Gulf of Alaska Fishing Communities and Climate Change Adaptation NPFMC Climate Scenarios Workshop June 5, 2024

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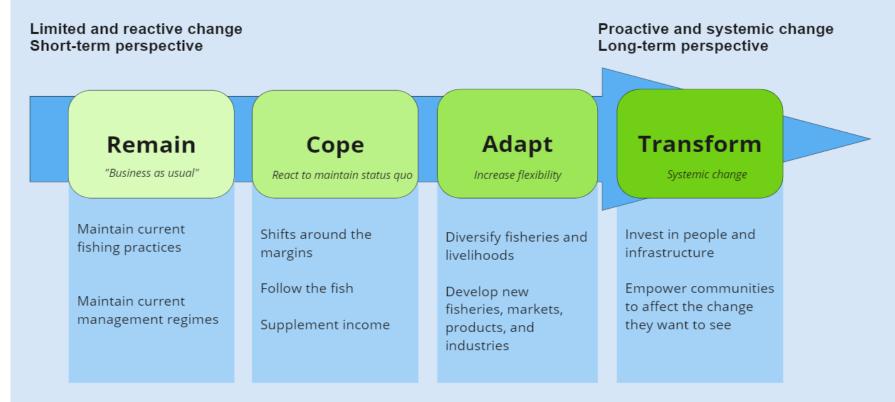


Fishermen are on the frontlines of climate change

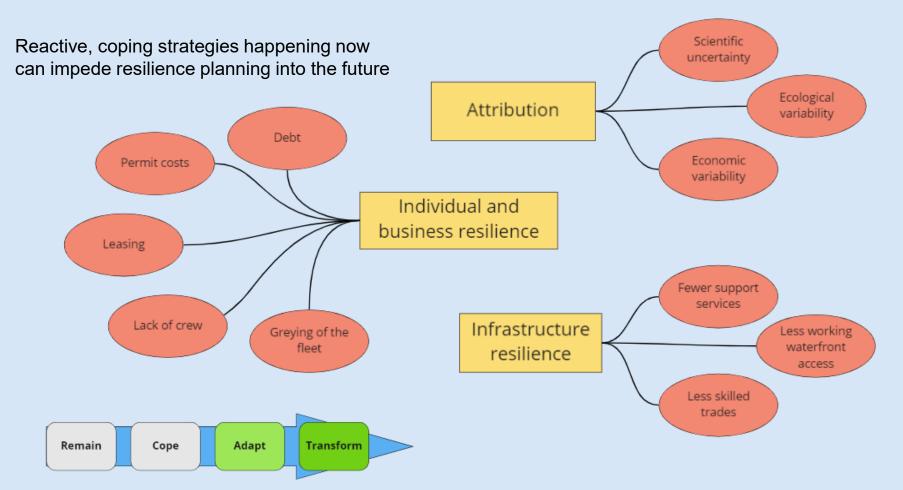
- Shifting baselines of stock health, fish health, and economic and social opportunities in fisheries
- Impacts are compounding and cascading, intersect with underlying vulnerabilities
- Undermined well-being
 - Physical safety
 - Mental health
 - Social relationships

Smaller fish	Warming waters	Less food in the system
Greater stock variability	Timing and strength of runs is less predictable	Poorer fish quality
More powerfu storms	Shifting seasons	More precipitation variability
Algae and jellyfish that plug nets	FISN	Ocean acidification

Adaptation happens on a spectrum

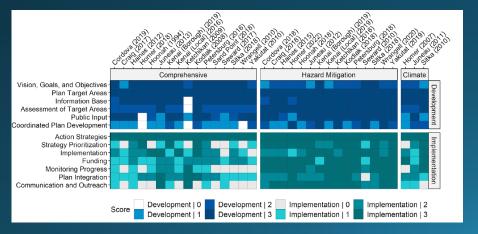


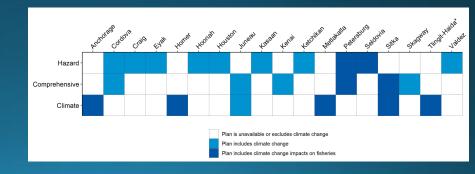
Barriers to adaptive and transformative response



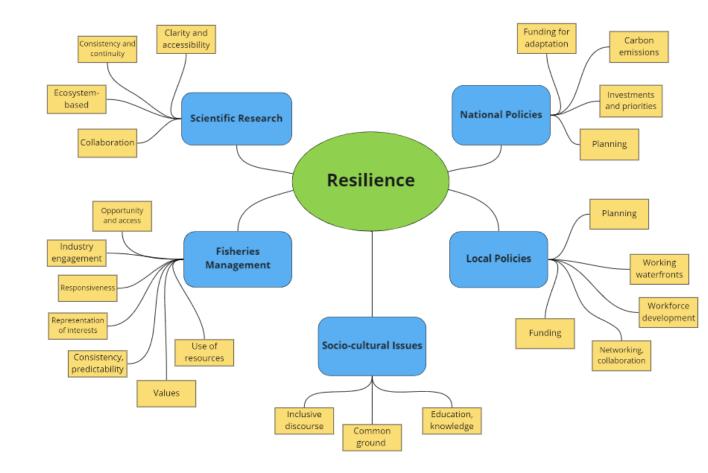
Coping - Adaptation planning for Gulf of Alaska communities is strikingly absent

- Very limited engagement on climate impacts on fisheries in community planning documents
 - Tribal governments are leading in climate adaptation planning in the region
 - Synergies should be built with these plans
 - Some hazard plans have integrated climate change as a formal hazard
 - But still very limited discourse on fisheries impacts
 - Other mandated community plans could be used to integrate climate planning





How do Gulf of Alaska communities talk about resilience?



Science and management enterprise

Public discourse

Climate planning for fishing communities

A cross-regional Gulf of Alaska fishing community effort to understand and plan for climate change.















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Moving from coping to planning

Understanding fishing communities multidimensional vulnerability across physical, natural, financial, social, human, and political capital through participatory approach



Political capital – political representation, access to lawmakers, regulatory stability Human capital physical and mental health and safety, knowledge and skills, experience

Physical capital –

infrastructure, equipment, tools and technology

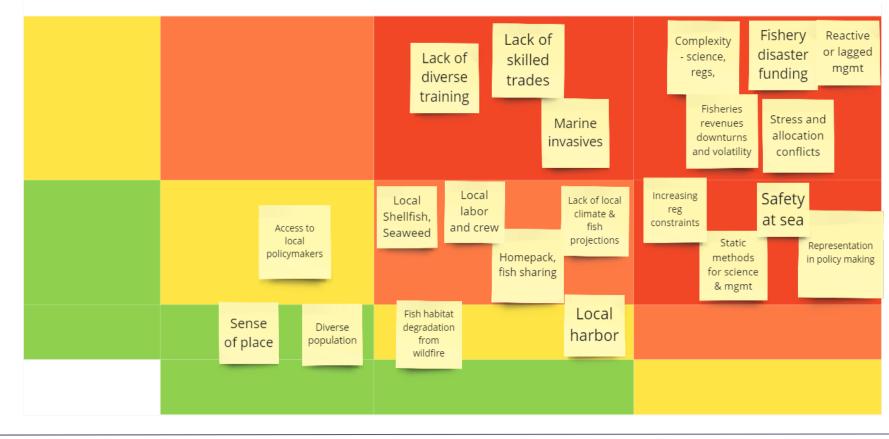
Natural capital – fisheries, food security, environmental services

Vulnerability

Financial capital – savings, credit and debt, financial assets, insurance

Social capital – fabric of community , networks and connections, social trust

Examining multifaceted vulnerabilities



High

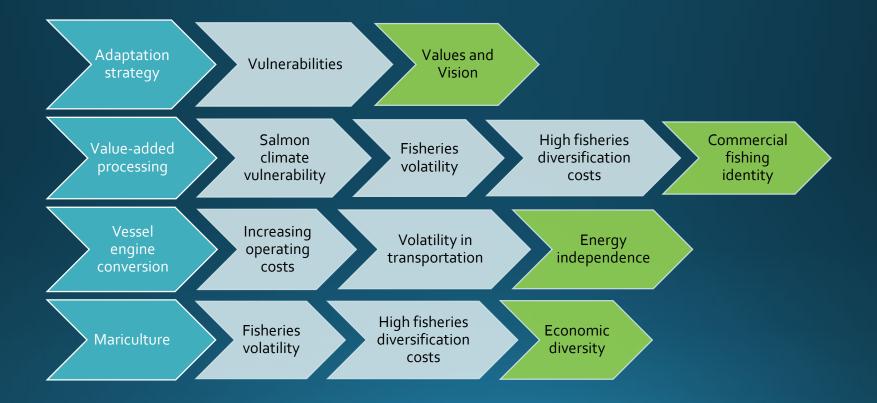
Probability Moderate

3

None/Un

Potential Impact

Syncing visioning, vulnerabilities, and adaptation pathways



Communities are planning across this spectrum

Persistence - Improve disaster relief

Adaptability

- Integrate fisheries into USDA programs

Transformation

-Equitable, accessible, diversified fisheries science & management

Resilience is the capacity to persist, adapt, and transform.

Summary points





- Climate change is already adversely impacting Gulf of Alaska fishing communities, building on systemic issues.
- Adaptation is ad hoc but resilience ideas are diverse and many.
- Increasingly focusing on implementation research to provide the science to facilitate adaptation and transformation in Gulf of Alaska fishing communities
 - Grounded in participatory and collaborative approach

Climate planning for fishing communities

Thank you to all the fishermen across the Gulf of Alaska who have shared their experiences with us.

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