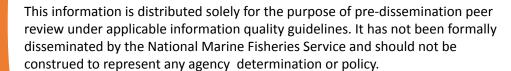
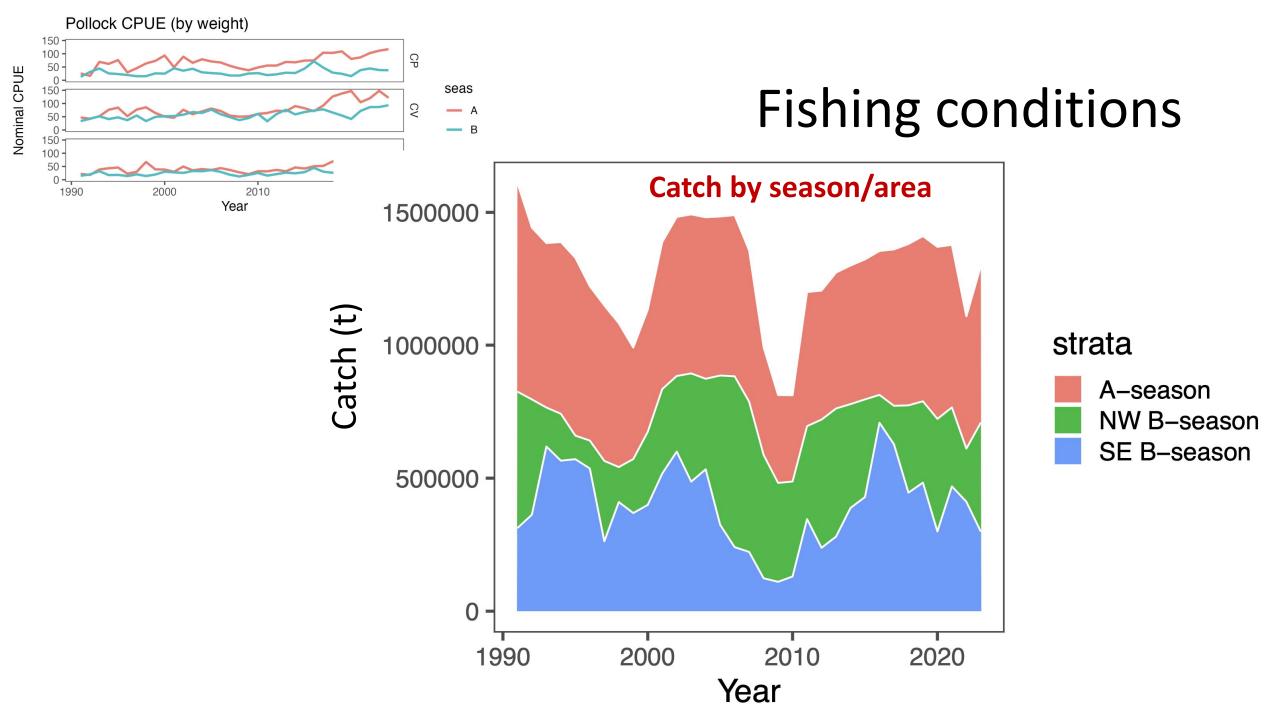


## Eastern Bering Sea pollock stock assessment

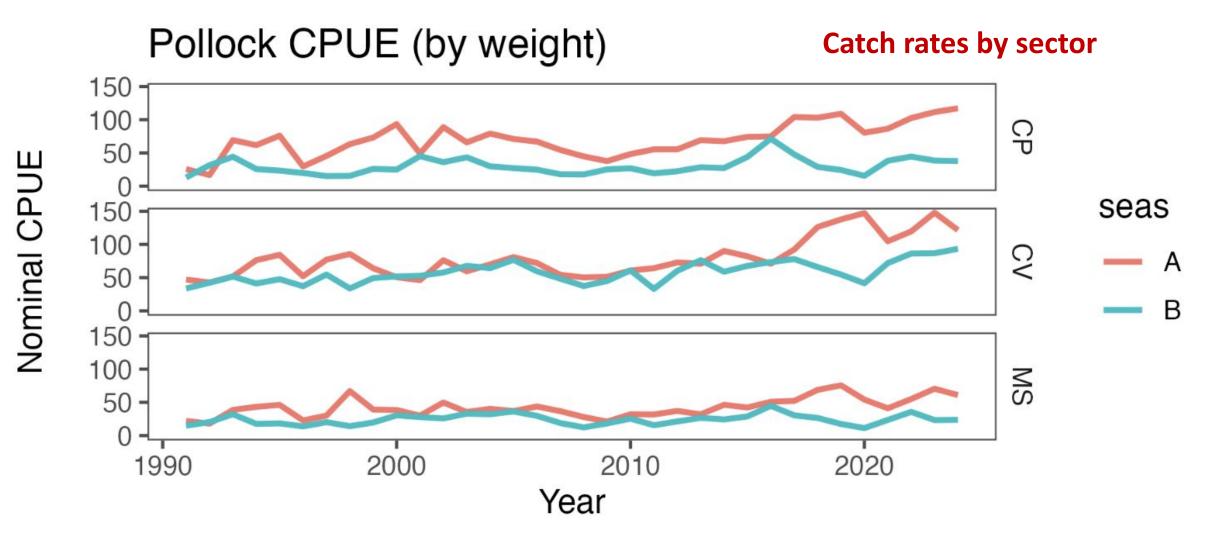
Jim Ianelli, Taina Honkalehto, Sophia Wassermann, Abigail McCarthy, Sarah Stienessen, Carey McGilliard, Elizabeth Siddon

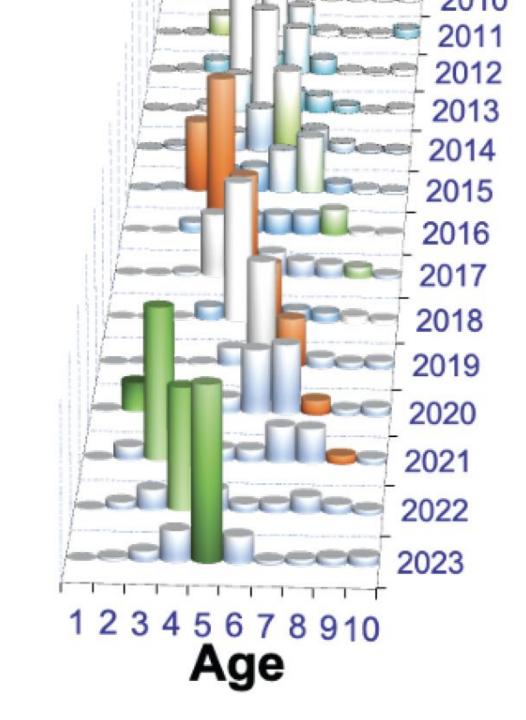
Alaska Fisheries Science Center





#### Fishing conditions





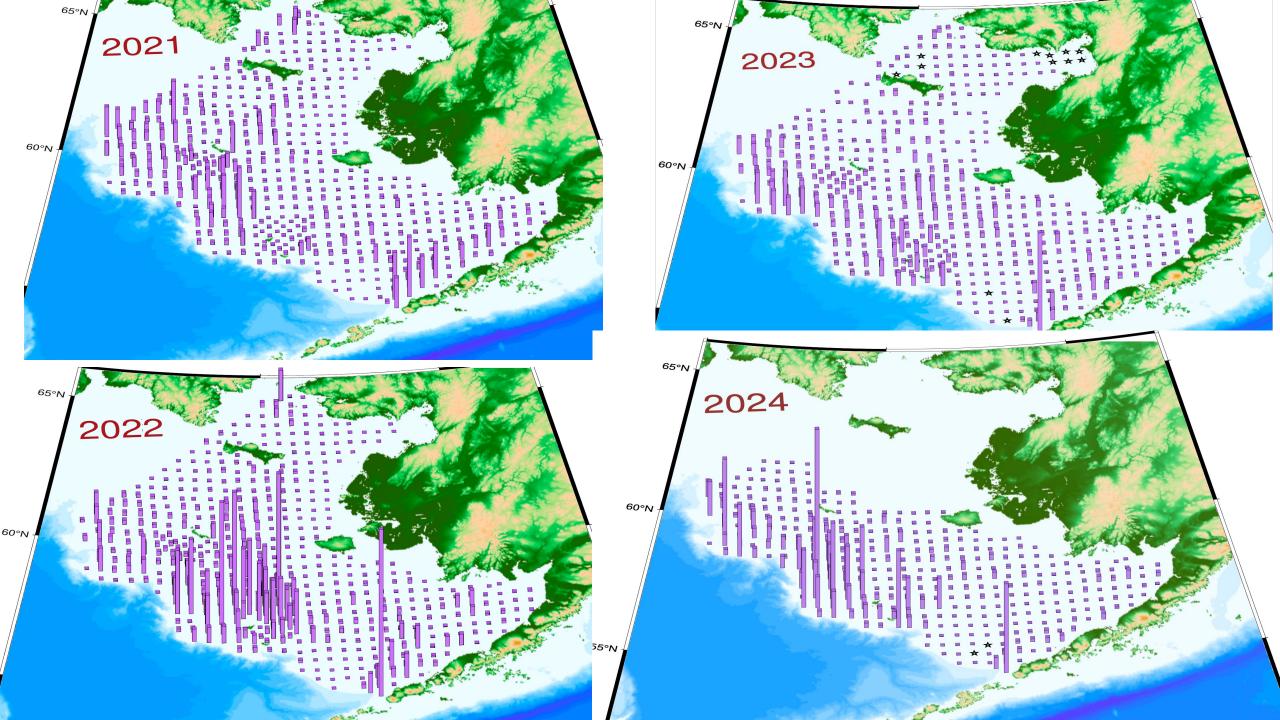
#### Survey work

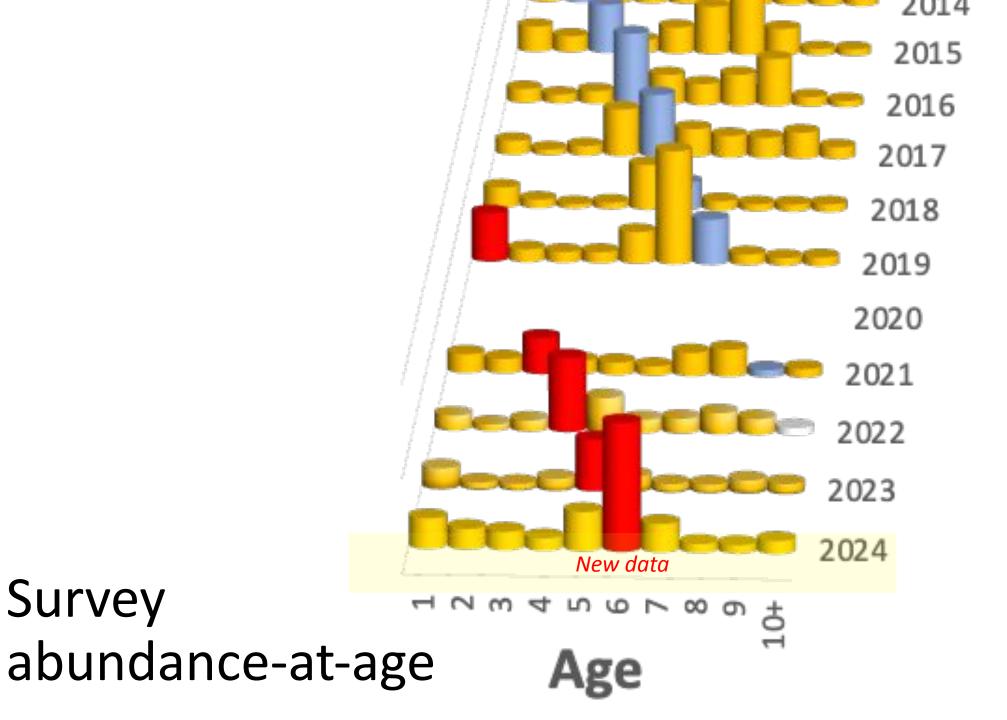


FV *Alaska Knight* 2010-present 12th year



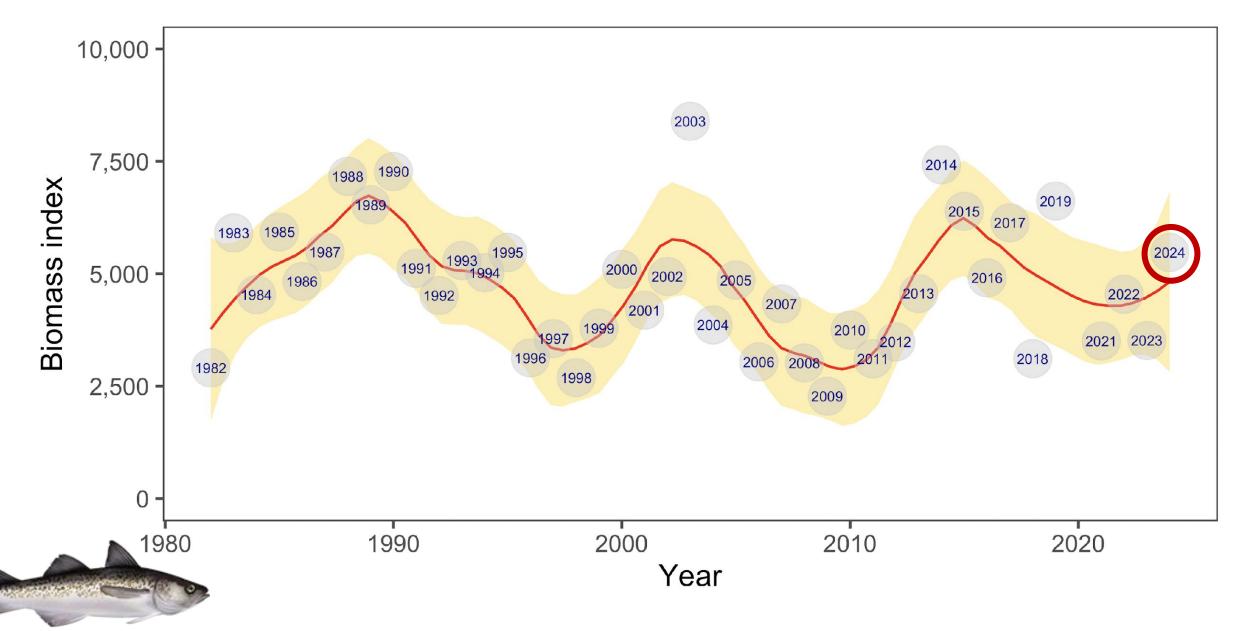
FV Northwest Explorer 2023 1st year





Survey

#### E. Bering Sea bottom trawl survey



## Acoustic survey-NOAA Ship



# Age 3+ **-** Age 1 & 2 610 t/nmi<sup>2</sup>

#### New survey this summer



## **Acoustic-trawl** survey (ATS)

2005

7,500 -

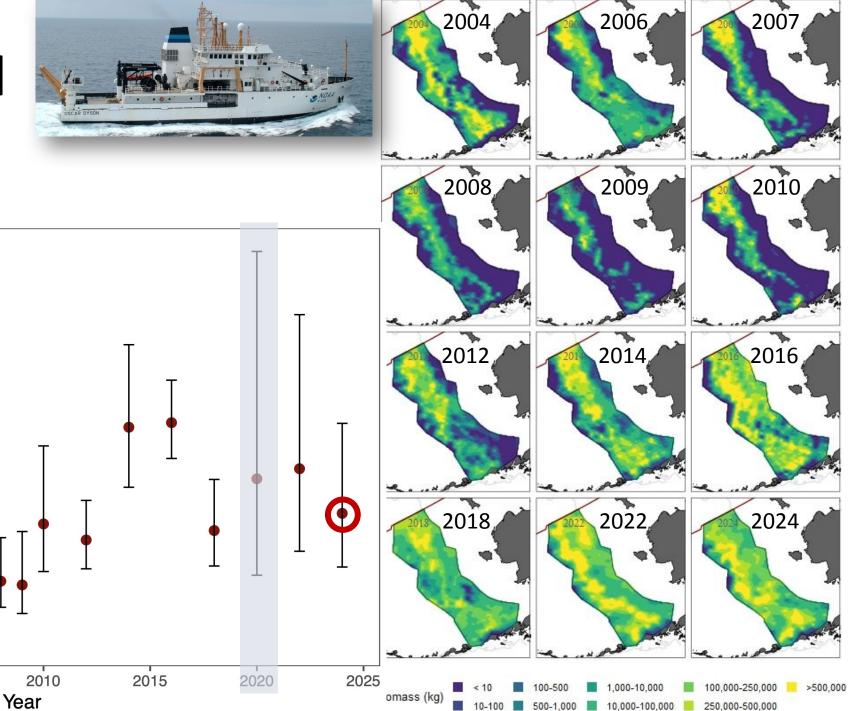
Acoustic trawl index 5000'5

5,000 -

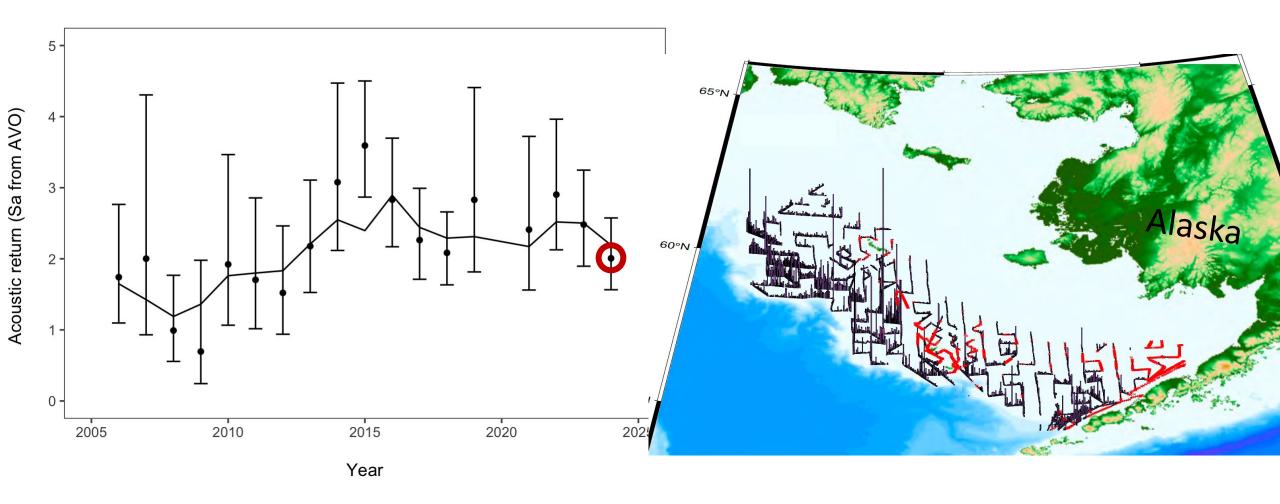
0 -

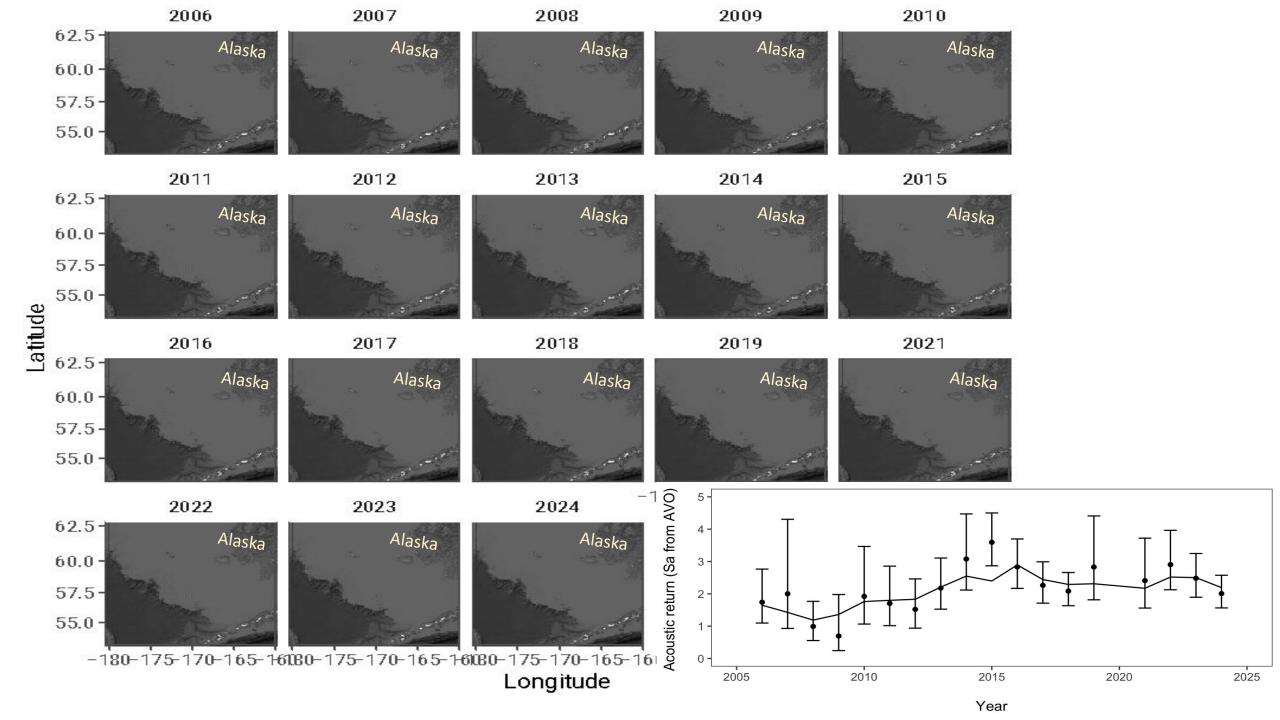
1995

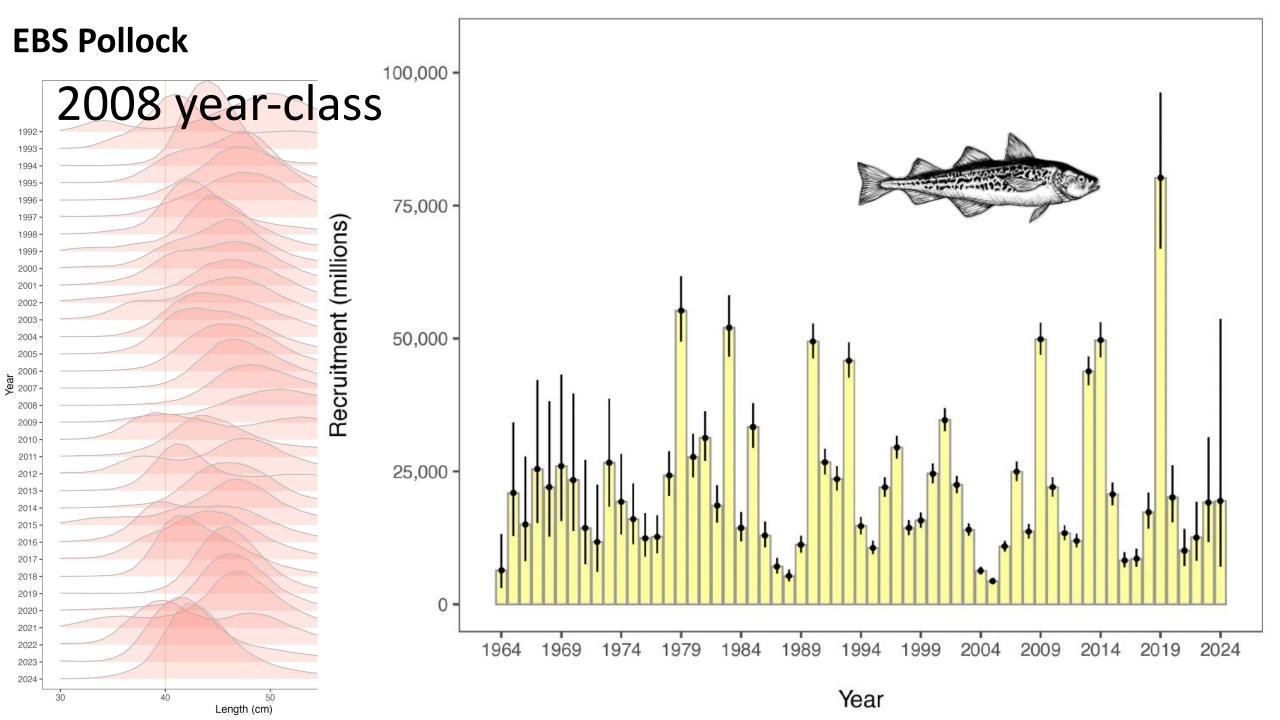
2000



#### Opportunistic acoustic survey results



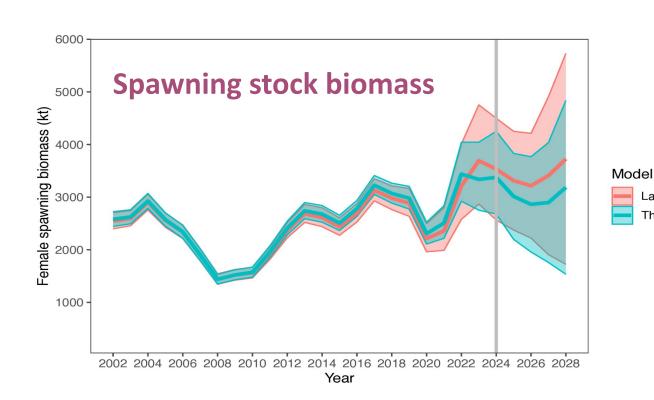


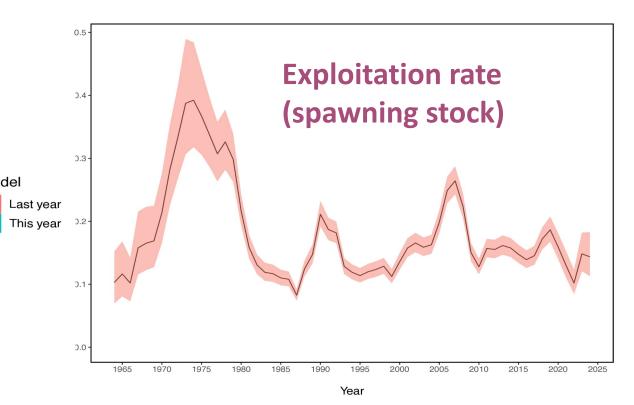


#### **EBS Pollock**



#### Stock status





#### Summary

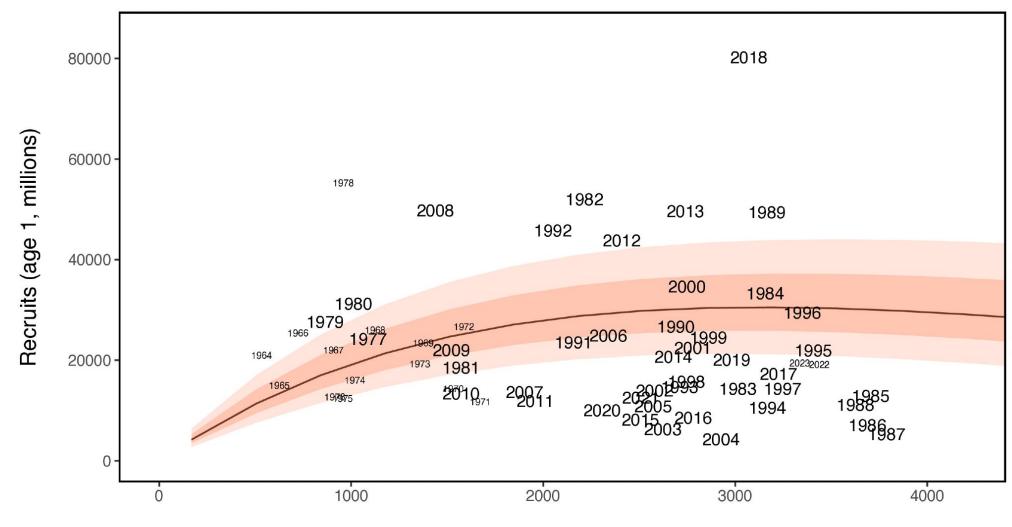
#### Aspects of SRR suggest Tier 3 more appropriate

- No fault of data extent, rather historical stock and recruitment estimates uninformative
- •Tier 1
  - Relies on priors  $(F_{MSY} \sim F_{35\%})$
  - Production aspect near origin on limited observations
  - Risk aversion basis depends on uncertainty (pdf)
  - Tier 2 has same issues related to SRR

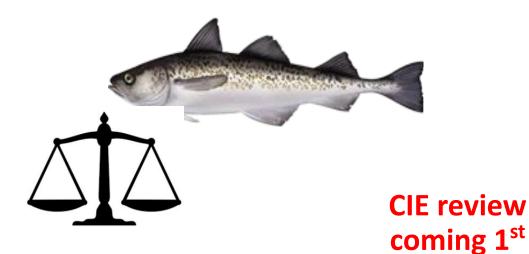




# Stock recruitment relationship needed for Tier 1



Female spawning biomass (kt)



Tier 3 more appropriate?

- No fault of data extent, rather historical stock and recruitment estimates uninformative
- Tier 1
  - Relies on priors  $(F_{MSY} \sim F_{35\%})$
  - Production aspect near origin on limited observations
  - Risk aversion basis depends on uncertainty (pdf)
- Tier 2
  - Still relies on SRR / steepness at origin

Tier 1 version

	As estimated or <i>specified</i> last year for:		As estimated or recommended this year for:	
Quantity				
	2024	2025	2025	2026
M (natural mortality rate, ages 3+)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Tier	1a	1a	1a	<b>1</b> a
Projected total (age 3+) biomass (t)	10,184,000 t	9,437,000 t	8,526,000 t	8,075,000 t
Projected female spawning biomass (t)	3,518,000 t	3,255,000 t	3,118,000 t	3,342,000 t
$B_0$	6,728,000 t	6,728,000 t	5,975,000 t	5,975,000 t
$B_{msy}$	2,689,000 t	2,689,000 t	2,310,000 t	2,310,000 t
$F_{OFL}$	0.422	0.422	0.523	0.523
$maxF_{ABC}$	0.379	0.379	0.443	0.443
$F_{ABC}$	0.33	0.33	0.402	0.402
OFL	3,162,000 t	3,449,000 t	4,383,000 t	3,785,000 t
maxABC	2,837,000 t	3,095,000 t	3,715,000 t	3,209,000 t
ABC	2,313,000 t	2,401,000 t	2,417,000 t	2,036,000 t
Status	2022	2023	2023	2024
Overfishing	No	n/a	No	n/a
Overfished	n/a	No	n/a	No
Approaching overfished	n/a	No	n/a	No

#### Tier 3 version

half of 2025

	As estimated or <i>specified</i> last year for:		As estimated or recommended this year for:	
Quantity				
	2024	2025	2025	2026
M (natural mortality rate, ages 3+)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Tier	1a	1a	3a	3a
Projected total (age 3+) biomass (t)	10,184,000 t	9,437,000 t	8,526,000 t	8,075,000 t
Projected female spawning biomass (t)	3,518,000 t	3,255,000 t	3,118,000 t	3,342,000 t
$B_0$	6,728,000 t	6,728,000 t	5,902,000 t	5,902,000 t
$B_{msy}$	2,689,000 t	2,689,000 t	2,066,000 t	2,066,000 t
$F_{OFL}$	0.422	0.422	0.513	0.513
$maxF_{ABC}$	0.379	0.379	0.394	0.394
$F_{ABC}$	0.33	0.33	0.394	0.394
OFL	3,162,000 t	3,449,000 t	2,957,000 t	2,496,000 t
maxABC	2,837,000 t	3,095,000 t	2,417,000 t	2,036,000 t
ABC	2,313,000 t	2,401,000 t	2,417,000 t	2,036,000 t
Status	2022	2023	2023	2024
Overfishing	No	n/a	No	n/a
Overfished	n/a	No	n/a	No
Approaching overfished	n/a	No	n/a	No