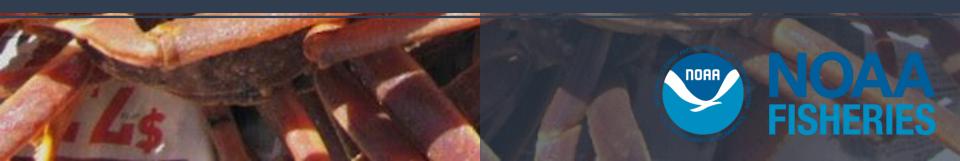


ESP Authors: Erin Fedewa, Brian Garber-Yonts, Kalei Shotwell, Abby Tyrell ESP Contributors: Kerim Aydin, Ben Daly, Buck Stockhausen, Jens Nielsen, Jon Richar, Muyin Wang and Jordan Watson



Overview

May 2022 Draft ESP

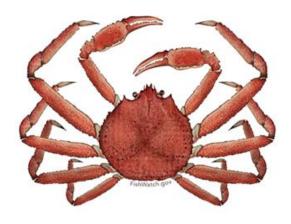
- Intro: justification, data sources
- Metrics assessment: baseline, processes
- Indicators assessment: time series, analyses
- Recommendations; data gaps, future priorities

Sept 2022 Full ESP

 Updates and current year indicators

Appendix xx. Ecosystem and Socioeconomic Profile of the snow crab stock in the Eastern Bering Sea

Erin Fedewal, Brian Garber-Yonts, Kalei Shotwell, Abby Tyrell May 2022



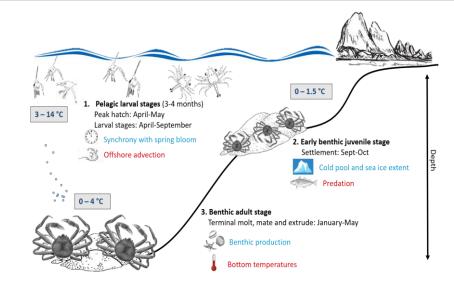
Ecosystem and Socioeconomic Processes

Ecosystem

- Conceptual model
- LH and key processes tables

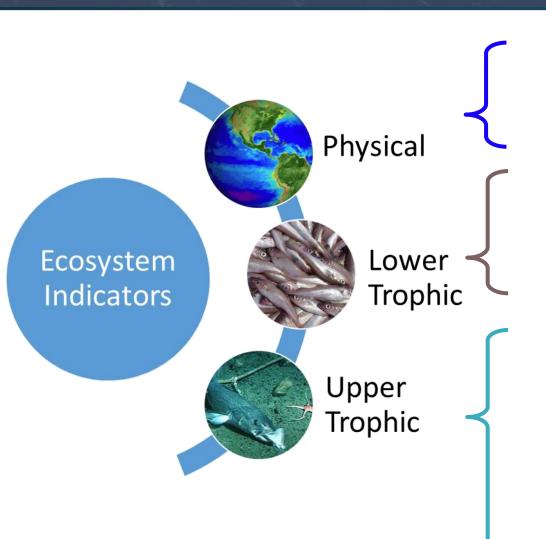
Socioeconomic

- Lacking well-specified conceptual model
- Fishery <> stock interaction spatial/temporal/selectivity
- Economic factors <> fishery behavior



Stage	Habitat & Distribution	Phenology	Age, Length, Growth	Energetics
Egg	Clutch of embryos brooded under the female's abdomen until hatching	240 days at 6°C to 353 days at - 1°C; cold temperatures trigger a 2- year reproductive cycle ₍₁₎	Egg diameter: 644.4-772.1 μm ₍₂₎	Optimal: 0°C – 3°C ₍₃₎
Larvae	Pelagic; concentrated in the upper 20m over the middle shelf ₍₄₎	April-June hatch	Mean carapace length: 1.25mm	Optimal: 6.9°C – 9.1°C ₍₅₎

Ecosystem Indicators

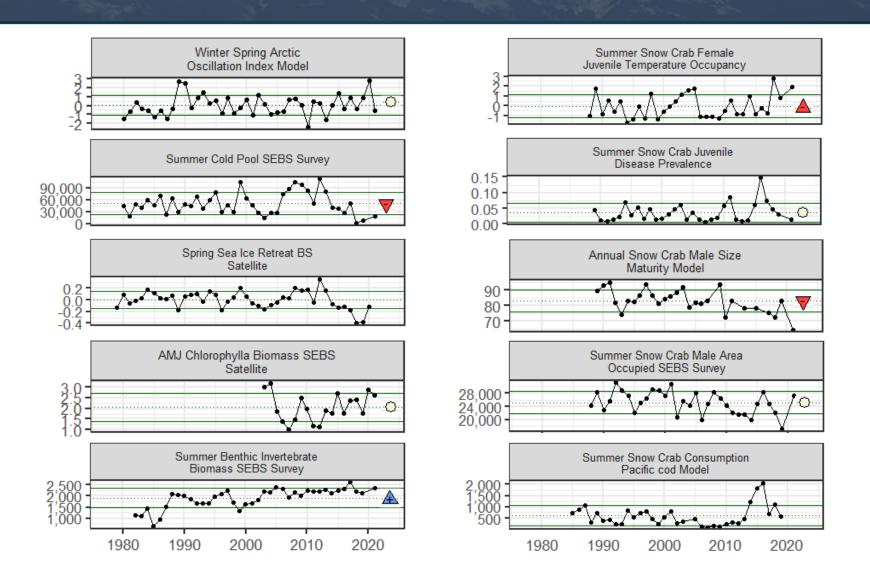


- 1. Arctic Oscillation (climate model)
- 2. Cold pool extent (BTS)
- 3. Sea-ice retreat (satellite)

- 4. Production (chlorophyll α , satellite)
- 5. Benthic prey biomass (BTS)

- 6. Snow crab area occupied (BTS)
- 7. Temperature of occupancy (BTS)
- 8. Snow crab center of distribution (BTS)
- 9. Pcod consumption of snow crab (BTS)
- 10. Male snow crab size at maturity (BTS)
- 11. Snow crab disease prevalence (BTS)

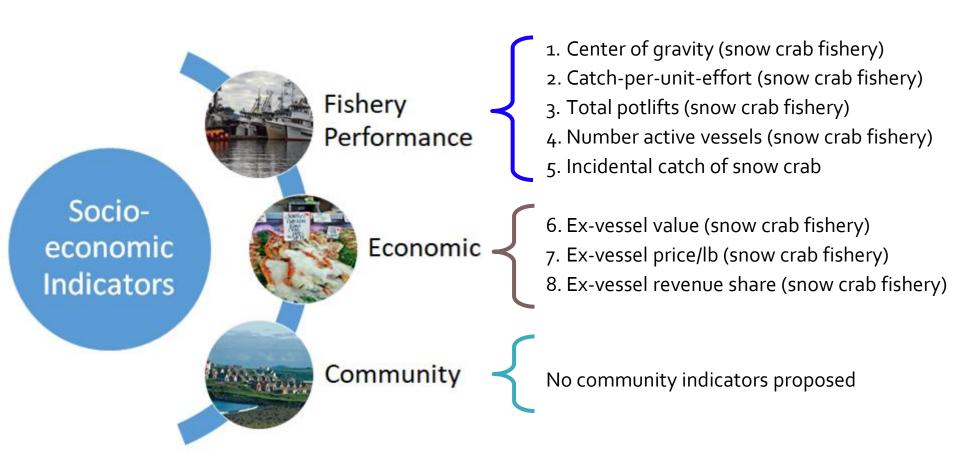
Ecosystem Indicators



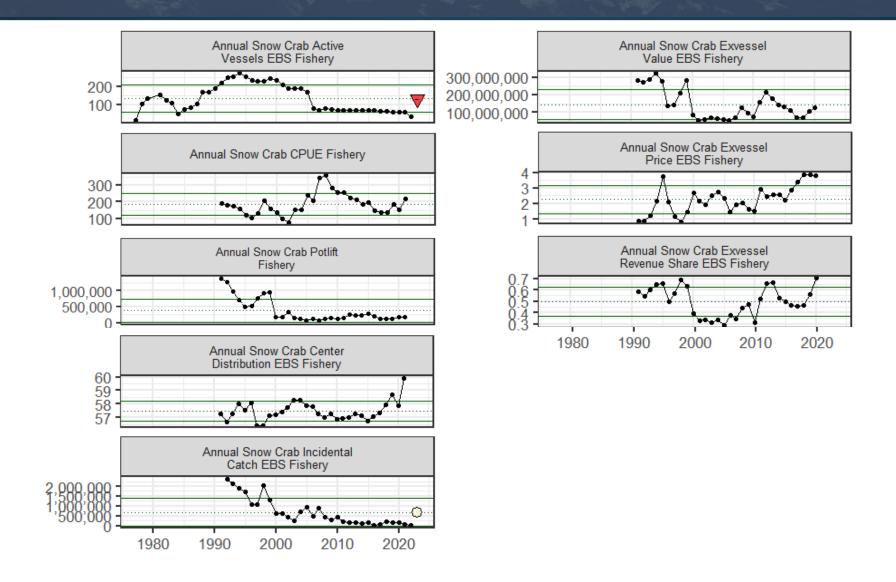
Indicator Analysis Stage 1: Traffic Light Table

Indicator category	Indicator	2018 Status	2019 Status	2020 Status	2021 Status
	Winter Spring Arctic Oscillation Index Model	neutral	neutral	high	neutral
Physical	Summer Cold Pool SEBS Survey	low	low	NA	low
	Spring Sea Ice Retreat BS Satellite	low	low	neutral	NA
Lower Trophic	AMJ Chlorophyll a Biomass SEBS Satellite	neutral	neutral	high	neutral
	Summer Benthic Invertebrate Biomass SEBS Survey	neutral	neutral	NA	high
Upper Trophic	Summer Snow Crab Female Juvenile Temperature Occupancy	high	neutral	NA	high
	Summer Snow Crab Juvenile Disease Prevalence	neutral	neutral	NA	neutral
	Annual Snow Crab Male Size Maturity	low	neutral	NA	low
	Summer Snow Crab Male Area Occupied SEBS Survey	neutral	low	NA	neutral
	Summer Snow Crab Male Center Distribution SEBS Survey	neutral	neutral	NA	high
	Summer Snow Crab Consumption Pacific cod Model	high	neutral	NA	NA

Socioeconomic Indicators



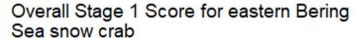
Socioeconomic Indicators

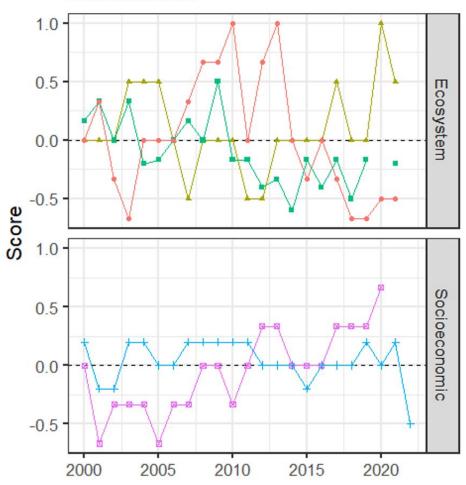


Indicator Analysis Stage 1: Traffic Light Table

Indicator category	Indicator	2018 Status	2019 Status	2020 Status	2021 Status	2022 Status
Fishery Performance	Annual Snow Crab Active Vessels EBS Fishery	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral	low
	Annual Snow Crab CPUE Fishery	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral	NA
	Annual Snow Crab Potlift Fishery	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral	NA
	Annual Snow Crab Center Distribution EBS Fishery	neutral	high	neutral	high	NA
	Annual Snow Crab Incidental Catch EBS Fishery	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral	neutral
Economic	Annual Snow Crab <u>Exvessel</u> Value EBS Fishery	neutral	neutral	neutral	NA	NA
	Annual Snow Crab Exvessel Price EBS Fishery	high	high	high	NA	NA
	Annual Snow Crab Exvessel Revenue Share EBS Fishery	neutral	neutral	high	NA	NA

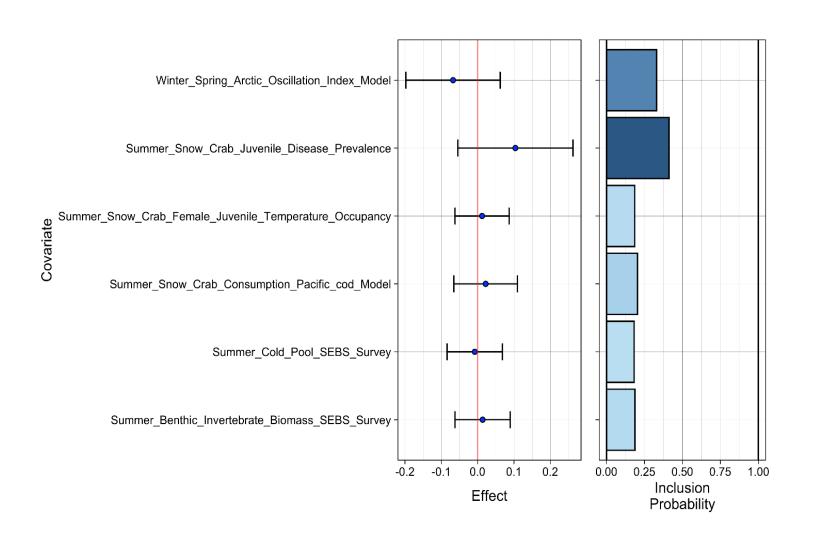
Indicator Analysis Stage 1: Traffic Light Score



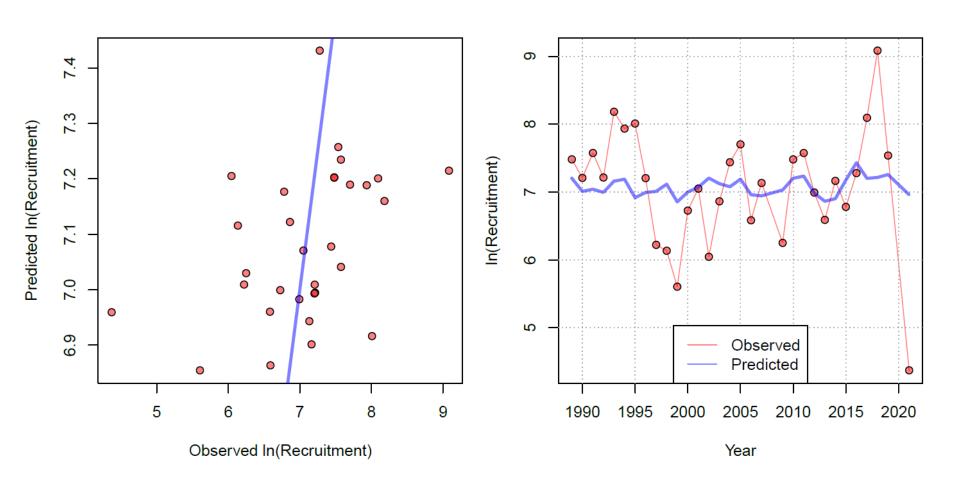


- Physical + Fishery Performance
- Lower Trophic Economic
- Upper Trophic

Indicator Analysis Stage 2: BAS Indicator Importance



Indicator Analysis Stage 2: BAS Indicator Importance



ESP Considerations

Ecosystem Summary

- 2020 AO index highest on record, cold pool extent well below average
- BCS prevalence has continued to decline following 2016 peak
- Temperatures occupied by juvenile snow crab remain above-average
- Male population center shifted northwest in 2021 and size at 50% maturity declined dramatically

Socioeconomic Summary

- 2022 fleet consolidated to 37 vessels (60% of recent average fleet size)
- Center of gravity of fishing shifted north (EEZ boundary), remote fishing grounds
- Strong market demand has maintained historically high ex-vessel price over recent period, likely continuing through 2022
- Ex-vessel revenue share of snow crab for participating vessels is historically high

Next Steps

2022 Full ESP (September CPT)

- Updated 2022 ecosystem indicators
 - -Addition of larval IBM indicators?
- Improve/update existing indicators
- Updated references, traffic light and BAS analysis
- Appendix to main SAFE

