# **CLIMATE CHANGE TASK FORCE Final Report D1b** Council December 2024

# **CCTF** Members:

Co-chair: Diana Stram (NPMFC): diana.stram@noaa.gov Co-chair: Kirstin Holsman (NMFS- AFSC) : kirstin.holsman@noaa.gov Lauren Divine (Aleut Community of Saint Paul Island) Scott Goodman (Natural Resources Consultants/BS Fisheries Res. Foundation) Jason Gasper (NMFS-Regional Office) Mike LeVine (Ocean Conservancy) Steve Martell (SeaState) Brenden Raymond-Yakoubian (Sandhill Culture Craft) Jeremy Sterling (AFSC Marine Mammal Lab) Todd Loomis (Ocean Peace, Inc.)



Dec 2024



## **CCTF** Overview & final report

Brief recap of CCTF progress towards goals
Report on Final CCTF meeting Nov 6-7, 2024
Final report overview and key recommendations
Next steps

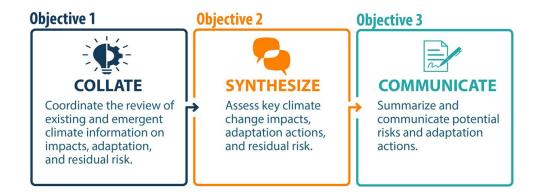




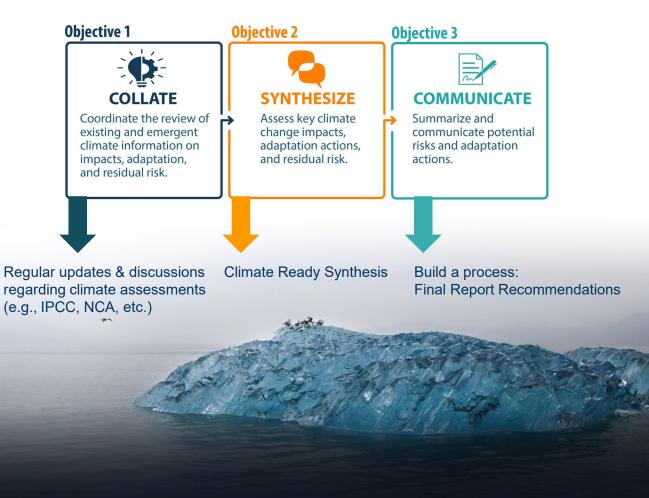
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# **GOALS (from original work plan)**



"The CCTF aims to operationalize the delivery of climate change information to the Council including climate change information, tools, and recommendations that can help the Council further its ecosystem vision statement through equitable climate change adaptation pathways, transparent communication, utilization of diverse knowledge sources, and broad engagement.

This module will support the Council's capacity to:

- 1. More effectively incorporate climate change information from diverse knowledge holders into the fishery management process through transparent, effective and dynamic communication and engagement with communities, fishers, managers, scientists and other Council stakeholders with the Council and Council staff; and,
- 1. Evaluate and implement management measures that can help preserve livelihoods, economies, health and well-being across fisheries and dependent coastal communities; support near- and long-term adaptation to climate change; and ensure the continued productivity and sustainability of the coupled social-ecological Bering Sea system."

## Climate Change Task Force Steps





CLIMATE CHANGE TASK FORCE 2020- now



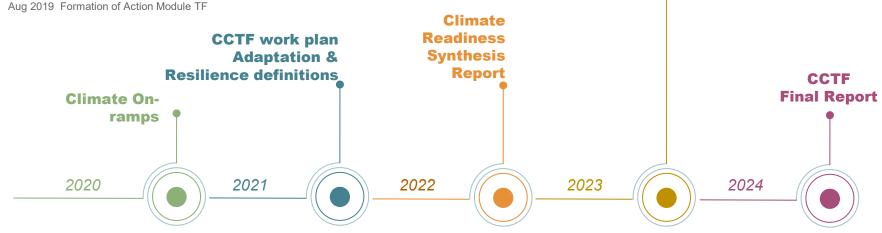
- (1) Map existing management process & identify climate information on-ramps
- (2) Develop living definitions of resilience and adaptation
- (3) Use case studies to explore climate impacts, responses, and indicators
- (4) Review existing climate readiness
- (5) Provide framework for climate-informed decision making





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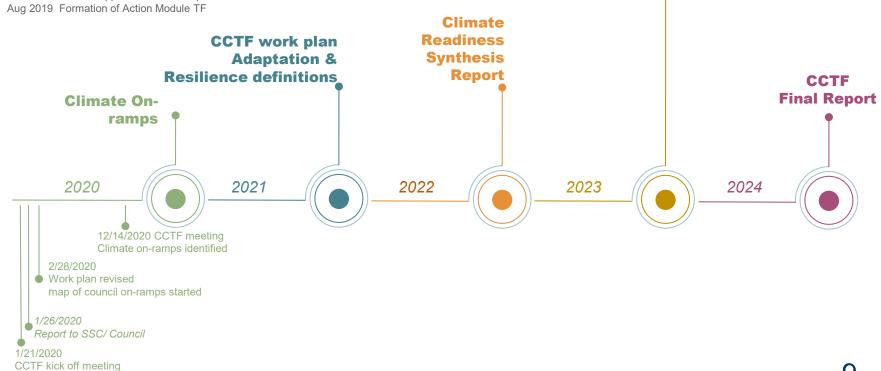
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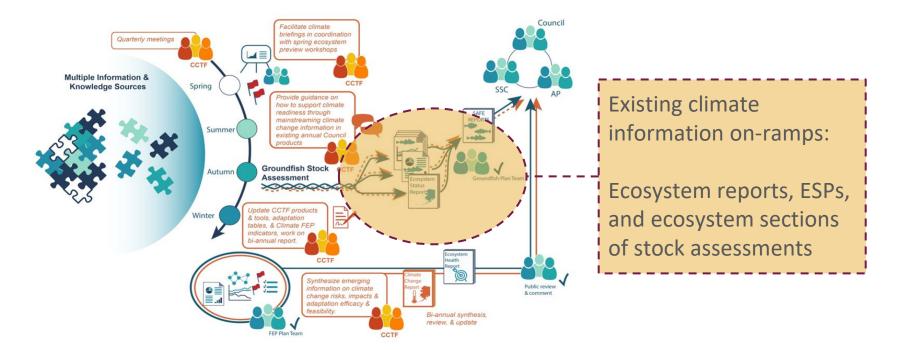
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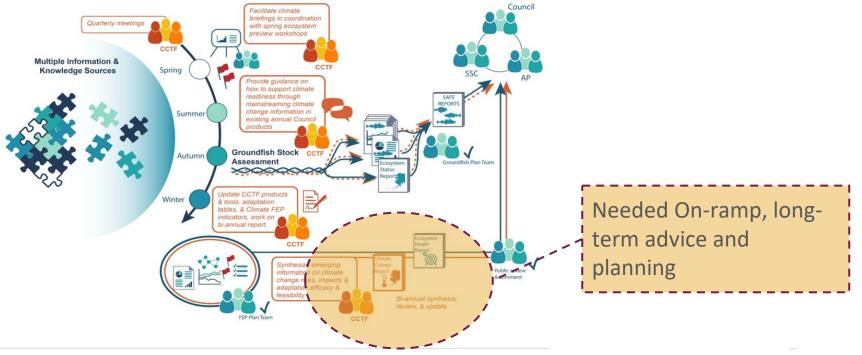


### **Climate-informed fisheries management:** Proposed "on-ramps" and existing coordination



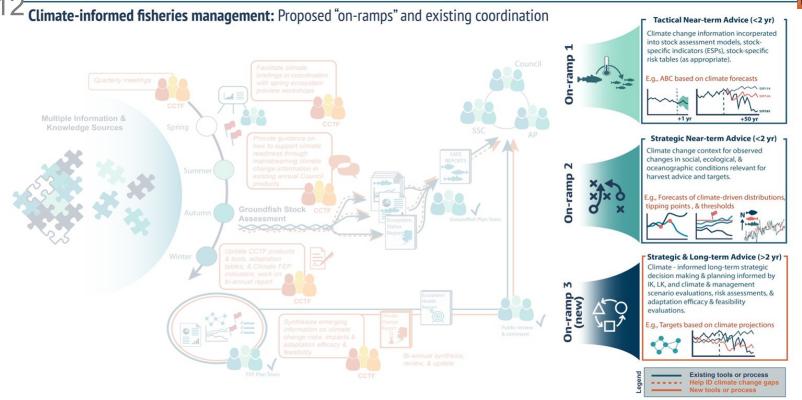


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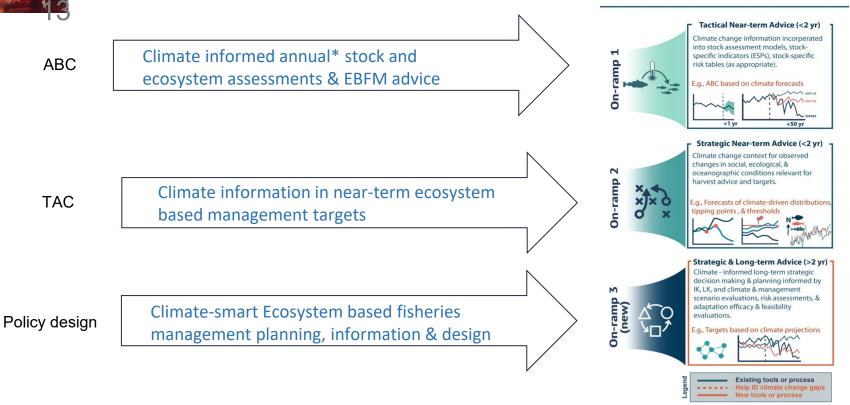
https://www.npfmc.org/climatechangetaskforce/





#### https://www.npfmc.org/climatechangetaskforce/





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Dec 2018 Climate Module proposed as part of the EBS FEP May 2019 Draft climate change action module work plan proposed May 2019 FEP team meets to discuss draft work plan Jun 2019 Council approves draft work plan Aug 2019 Formation of Action Module TF **CCTF** work plan **Adaptation & Resilience definitions Climate On**ramps 2020 2021 12/14/2020 CCTF meeting 06/03/2021 Report to the Council Climate on-ramps identified 05/10/2021 CCTF meeting Work plan revised 05/03/2021 - FEP team meeting map of council on-ramps started 1/26/2020 02/01/2021 Report to SSC/ Council Council requests additional revision of the work plan 1/21/2020 CCTF kick off meeting

aft for BS FEP team review. May 2019 Cont Goal Introd Action Object Action Exam Short-Mediu Long-How I Plann How I Plann How I Action Delive Milest Refer Appen Supporting climate-resilient fisheries through understanding climate change fis impacts and adaptation responses May 2021 Climate Change Task Force work plan of the Bering Sea Fishery Ecosystem Plan Diana Stram<sup>1</sup>, Kirstin Holsman<sup>2</sup> Goa The Brenden Raymond-Yakoubian3, Lauren Divine4, Mike LeVine5, Scott Goodman6 pathy Jeremy Sterling7, Joe Krieger8, Steve Martell9, Todd Loomis10 Sea. incre acros adapt Berir know resili (Figu diana.str resili 2 kirstin.h Seattle, W <sup>1</sup> diana.stram@noaa.gov, North Pacific Fishery Management Council, Anchorage, AK, USA 3 Sandhill. <sup>2</sup> kirstin holsman@noaa.gov, Alaska Fisheries Science Center, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, 4 Aleut Co Seattle, WA, USA <sup>5</sup> Ocean C 3 Sandhill,Culture,Craft, Girdwood, AK, USA <sup>6</sup> Natural F 4 Aleut Community of Saint Paul Island, St. Paul, AK, USA AFSC Ma 5 Ocean Conservancy, Juneau, AK, USA 8 NMFS-R 6 Natural Resources Consultants, Inc. Seattle, WA, 9 SeaState. 7 AFSC Marine Mammal Lab, Seattle, WA, USA 8 NMFS-Regional Office, Juneau, AK, USA 9 SeaState, Seattle, WA, USA 10 Ocean Peace, Inc.

### Living (evolving) definition of Resilience & Adaptation



Resilience

Community resilience has numerous interconnected aspects, including the epistemic (e.g. access to information, rich involvement in scientific-management-policy activities, etc.), individual well-being (e.g. mental and physical health), economic vitality, and sociocultural prosperity (e.g. social cohesion, self-determination, integration of community with natural resources, thriving integrenerational relationships, community sustainability and vibrancy, food security, economic diversity, adaptability to change, etc.). The ecological/biological resilience of marine resources likewise spans a wide array of considerations including biological and genetic diversity, healthy habitats and populations, adequate resources, sustained recruitment, and a balanced trophic structure. Resilience must be considered at the nexus of these two domains, i.e., coupled social-ecological systems. This includes, for example: sustained strong connections between harvest species and humans and communities that rely on them; management that is capable of being adaptive, flexible and stable in order to sustaining ecosystems and livelihoods; strengthened

"adaptation to support climate resilient social-ecological systems includes ecosystem-based management policies that embrace uncertainty, adjust at a rate that is consistent with observed changes (e.g., allows communities and fisheries to adapt in a proactive rather than a solely reactive manner), are inclusive of diverse knowledge sources and information that may change and evolve over time"

 <u>Victorio Indemationana 2009</u>, Alaka Fisheries Science Center, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Seattle, WA, UUSA
 <u>Sundhill Culture Craft, Girdwood, AK, USA</u>
 <u>Achert Community of Saint Paul Landard, St. Paul, AK, USA</u>
 <u>Ocean Conservancy, Junean, AK, USA</u>
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 <u>Brown Resound Office, Junean, AK, USA</u>
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Link to work plan

nt to actual or expected climate change and its fisheries, adaptation to support climate resilient agement policies that embrace uncertainty, adjust lows communities and fisheries to adapt in a sive of diverse knowledge sources and consider both direct and indirect impacts and and the environment. The latter relies on change as well as the social, cultural, and ricately coupled social-ecological Bering Sea

co-management, community engagement, and coagement, and policy to challenges of variability

ion making that includes diverse knowledge just assessment of risks, impacts and tradeoffs.

ecosystem. Co-production of knowledge is essential for understanding changes as well as identifying, understanding, and promoting pathways of adaptation in both fisheries and fishing communities. Some social and ecological changes could help promote adaptation, but others might intensify negative impacts of climate-driven change.

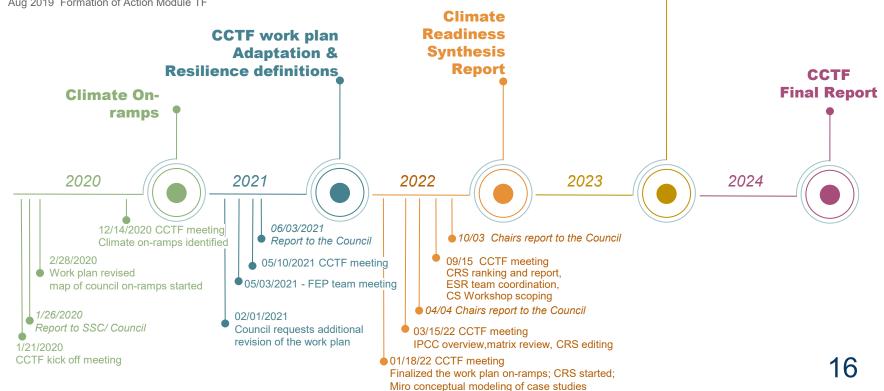
Adaptation can include reactive responses as well as proactive, anticipatory planning and prevention. Adaptation is separate from, but can be synergistic with (i.e., have co-benefits for), "carbon mitigation" measures, which are actions at global or regional scales that aim to reduce or recapture atmospheric CO2. Climate adaptation planning is a multi-step and iterative process that includes evaluation of key risks and needs, assessment of available potential tools and approaches, understanding of institutional capacity and feasibility for adaptation planning and implementation (and evolving limits and constraints to adaptation), and interactive inclusive discussions regarding realized costs, tradeoffs, and benefits of adaptation measures (Meredith et al. 2019). This evolving definition will serve as the basis for ongoing climatebiological-social-economic evaluations of management actions that address climate-driven impacts, utilize novel opportunities, and identify and promote equitable adaptive pathways.

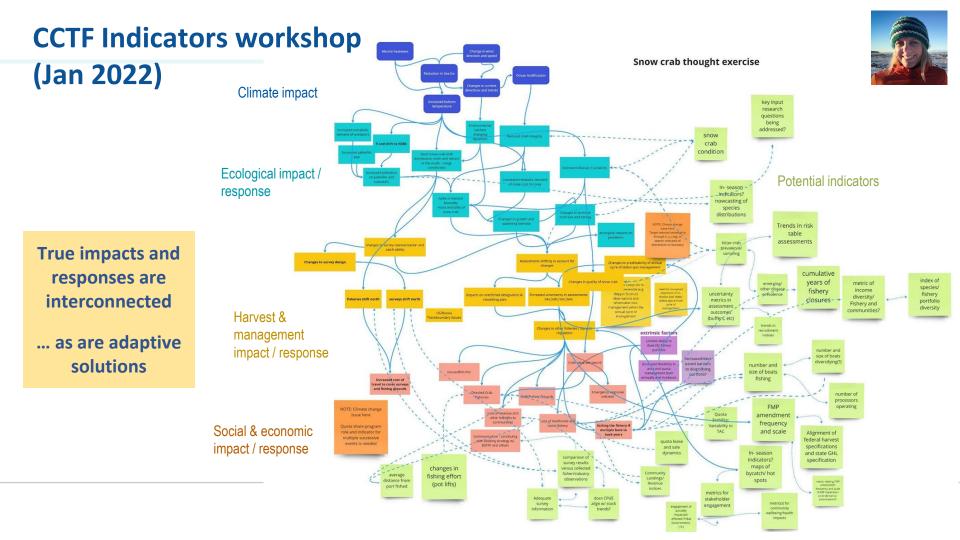




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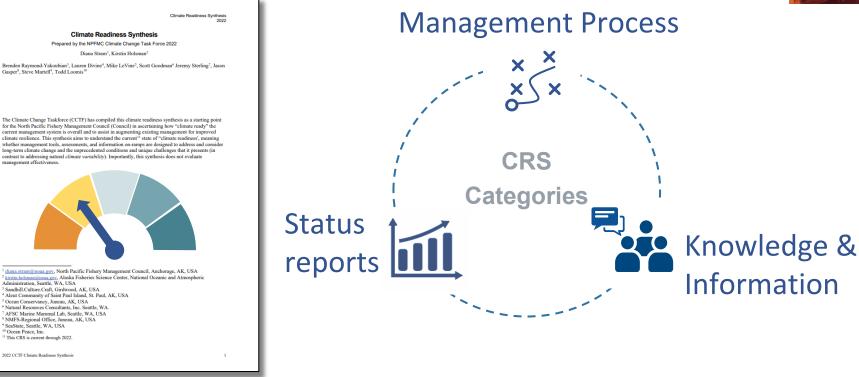
## **CCTF Indicators workshop** (Jan 2022)

Snow crab thought exercise

## **KEY:** Develop a process to collectively re-evaluate impacts and solutions

Holsman, Stram et al. in prep





https://www.npfmc.org/wp-content/PDFdocuments/Publications/Misc/ClimateReadinessSynthesis2022.pdf

10 Ocean Peace, Inc.

## 2022 NPFMC Climate Readiness Synthesis





- Implicit climate variability information associated with some management measures
- Conceptually climate information informs management measure but is not directly implemented



- Some implicit climate information included via EBFM processes & reports
- Climate and ecological information is increasingly included in a few assessments, but for most climate change information is absent or implicit in assessment models & text



Knowledge &

Information

- Management measures include some/limited information from various knowledge bases and not others
- Integration into the NPFMC & NMFS system of information from the knowledge base of Indigenous communities is extremely limited
- Integration into the system from industry, agency, and other knowledge bases is a bit higher in general



### Climate Readiness Synthesis 2022



Climate Readiness Synthesis

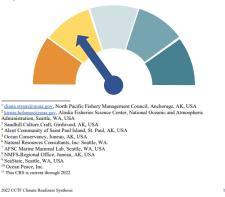
#### Climate Readiness Synthesis

Prepared by the NPFMC Climate Change Task Force 2022

Diana Stram<sup>1</sup>, Kirstin Holsman<sup>2</sup>

Brenden Raymond-Yakoubian<sup>3</sup>, Lauren Divine<sup>4</sup>, Mike LeVine<sup>5</sup>, Scott Goodman<sup>6</sup> Jeremy Sterling<sup>7</sup>, Jason Gasper<sup>8</sup>, Steve Martell<sup>9</sup>, Todd Loomis<sup>10</sup>

The Climate Change Taskforce (CCTP) has compiled this climate readiness synthesis as a starting point for the North Pacific Fishery Management compile (Lonoxii) in ascertaining how "climate ready" the current management system is overall and to assist in augmenting existing management for improved (imate resilience, This synthesis aims to understand the current "state of "climate readiness," meaning whether management tools, assessments, and information on-ramps are designed to address and conside long-term climate change and the unprecedented conditions and unique changes that it presents (in contrast to addressing natural (*limate variability*). Importantly, this synthesis does not evaluate management effectiveness.



KEY: Systematically increase climate information in EBM process & reports

KEY: Build a process to iteratively re-consider potential strengths, weaknesses, & opportunities for improvement across management tools

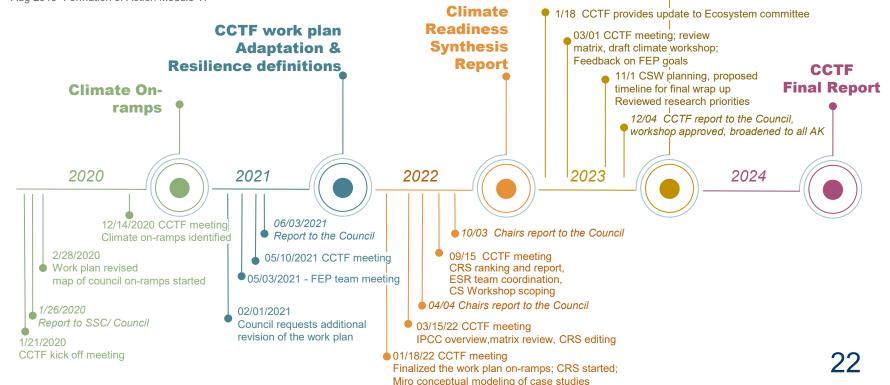
KEY: Expand (or create) processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate inclusion of understanding from multiple knowledge systems in climate planning

https://www.npfmc.org/wp-content/PDFdocuments/Publications/Misc/ClimateReadinessSynthesis2022.pdf



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#### D2 BS FEP CCTF Report December 2023

breakout groups, repeated over multiple days, aimed at synthesizing and summarizing the critical needs, resources, and process. By the end of the workshop, the participants will have developed a robust and inclusive decision making process and provide recommendations for tools the Council may consider in the future. Additional details on the scope of the workshop and draft scenario development from the CCTF during the meeting are included below.

#### CCTF 2024 Climate Change Scenarios Workshop

#### When

Mid-may 2024 (3 days); Anchorage Alaska (tentatively)

#### Who

NPFMC Climate Change Task Force, Council members, members of the public, community members, fishery participants, managers, and climate and fisheries researchers

#### Goal

The overarching objective of this workshop is to synthesize and summarize the critical needs, resources, and process to develop and maintain a robust and inclusive decision-making process to respond to climate change effects in the North Pacific. The workshop will be focused on regional management process and would invite attendees and participants to:

- Think broadly about potential solutions and tools within the existing process (incremental) but also beyond existing approaches (transformational); and
- · Identify the bigger picture changes that could be effective to address large climate impacts and changes.

The workshop format will include: (a) a combination of interactive breakout sessions with scenario planning exercises designed to explore a suite of potential and plausible 'what if's' in order to identify key needs, tools, information sources, opportunities and risks; (b) facilitated discussion sessions designed to support meaningful information exchange between attendees; and (c) structured format that enables cross-pollination of expertise, experiences, and perspectives in solution explorations.

#### Scenario planning & case studies

We will use a suite of illustrative future "what if" scenarios and case studies to help inform climate change planning and response. The focus of future scenarios would be for planning rather than predicting, i.e., they will provide the scope for potential future changes that may occur next year, ten years from now, or 20+ years from now. Discussions around these changes and potential future scenarios will help identify near term actions, step-by-step approaches, and long-term investments in information, tools, and management innovations needed to increase resilience to climate change for different fisheries and marine dependent communities of place and practice.

- Case studies will help anchor discussions for what if scenarios and provide concrete examples of gaps and needs as well as successes in weathering climate driven changes to Alaskan marine ecosystems and resources.
- Use of personal experience or recent case studies will also help work through each scenario. •

#### Draft Climate Change planning Scenarios (CCTF Nov 2023)



Low predictability (climate, ecosystem, markets)

High predictability (climate, ecosystem, markets)

#### Note:

٠ Scenario planning is used to help prepare for the possible futures and potential cf Scenarios are intended to be plausible descriptions of possible future states useful prescriptive regarding desired future states.

CLIMATE CHANGE

#### VIRTUAL DISCUSSION SESSIONS

The North Pacific Fishery Management Council is convening three interactive virtual discussions in preparation for the upcoming Climate Scenarios Workshop, The workshop will take place June 5-6, 2024 in Kodiak, AK as part of the June Council meeting. The purpose of the virtual sessions is to begin exploring the questions and concepts that will be discussed at the workshop. and help participants prepare to engage in discussion.

SESSION 1: Anticipated climate change impacts to the Bering Sea, Aleutian Islands, and Gulf of Alaska.

SESSION 3: Climate Scenario Planning 101, and an introduction

NPEMC workshop.

o future scenarios that will be discussed at the

SESSION 2: What does "climate readiness" mean?

RIL 30 1:00-2:00 PM AKS

NORTH PACIFIC FISHERY MANAGEMENT C



# CLIMATE CHANGE Let's talk about it.

### VIRTUAL DISCUSSION SESSIONS

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SESSION 1: APRIL 24 1:00-2:00 PM AKST Anticipated **climate change impacts** to the Bering Sea, Aleutian Islands, and Gulf of Alaska.

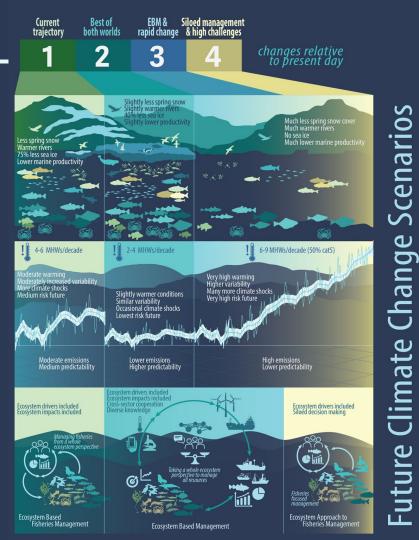


What does "climate readiness" mean?



Climate Scenario Planning 101, and an introduction to future scenarios that will be discussed at the NPFMC workshop.

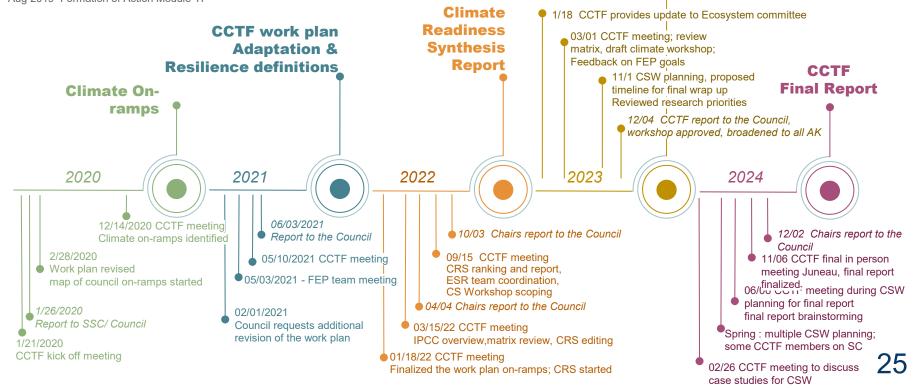
NORTH PACIFIC FISHERY MANAGEMENT COUNCIL For more information, including detailed topics and how to participate, check www.npfmc.org





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D1b CCTF Report DECEMBER 2024

#### North Pacific Fishery Management Council Climate Change Task Force Final Report

November 2024

#### Disclaimer:

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Climate Change Task Force Final Report, November 2024



Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response

#### Key Element 2

Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information

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### Key Element 3

Establish a dedicated review group charged with reviewing & packaging climate information entering Council processes

+

#### **Climate Change Work Plan**



To best advance the Council's goals related to climate readiness, the Climate Change Task Force recommends that a work plan be developed to advance resilience in the face of rapid change. The work plan should be crafted inclusively through engagement with the public using best practices identified by the CEC and LKTK Task Force.

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# ATTENDEES Final CCTF Meeting Nov 6 & 7, 2024

### Taskforce members in attendance:

Lauren Divine (Aleut Community of Saint Paul Island), Scott Goodman (Natural Resources Consultants/Bering Sea Fisheries Research Foundation), Kirstin Holsman co-Chair (AFSC-Seattle), Jason Gasper (NMFS-Regional Office), Mike LeVine (Ocean Conservancy), Diana Stram co-Chair (NPFMC), Todd Loomis (Ocean Peace, Inc.)

### Taskforce members in attendance virtually:

Jeremy Sterling (AFSC Marine Mammal Lab), Brenden Raymond-Yakoubian (Sandhill.Culture.Craft), Steve Martell (SeaState),

**Members of the public and other state and agency staff:** Angela Abolhassani, Stephanie Madsen, Julie Kavanaugh, Heather Mann, Mellisa Johnson, Nick Jacuk, Steve Marx, Diana Evans, Danielle Merculief, Katie Latanich, Sarah Wise, Megan Williams





# CCTF Agenda Nov 6 & 7, 2024

### 1. Reflect on Climate Scenarios Workshop

- 1. Review on CSW workshop proceedings → synthesize themes and topics towards CCTF recommendations
- 2. Discussion of Council action as applicable (October 2024)
- 2. Recap of workplan, process, progress and outcomes [Stram and Holsman ppts]
  - 1. What was our original charge
  - 2. What did we initially propose to accomplish this (workplan)
  - 3. What did we accomplish (CRS, CSW, on-ramps)
  - 4. To the extent these (b. and c.) differ, why?

### 3. CCTF recommendations moving forward

- 1. Review the Brainstorming document
- 2. CCTF process and recs for further modules/TFs (module and process)
  - 1. Lessons learned
  - 2. Recommendations for future FEP modules
- 3. CCTF feedback to Council in moving forward to develop an NPFMC climate workplan
  - 1. What needs to be considered based on outcomes of CCTF
  - 2. Running list of tools, process etc based on CCTF feedback and considerations from CSW [Climate workplan]
  - 3. Phases based on timing

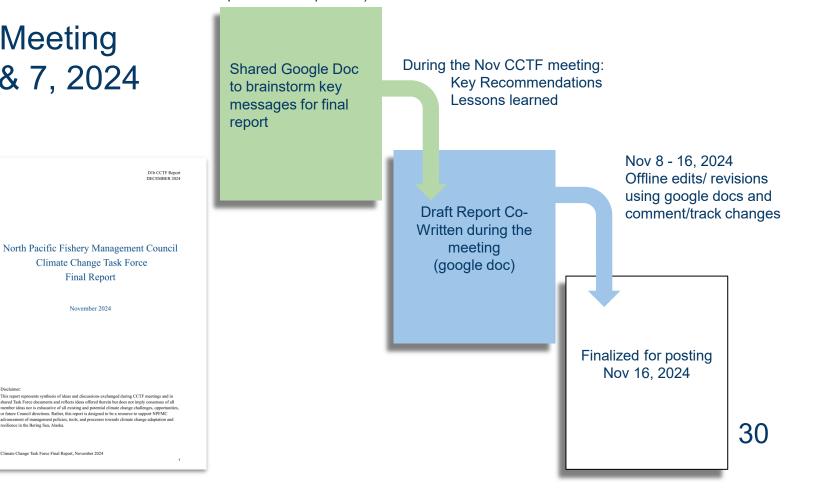
### 4. Final report drafting and review

- 1. CCTF Report (all members)
- 2. Synthesis Paper (all members, opt in)



# **CCTF** Meeting Nov 6 & 7, 2024

(Open for CCTF internal only input June - Sept 2024)



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Climate Change Task Force

**Final Report** 

November 2024

Climate Change Task Force Final Report, November 2024

Disclaimer

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# **CCTF Final Report**



D1b CCTF Report DECEMBER 2024

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Climate Change Task Force Final Report, November 2024

## Key Element 1



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Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response

### Key Element 2

Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information

### Key Element 3

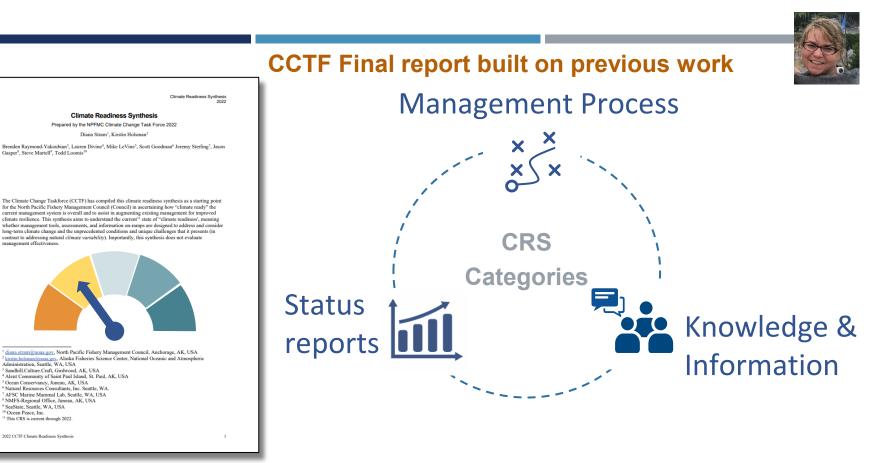
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Establish a dedicated review group charged with reviewing & packaging climate information entering Council processes

#### **Climate Change Work Plan**



To best advance the Council's goals related to climate readiness, the Climate Change Task Force recommends that a work plan be developed to advance resilience in the face of rapid change. The work plan should be crafted inclusively through engagement with the public using best practices identified by the CEC and LKTK Task Force.



https://www.npfmc.org/wp-content/PDFdocuments/Publications/Misc/ClimateReadinessSynthesis2022.pdf

management effectiveness.

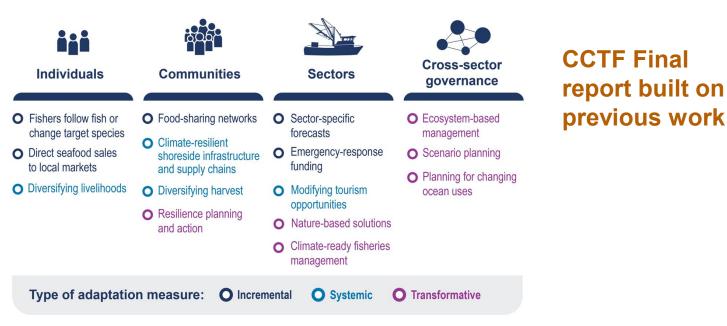
Administration, Seattle, WA, USA

9 SeaState, Seattle, WA, USA 10 Ocean Peace. Inc. 11 This CRS is current through 2022 2022 CCTF Climate Readiness Synthesis



"Adaptation can occur at many organizational scales from individuals to governance systems." Chp 10

Ocean-Related Climate Adaptation Strategies



https://nca2023.globalchange.gov/chapter/10/#fig-10-4

### **Key Element 1**

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Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response Key Element 2

Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information



Establish a dedicated review group charged with reviewing & packaging climate information entering Council processes

**Key Element 3** 

### **Climate Change Work Plan**



To best advance the Council's goals related to climate readiness, the Climate Change Task Force recommends that a work plan be developed to advance resilience in the face of rapid change. The work plan should be crafted inclusively through engagement with the public using best practices identified by the CEC and LKTK Task Force.

### **Key Element 1**

Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response

## High Priority Key Elements

advancing measures that promote inclusive decision-making

(Key 1.2)

supporting equitable participation in Council processes through mentorship

(Key 1.4)

reducing barriers to diverse participation (Key 1.3)

providing regular opportunities for publicfacing brainstorming and two-way information sharing

(Key 1.1)

Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response

"Providing a space for **informal information exchange** is one of the easiest and most efficient ways to gather and include climate change-related information that can help inform Council responses to both rapid shocks and long-term climate shifts. The Council facilitated informal exchanges like this in the **breakout sessions** at the June 2024 Climate Scenarios Workshop (CSW), and future exchange could take various forms, including: **annual round table discussions** on various climate topics, dedicated evening sessions at Council meetings; breakout groups during workshops, **semi-structured Climate Testimonials,** and other forms."

**KEY 1.1** 

# **High Priority Key Elements** providing regular opportunities for publicfacing brainstorming and two-way information sharing (Key 1.1)

"These informal exchanges should be guided by a code of conduct to promote respectful discussion, the sharing of multiple perspectives, and the fostering of safe spaces for the exchange of ideas."

Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response

"The Council can formalize on-ramps that **incorporate information and perspectives** from diverse knowledge sources into decision-making processes. As part of doing so, the Council can provide support and resources for **collaborative and cooperative processes** that are inclusive of diverse stakeholders and Tribes, such as **promoting co-production of knowledge**, promoting and integrating results of timely and meaningful **Tribal Consultation**, supporting and exploring collaborative and cooperative management and policy structures and processes, **promoting co-stewardship**, and promoting copresentation on Council issues by Tribal entities."

## High Priority Key Elements

advancing measures that promote inclusive decision-making ( Key 1.2)

pporting equitable participation in

Council processes through mentorship

(Key 1.4)

reducing barriers to diverse participation

providing regular opportunities for publicfacing brainstorming and two-way information sharing

(Key 1.1)



Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response

"Additional perspectives and information can be better integrated into management through increased information exchange, which is facilitated by appropriate utilization of diverse sources of available information. The Council can facilitate this exchange as appropriate and by using **FAIR** (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable; e.g., Pirini et al. 2022) principles, CARE (Collective benefit, Authority to control, Responsibility, Ethics) principles, the LKTKS Task Force Protocol, and other existing protocols which pertain to information use and sharing. The Council can also continue to improve access to documents ahead of Council meetings to help promote equitable participation."

# advancing measures that promote inclusive decision-making (Key 1.2)

reducing barriers to diverse participation (Key 1.3)

providing regular opportunities for publicfacing brainstorming and two-way information sharing

**High Priority Key Elements** 

(Key 1.1)



Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response

"To build capacity for Council involvement and contributions, the Council can **provide support and resources for mentorship programs** (e.g., Marine Resource Education Program [MREP], UAF Tamamta Program)."

#### **KEY 1.4**

### **High Priority Key Elements**

advancing measures that promote inclusive decision-making

(Key 1.2)

supporting equitable participation in Council processes through mentorship

(Key 1.4)

reducing barriers to diverse participation (Key 1.3)

providing regular opportunities for publicfacing brainstorming and two-way information sharing

(Key 1.1)

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Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information

The CCTF recommends a work plan that initiates both implementation of near-term priorities and start processes to explore the longer-term priorities **High Priority Key Elements** 

incorporating climatedriven interactions and cascading impacts through ecosystem indicators and models

(Key 2.2)

Incorporate climate forecast-linked management advice

(Key 2.1)

developing dynamic management tools using early warnings, ocean and ecosystem nowcasts (daily; weekly), and forecasts (<2 yr) to increase in-season adaptation tools for management

(see Key 2.4)

#### (longer-term)

reviewing the tier systems and considering climate-informed biomass targets and limits, as well as climate-robust or forecast-informed Harvest Control Rules

(Key 2.5)



10 Key elements identified, 4 prioritized

Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information

Incorporate forecasts of climate and ecosystem conditions (+1-2 yrs) in the harvest projections and specifications processes.

**Include climate forecast information and vulnerability assessments** in management advice to inform Risk Tables and discussions around ABC or TAC.

**Consider climate-forecast linked spatial management measures** (e.g., via climate specific species distribution models) to inform apportionments.

### **High Priority Key Elements**

incorporating climatedriven interactions and cascading impacts through ecosystem indicators and models

(Key 2.2)

Incorporate climate forecast-linked management advice

(Key 2.1)

**KEY 2.1** 

developing dynamic management tools using early warnings, ocean and ecosystem nowcasts (daily; weekly), and forecasts (<2 yr) to increase in-season adaptation tools for management

(see Key 2.4)

(longer-term)

reviewing the tier systems and considering climate-informed biomass targets and limits, as well as climate-robust or forecast-informed Harvest Control Rules



Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information

Develop and **use ecological indicators** and multi-species, multi-fleet, or ecosystem models that **quantify uncertainty, interactions, and risk** across multiple fisheries or species. As part of this effort risk table discussions can be aligned around **climate buffers/risks.** 

**KEY 2.2** 

High Priority Key Elements

incorporating climatedriven interactions and cascading impacts through ecosystem indicators and models

(Key 2.2)

Incorporate climate forecast-linked management advice

(Key 2.1)

developing dynamic management tools using early warnings, ocean and ecosystem nowcasts (daily; weekly), and forecasts (<2 yr) to increase in-season adaptation tools for management

(see Key 2.4)

(longer-term)

reviewing the tier systems and considering climate-informed biomass targets and limits, as well as climate-robust or forecast-informed Harvest Control Rules



Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information

**Dynamic management tools aligned with federal regulations** and management could be used to trigger pre-season and/or within season adjustments, revaluations, or "red flag" responses.

Using nowcasts (daily; weekly) and forecasts (<2 years) to inform spatial in-season and annual management actions

Increase in-season flexibility and responsiveness in harvest measures through **incorporation of real-time observations** from a broader suite of observations and information (e.g., Skipper Science citizen science data, LKTK information).

### **High Priority Key Elements**

incorporating climatedriven interactions and cascading impacts through ecosystem indicators and models

(Key 2.2)

Incorporate climate forecast-linked management advice

(Key 2.1)

**KEY 2.4** 

developing dynamic management tools using early warnings, ocean and ecosystem nowcasts (daily; weekly), and forecasts (<2 yr) to increase in-season adaptation tools for management

(see Key 2.4)

#### (longer-term)

reviewing the tier systems and considering climate-informed biomass targets and limits, as well as climate-robust or forecast-informed Harvest Control Rules



Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information

As it undertakes this review, the Council should consider developing criteria for improvements in performance **tier**, **HCRs and biomass targets that incorporate more than just stock sustainability** (e.g., Ecosystem MSY, volatility over time, risk of collapse, fishery consolidation, biodiversity), and **HCRs and biological targets that might increase improvement under future climate shocks** (e.g., B50). These could use a suite of observations, ecosystem and climate hindcasts, forecasts and longer term predictions. This work also aligns with the Council IRA proposal item 3. incorporating climatedriven interactions and cascading impacts through ecosystem indicators and models

(Key 2.2)

Incorporate climate forecast-linked management advice

(Key 2.1)

**KEY 2.5** 

#### **High Priority Key Elements**

developing dynamic management tools using early warnings, ocean and ecosystem nowcasts (daily; weekly), and forecasts (<2 yr) to increase in-season adaptation tools for management

(see Key 2.4)

#### (longer-term)

reviewing the tier systems and considering climate-informed biomass targets and limits, as well as climate-robust or forecast-informed Harvest Control Rules



Establish a dedicated review group charged with reviewing & packaging climate information entering Council processes

## High Priority Key Elements

synthesizing and promoting climate smart management approaches

(Key 3.6)

regularly identifying and coordinating review of external evaluations relevant to climate-informed advice

(Key 3.4)

reviewing emerging climate-specific resilience metrics for measuring progress towards climate readiness

(Key 3.5)

- (b) The Council uses a review group approach
- (c) Existing Council structures expanded to include climate
- (d) Staff only ; no public process outside of general Council process



#### (a) The Council forms a new CCTF-like

**group** with a directive to provide advice through existing pathways (AP, SSC, Plan Teams, Committees and other existing working bodies, GPT and CPT, Council);

(b) The Council uses a review group approach to compose a small team of Council body representatives (no more than 2 representatives from each: AP, SSC, Council, Staff) that would convene, as appropriate, tactical sub- teams of experts and public roundtable discussions, to guide analysis and reporting on recommendations of management measures to the Council;

- (c) Existing Council structures expanded to include climate; similar to (b) but reassignment of the following tasks to existing Council bodies and committees; or
- (d) **Staff only** to create work plan and filter climate advice to Council and no public process outside of general Council process (this option not favored by CCTF as this is less inclusive and transparent and is less feasible for implementation due to limited staff capacity).

**High Priority Key Elements** 

synthesizing and promoting climate smart management approaches

(Key 3.6)

regularly identifying and coordinating review of external evaluations relevant to climate-informed advice

(Key 3.4)

reviewing emerging climate-specific resilience metrics for measuring progress towards climate readiness

(Key 3.5)

- (b) The Council uses a review group approach
- (c) Existing Council structures expanded to include climate
- (d) Staff only ; no public process outside of general Council process



Establish a dedicated review group charged with reviewing & packaging climate information entering Council processes

"The review group could recommend initiating and identifying subteams to conduct analyses or evaluations to be approved by the Council and coordinate synthesis of outcomes for Council bodies . The review group could additionally consider how these needs align with the Council's research priorities and low-hanging fruit identified in CRS (and future updates). Example analyses could include: Management Scenario Evaluations (MSEs) that test the skill of climate-informed assessments or evaluate the role of uncertainty, climate informed tools, and alternative management measures; comparative review of alternative approaches for adding flexibility to existing management measures; evaluations of specific actions relating to risk and uncertainty, particularly more clearly defining risk as it relates to fisheries and ecosystem wellbeing."

#### High Priority Key Elements

synthesizing and promoting climate smart management approaches

(Key 3.6)

regularly identifying and coordinating review of external evaluations relevant to climate-informed advice

(Key 3.4)

**KEY 3.4** 

climate-specific resilien metrics for measuring progress towards clima readiness

(Key 3.5)

- (b) The Council uses a review group approach
- (c) Existing Council structures expanded to include climate
- (d) Staff only ; no public process outside of general Council process



#### High Priority Key Elements

**Key Element 3** 

Establish a dedicated review group charged with reviewing & packaging climate information entering Council processes

#### "Re-evaluate risks and climate

**readiness** (e.g., repeat the Climate Readiness Synthesis, CRS) on a regular basis and periodically reconsider metrics used to **monitor climate readiness.** Provide periodic review and evaluation of the Council actions and **performance of actions** previously taken over time and under various conditions. " synthesizing and promoting climate smart management approaches

(Key 3.6)

regularly identifying and coordinating review of external evaluations relevant to climate-informed advice

(Key 3.4)

**KEY 3.5** 

#### reviewing emerging climate-specific resilience metrics for measuring progress towards climate readiness

(Key 3.5)

- (b) The Council uses a review group approach
- (c) Existing Council structures expanded to include climate
- (d) Staff only ; no public process outside of general Council process



## High Priority Key Elements

**Key Element 3** 

Establish a dedicated review group charged with reviewing & packaging climate information entering Council processes

## "Identify robust and equitable climate resilience-oriented strategies and tools

(including identification of roadblocks to development and implementation of strategies and tools) and provide **synthesis and assessment of various climate-related processes and initiatives** as they relate to Council activities." synthesizing and promoting climate smart management approaches

(Key 3.6)

regularly identifying and coordinating review of external evaluations relevant to climate-informed advice

(Key 3.4)

**KEY 3.6** 

reviewing emerging climate-specific resilience metrics for measuring progress towards climate readiness

(Key 3.5)

- (b) The Council uses a review group approach
- (c) Existing Council structures expanded to include climate
- (d) Staff only ; no public process outside of general Council process



Expand existing & create new inclusive processes, collaborations, & partnerships that facilitate incorporation of multiple knowledge systems into climate planning & response

#### Key Element 2

Consider management tools & options focused on the inclusion of existing & emergent climate information

+

Key Element 3

+

Establish a dedicated review group charged with reviewing & packaging climate information entering Council processes

#### **Climate Change Work Plan**



To best advance the Council's goals related to climate readiness, the Climate Change Task Force recommends that a work plan be developed to advance resilience in the face of rapid change. The work plan should be crafted inclusively through engagement with the public using best practices identified by the CEC and LKTK Task Force.



## **CCTF** Overview & final report

Brief recap of CCTF progress towards goals
 Report on Final CCTF meeting Nov 6-7, 2024
 Final report overview and key recommendations
 Next steps







## D1 Climate Planning Discussion: Action memo

Council guidance on two issues will allow staff to continue making progress toward climate adaptation priorities and IRA funding deliverables

- 1. Council feedback on staff ideas for materials to support discussion of Programmatic Evaluation alternatives
- 2. Whether and how the Council and staff wishes staff to proceed with developing a climate work plan



