

Figure 1. King crab fishing districts and sections of Statistical Area Q.

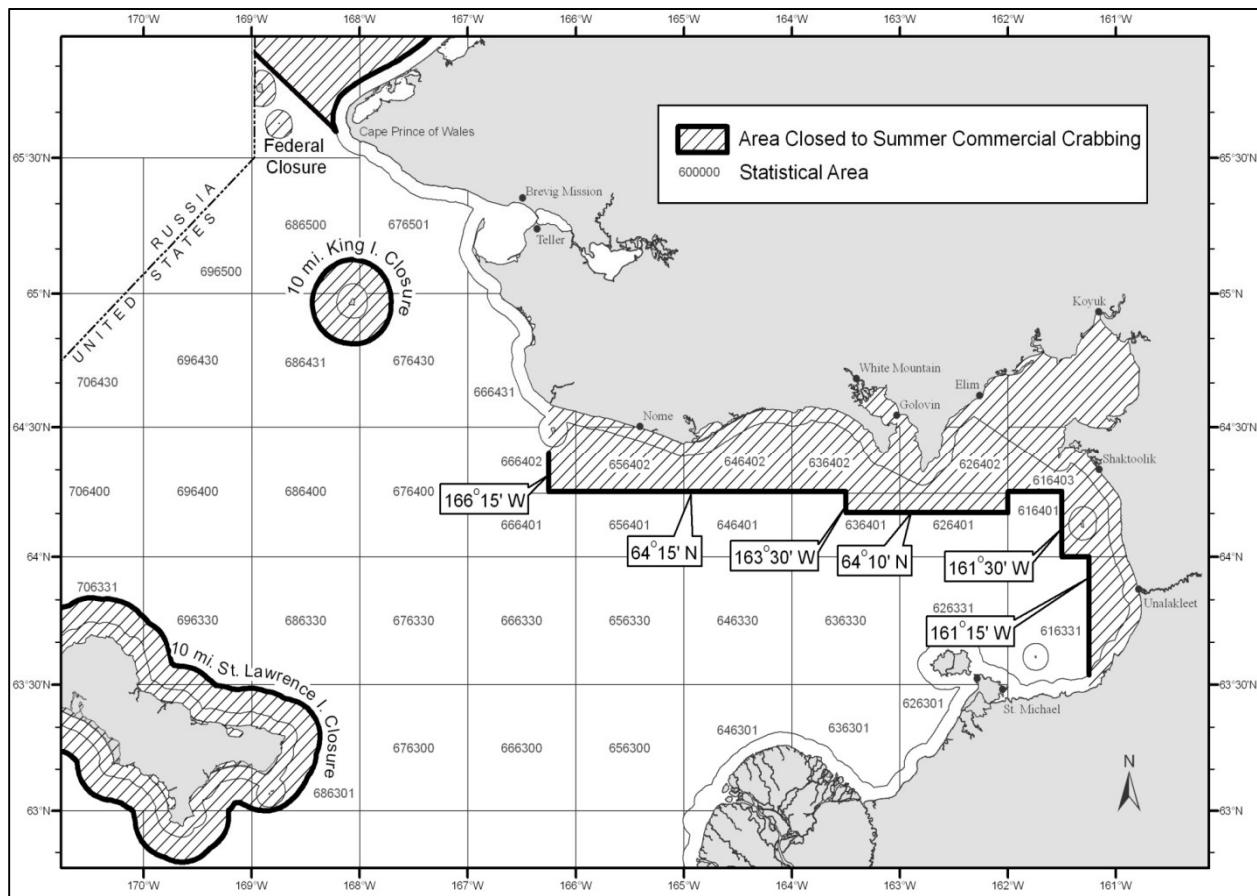


Figure 2. Closed water regulations in effect for the Norton Sound commercial crab fishery. Line around the coastline delineates the 3-mil³ state waters zone.

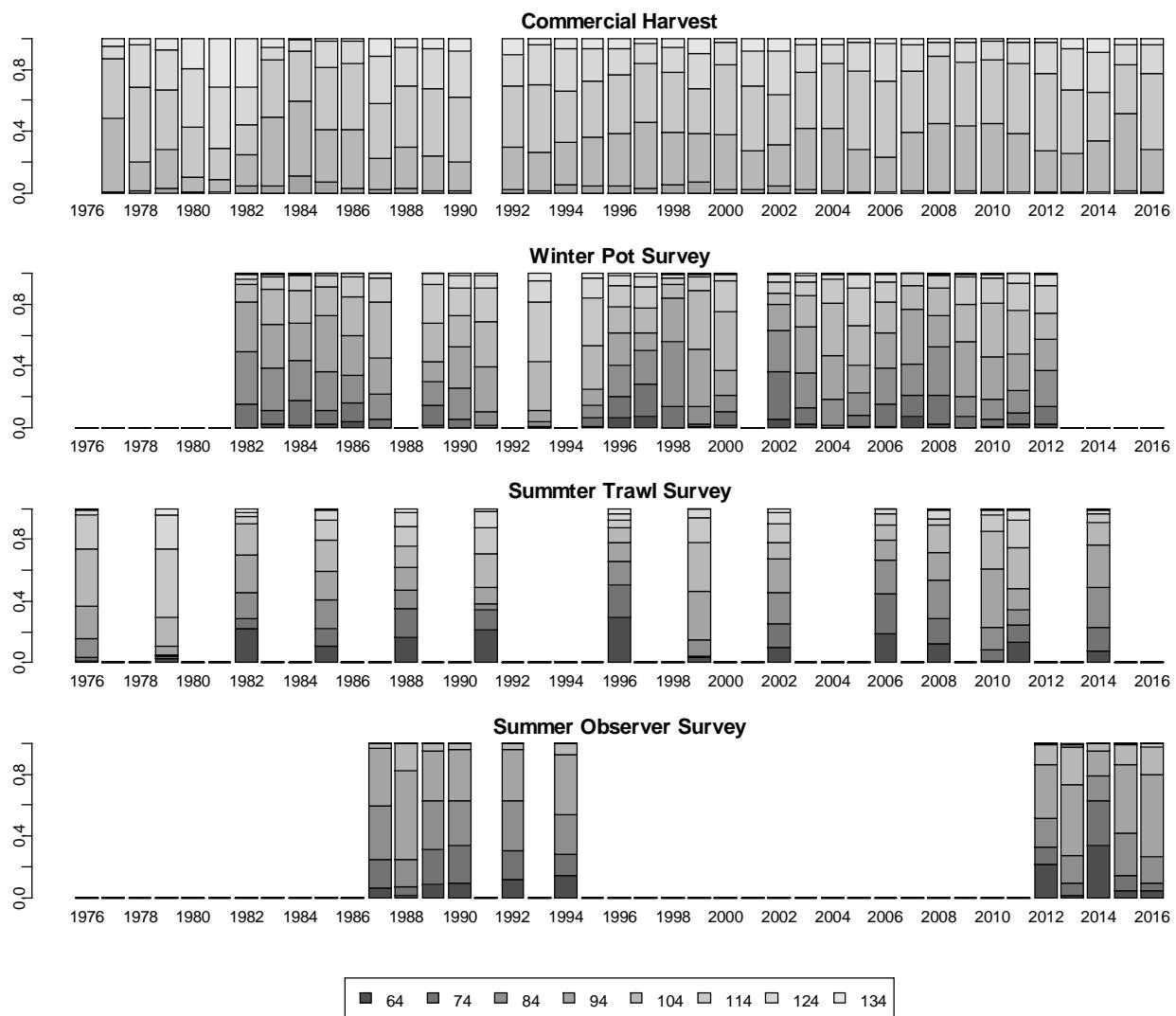


Figure 3. Observed length compositions during 1976-2016.

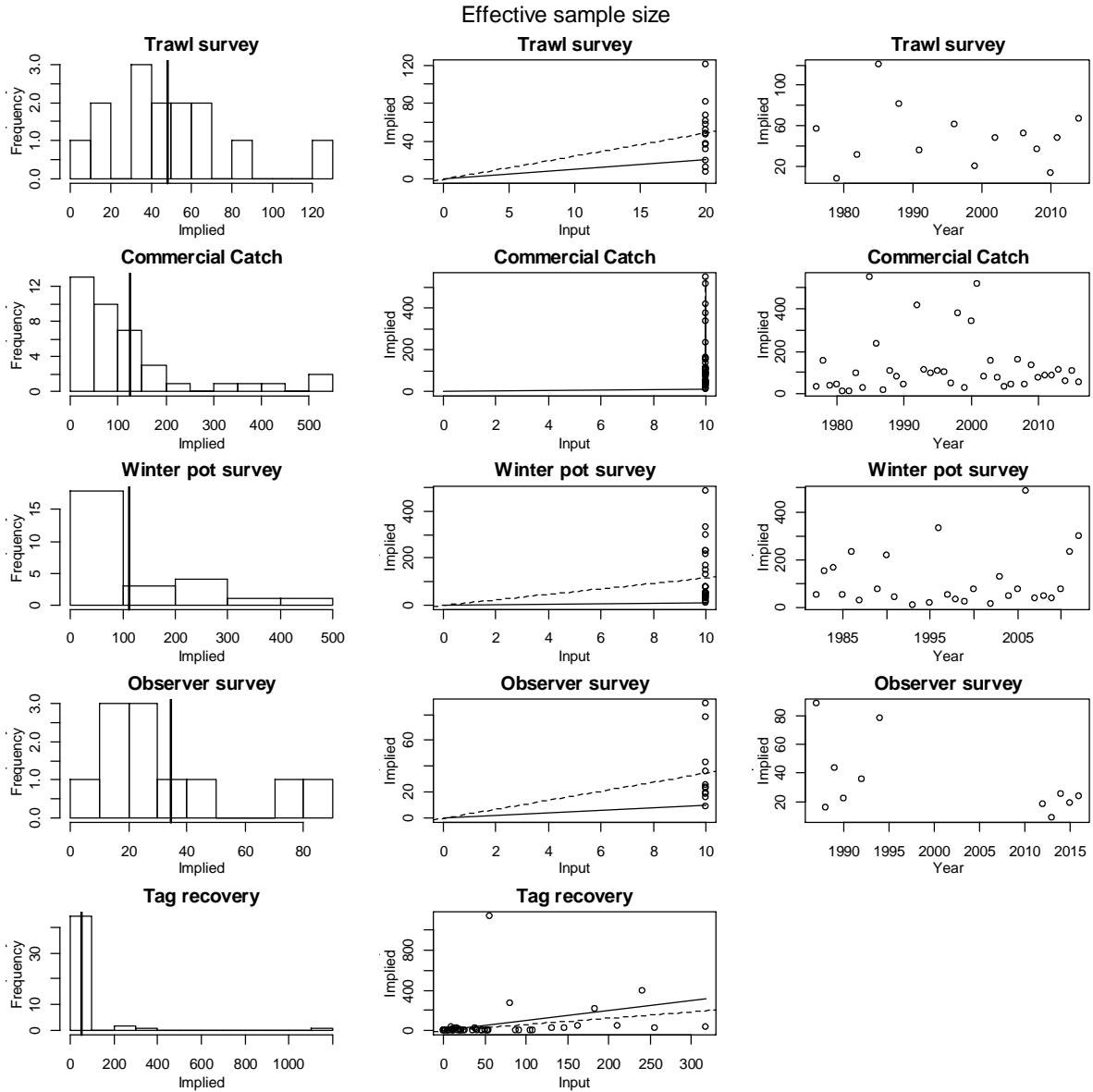


Figure 4. Effective sample size vs. implied (Input) sample size. Figures in the first column show effective sample size (x-axis) vs. frequency (y-axis). Vertical solid line is the implied sample size. Figures in the second column show implied sample sizes (x-axis) vs. effective sample sizes (y-axis). Dashed line indicates the linear regression slope, and solid line is 1:1 line. Figures in the third column show years (x-axis) vs. effective sample sizes (y-axis).

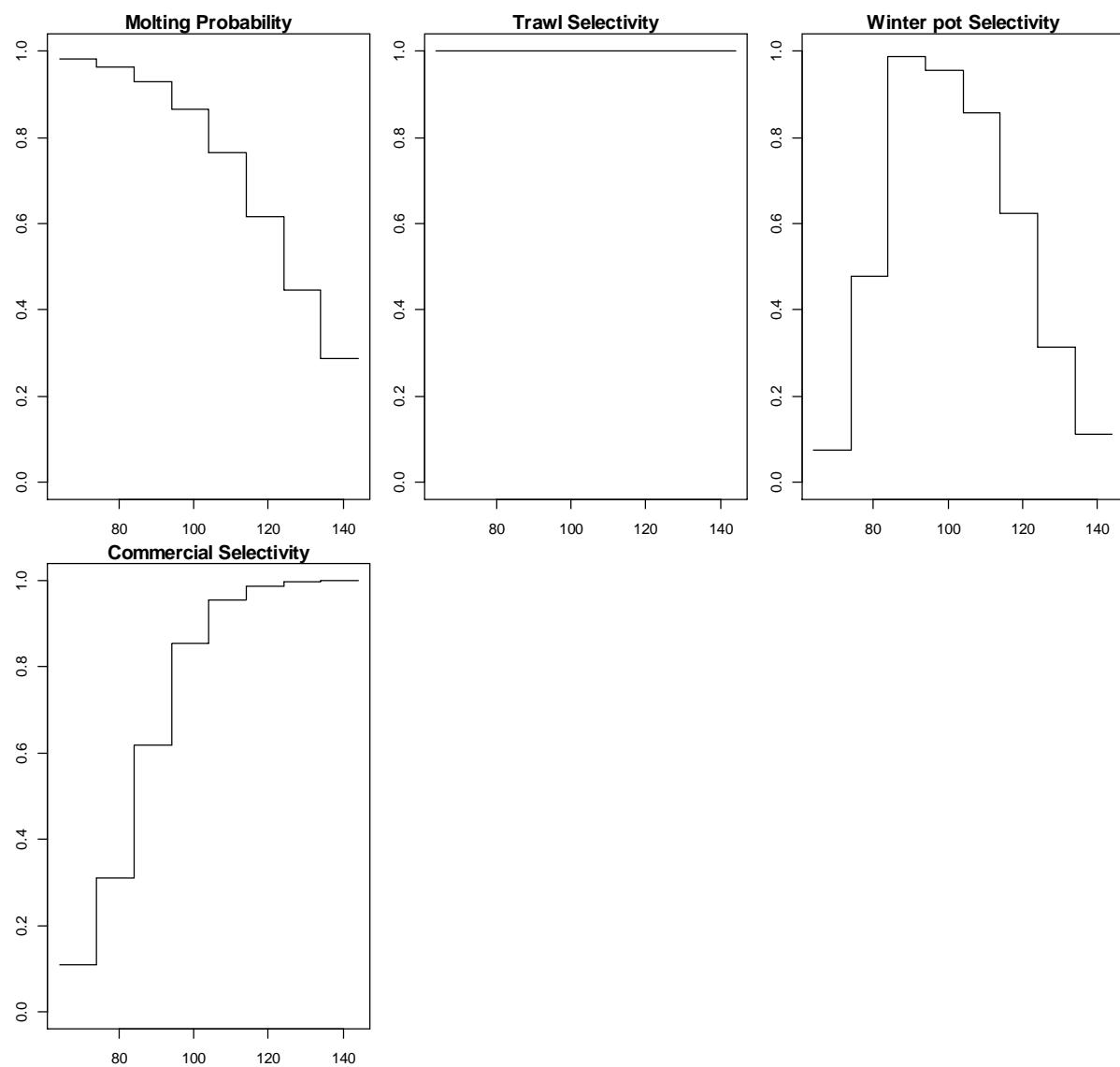


Figure 5. Model estimated annual molting probability, trawl survey selectivity, winter pot survey selectivity, and summer commercial fishery selectivity. X-axis is carapace length (mm).

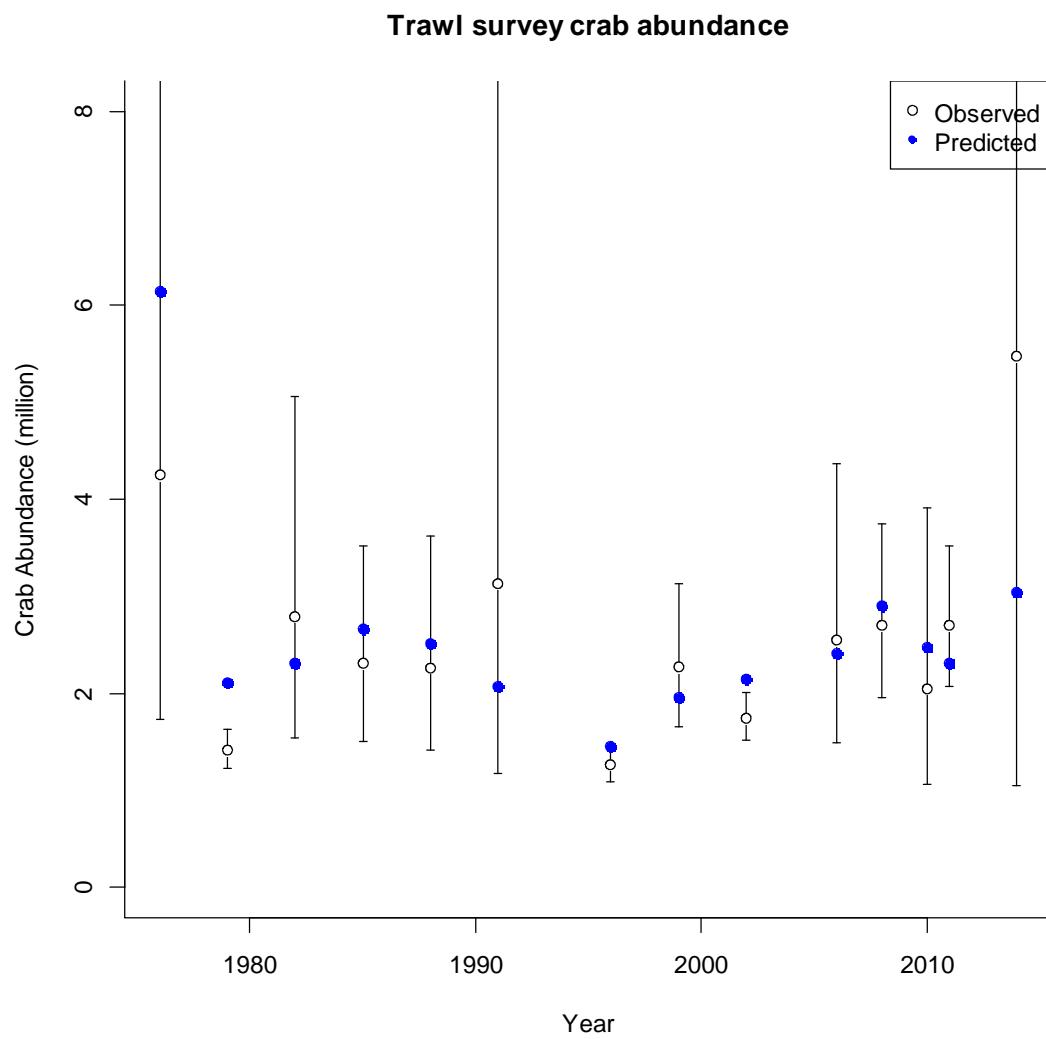


Figure 6. Observed and model estimated trawl survey male abundances with 95% lognormal Confidence Intervals (crab \geq 74 mm CL).

Modeled crab abundance Feb 01

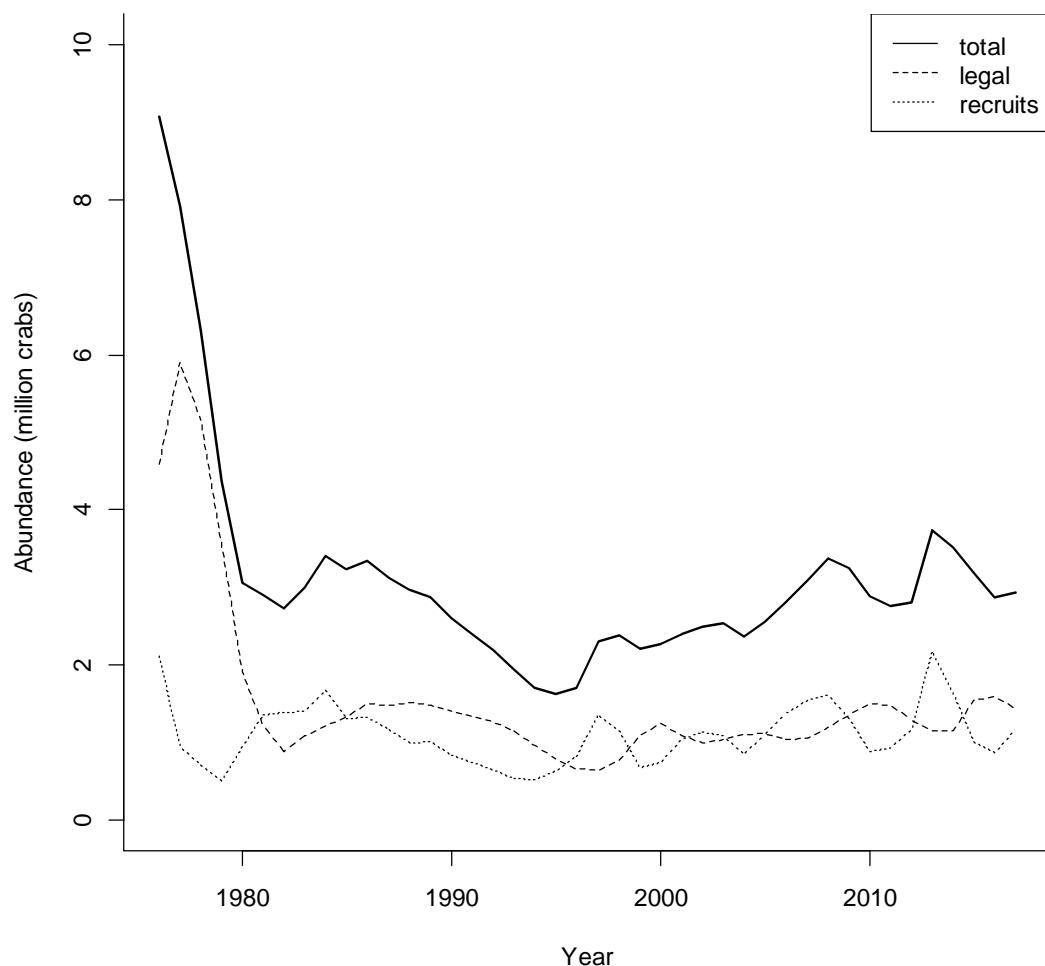


Figure 7. Estimated abundances of legal and recruit males during 1976-2015.

MMB Feb 01

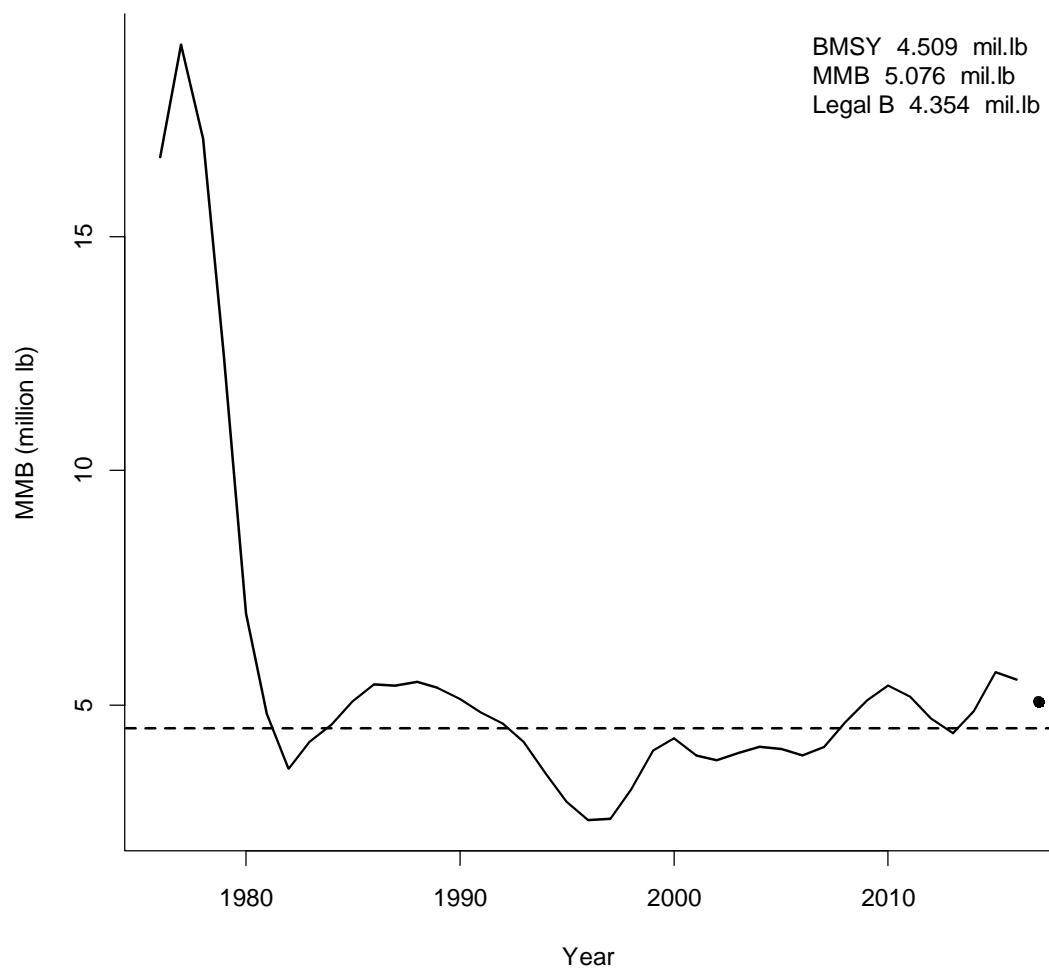


Figure 8. Estimated MMB during 1976-2015. Dash line shows Bmsy (Average MMB of 1980-2016). The black point indicates the projected MMB of 2016.

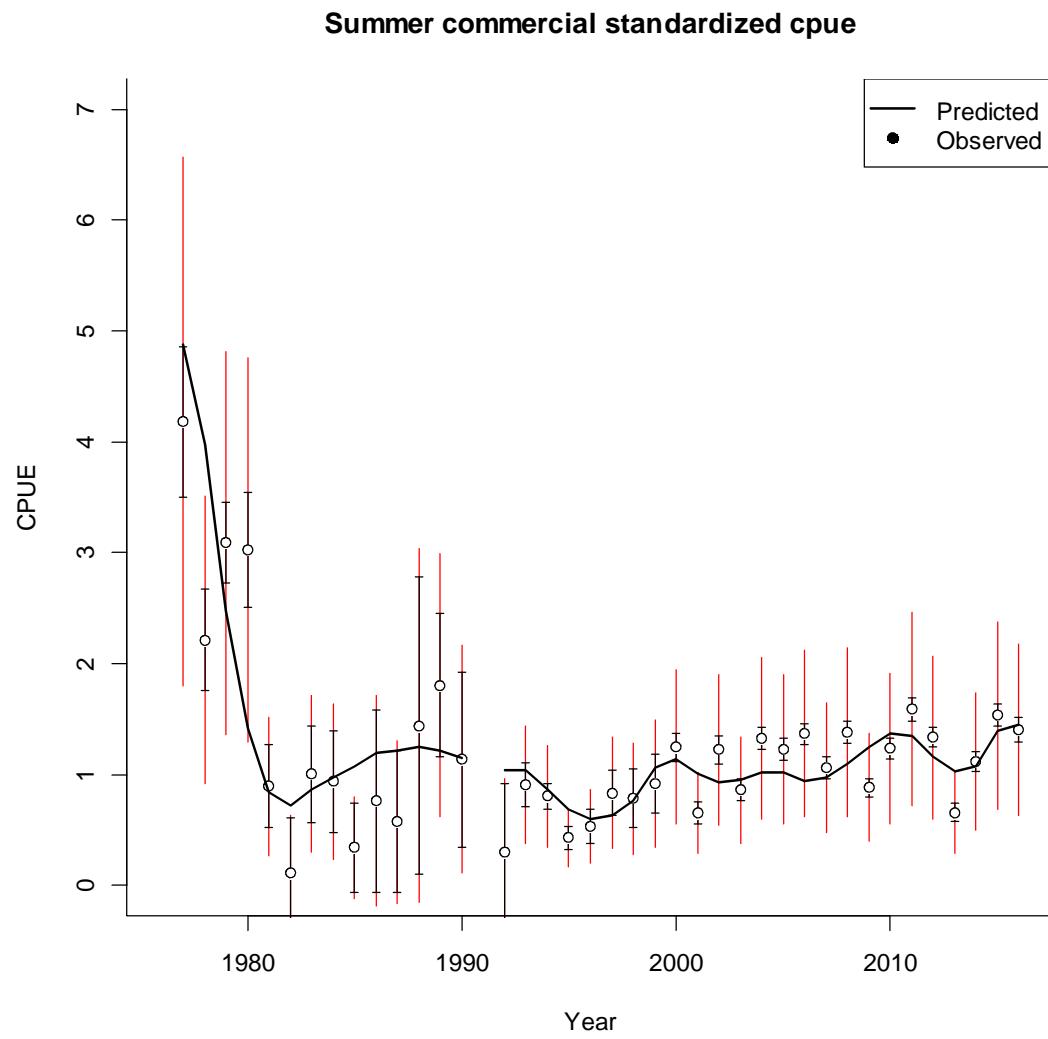


Figure 9. Summer commercial fishery standardized cpue. Vertical black lines are input SD and red lines are input and estimated additional SD.

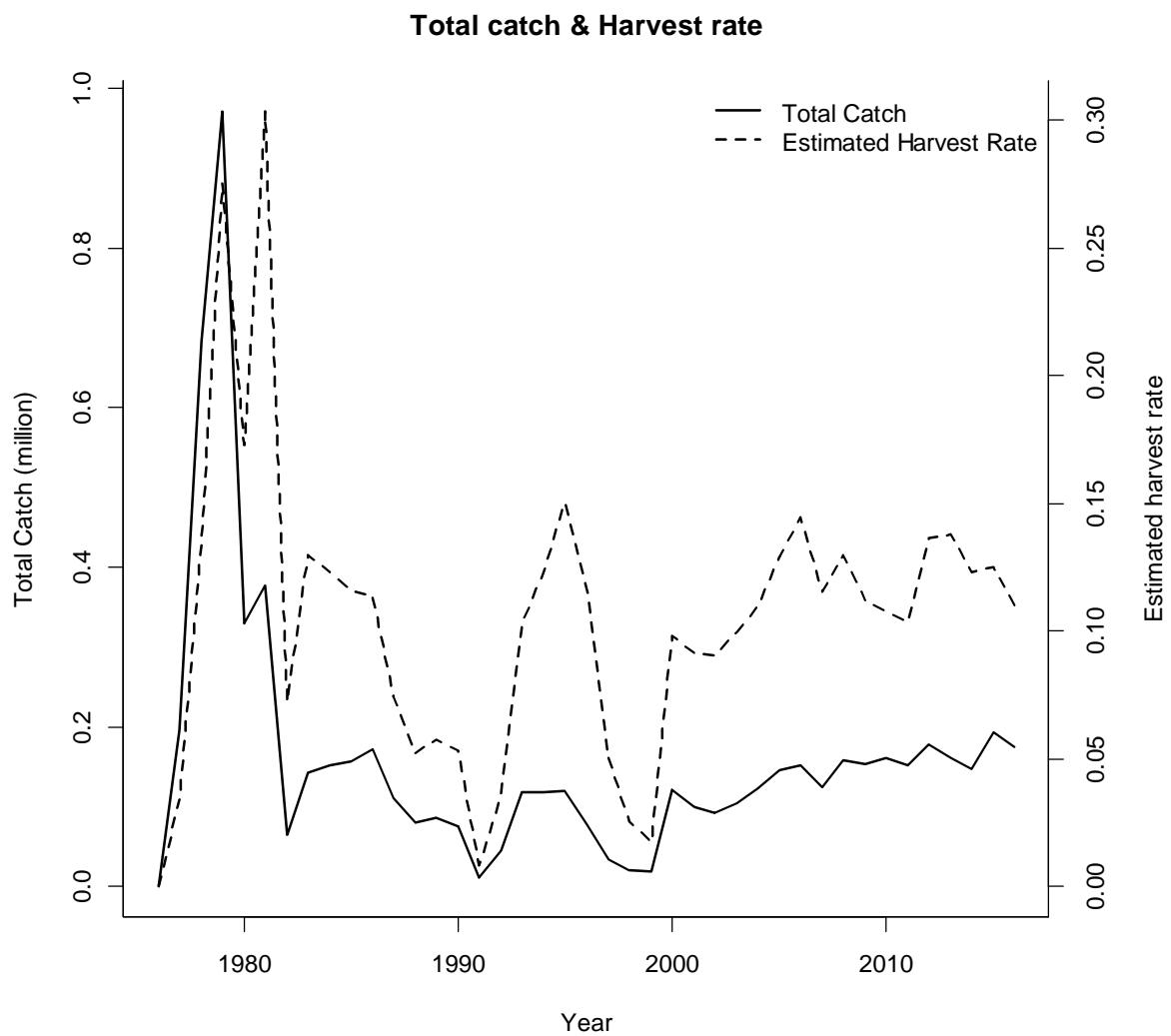


Figure 10. Commercial catch and estimated harvest rates of legal males over time.

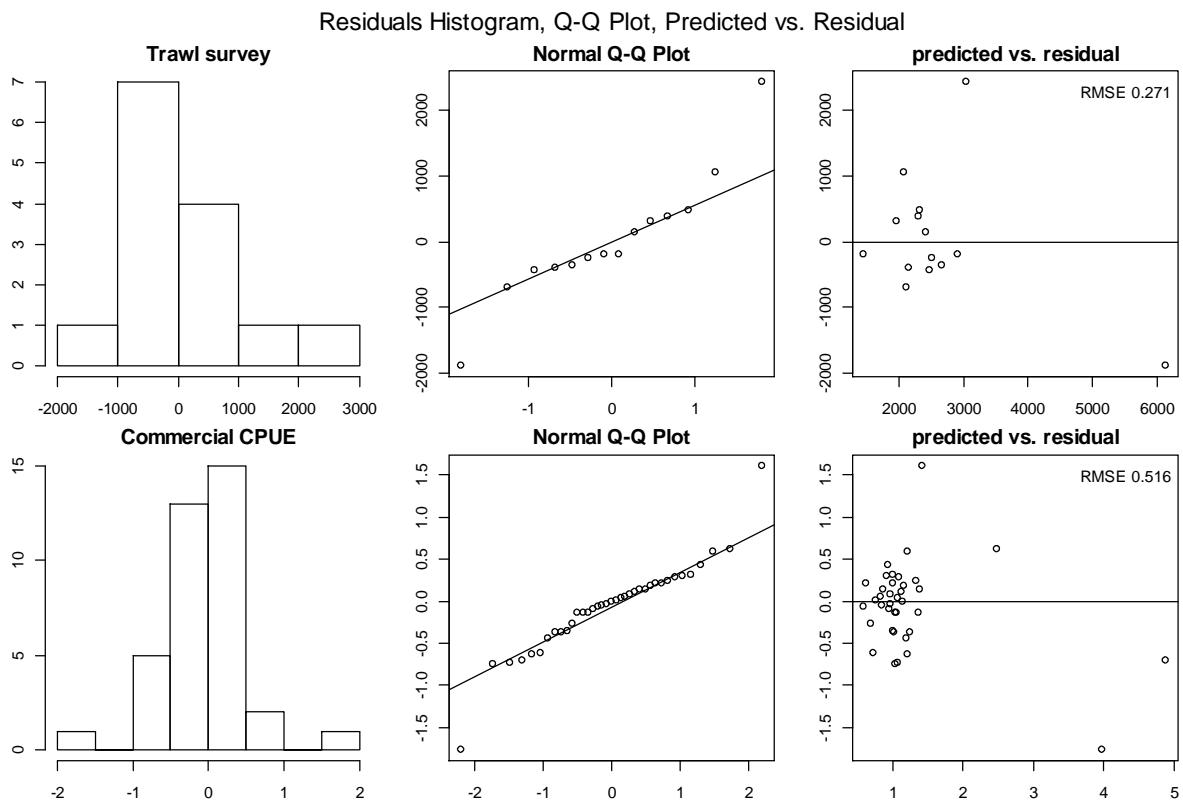


Figure 11. QQ plots of trawl survey abundance and commercial CPUE residuals.

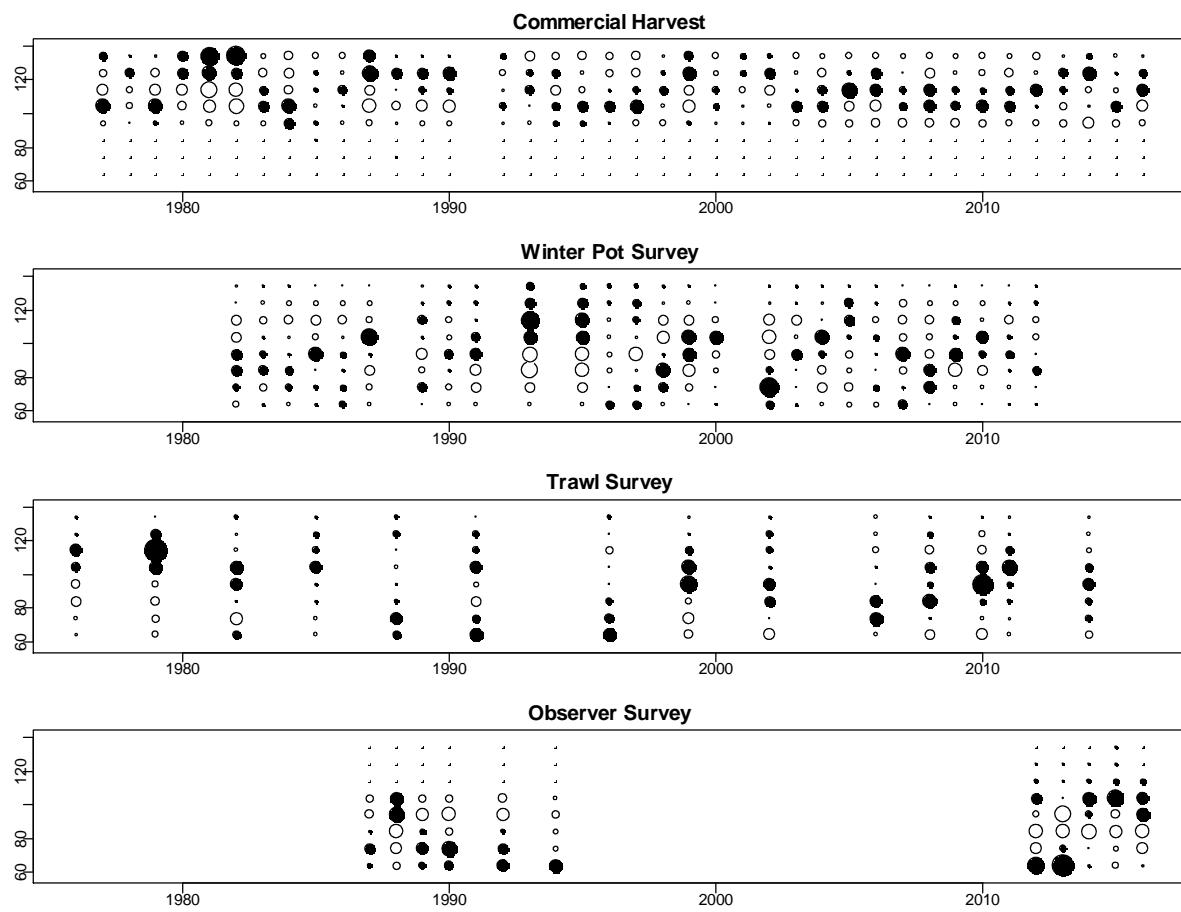


Figure 12. Bubble plot of predicted and observed length proportions (Alternative model 0). Black circle indicates model estimates lower than observed, white circle indicates model estimates higher than observed. Size of circle indicates degree of deviance (larger circle = larger deviance).

commercial harvest length: observed vs predicted

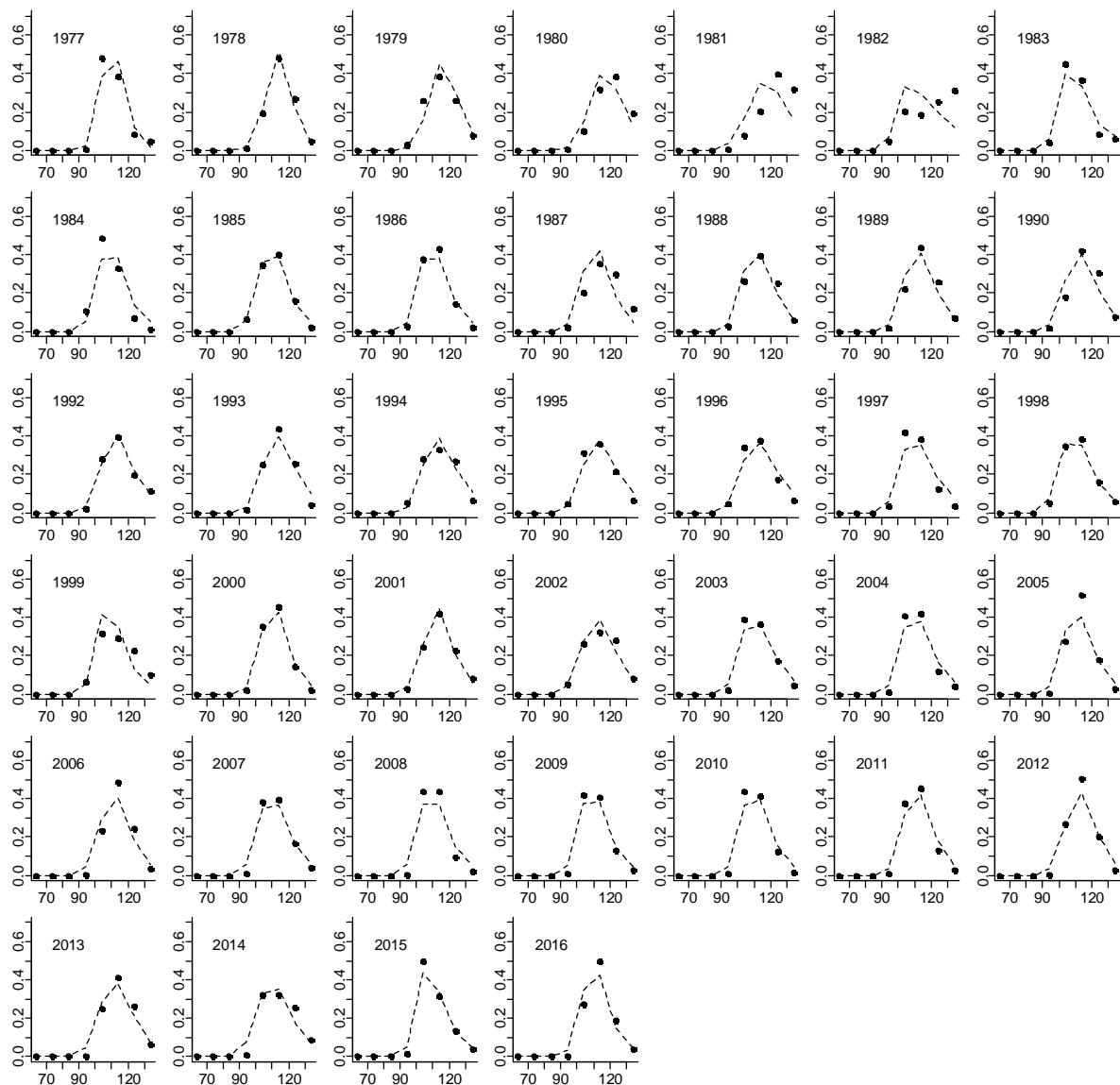


Figure 13. Predicted (dashed line) vs. observed (black dots) length class proportions for the summer commercial catch.

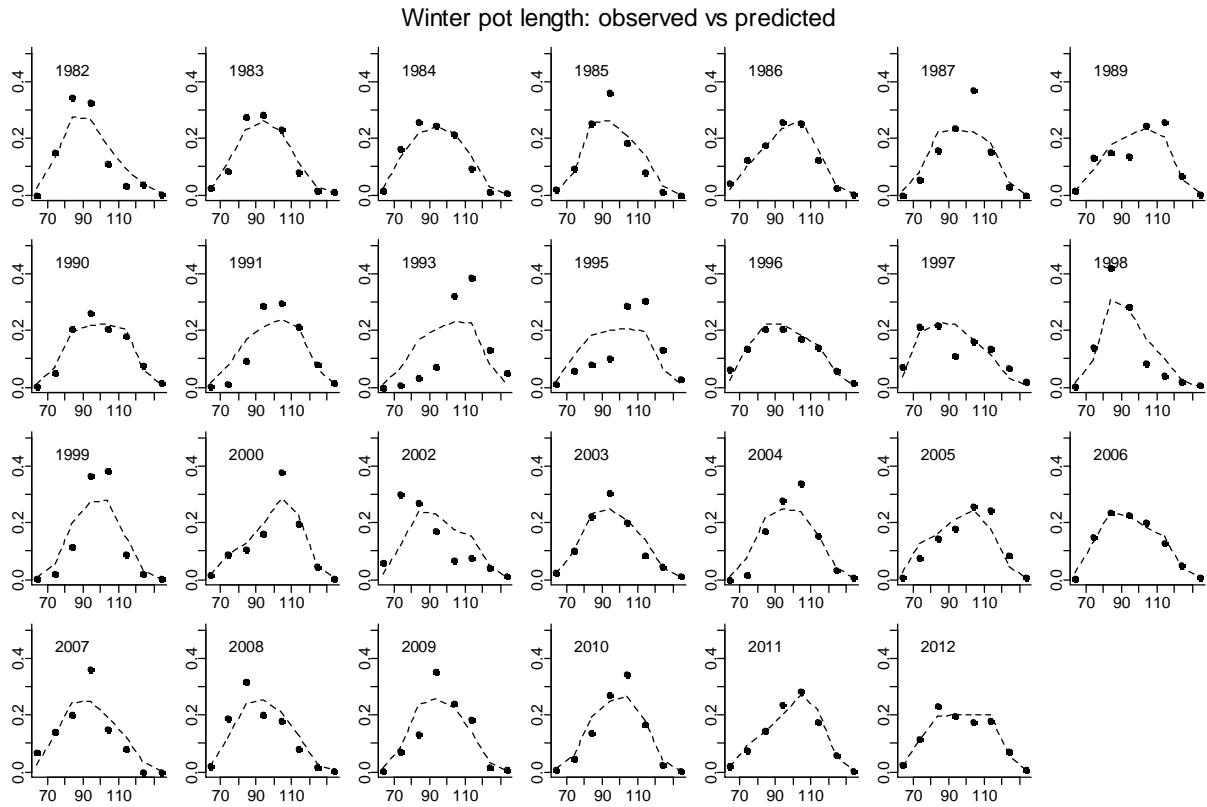
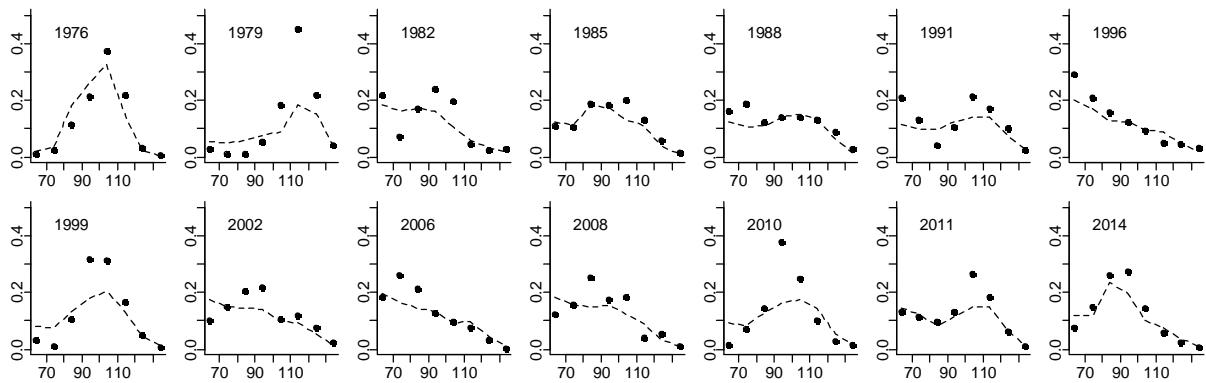


Figure 14. Predicted vs. observed length class proportions for winter pot survey.

Trawl length: observed vs predicted



Discards length: observed vs predicted

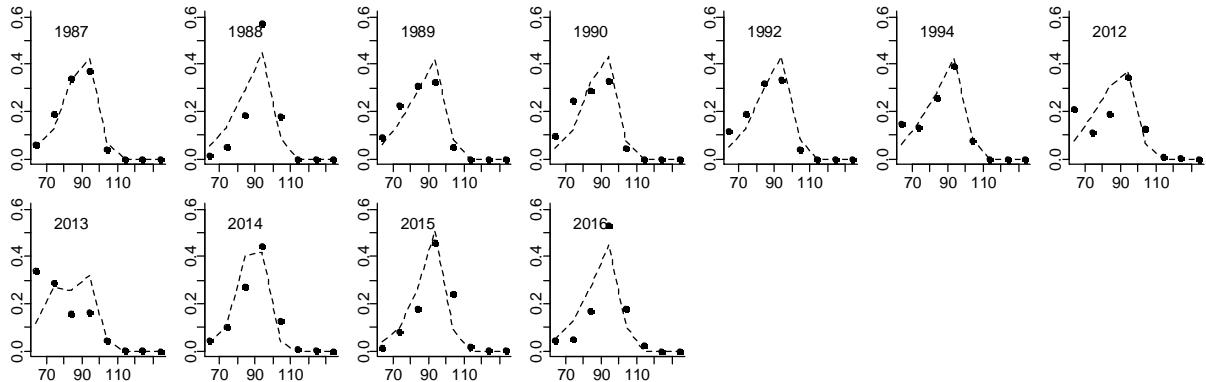


Figure 15. Predicted vs. observed length class proportions for trawl survey and commercial observer data.

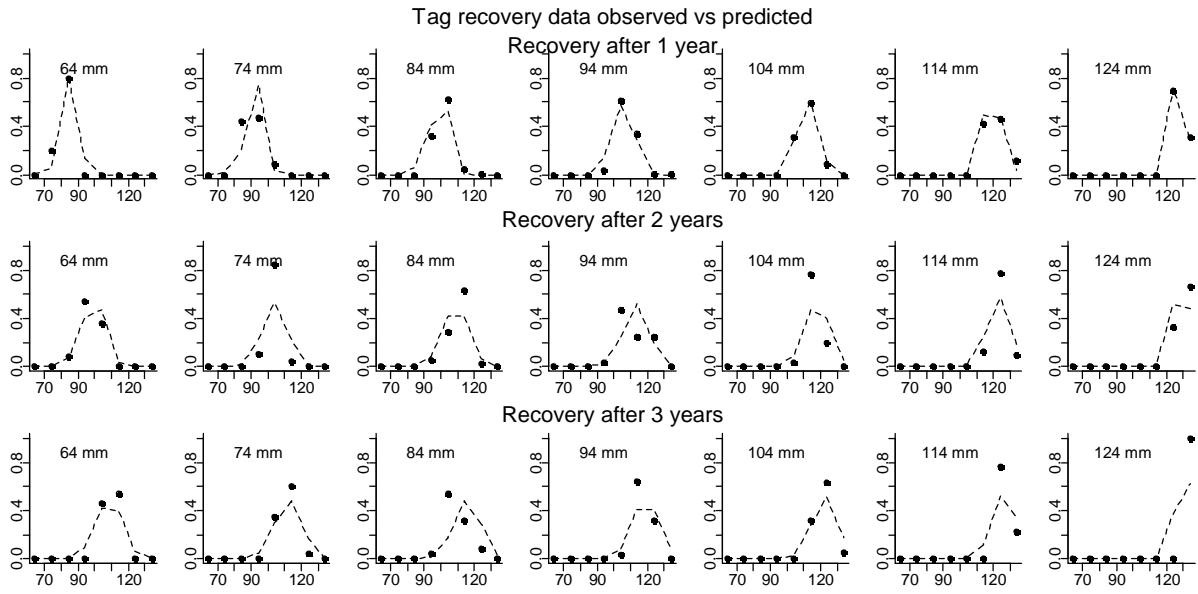


Figure 16. Predicted vs. observed length class proportions for tag recovery data.

Retrospective Analysis

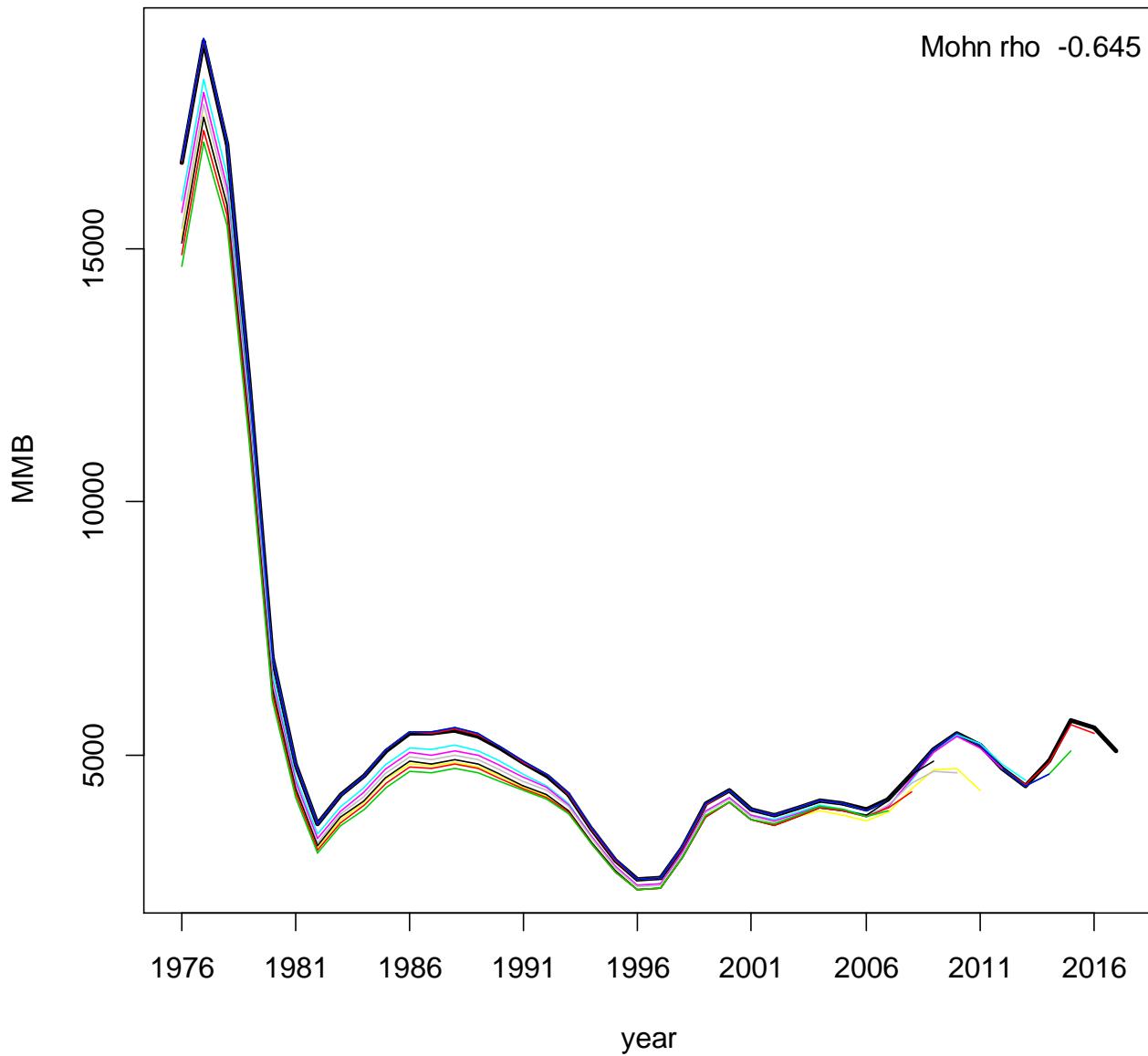


Figure 17. Retrospective analyses. Each line shows a series of retrospective MMB.