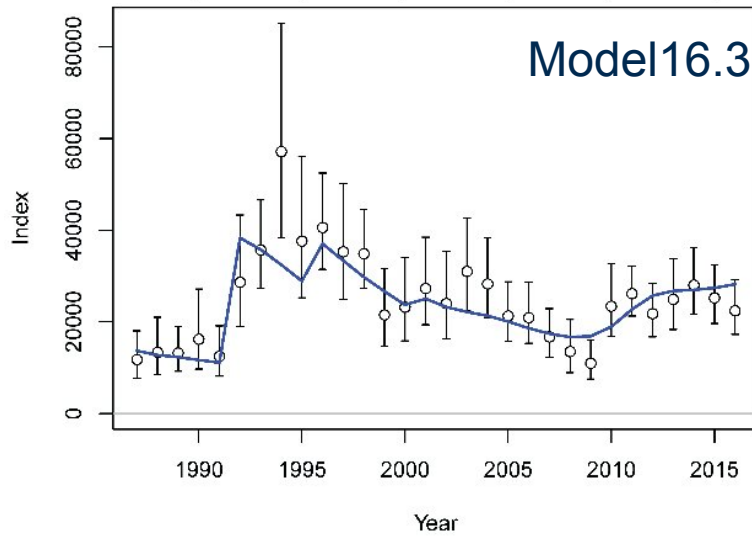
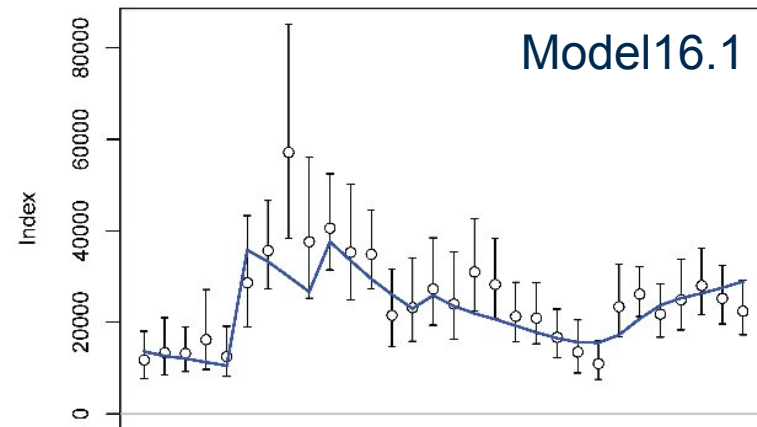
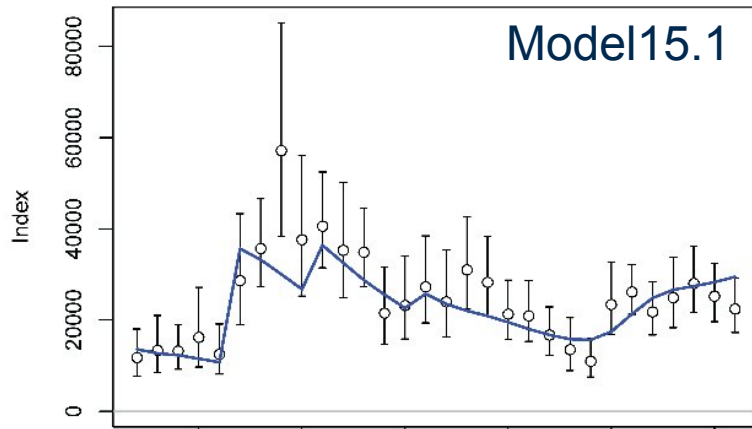


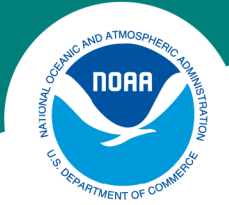
## Assessment model alternatives

- **Model 15.1**
  - Same as last year's accepted model with new data.
- **Model 16.1**
  - Combine male and female comp. data at <52 cm
- **Model 16.3**
  - Slope survey to double normal
  - Added time block for Slope survey for 2011-2016
  - Allow dome-shaped selectivity on longline fishery
- **Model 16.4**
  - Same as 16.3 except ABL longline length composition data excluded
- **Model 16.6**
  - Same as 16.4 except  $R_0$  is conditioned on bottom temperatures.

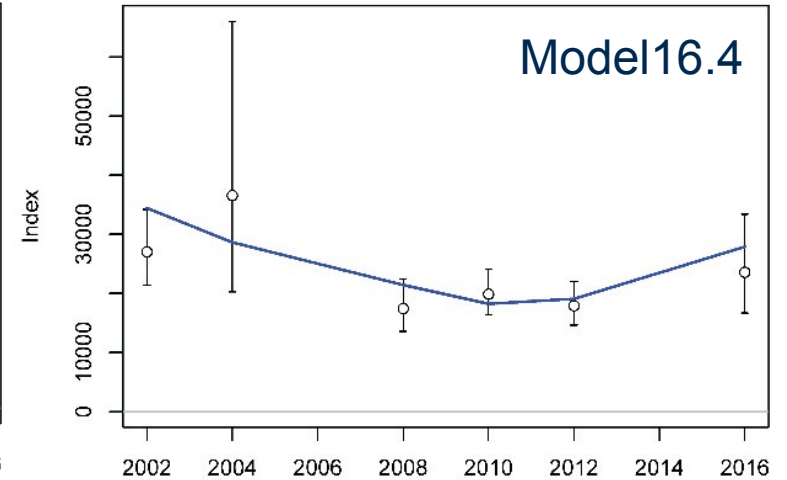
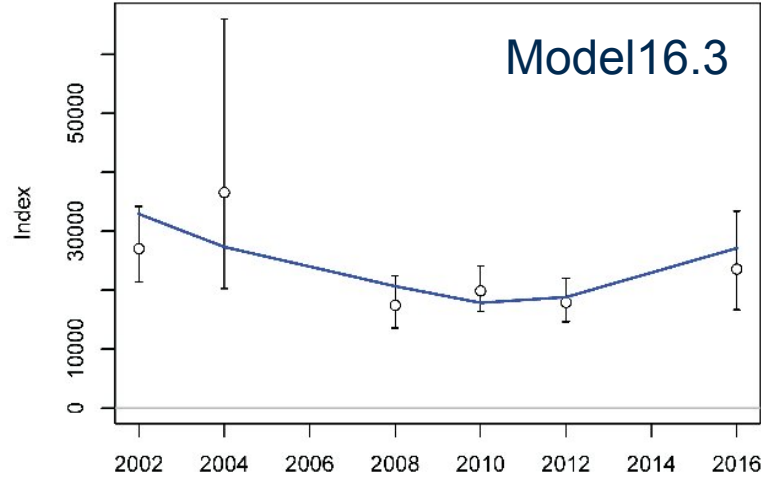
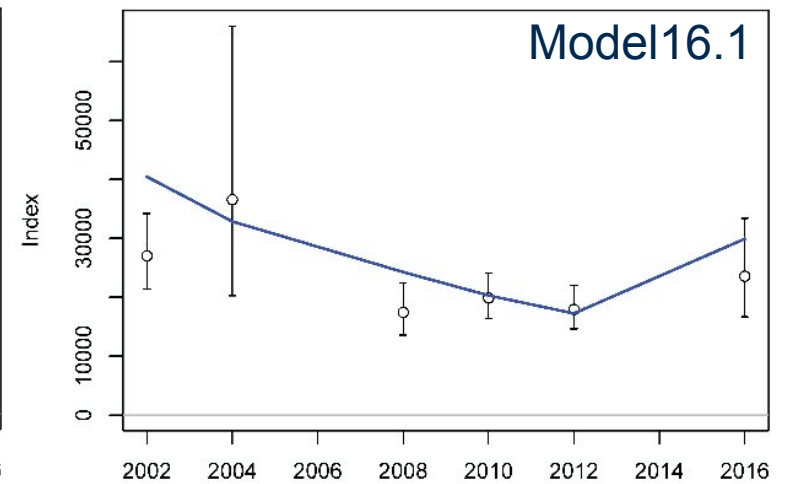
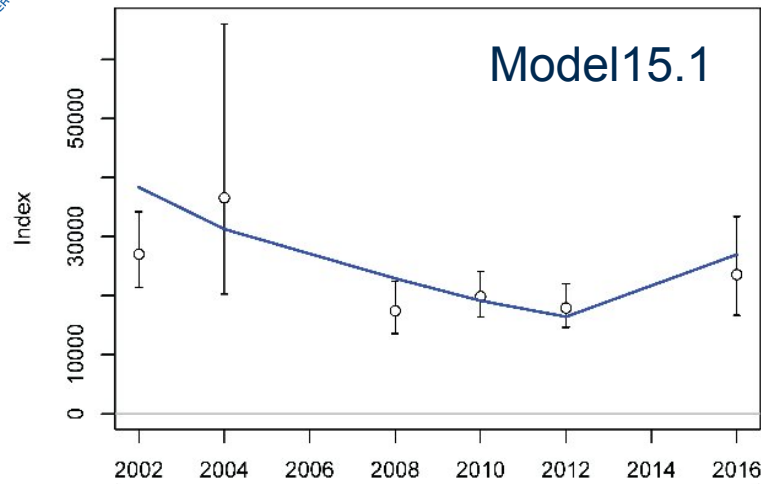


## 2016 model fits: Slope survey





## 2016 model fits: Slope survey

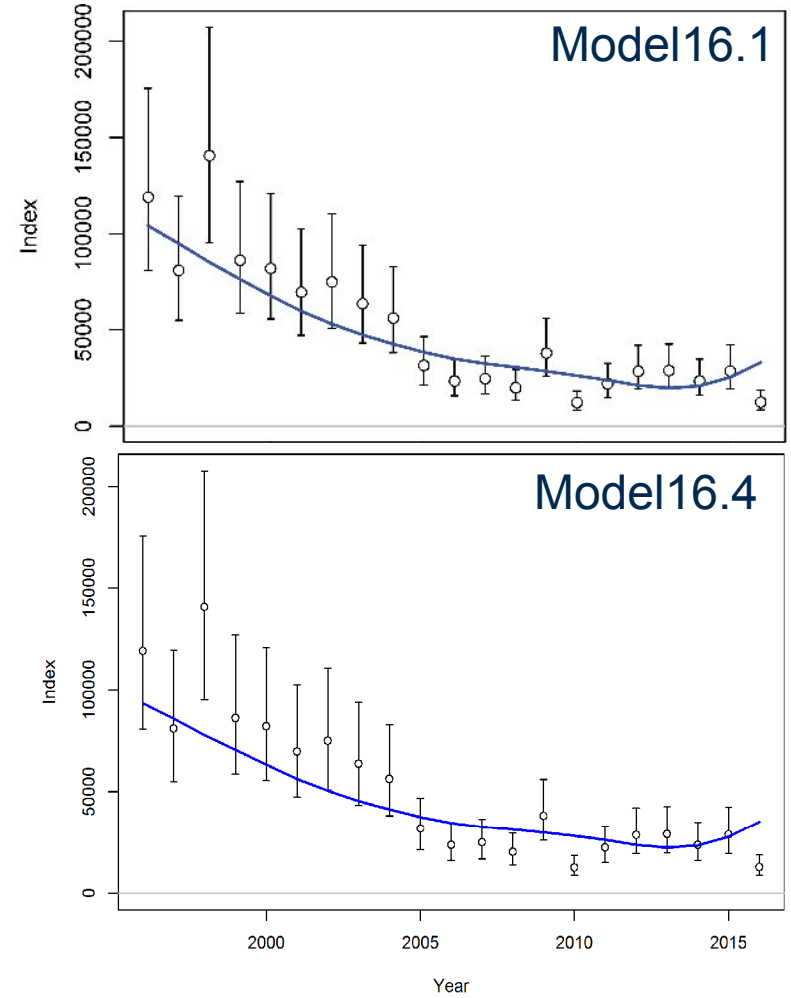
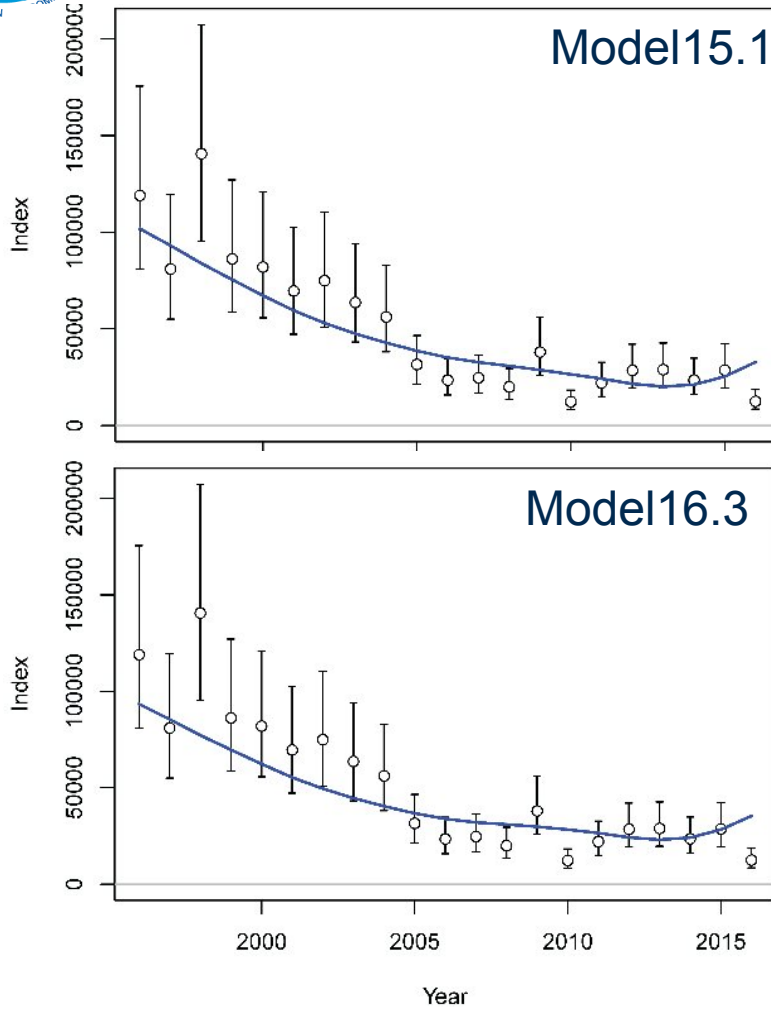


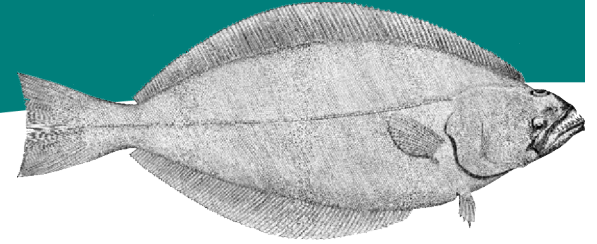
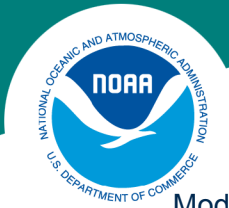
Year

Year



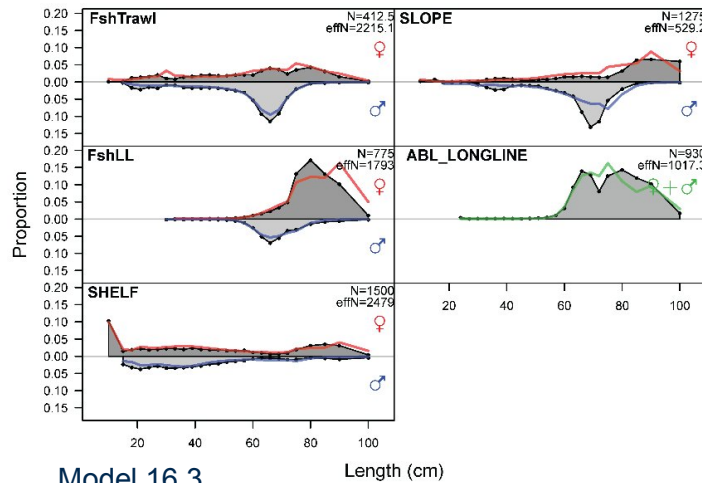
## 2016 model fits: ABL longline survey



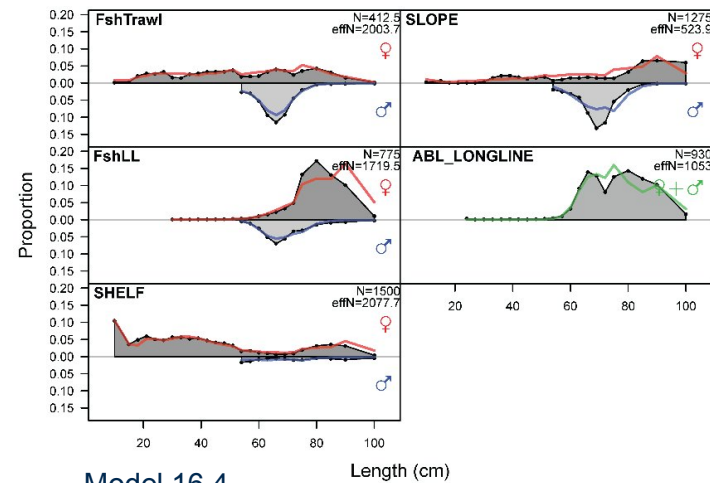


# 2016 model fits: Length Composition

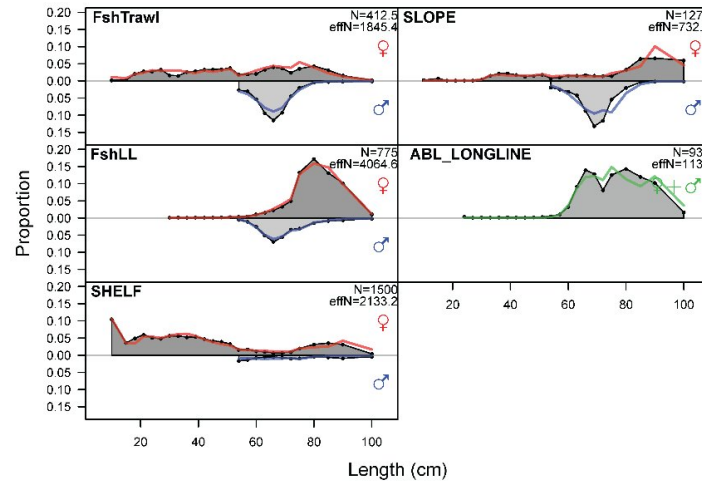
Model 15.1



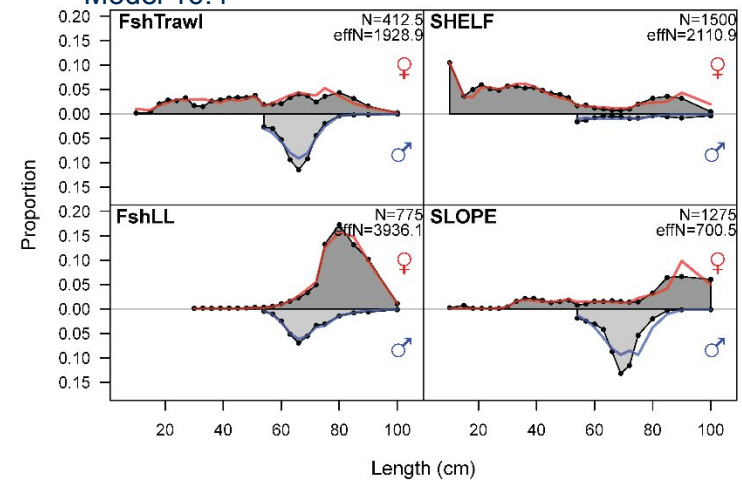
Model 16.1



Model 16.3

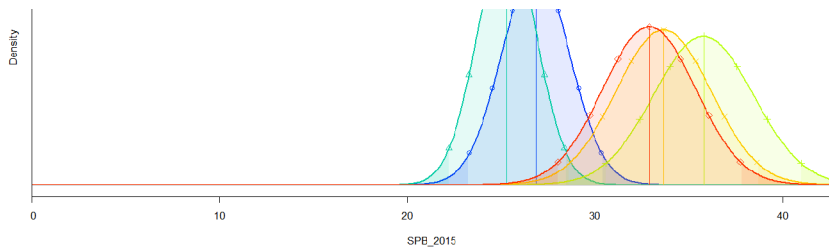
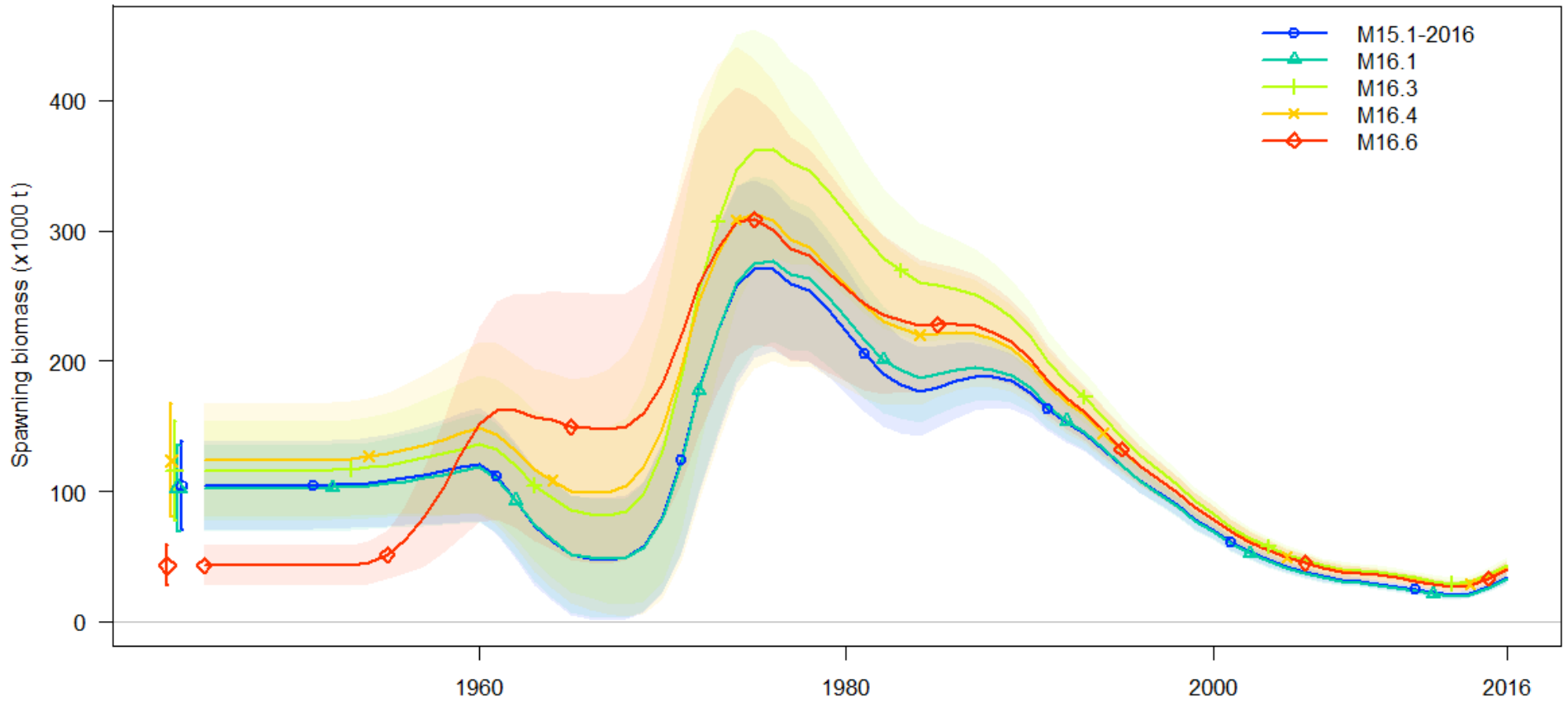


Model 16.4

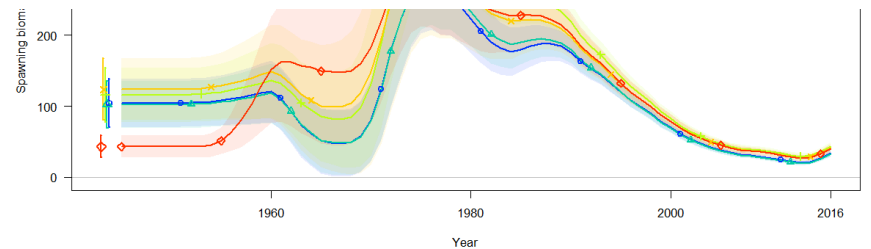


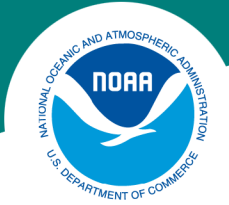


# NOAA FISHERIES SERVICE



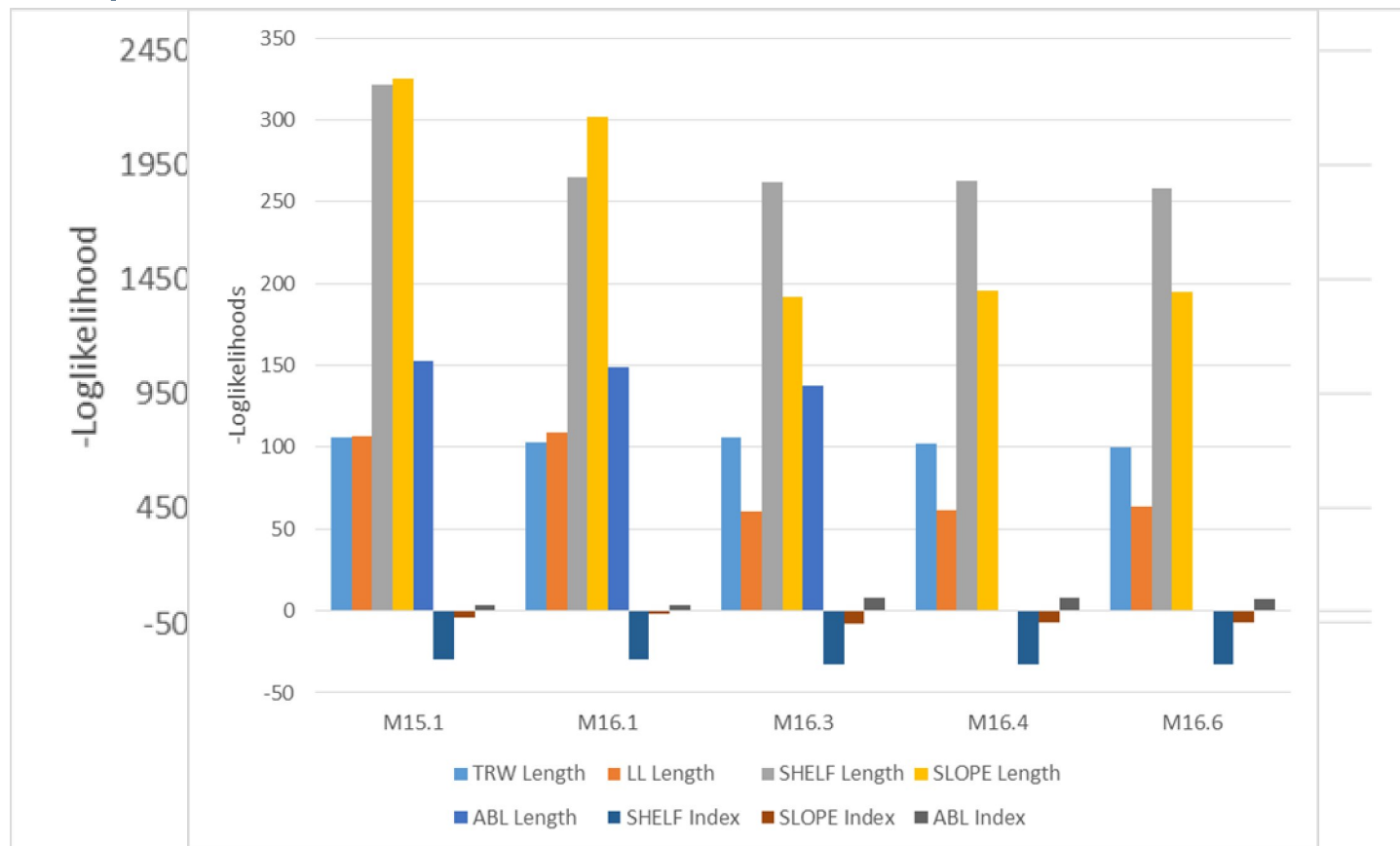
Year

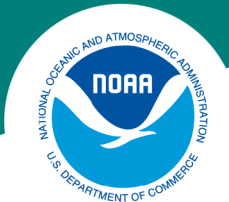




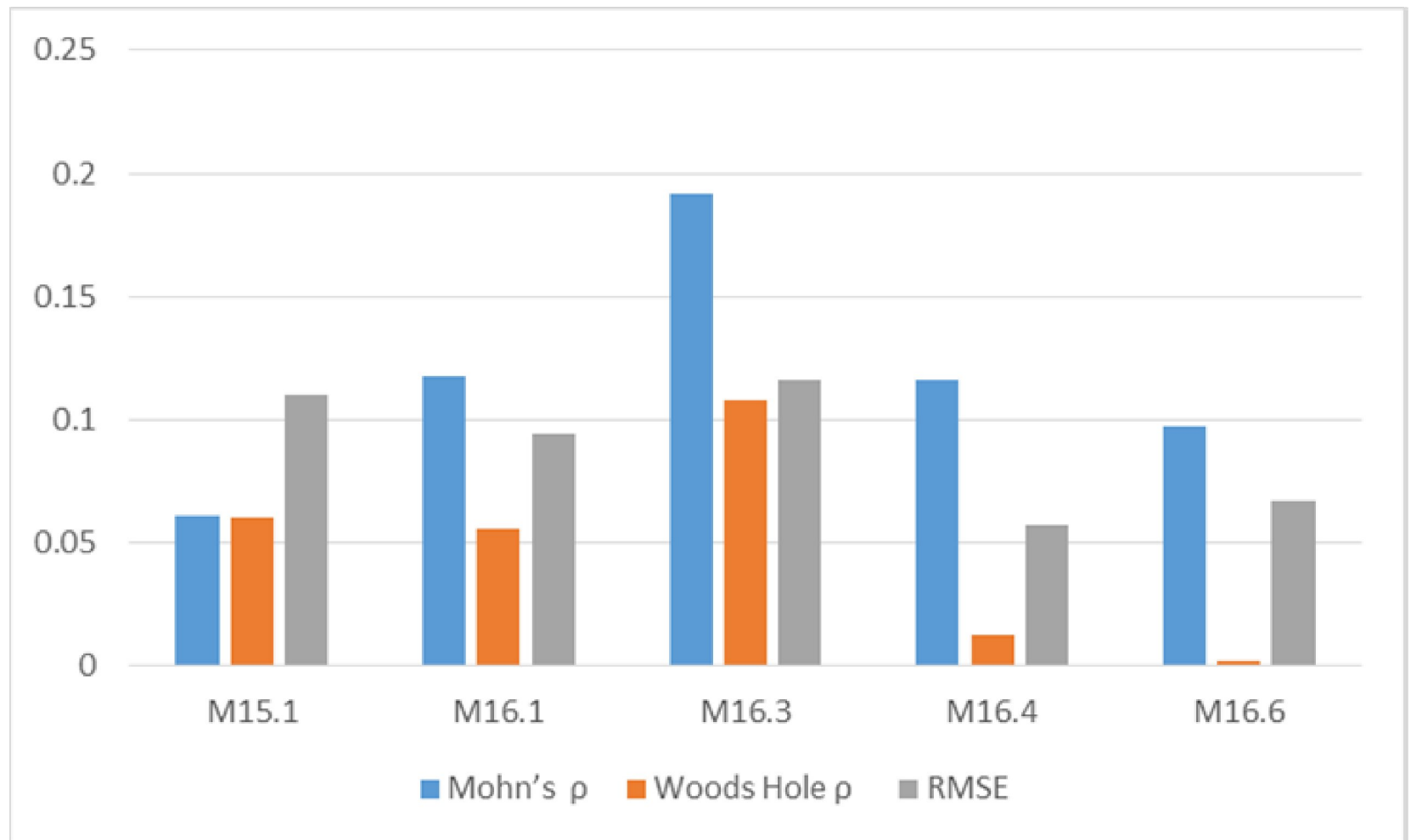
## 2016 model selection

- Models 15.1, 16.1, and 16.3 likelihoods are not fully comparable to 16.4 and 16.6 due to differences in data

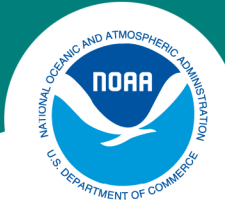




## 2016 model selection: Retrospectives

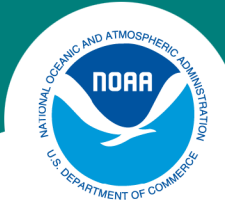


# NOAA FISHERIES SERVICE



Model	M15.1	M16.1	M16.3	M16.4	M16.6
<b>Likelihoods</b>					
Total	2242.32	2160.85	1979.64	1836.72	1806.26
Survey	-30.15	-27.54	-32.54	-32.15	-32.99
Length Composition	1012.02	927.16	757.58	622.41	616.89
Age Composition	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
Size at Age	1156.58	1155.46	1150.60	1144.47	1144.58
Recruitment	97.33	98.96	96.17	94.12	73.10
Parameter priors	3.98	3.99	4.00	4.00	3.84
<b>Parameters</b>					
LN( $R_0$ )	0.012	0.012	0.014	0.014	0.005
Steepness	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79
Natural Mortality	0.112	0.112	0.112	0.112	0.112
$q_{\text{Shelf}}$	0.616	0.616	0.616	0.616	0.616
$q_{\text{Slope}}$	0.573	0.573	0.573	0.573	0.573
Autocor ( $\rho$ )	0.601	0.603	0.595	0.607	0.35
$L_{\text{max}}$ Female	89.9	89.8	89.5	90.4	90.3
$L_{\text{max}}$ Male	71.9	71.8	71.7	72.0	72.0
Von Bert K Female	0.112	0.110	0.115	0.111	0.111
Von Bert K Male	0.186	0.190	0.188	0.187	0.185

# NOAA FISHERIES SERVICE



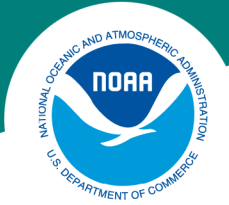
	M15.1	M16.1	M16.3	M16.4	M16.6
<b>Retrospective</b>					
Mohn's $\rho$	0.06	0.12	0.19	0.12	0.10
Woods Hole $\rho$	0.06	0.06	0.11	0.01	0.00
RMSE	0.11	0.09	0.12	0.06	0.07
<b>Index RMSE</b>					
Shelf	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.21
Slope	0.20	0.24	0.18	0.18	0.18
ABL Longline	0.37	0.37	0.40	0.39	0.39
<b>Size Comp</b>					
<b>Har. Mean EffN</b>					
Trawl	41.2	37.3	35.1	36.6	36.8
Longline	47.8	45.8	92.48	91.3	88.7
Shelf	64.9	48.6	48.6	48.7	51.3
Slope	38.6	38.3	48.9	47.9	48.1
ABL Longline	26.7	27.7	31.3	NA	NA
<b>Mean input N</b>					
Trawl	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
Longline	25	25	25	25	25
Shelf	50	50	50	50	50
Slope	106.25	106.25	106.25	106.25	106.25
ABL Longline	30	30	30	NA	NA
<b>Rec. Var. (1975-2015)</b>					
<b>Std.dev(ln(No. Age 1))</b>	1.58	1.60	1.55	1.56	1.51

# NOAA FISHERIES SERVICE



Model	M15.1	M16.1	M16.3	M16.4	M16.6
<b>SSB<sub>1978</sub> (t)</b>	254,579	262,880	346,327	287,129	280,595
<b>Projection</b>					
<b>SSB<sub>100%</sub> (t)</b>	105,877	102,330	105,035	103,097	98,621
<b>SSB<sub>2016</sub> (t)</b>	34,468	32,507	43,477	41,404	40,964
<b>SSB<sub>2016%</sub></b>	32.5	31.8	41.4	40.2	41.5
<b>SSB<sub>2017</sub>(t)</b>	43,545	41,050	52,360	50,461	50,005
<b>SSB<sub>2017%</sub></b>	41.0	40.1	49.9	48.9	50.7
<b>F<sub>35%</sub></b>	0.165	0.165	0.216	0.218	0.218
<b>F<sub>40%</sub></b>	0.136	0.136	0.181	0.183	0.183
<b>2017</b>					
<b>ABC (t)</b>	8,172	7,749	10,079	9,824	9,743
<b>F<sub>ABC</sub></b>	0.136	0.136	0.181	0.183	0.183
<b>OFL (t)</b>	9,836	9,285	11,948	11,615	11,520
<b>F<sub>OFL</sub></b>	0.165	0.165	0.216	0.218	0.218
<b>2018</b>					
<b>ABC (t)</b>	8,997	8,540	10,827	10,635	10,564
<b>F<sub>ABC</sub></b>	0.136	0.136	0.181	0.183	0.183
<b>OFL (t)</b>	10,820	10,225	12,822	12,561	12,478
<b>F<sub>OFL</sub></b>	0.165	0.165	0.216	0.218	0.218

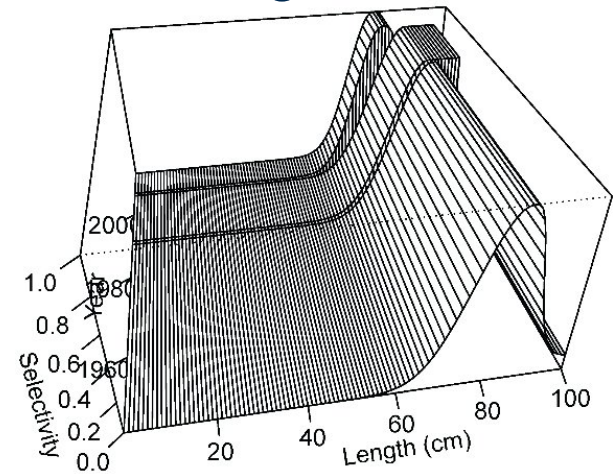
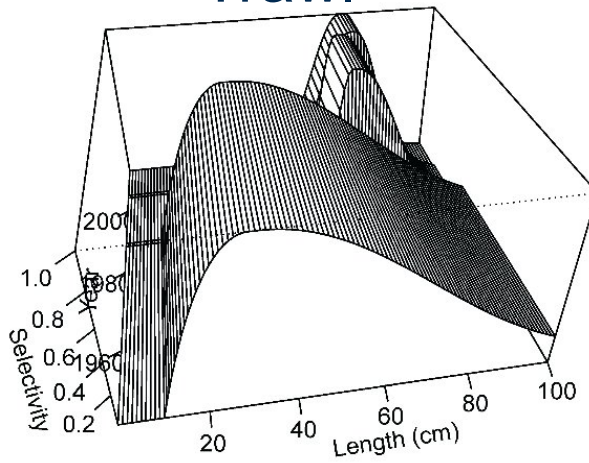




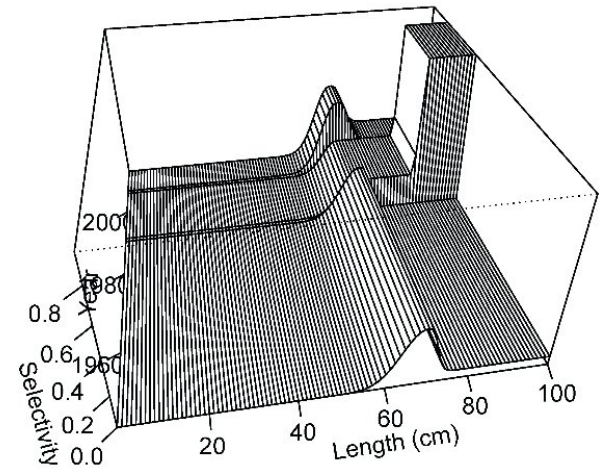
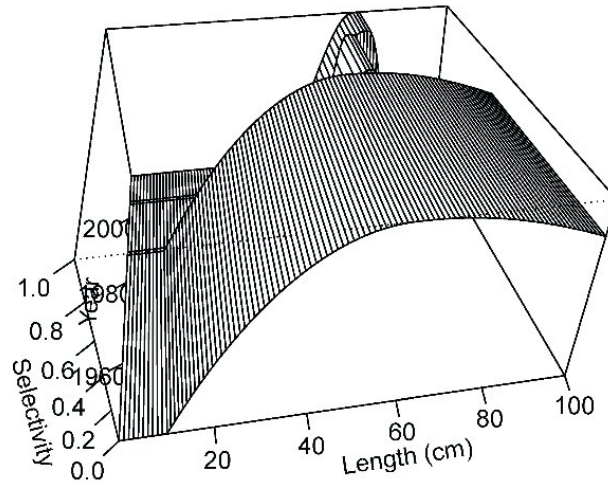
## Model 16.4: Fishery selectivity

### Trawl Longline

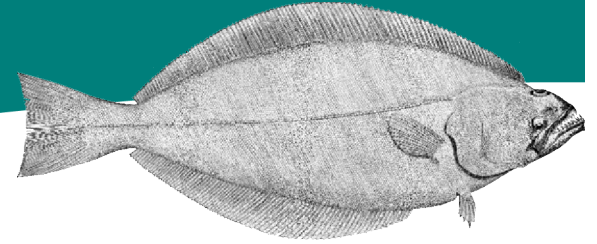
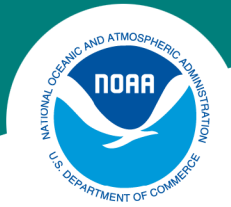
Female



Male



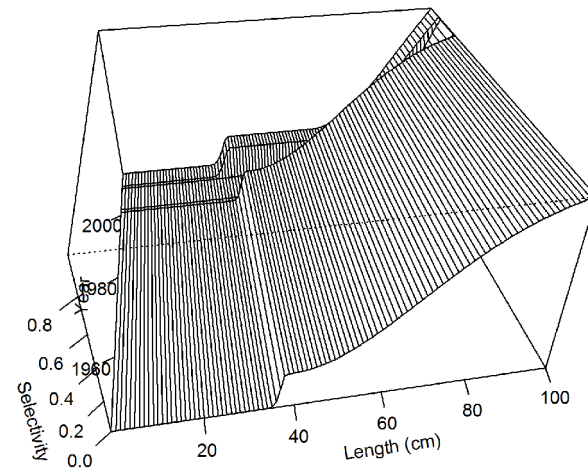
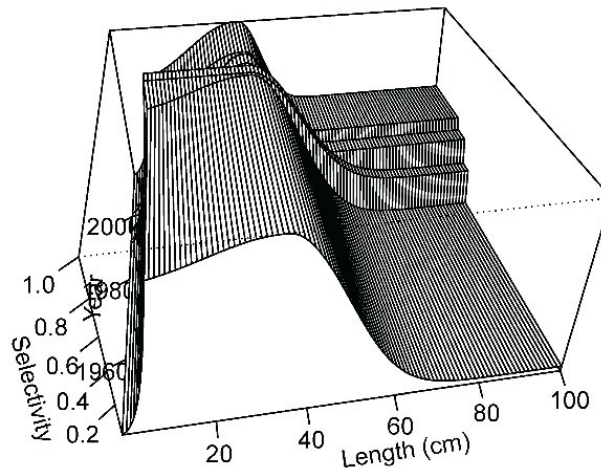




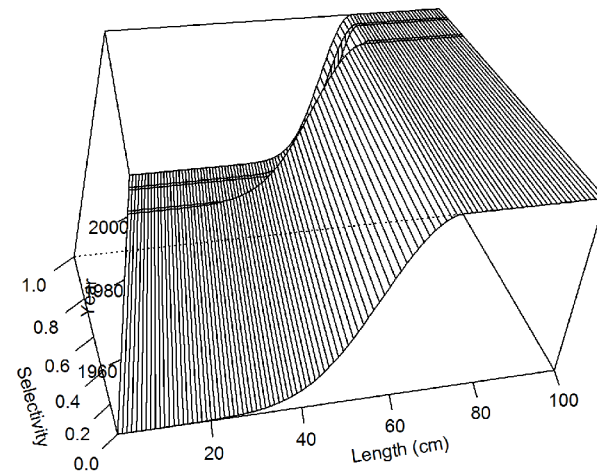
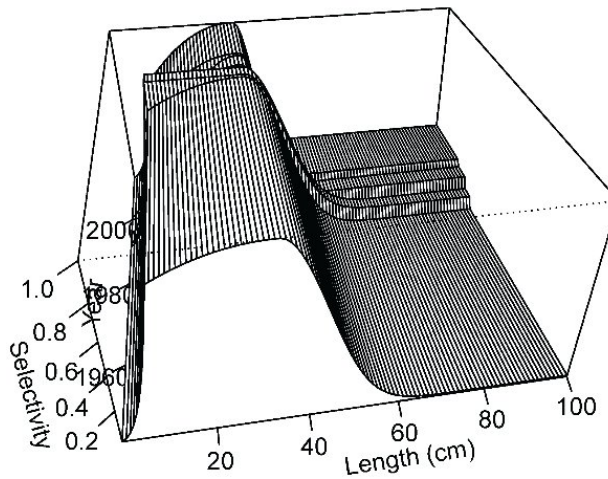
## Model 16.4: Survey selectivity

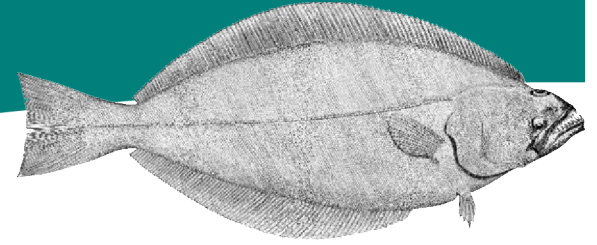
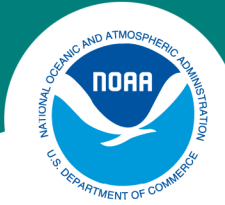
Shelf                      Slope

Female

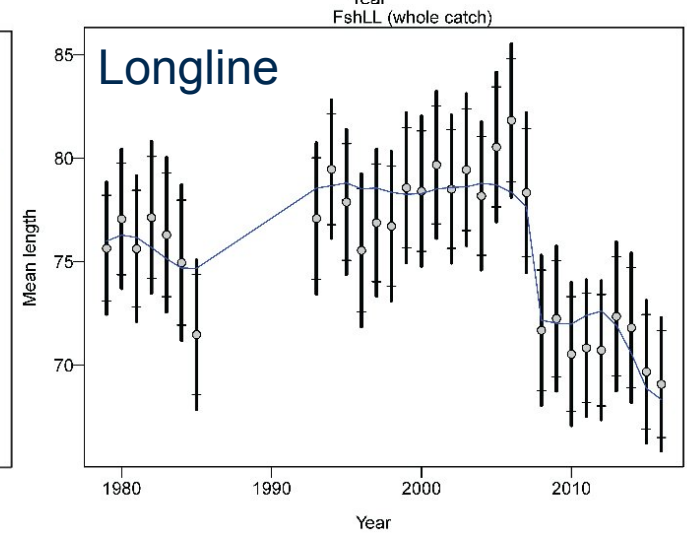
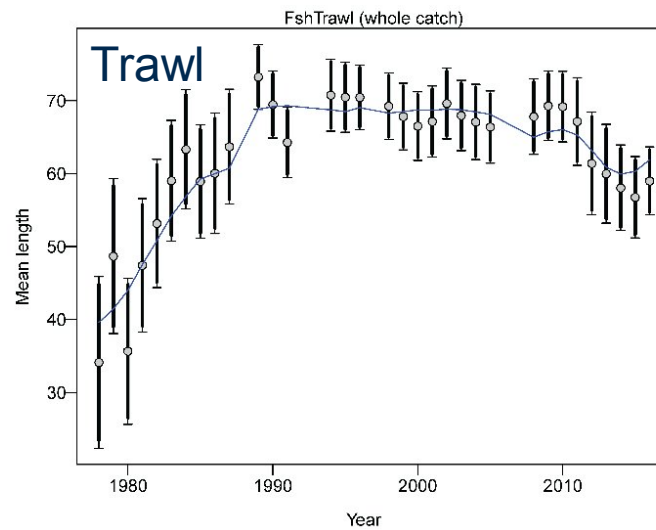
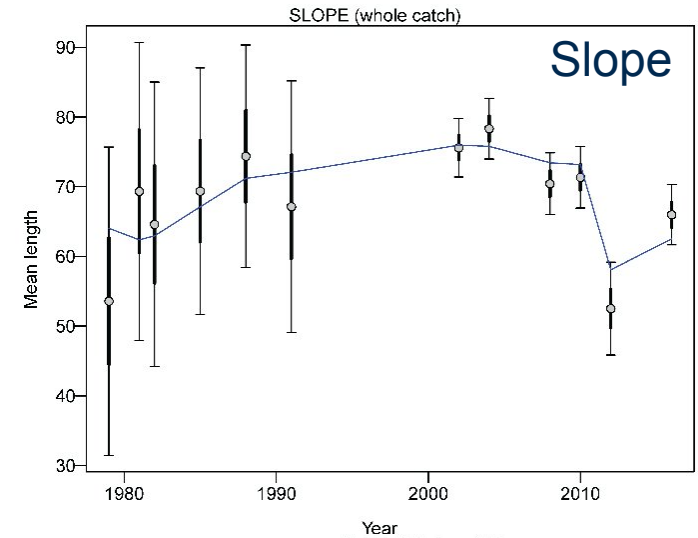
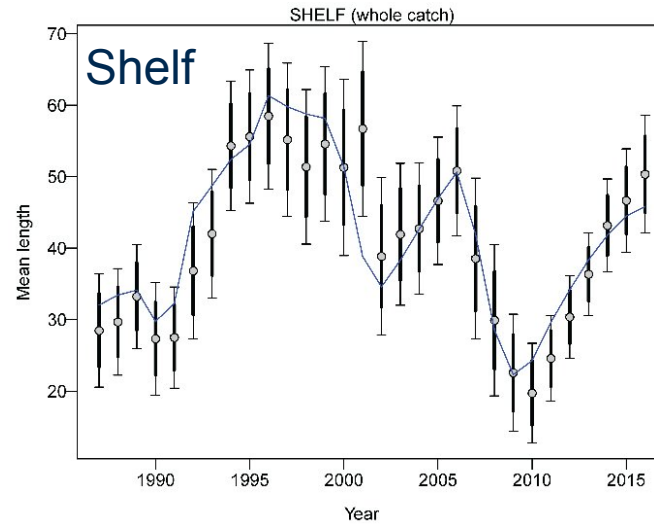


Male

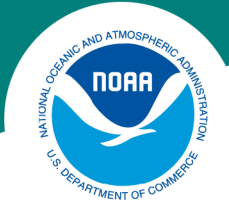




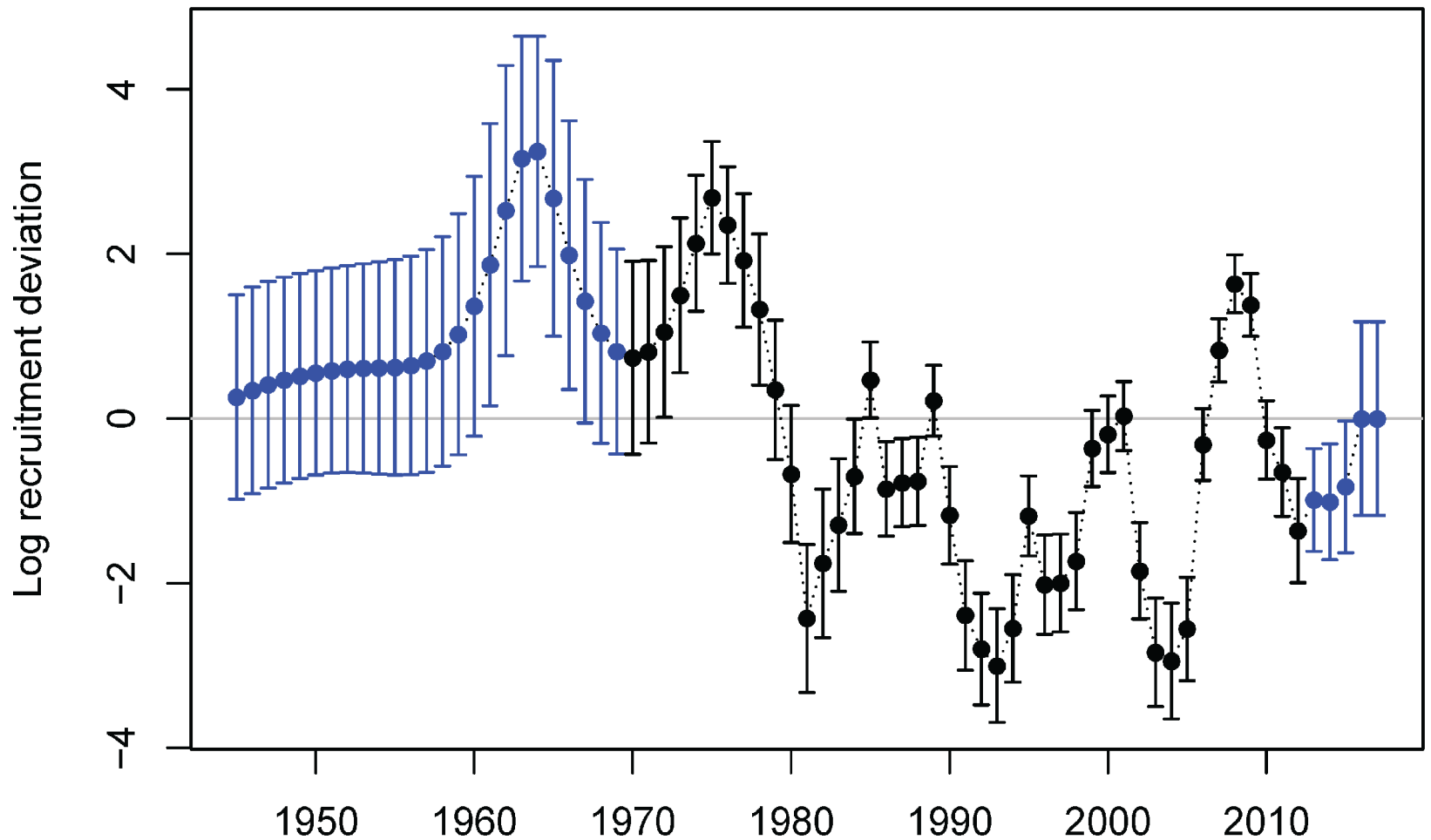
## Model 16.4: Mean lengths

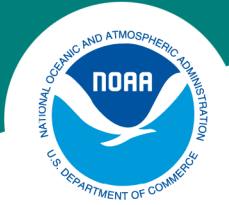


NOAA  
FISHERIES  
SERVICE



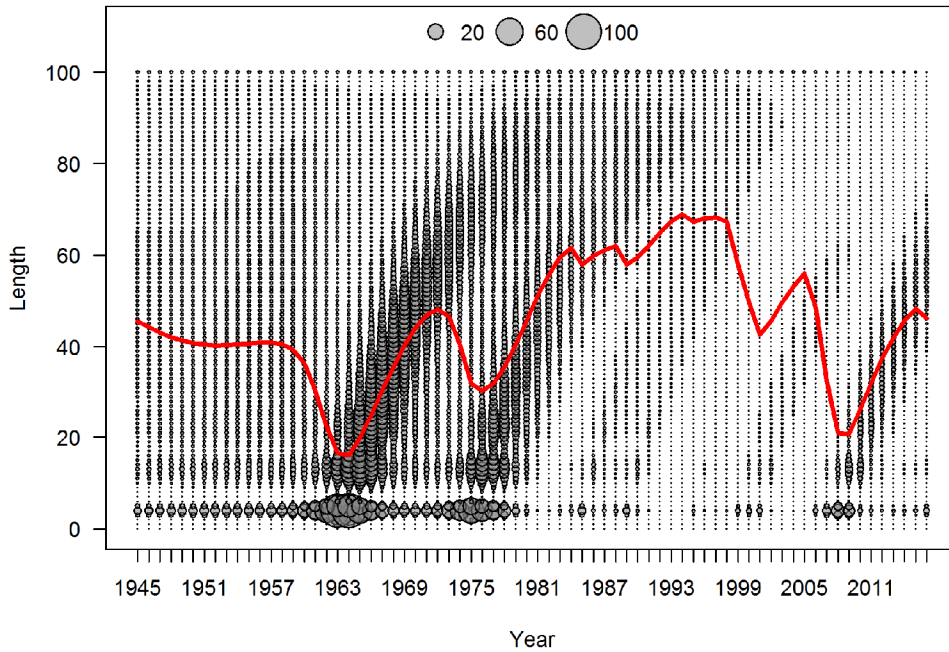
## Model 16.4: Recruitment



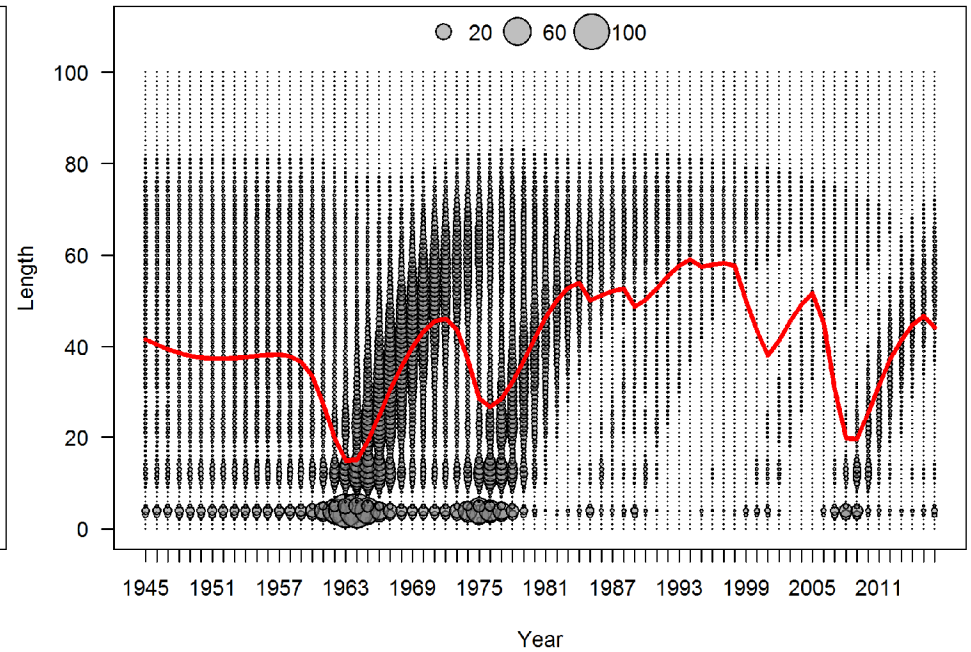


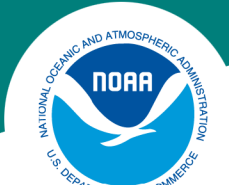
## Model 16.4: Numbers at age

Middle of year expected numbers at length of females in (max ~ 92.5 million)

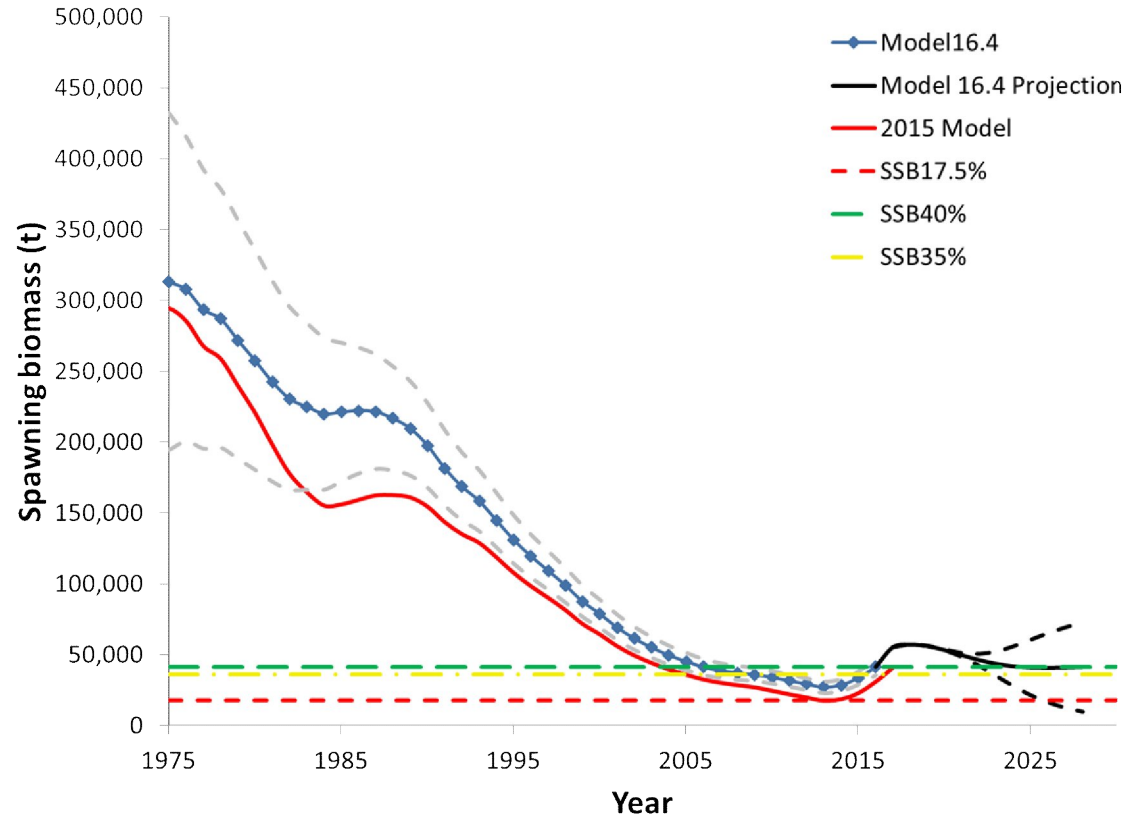
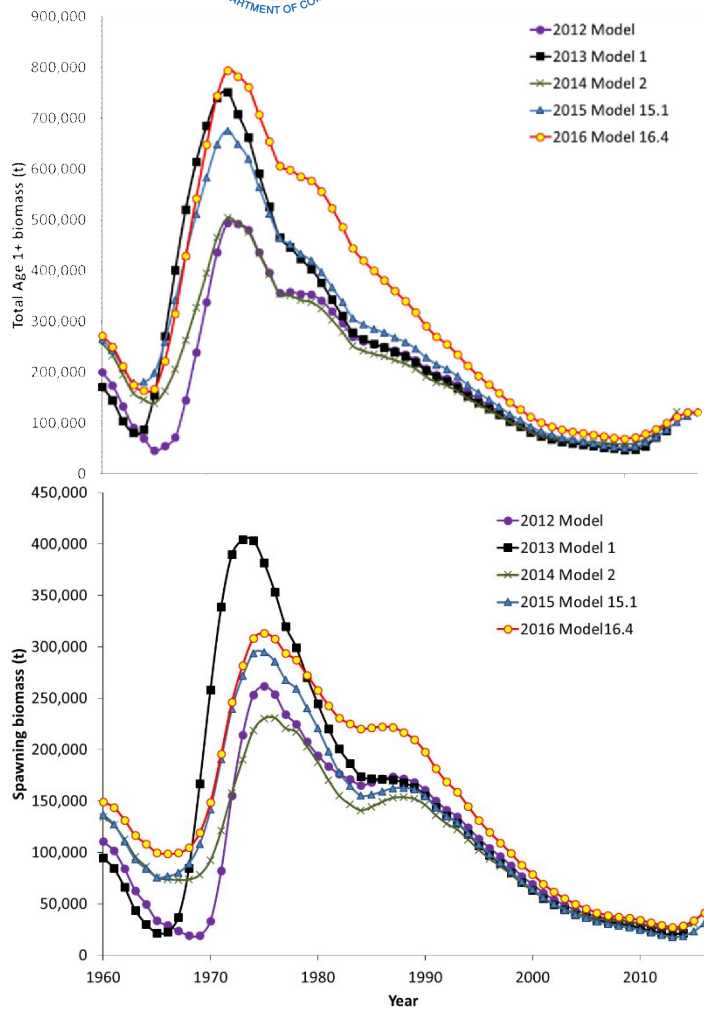


Middle of year expected numbers at length of males in (max ~ 92.2 million)

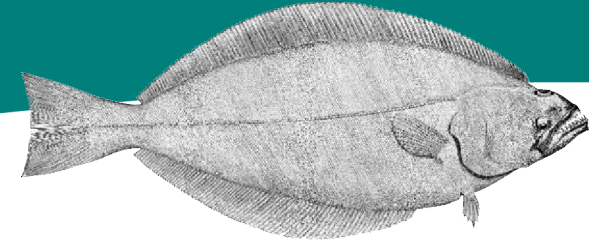
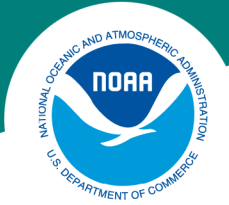




## Model 16.4: Biomass trends

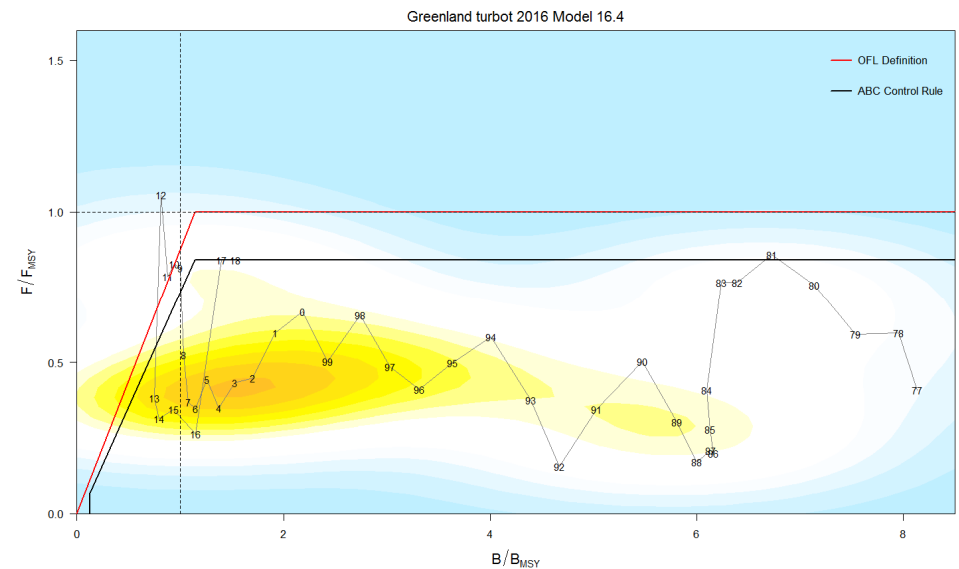
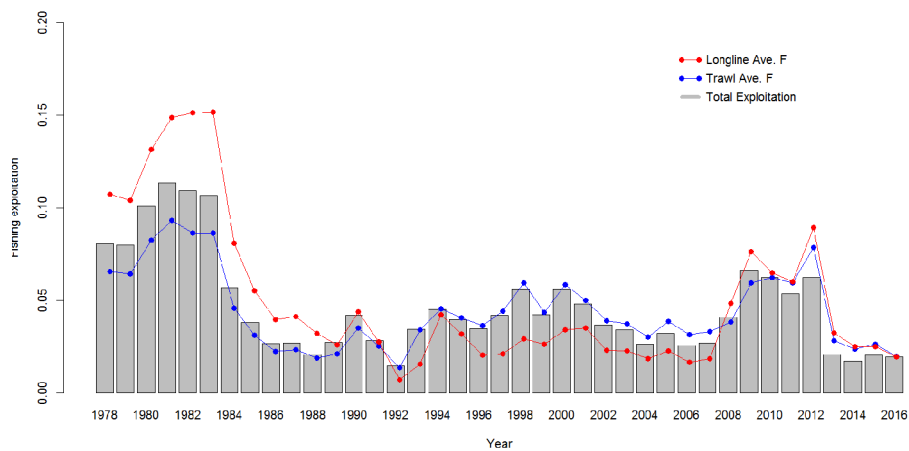


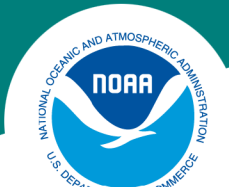




## Model 16.4: Fishing mortality and status

- Low F since 2013
- Conservative harvests for 2013-2016



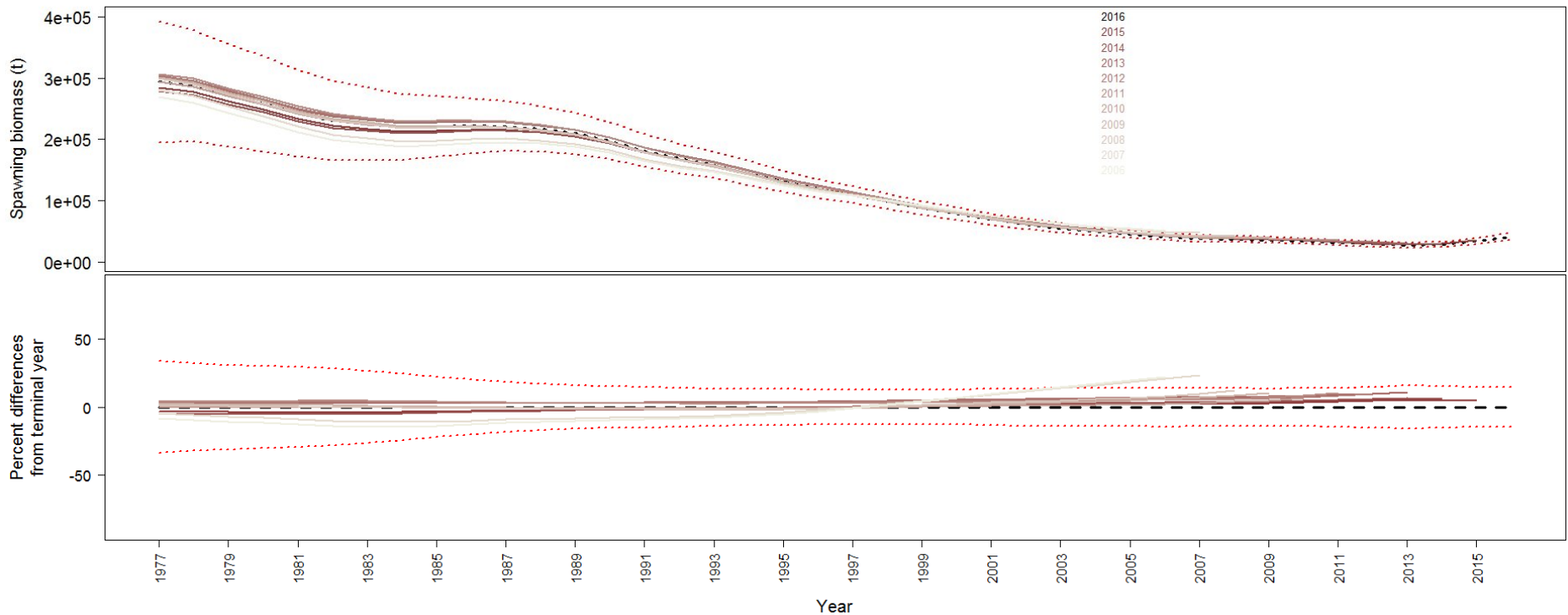


## Model 16.4: Retrospective

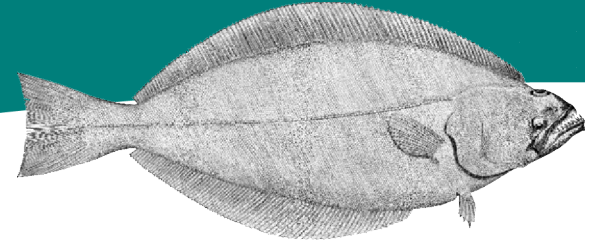
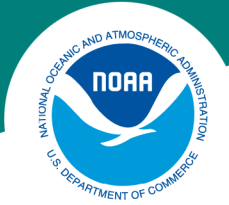
Mohn's  $\rho = 0.12$

Woods Hole  $\rho = 0.01$

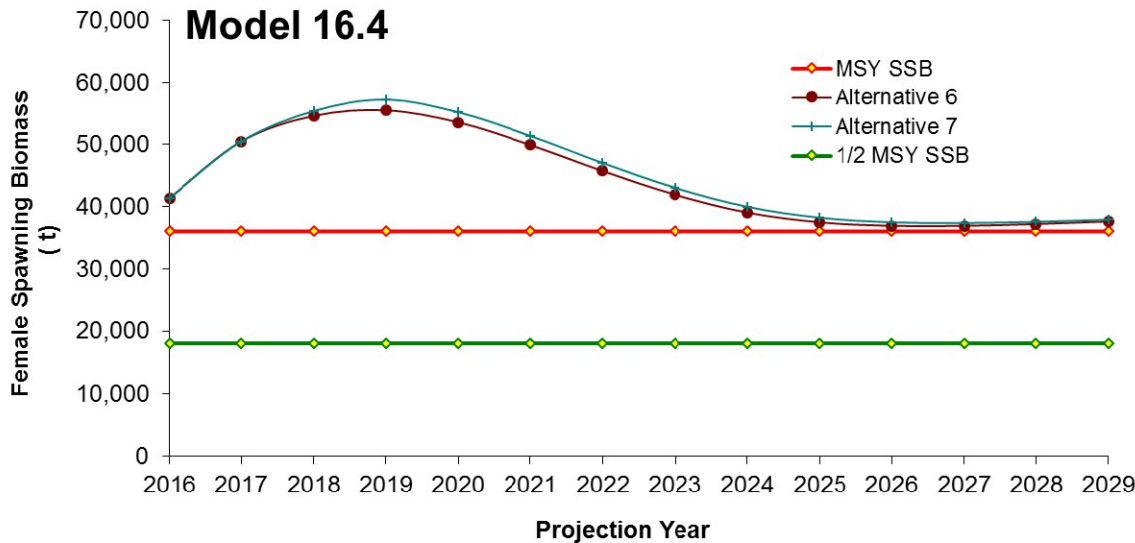
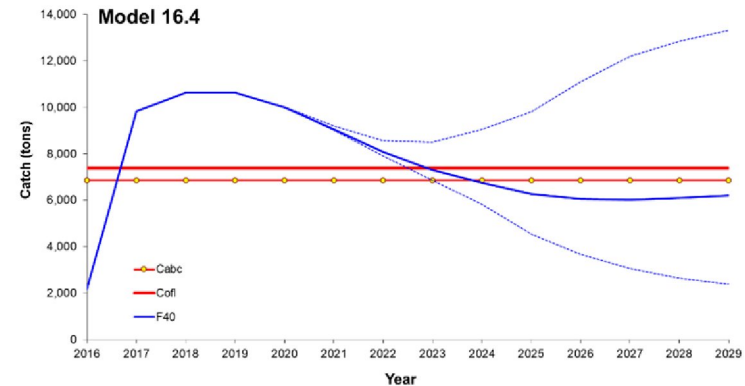
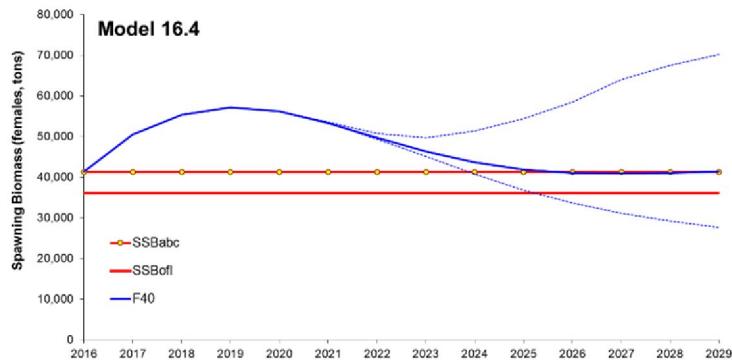
RMSE = 0.06







## Author's choice Model 16.4

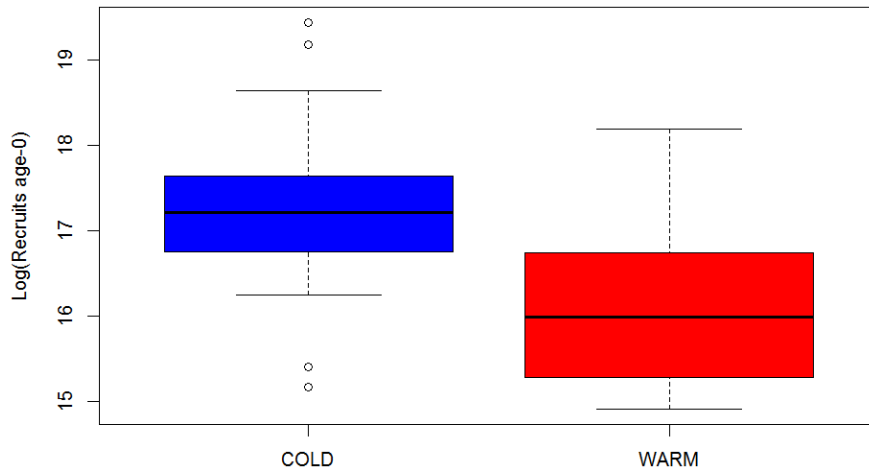


- Not overfished or approaching an overfished condition

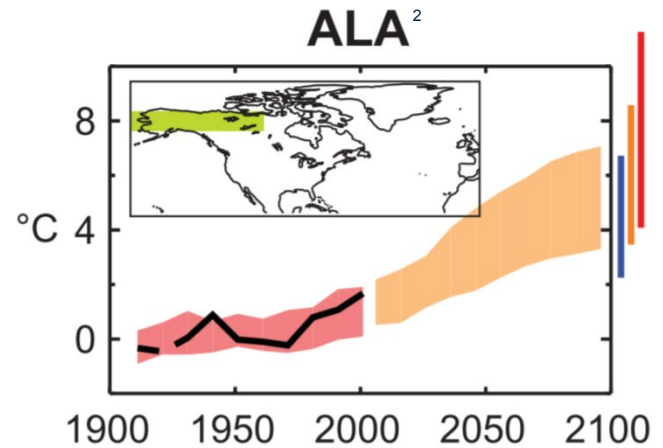
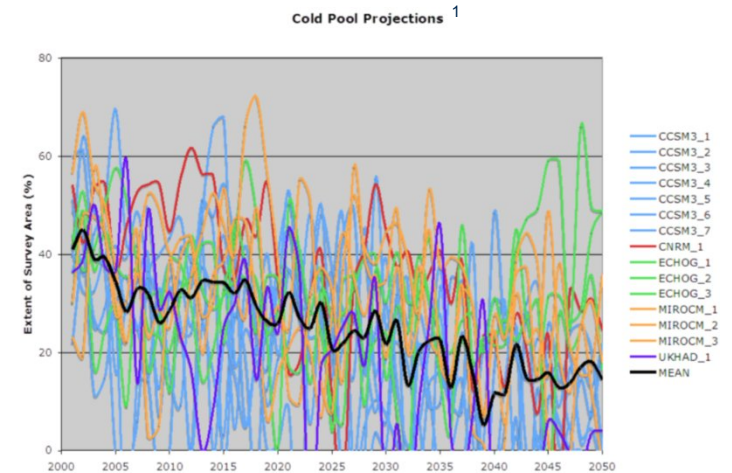


## Alternative harvest specifications for Model 16.4

- Lower recruitment in warm years
- Projections suggest warmer climate in near future

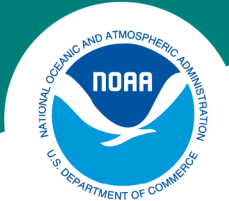


EBS shelf mean bottom temp. colder or warmer than the 1982-2014 mean



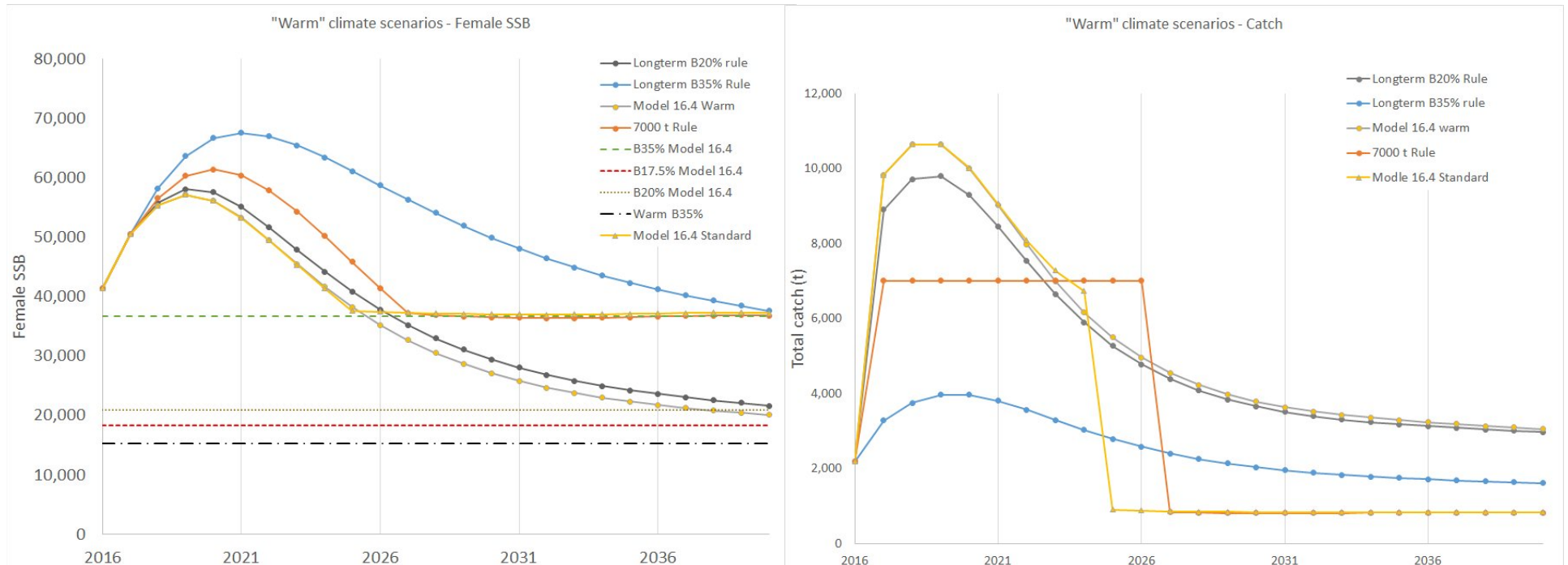
2 Christensen, J.H. and associates 2007: Regional Climate Projections. In: Climate Change 2007: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Group I to the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA

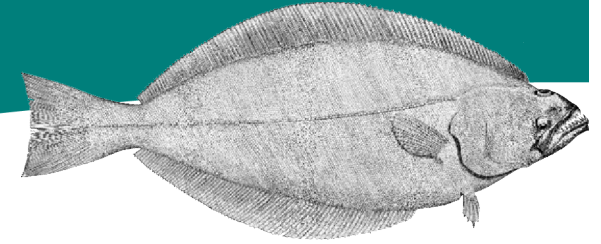
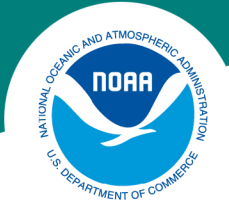
1 Walsh, J. and N. Bond. 2016. Climate scenarios and vulnerabilities in the Aleutian and Bering Sea islands, ABSI Stakeholder workshop.



## Alternative harvest specifications for Model 16.4

- Project 25 years ahead with recruitment from warm years only
- 7,000 t rule used from 1990-1996



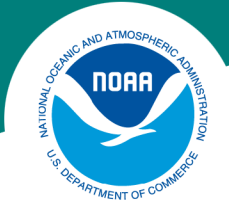


## Author's choice Model 16.4

- ABC recommendation based on the least of 7,000 t or max(ABC) alternative rule

Quantity	As estimated or specified last year for:		As estimated or recommended this year* for:	
	2016	2017	2017	2018
M (natural mortality rate)	0.112	0.112	0.112	0.112
Tier	3b	3b	3a	3a
Projected total (age 1+) biomass (t)	114,438	123,494	121,804	122,032
Female spawning biomass (t)	31,028	41,015	50,461	55,347
<b>Projected</b>				
B <sub>100%</sub>	126,441	126,441	103,097*	103,097
B <sub>40%</sub>	50,577	50,577	41,239	41,239
B <sub>35%</sub>	44,255	44,255	36,084	36,084
F <sub>OFL</sub>	0.10	0.14	0.29	0.29
maxF <sub>ABC</sub>	0.08	0.11	0.18	0.18
F <sub>ABC</sub>	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.12
OFL (t)	4,194	7,416	11,615	12,831
maxABC (t)	3,462	6,132	9,825	10,864
ABC (t)	3,462	6,132	7,000	7,000
EBS (ABC, t)	2,673	4,734	6,111	6,111
Aleutian Islands (ABC, t)	789	1,398	889	889
	As determined last year for:		As determined this year for:	
Status	2014	2015	2015	2016
Overfishing	No	n/a	No	n/a
Overfished	n/a	No	n/a	No
Approaching overfished	n/a	No	n/a	No

\* Note that the reference points changed in the projections in part due to a change in the years included. Previously 1975-2014, now 1977-2014.



## Future work

1. Further explore relationships among temperature, recruitment, selectivity, and catchability (Model 16.6).
2. Assess climate change impacts on viability of Greenland turbot fisheries in the BSAI
3. Evaluate alternative management strategies for Greenland turbot in the BSAI
4. Obtain estimates of Greenland turbot catch outside of the US EEZ in the Bering Sea.
5. Stock structure evaluation through genetics and tagging.