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handout
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2014, and represents a commonly applied method for dealing with populations showing evidence of spatial structure, but without explicitly modelling recruitment distribution and migration rates among areas.

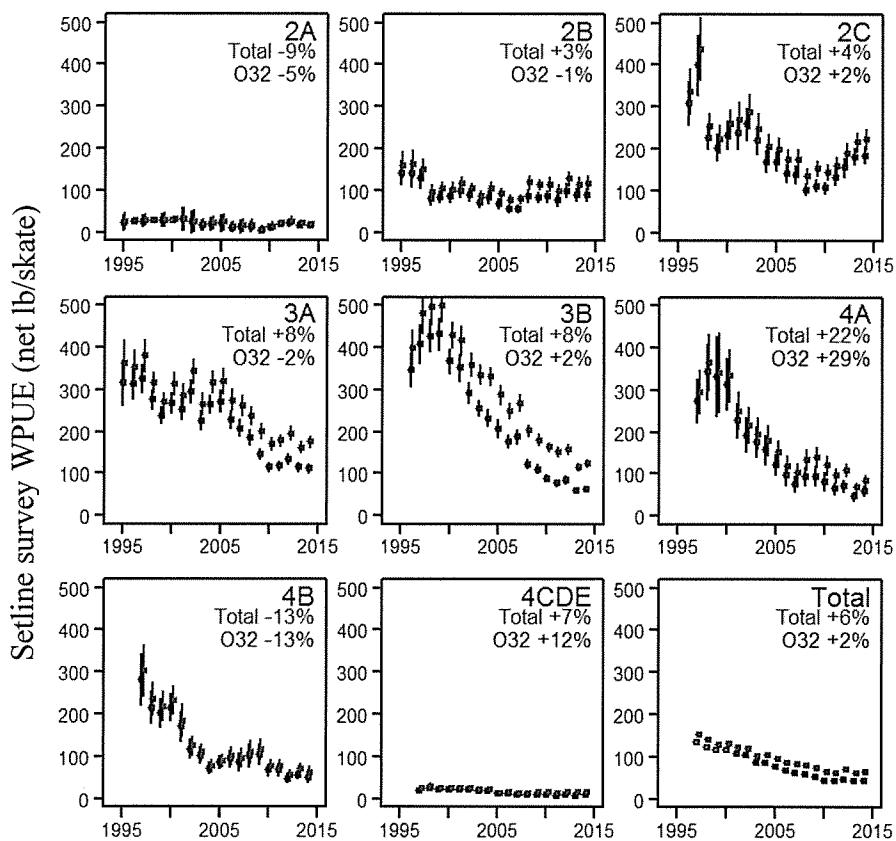


Figure 2. Trend in setline survey total and legal (O32) WPUE by regulatory area, 1995-2014.

As in 2012 and 2013, this stock assessment is based on the probability distributions derived from an ensemble of stock assessment models, thereby incorporating the uncertainty within each model as well as the uncertainty among models. This approach results in reduced potential for abrupt changes in management quantities as improvements and additional data are added to individual models, and a stronger basis for risk assessment. For 2014, the ensemble included both short and long time-series models based on both coastwide and AAF data structures. The short time-series model used in 2012 was not retained in the 2014 ensemble, due to its non-orthogonal and highly processed treatment of input data, as well as the redundancy with the alternative short time-series coastwide model developed in 2013. This combination of models included uncertainty in natural mortality rates (estimated in the long time-series models, fixed in the short time-series models), environmental effects on recruitment (estimated in the long time-series models), and other model parameters. Each of the four models was equally weighted, and differences in uncertainty within models propagated in the integration of results. Point estimates reported in this assessment correspond to median values from the ensemble. Alternative models using Virtual Population Analysis and surplus production formulations were also investigated during 2014; these efforts generally corroborated the results obtained from models included in the ensemble, but are not explicitly included.

Table 2. Decision table of yield alternatives (rows) and risk metrics (columns). Values in the table represent the probability, in “times out of 100” of a particular risk.

		Stock Trend				Stock Status				Fishery Trend				Fishery Status	
		Spawning biomass				Spawning biomass				Fishery GEY from the harvest policy				Harvest rate	
		In 2016		In 2018		In 2016		In 2018		In 2016		In 2018		In 2015	
Total removals (M lb)	Fishery CEY (M lb)	Is less than 5%	Is less than 10%	Is less than 15%	Is less than 20%	Is less than 30%	Is less than 35%	Is less than 40%	Is less than 45%	Is less than 50%	Is less than 60%	Is less than 70%	Is less than 80%	Is less than 90%	Is above target
Fishing Intensity															
No removals	0.0	F _{100%}	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	0/100
FCYE = 0	13.1	F _{73%}	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100
2015 Alternative	20.0	F _{64%}	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100	<1/100
	30.0	F _{54%}	3/100	<1/100	17/100	4/100	<1/100	7/100	<1/100	5/100	<1/100	3/100	2/100	3/100	4/100
Blue Line	38.7	F _{48%}	19/100	<1/100	40/100	23/100	3/100	<1/100	3/100	<1/100	3/100	2/100	2/100	2/100	5/100
<i>status quo</i>	41.4	F _{45%}	26/100	1/100	47/100	30/100	8/100	<1/100	9/100	1/100	5/100	37/100	36/100	23/100	50/100
Maintain 2014 SPR	43.3	F _{43%}	31/100	1/100	56/100	36/100	8/100	<1/100	10/100	1/100	73/100	51/100	63/100	49/100	88/100
	50.0	F _{39%}	44/100	5/100	75/100	51/100	9/100	1/100	13/100	1/100	99/100	91/100	95/100	84/100	>99/100
	60.0	F _{34%}	65/100	22/100	96/100	82/100	11/100	1/100	23/100	2/100	>99/100	>99/100	>99/100	>99/100	>99/100