

Ecosystem & Socioeconomic Profile: GOA Pacific Cod Report Card

Kalei Shotwell and Russel Dame, November Groundfish Plan Team 2024

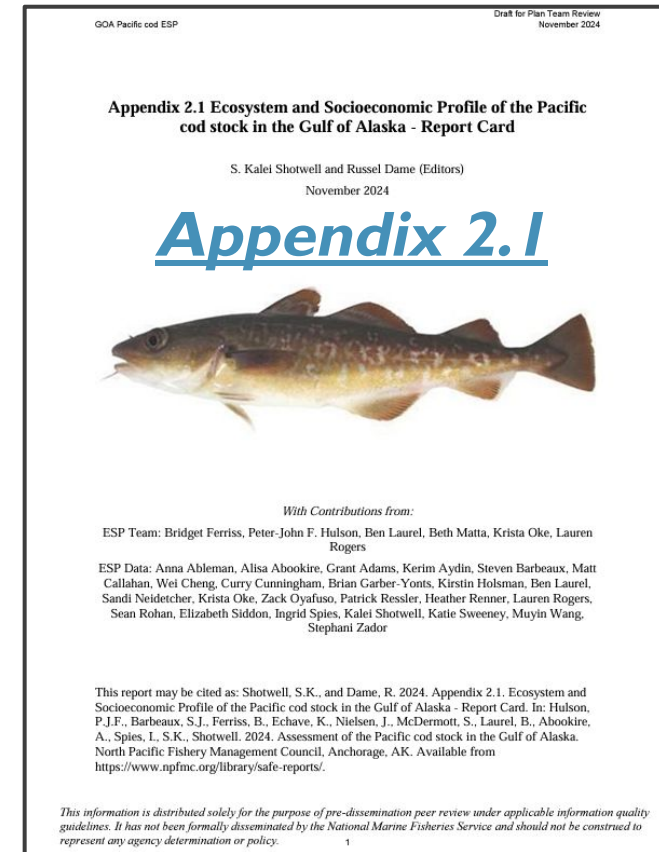


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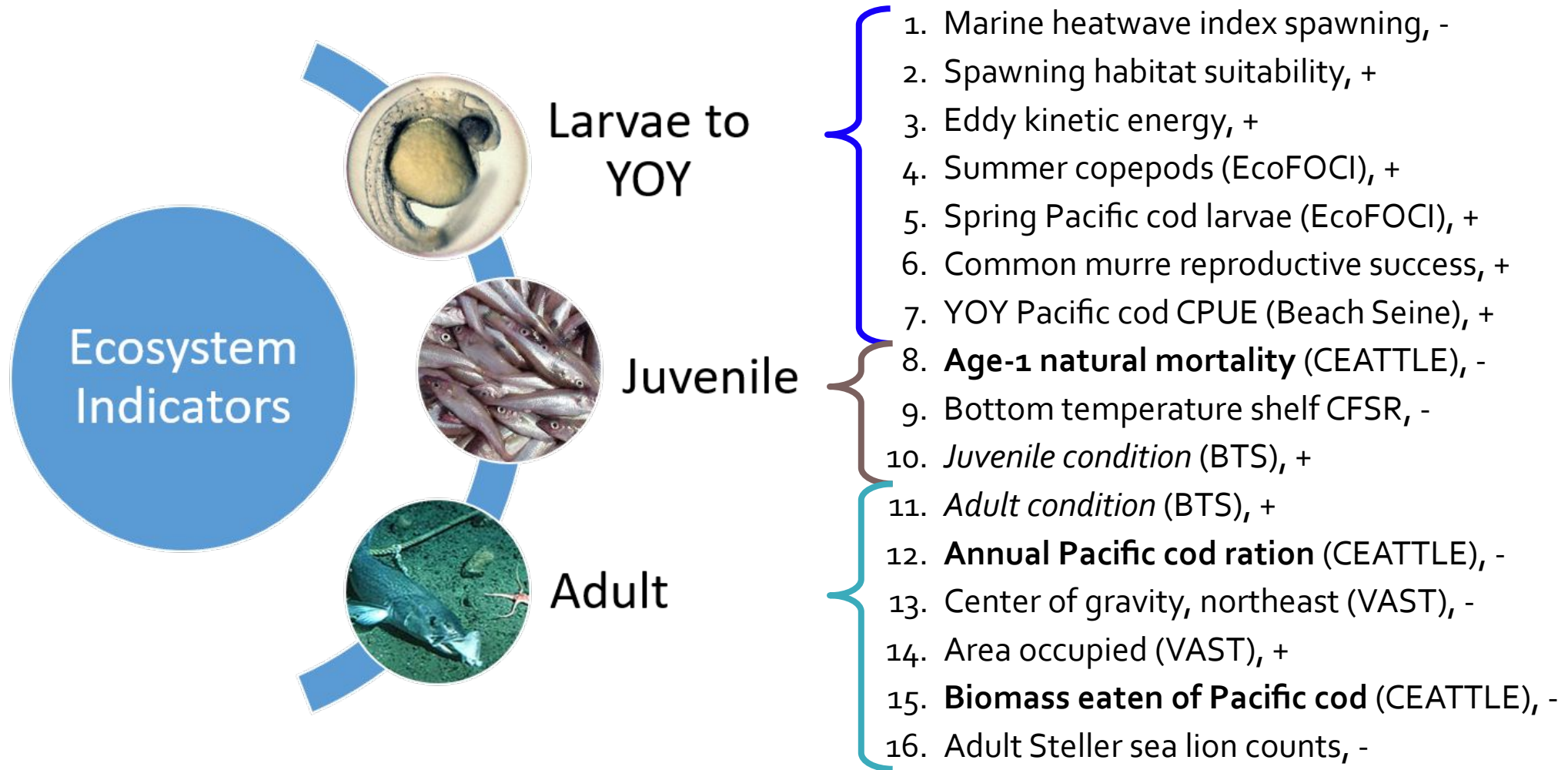


Overview

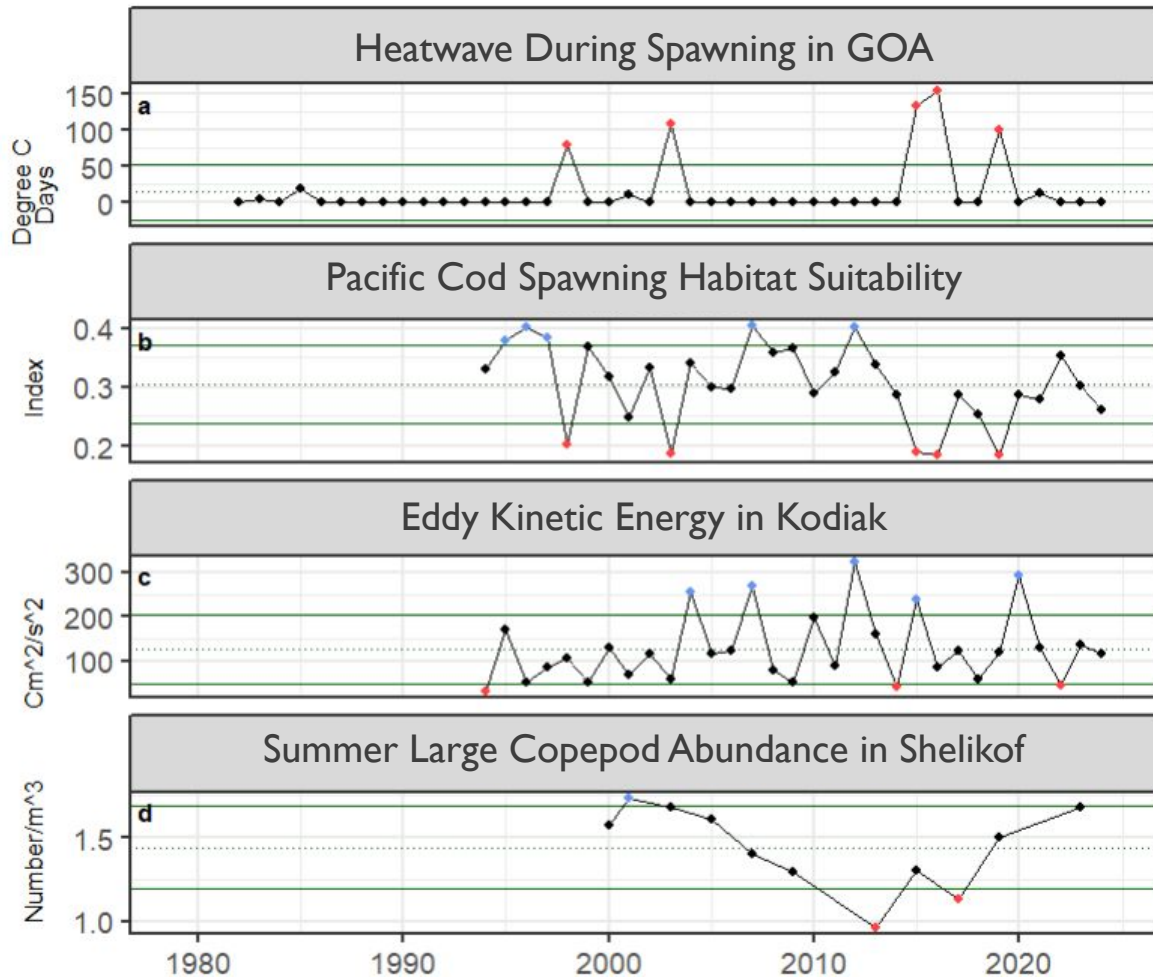
- Appendix 2.1 in SAFE Report
 - Full/partial ESPs in 2020-2021
 - Report Cards in 2021-2024
- Report Card in 2024
 - Updated organization, new categories for ecosystem, new, modified, and removed indicators
 - CEATTLE model and indicators updated to 2024 projection



Ecosystem Indicators

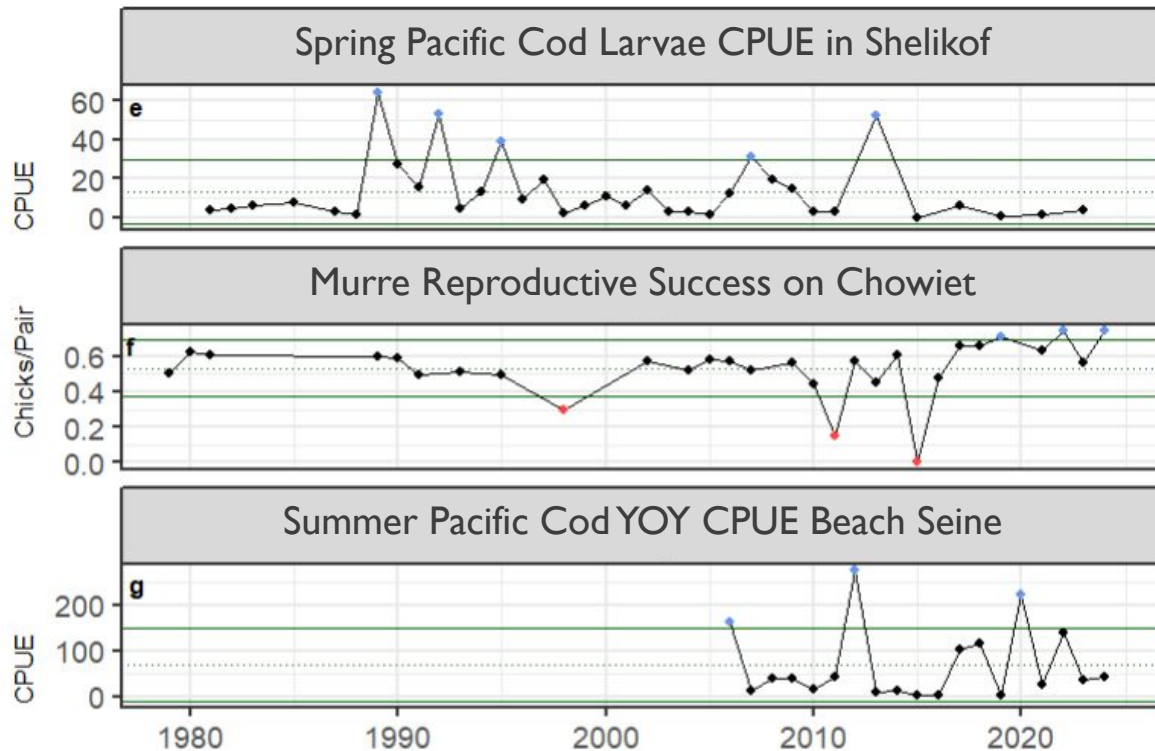


Larval Indicators



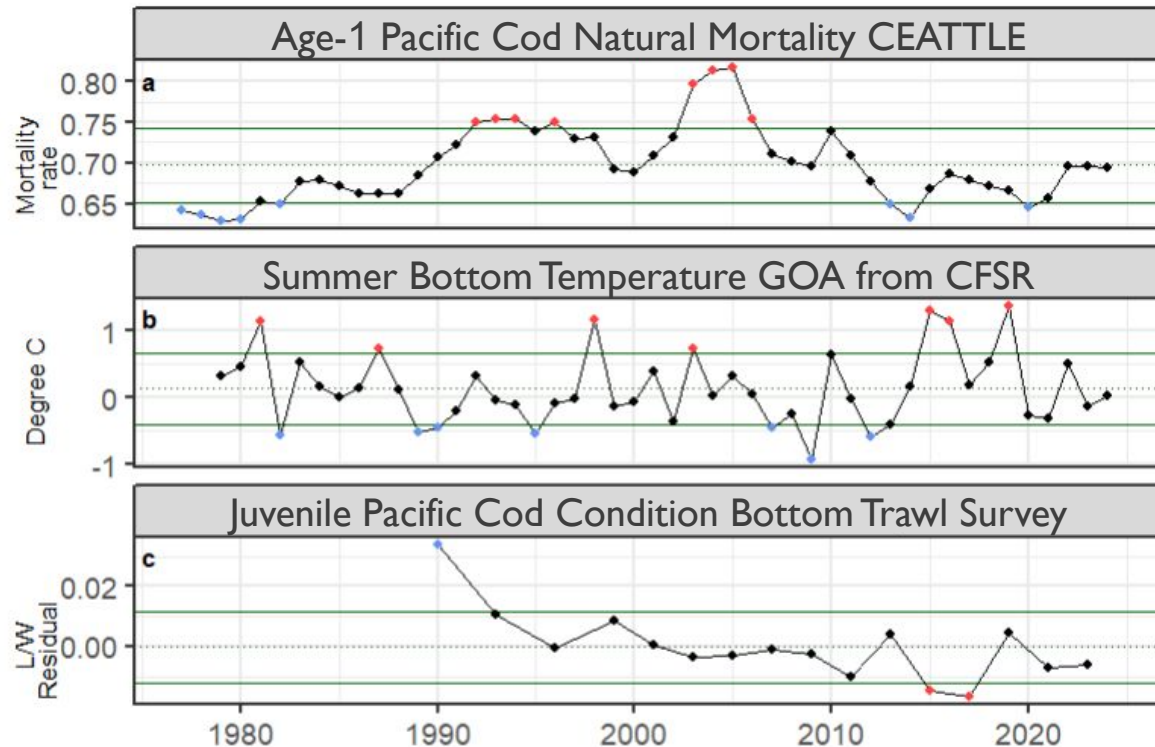
- No marine heatwave events but habitat suitability was again slightly lower than average due to slightly warmer than average temperature at depth, which may have a small effect on egg survival
- Annual eddy kinetic energy was slightly below average so far in 2024, implying reduced larval retention and cross-shelf transport to suitable nearshore nursery environments

Larval Indicators



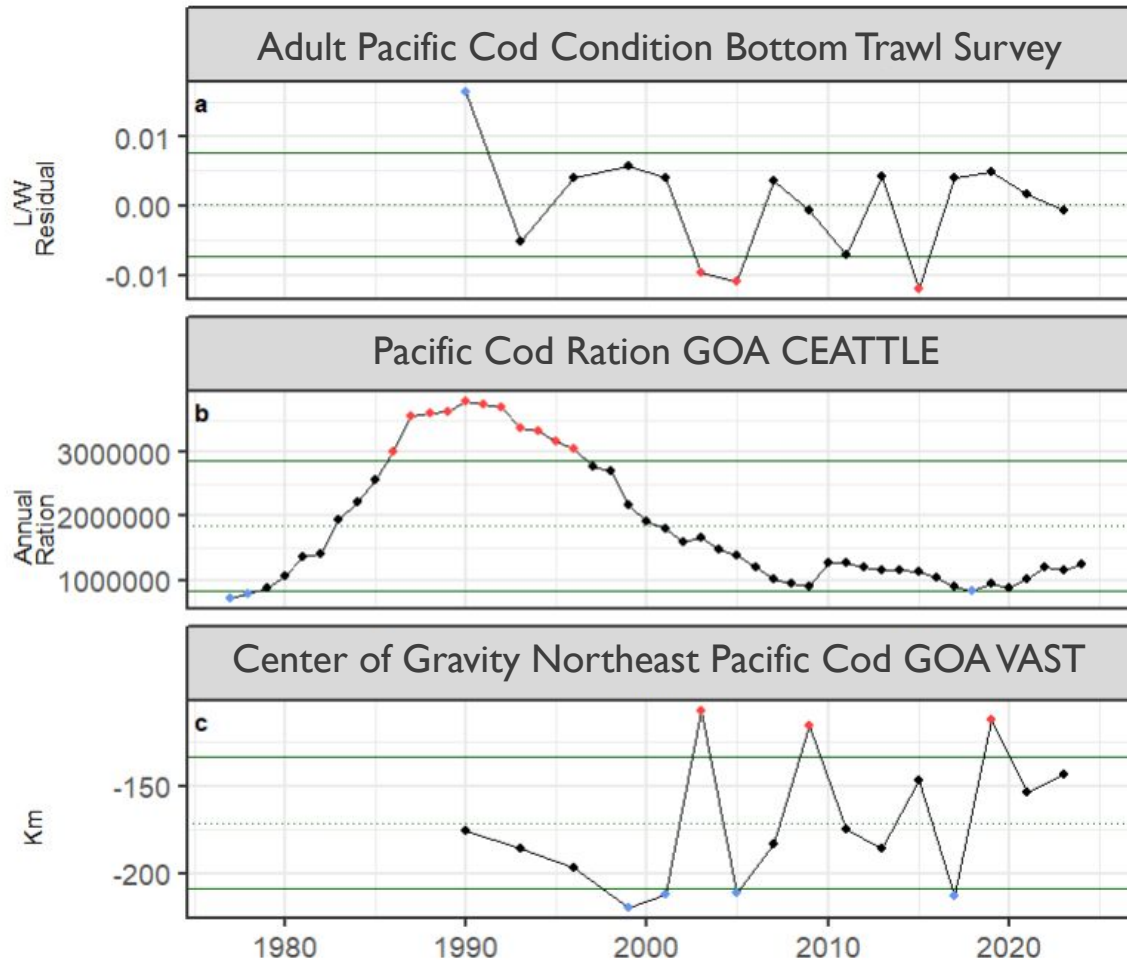
- Reproductive success of piscivorous seabirds has remained above average since 2017 suggesting sufficient forage fish prey resources
- Nearshore abundance of young-of-the-year (YOY) Pacific cod increased slightly to just below average

Juvenile Indicators



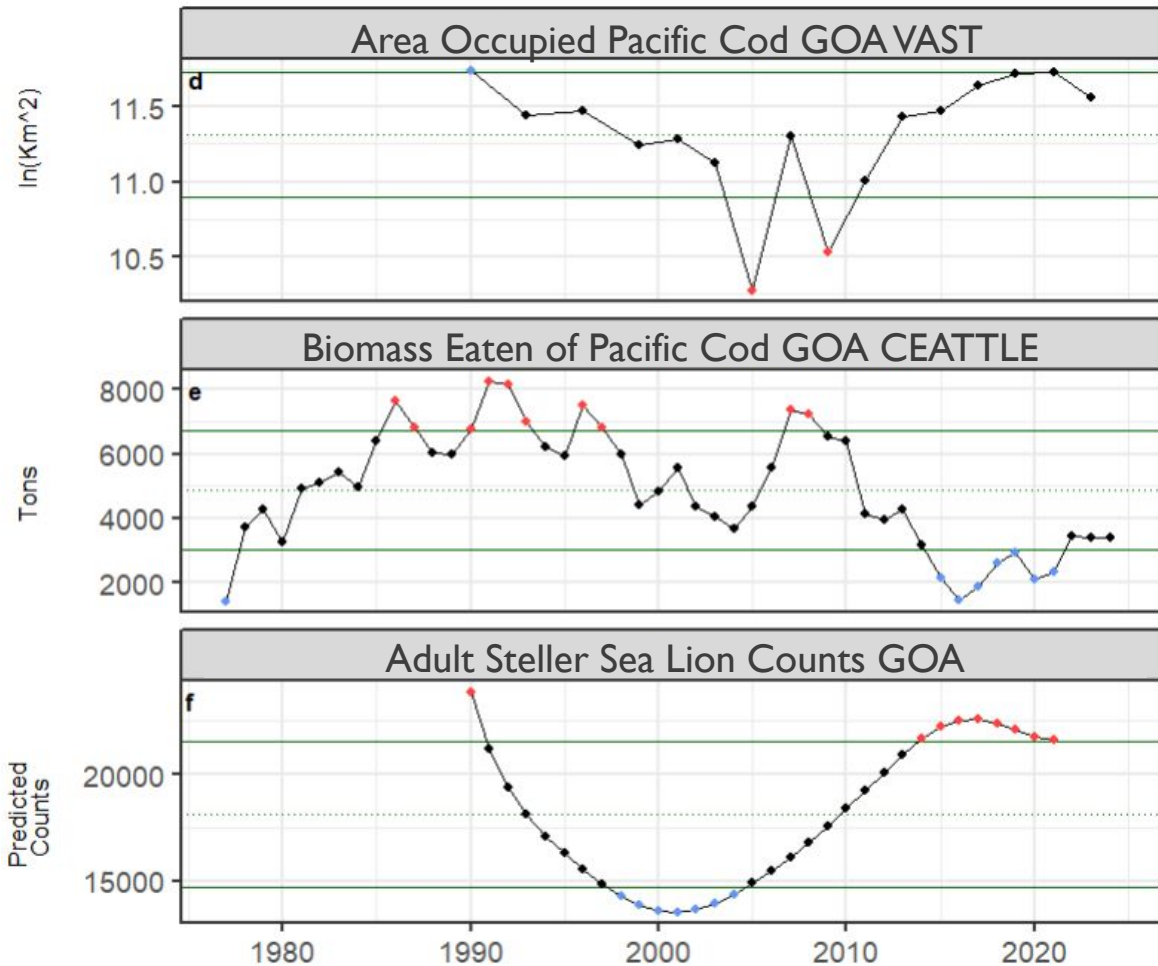
- Evidence of time-varying natural mortality for age-1 Pacific cod within the CEATTLE multispecies model that has been consistently above the operational stock assessment model estimate
- Bottom temperature from CFSR model increased slightly from last year but still below average

Adult Indicators



- Predation demand of GOA Pacific cod for prey based on the CEATTLE model has been steadily decreasing since 1990 and has been below average since 2002, reflecting decreasing population trends of GOA Pacific cod

Adult Indicators



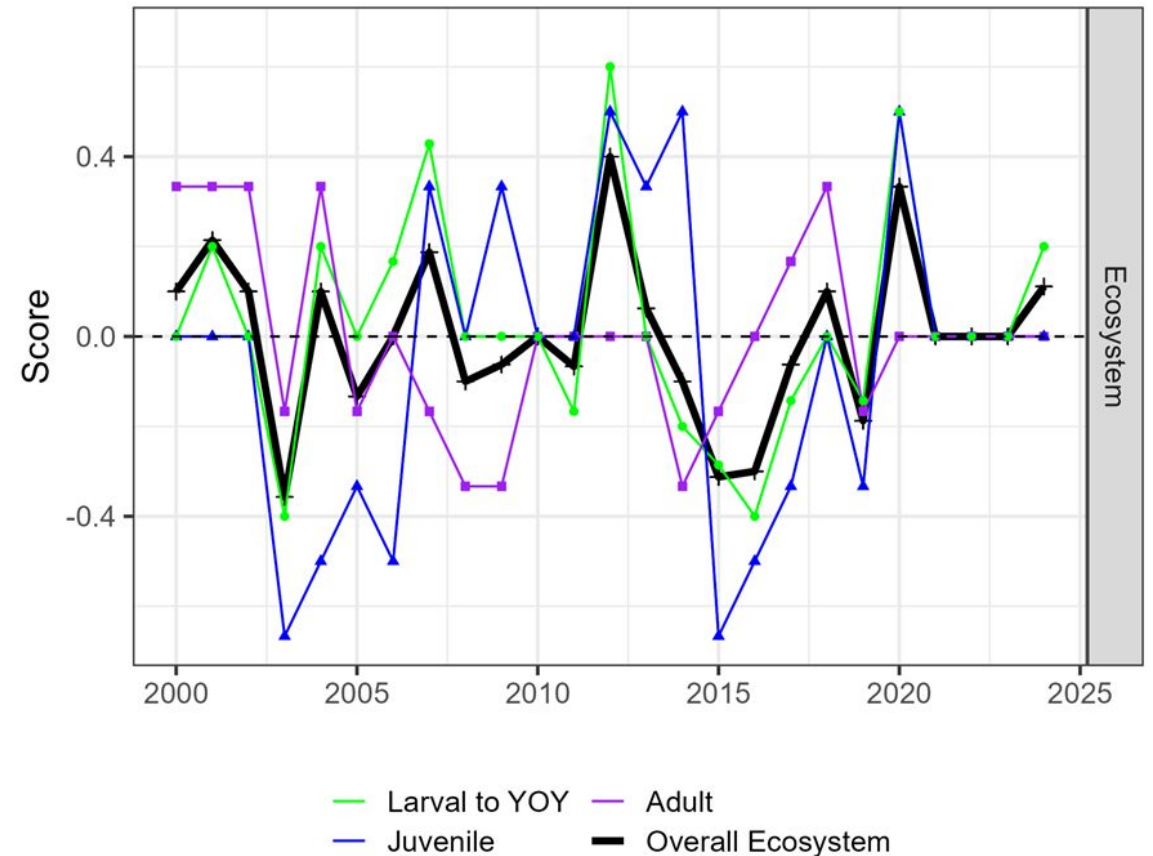
- Biomass consumed of GOA Pacific cod as prey by all predators in the CEATTLE model remains low reflecting the lower population trends of predators in the CEATTLE model and low predation from pollock, arrowtooth flounder, and conspecifics

Ecosystem Summary Table

Indicator category	Indicator	2020 Status	2021 Status	2022 Status	2023 Status	2024 Status
Larval_YOY	Spawning Heatwave GOA Model	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral
	Winter Spring Pacific Cod Spawning Habitat Suitability GAK1 Model	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral
	* Annual Eddy Kinetic Energy Kodiak Satellite	high	neutral	low	neutral	neutral
	Summer Large Copepod Abundance Shelikof Survey	NA	NA	NA	neutral	NA
	Spring Pacific Cod CPUE Larvae Shelikof Survey	NA	neutral	NA	neutral	NA
	Annual Common Murre Reproductive Success Chowiet Survey	NA	neutral	high	neutral	high
	Summer Pacific Cod CPUE YOY Nearshore Kodiak Survey	high	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral
Juvenile	Pacific Cod Predation Mortality Age1 GOA Model	low	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral
	* Summer Temperature Bottom GOA Model	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral
	Summer Pacific Cod Condition Juvenile GOA Survey	NA	neutral	NA	neutral	NA
Adult	Summer Pacific Cod Condition Adult GOA Survey	NA	neutral	NA	neutral	NA
	Annual Ration Pacific Cod GOA Model	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral
	Summer Pacific Cod Center Gravity Northeast WCGOA Model	NA	neutral	NA	neutral	NA
	Summer Pacific Cod Area Occupied WCGOA Model	NA	neutral	NA	neutral	NA
	Annual Biomass Consumed Pacific Cod GOA Model	low	low	neutral	neutral	neutral
	Annual Steller Sea Lion Adult GOA Survey	high	high	NA	NA	NA

Indicator Analysis - Overall Score

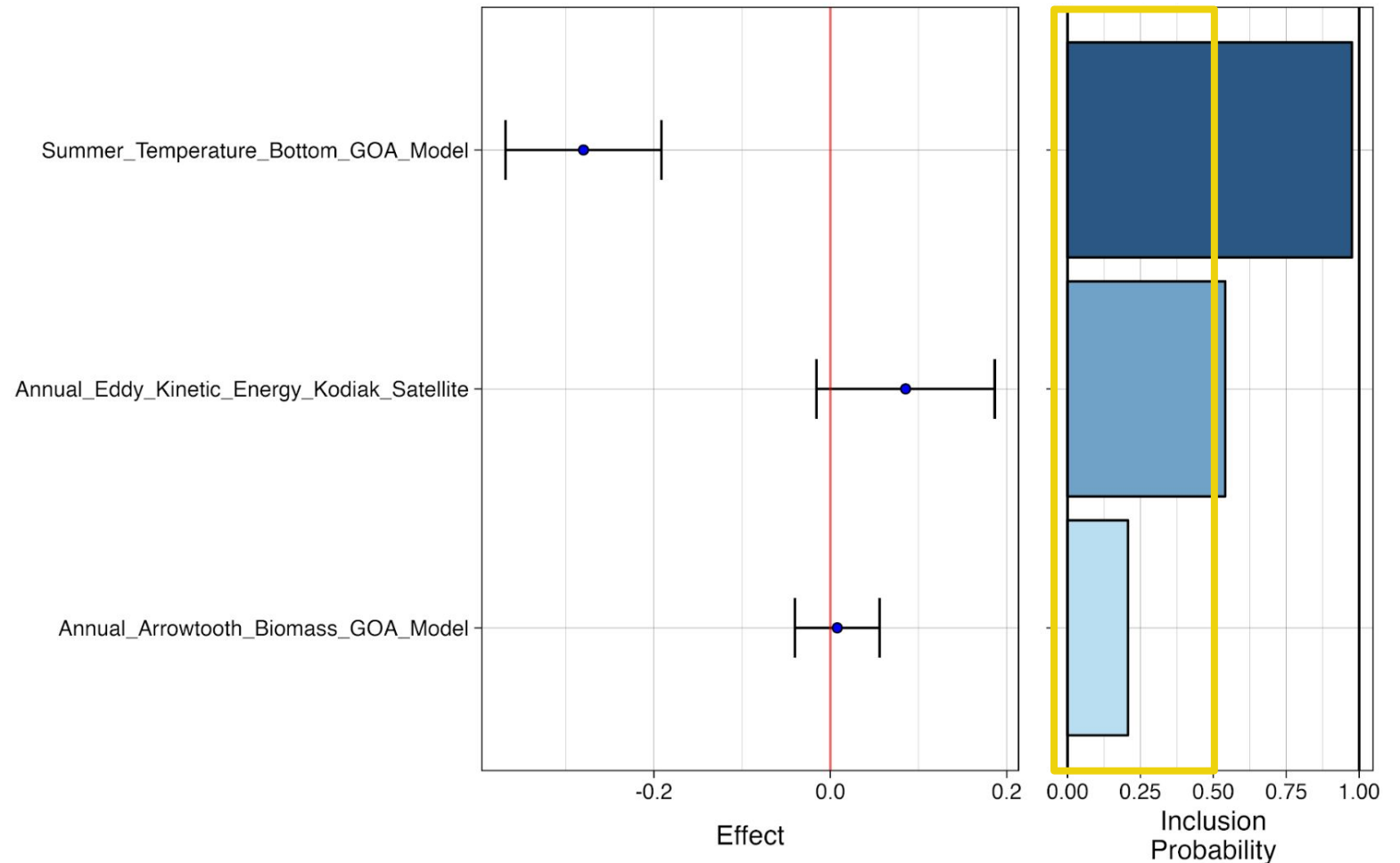
- Overall
 - 9 of 16 indicators updated
 - Increase from average to above average
- Category
 - Larval to YOY > from average to above average
 - Juvenile remained average
 - Adult remained average



Indicator Analysis - Importance Test

Two indicators with importance > 0.5 , same indicators as last year:

- Summer bottom temperature
- Annual eddy kinetic energy Kodiak
- 1994-2019 year class

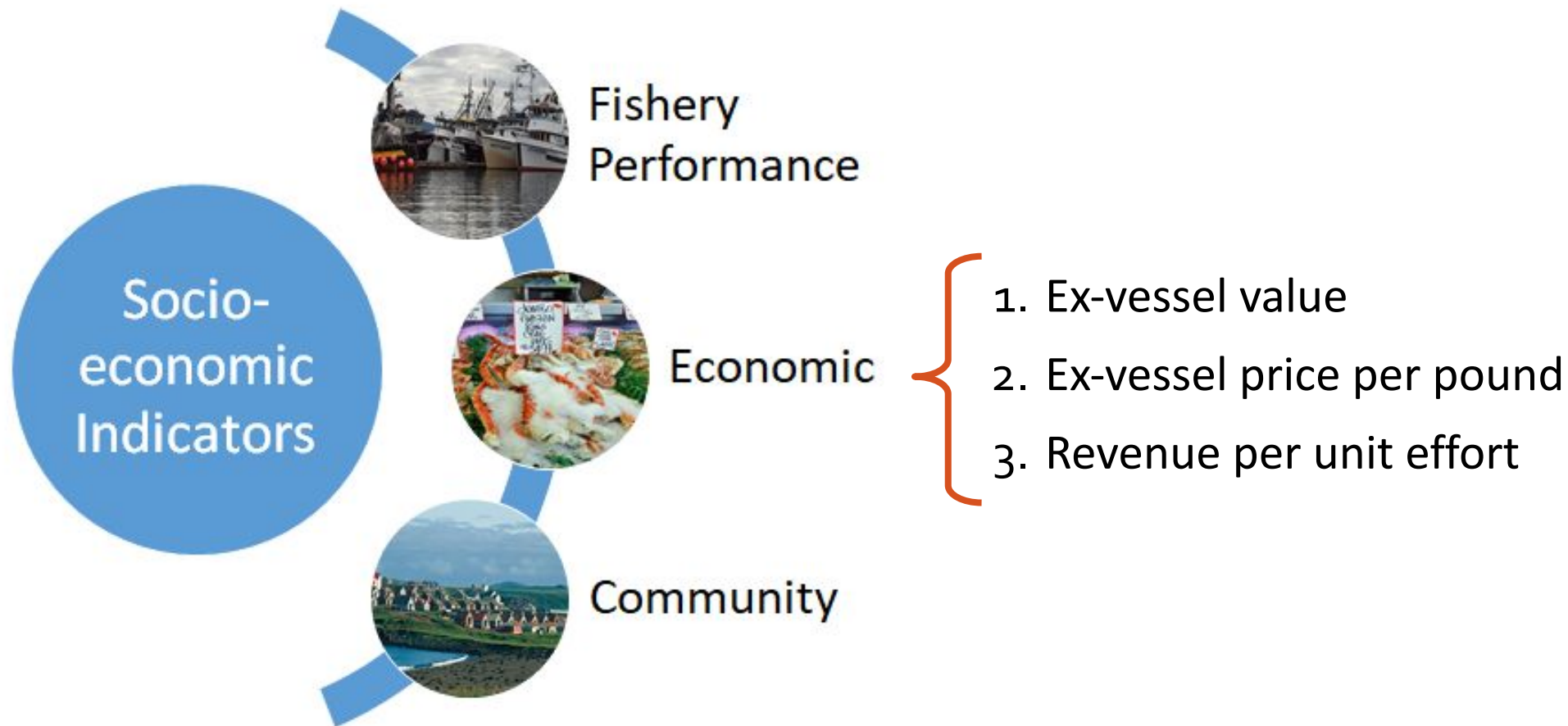


Indicator Monitoring Analysis - Advanced

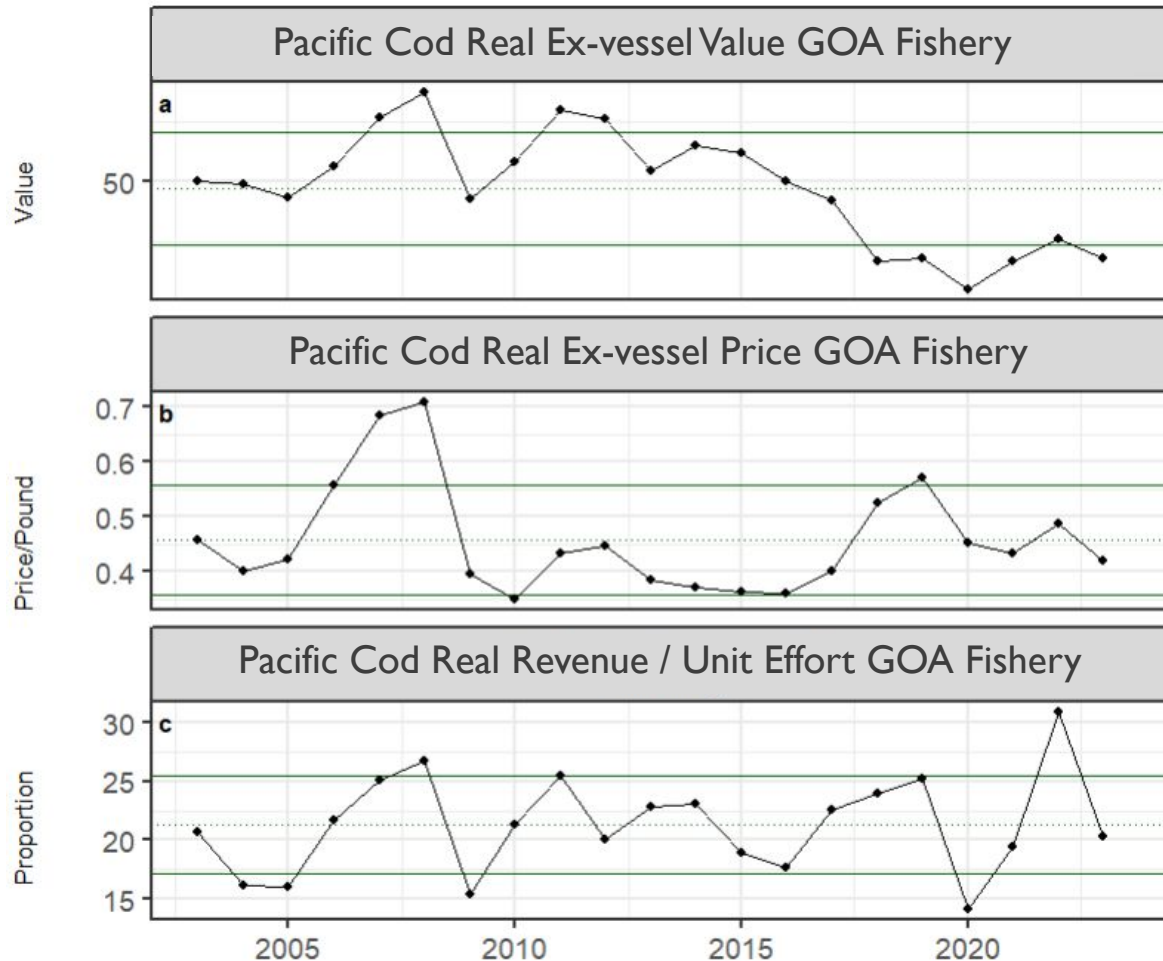
- CEATTLE Multispecies Model ([Adams et al., 2022](#), Adams et al., 2024)
 - Based in part on most recent stock assessment model, 1979-present, of Pacific cod, pollock, arrowtooth, halibut
 - Developed to understand trends in total natural mortality
- Temperature Linkage Project (Oke et al., *in prep*)
 - New project evaluating several temperature metrics at depth to investigate environmental linkages to growth, recruitment, and natural mortality for GOA and eastern Bering Sea Pacific cod, results used for guiding future ecosystem linked alternative operational models



Socioeconomic Indicators



Economic Indicators



- Ex-vessel value decreased by 27% from 2022, falling below one-standard deviation of the historical range for the fifth time in the last six years
- Ex-vessel price decreased to below the historical average, but remains within one-standard deviation of the historical range
- Revenue-per-unit-effort decreased from the historical high recorded in 2022, falling slightly below the historical average

Summary and Stickers!!!



Ecosystem (ABC Information):

- No heatwave, below average habitat suitability, reduced energy and transport
- Sufficient prey, nearshore YOY just below average
- Age-1 natural mortality consistently above the operational model
- Below average bioenergetic demand, low biomass consumed

Socioeconomic (TAC Information):

- Ex-vessel value low for five of last six years
- Price decreased and below avg
- Revenue/unit effort < from historic high to below avg





Planned ESP Developments

- 1) Request for Indicators (RFI) in 2025, use ESP data gaps and research priorities list, indicators submitted in February
- 2) Data modernization project begins in early 2025 to expand the ESP data management system (hosted by AKFIN) and streamline the AK-ESP R package for multiple templates (e.g., one-pager)
- 3) Indicator monitoring analysis for groundfish and crab ecosystem indicators presented to authors in the spring (likely May).
- 4) National ESP workshops to identify support systems that will work toward operationalizing ESPs

Questions?



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