

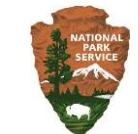
# Ecosystem Status Report: Gulf of Alaska 2022

Bridget Ferriss & Stephani Zador

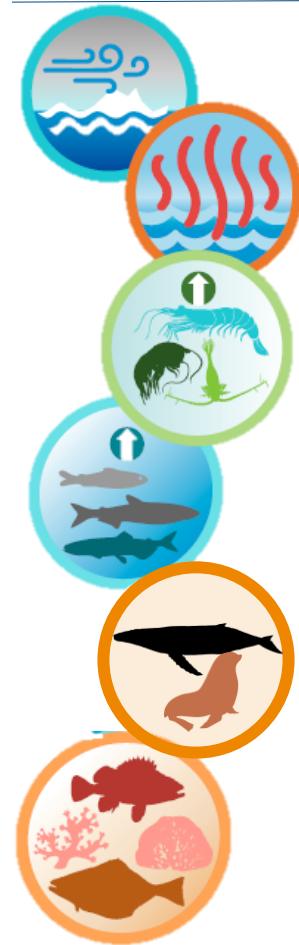


## *With contributions from:*

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# GOA 2022: Key Messages



1. Third consecutive non-marine heatwave year, BUT warm summer and fall surface & summer depth
2. Generally productive pelagic prey base
  - Zooplankton: WGOA (below ave./average) EGOA (above average)
  - Forage fish: above average
3. Marine mammals- Steller sea lions and humpback whales impacted by marine heatwaves?
4. Multi-year Trends:
  - Shelf edge/upper slope habitat concerns
  - 2023: Transitioning from marine heatwave to cooler but different community?

# GOA Full Assessment Risk Tables: Environmental/ Ecosystem Considerations

## Level 1

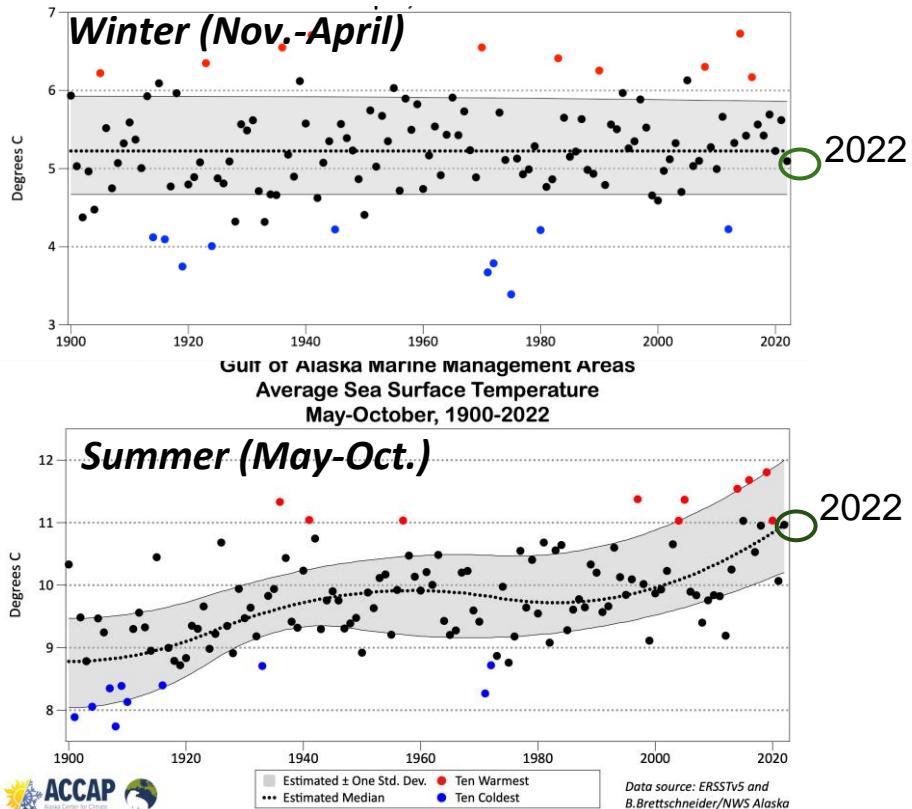
*(No apparent environmental/ ecosystem concerns)*

- Walleye pollock
- Pacific cod
- Sablefish (statewide)
- Flathead sole\*
- Northern rockfish
- Dusky rockfish
- Demersal shelf rockfish\*
- Thornyhead rockfish\*
- Sharks (statewide)\*

*\*Higher uncertainty due to less relevant ecosystem/prey data; fewer known mechanistic relationships*

# Long-term GOA Sea Surface Temperature: warming summer

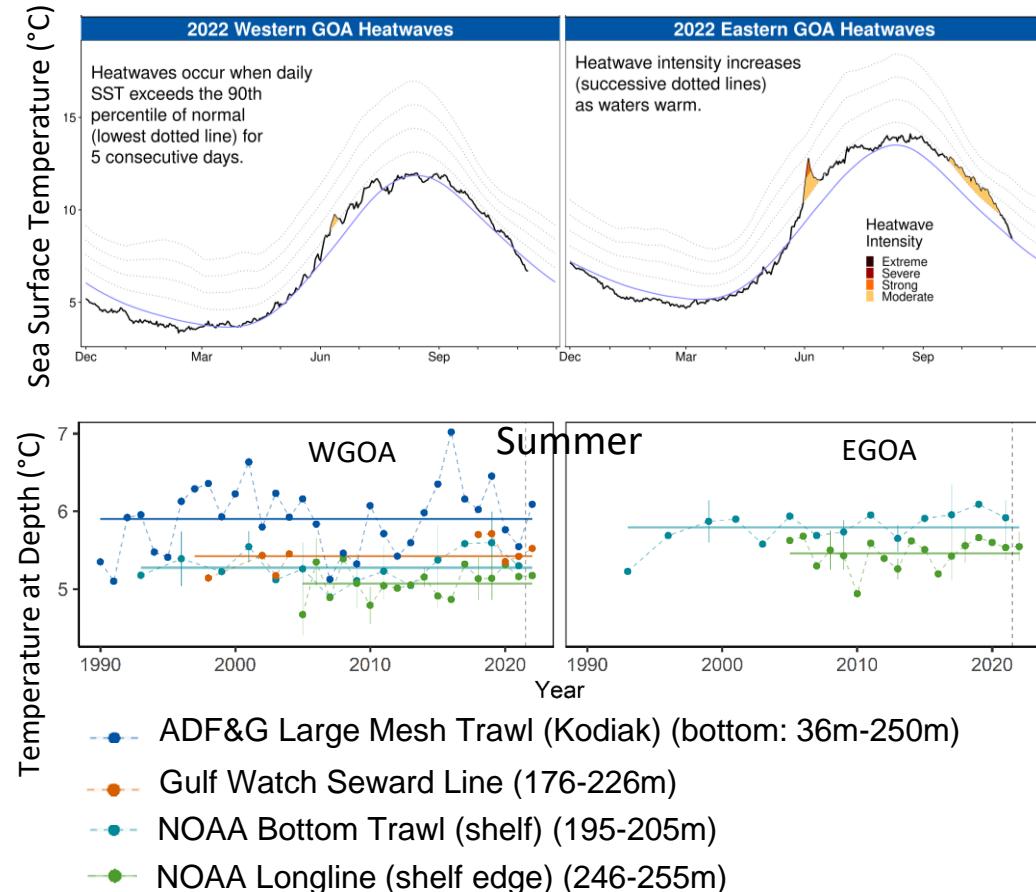
R. Thoman



- GOA shelf SST (NOAA's Extended Reconstructed SST, ERSSTv5)
- Winter (Nov.-April '21/'22) SST close to median; no long-term trend
- Summer (May-Oct. '22) approximately median SST of increasing trend over long-term
- **Summer 2022 was 12<sup>th</sup> warmest in the time series**

# GOA Temperature: Cool surface winter/spring; Warm summer/fall; Warm summer at depth

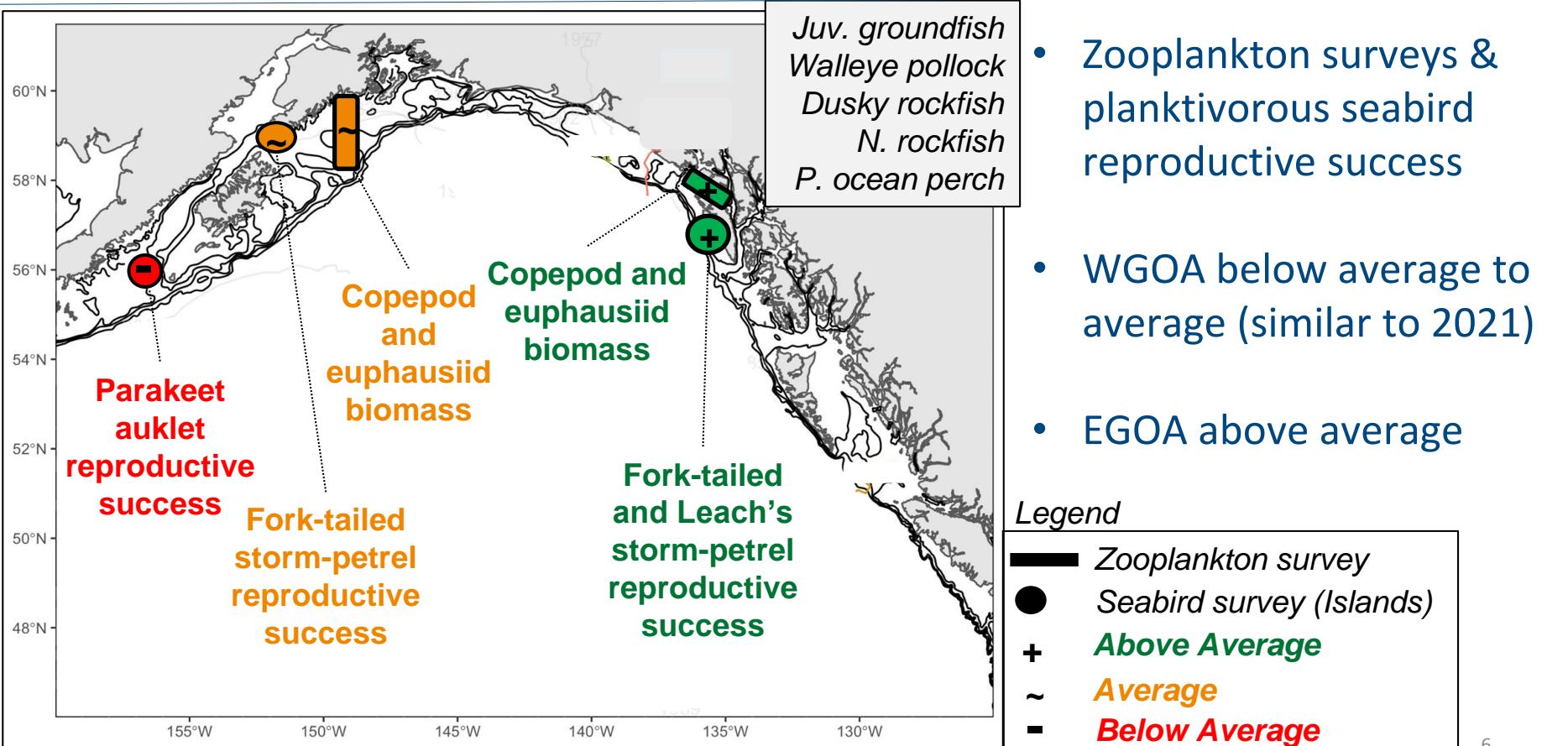
E. Lemagie, M. Callahan, K. Siwicke, N. Laman, S. Danielson, C. Worton



- Winter and early spring cooler than average (1985-2014): *moderate conditions for shelf spawning & spring larval conditions (P. cod, walleye pollock, N. rock sole)*
- Summer and fall warmer than average: *potentially impact winter survival of age-0 groundfish*
- Marine heatwave in July/Oct. (EGOA); fall MHW days similar to 2018
- Summer temperatures at depth were above average; shelf edge (250m) above average since 2017 (WGOA)/ 2018 (EGOA) (green time series)

# Zooplankton Prey Base: below to above average

R. Hopcroft, E. Fergusson, B. Drummond



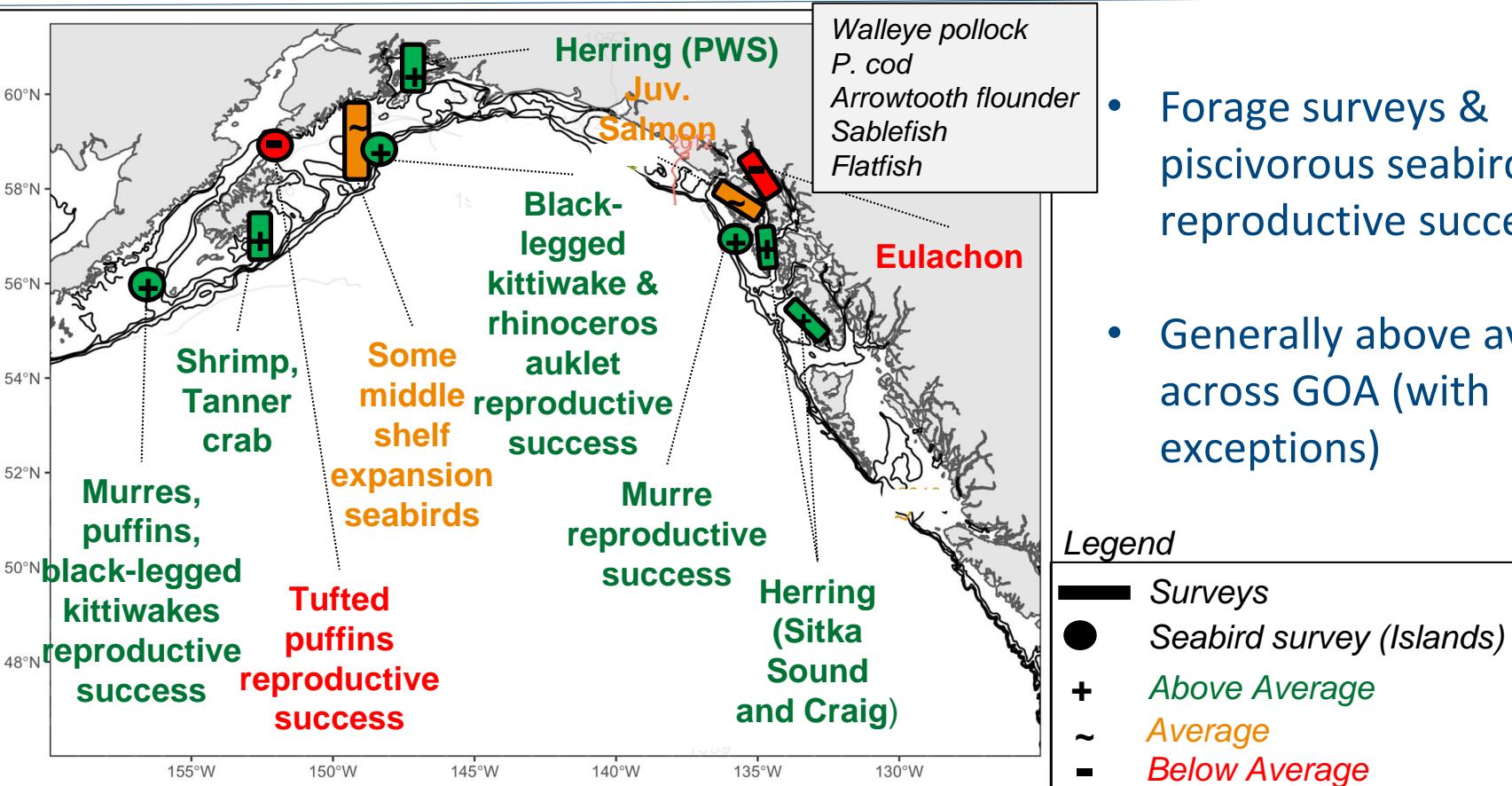
- Zooplankton surveys & planktivorous seabird reproductive success
- WGOA below average to average (similar to 2021)
- EGOA above average

Legend

- Zooplankton survey
- Seabird survey (Islands)
- + Above Average
- ~ Average
- Below Average

# Forage Fish Prey Base: *above average*

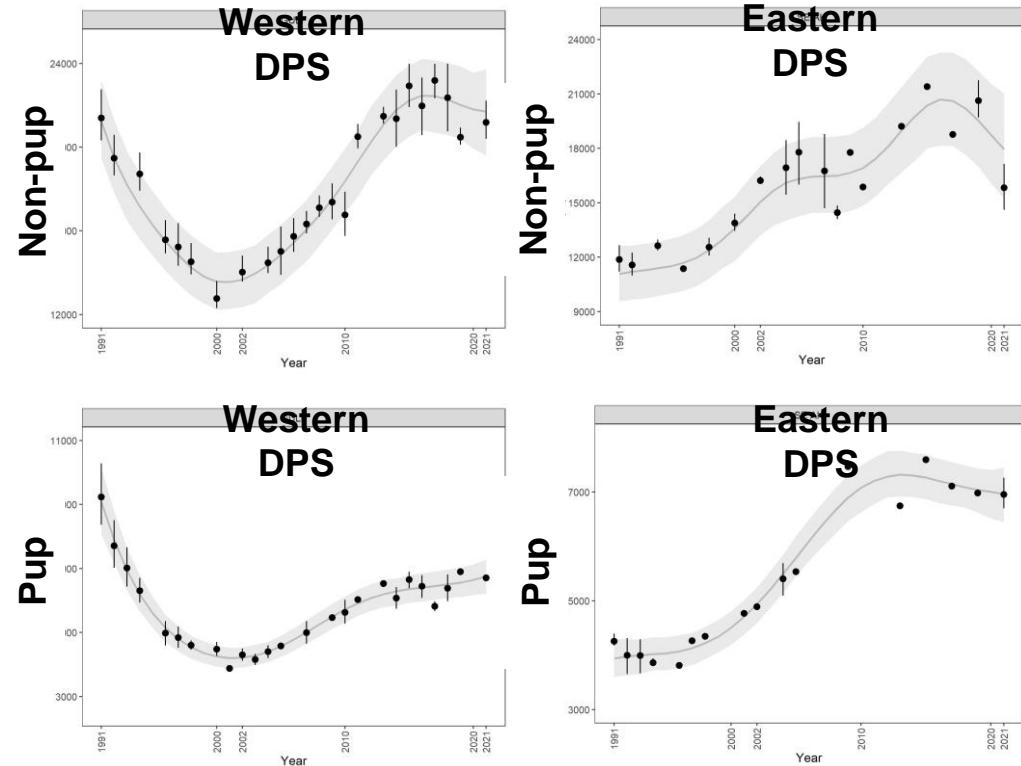
B. Drummond, D. Cushing, S. Hatch, K. Hebert, S. Pegau, E. Pochardt, W. Strasburger, C. Worton



- Forage surveys & piscivorous seabird reproductive success
- Generally above average across GOA (with exceptions)

# Steller Sea Lions (2021): declining/plateauing

K. Sweeney, Skipper Science Partnership

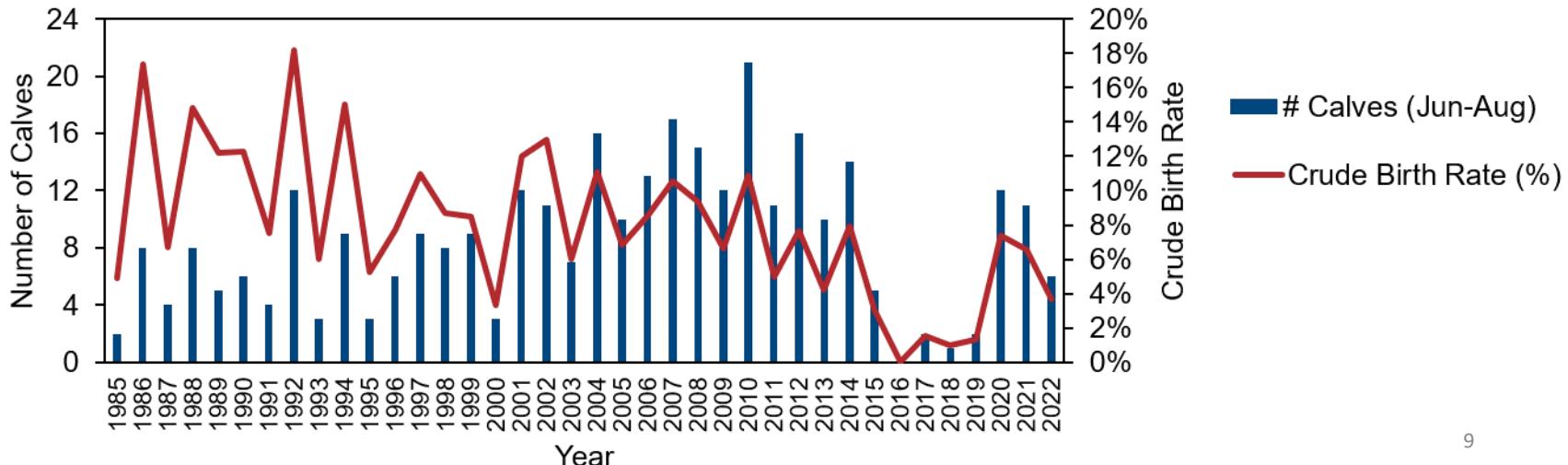


- WGOA/EGOA: increasing since 2000 then decline/plateau since 2017
- Prey availability (P. cod, walleye pollock)? EGOA adult movement
- 2022 (Skipper Science) -More and increasing numbers of Steller sea lions than expected; “More fish with ‘seal/ sea lion’ bites on salmon” - observations reported from WGOA, SEAK

# Glacier Bay/ Icy Strait Humpback Whales: lower # calves

C. Gabriele

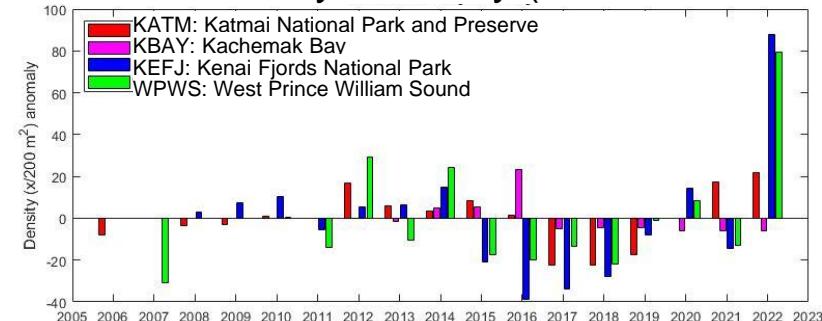
- Reduced # calves in 2022 after increases in '20/'21
- Forage conditions in 2020/2021?
- Missing cohort of reproductive females (mortality as juveniles in 2014-2016)
- Prince William Sound humpback sightings have not returned to pre-2014 levels



# Sea Stars (*recovering*) & Tanner crab: Kodiak (cont. increase)

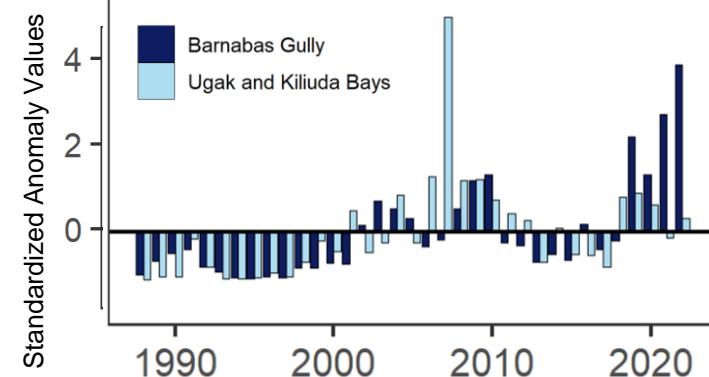
H. Coletti, C. Worton

## Sea Star Density Anomaly (Intertidal Surveys)



- Sea stars recovering from sea star wasting disease/marine heatwave
- Also increased sea star CPUE in ADF&G large mesh trawl (Kodiak)

## Tanner crab biomass anomaly

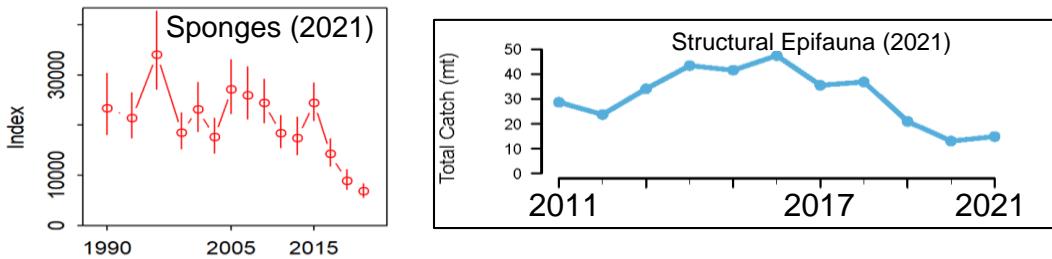


- Tanner crab continued increasing trend (ADF&G Survey Barnabas Gully off Kodiak)
- Predator (groundfish) release?

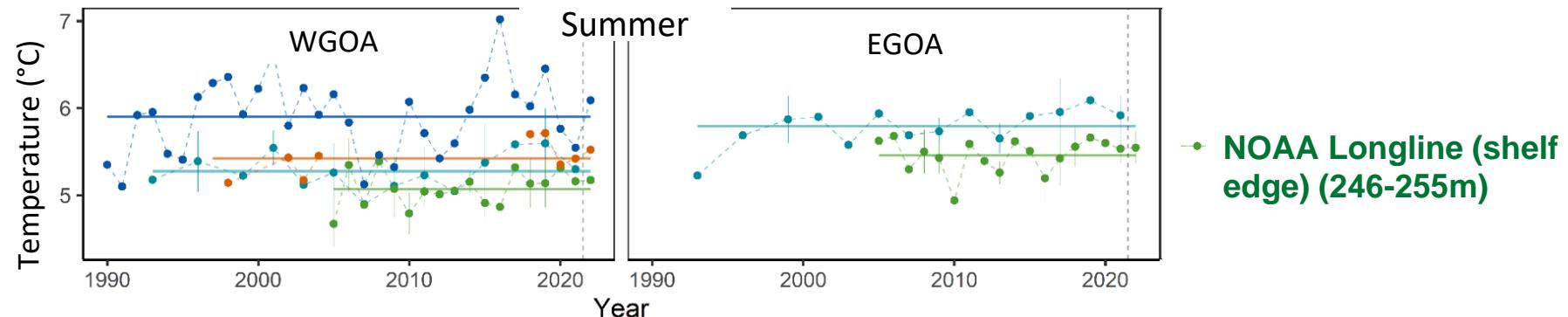
# Shelf Edge/ Upper Slope Conditions: *habitat concerns*

K. Siwicke, G. Whitehouse, N. Laman

*Sablefish, rockfish (e.g., shortraker rockfish, rougheye/blackspotted rockfish, thornyhead rockfish, Pacific ocean perch), and flatfish (deepwater flatfish complex, including Dover sole)*



- Structural epifauna (e.g., sponges) declining; important rockfish habitat
- Summer temperature (250m) on shelf edge above average since 2017 (WGOA)/ 2018 (EGOA)

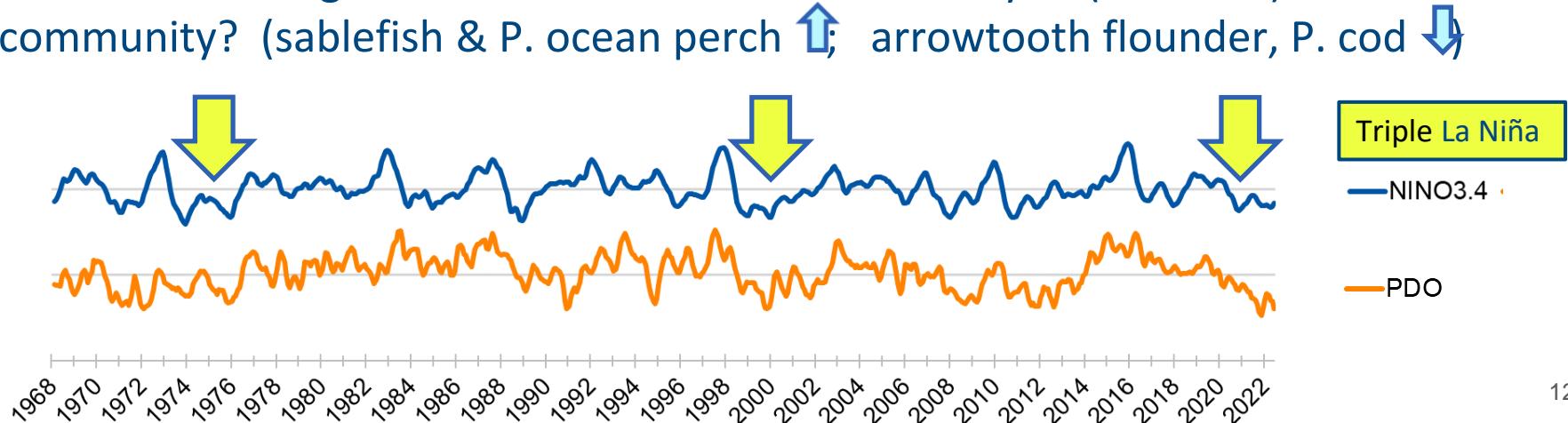


• NOAA Longline (shelf edge) (246-255m)



# Where are we headed (2023 +)?

- Predicted third **La Niña** winter in a row, previous in 1973-76, 1998-2001; **PDO** continues to be negative (N. Bond)
- Dec-May 2023 GOA SST coastal waters predicted to be cooler than average (National Multi-Model Ensemble) (N. Bond)
- GOA transitioning from marine heatwave community to (different) cooler community? (sablefish & P. ocean perch ; arrowtooth flounder, P. cod



# GOA 2022: Key Messages

## 1. 3<sup>rd</sup> consecutive non-marine heatwave year\*, BUT some warmth

- Winter/spring: moderate conditions for shelf spawning & spring larval conditions (*P. cod*, *walleye pollock*, *N. rock sole*)
- Summer (SST&depth)/fall (SST) : SST may impact growth/winter survival of age-0

## 2. Generally productive pelagic prey base (zooplankton, forage fish, shrimp, tanner crab) — Productive pelagic shelf system for piscivorous and planktivorous groundfish but data gap for prey of adult demersal/benthic rockfish and flatfish (e.g., thornyhead, FH sole)

## 3. Marine mammals- still impacted by marine heatwaves? — Steller sea lions reduced populations and humpback whales reduced calves

## 4. Multi-year Trends:

- Shelf edge/upper slope habitat concerns — Temperature, structural epifauna
- 2023: Transitioning from marine heatwave to cooler but different community?

## Additional Information Available

**Aleutian Islands:** [Full GPT presentation \(@1:26:35\)](#), [ppt. only](#), [AI In Brief](#), [AI full report](#)

**Eastern Bering Sea:** [Full GPT presentation \(@28:15\)](#), [ppt. only](#), [EBS In Brief](#), [EBS full report](#)

**Gulf of Alaska:** [Full GPT presentation \(@33:17\)](#), [ppt. only](#), [GOA In Brief](#), [GOA full report](#)

Ecosystem Status Reports through 2021 are available [here](#):

