

# ALASKA SABLEFISH

DANA HANSELMAN, CARA RODGVELLER, KARI FENSKE, KALEI SHOTWELL, KATY ECHAVE, PAT MALECHA, CHRIS LUNSFORD

MARINE ECOLOGY AND STOCK ASSESSMENT

ALASKA FISHERIES SCIENCE CENTER

JUNEAU, AK



#### **BOTTOM LINE**

- Maximum permissible ABC way up
- Author's ABC 2020 > ABC 2019 (+25%)
- At least 12 reasons

why not the max ABC

Risk-matrix approach







#### OUTLINE

- Brief Summary of Key Assessment Model Results
- OFL Issue
- Ecosystem and Socioeconomic Profile
- Risk-Matrix ABC Reduction
- Future priorities

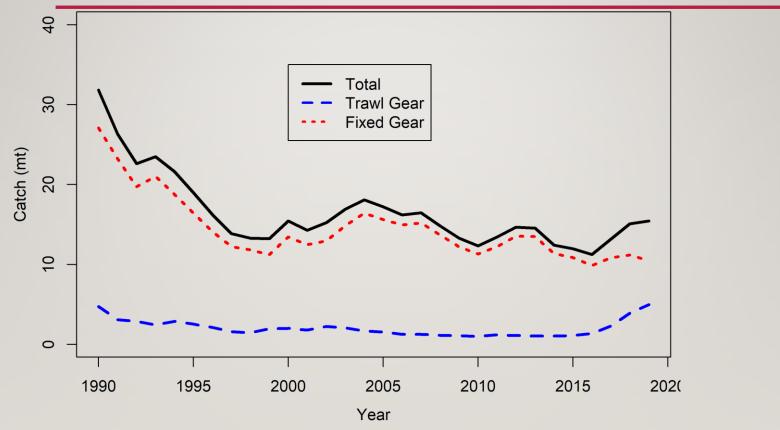


#### NEW DATA

- Catch: updated catch for 2018, new 2019-2021 ests
- Relative abundance: 2019 Longline survey, 2018 longline fishery, 2019 GOA trawl survey
- Ages: 2018 longline survey, 2018 fixed gear fishery
- Lengths: 2019 longline survey, 2019 GOA trawl survey, 2018 fixed gear fishery, and 2018 trawl fishery



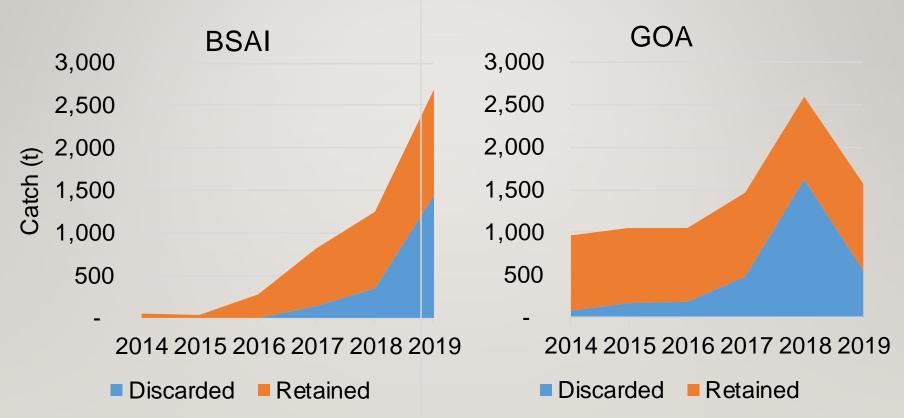
#### **RECENT CATCHES**







### TRAWL CATCH AND RELEASE (ESP)





#### EBS OFL ISSUE

- EBS sablefish catch was very close to OFL in 2019
- We were requested to give history and present options
  - History is very sparse, informal discussions among authors
- We will present the options with discussion, but will not recommend an option
- Under status quo, OFL will be much higher in 2020



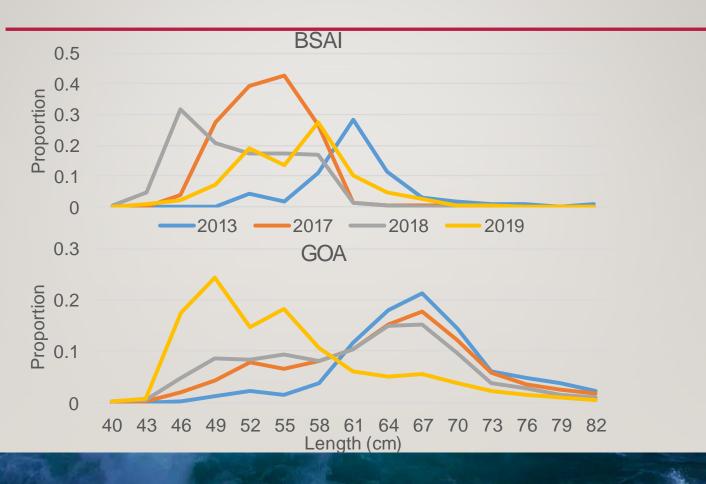
#### WHAT DOES THIS ACTION MEAN?

- ABC by subareas affords some protections
- What does area-specific OFL do?
  - Potentially close fisheries when reached in an area
  - However, sablefish status determination is Alaska-wide (i.e., if BS OFL is exceeded, the assessment will not report that stock "experiencing overfishing."
- Larger question: Should we have sub-area ABCs
  OR sub-area OFLs? Be more consistent?

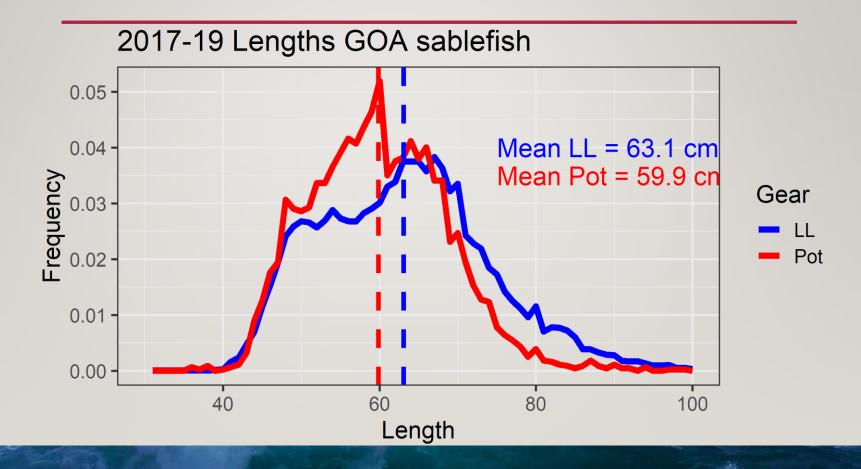




### TRAWL CATCH AND RELEASE (ESP)

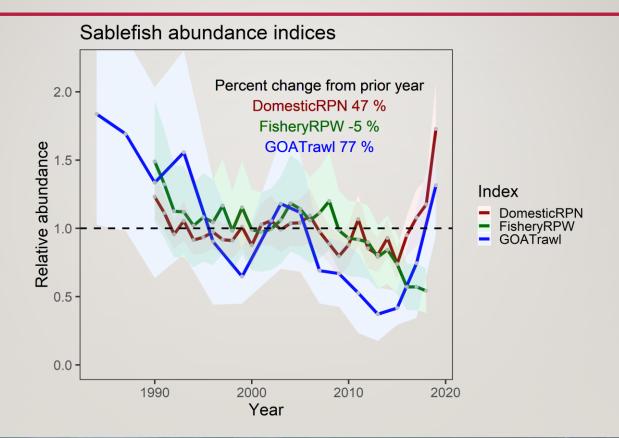


#### POTS CATCH SMALLER FISH



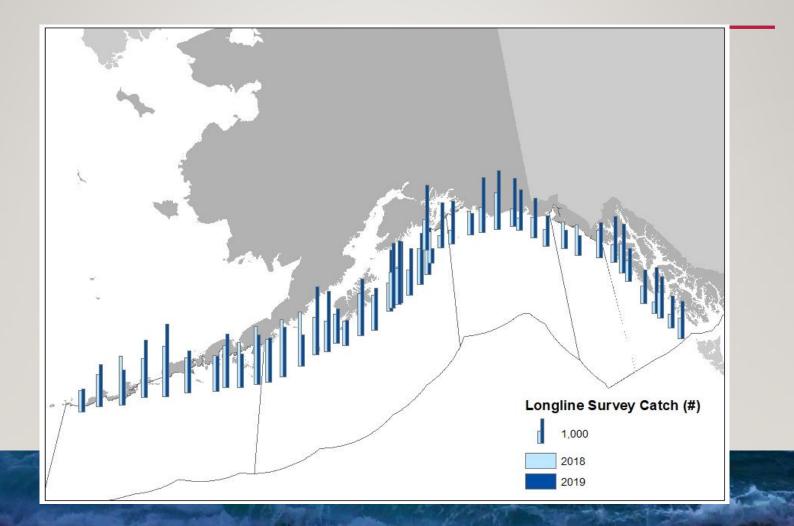
~ 13% of GOA catch is pots, ~1,400 t in 2018/2019, up from 9% in 2017

#### **INDICES IN THE MODEL**

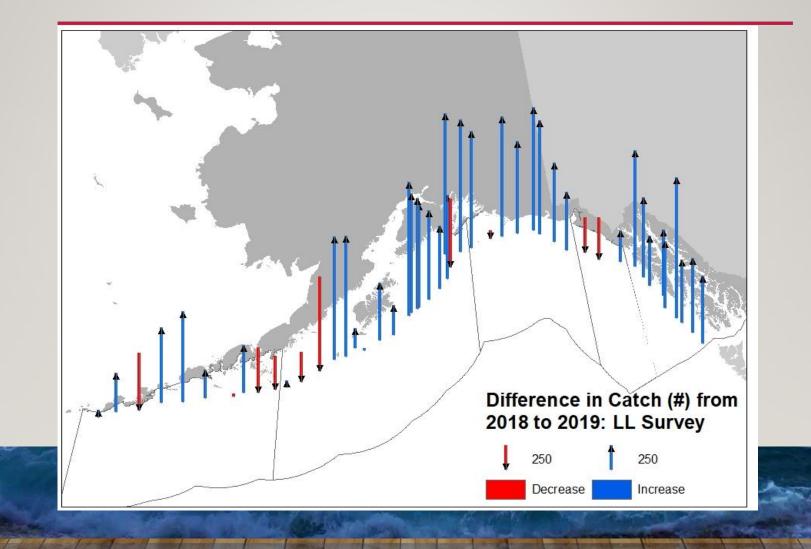




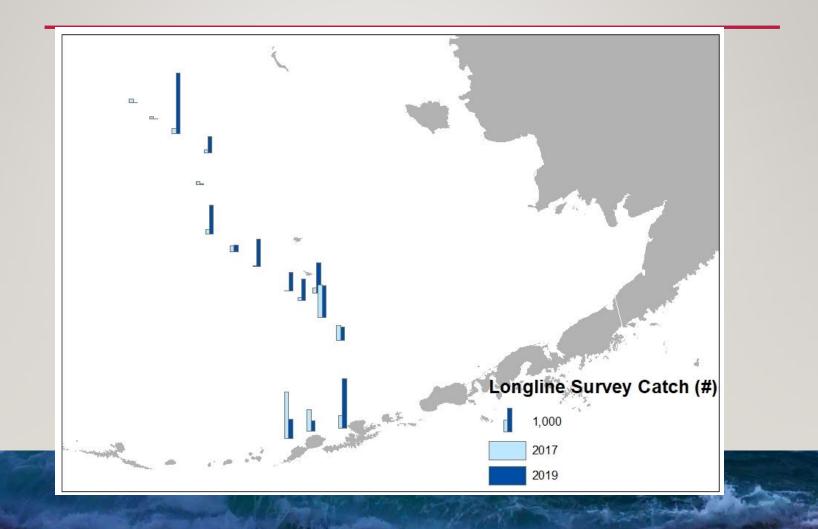
#### GOA LL SURVEY CATCHES



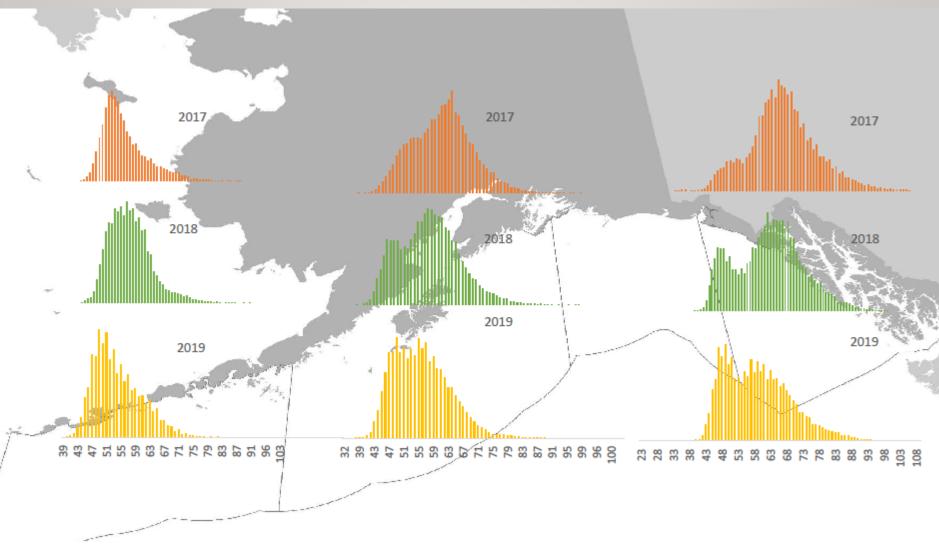
#### GOA LL SURVEY CATCHES



#### EBS LL SURVEY CATCHES

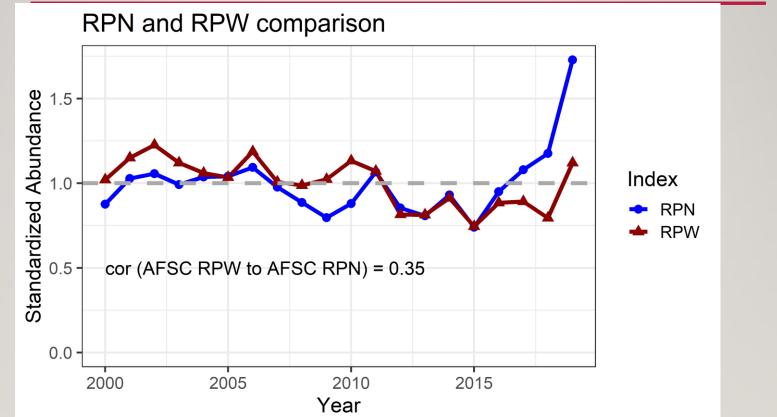


#### SABLEFISH LENGTHS BY AREA



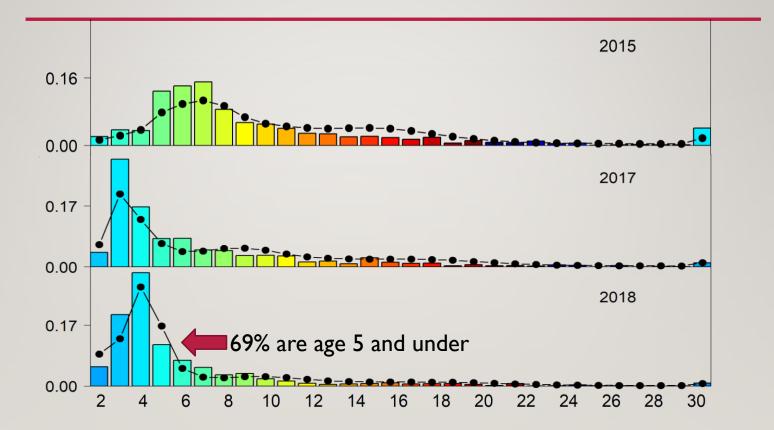


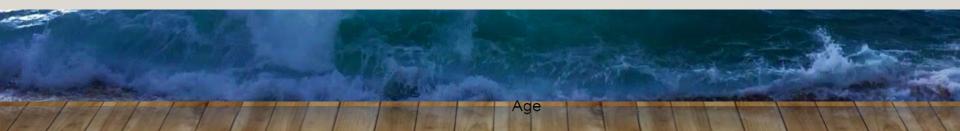
### A TALE OF TWO INDICES





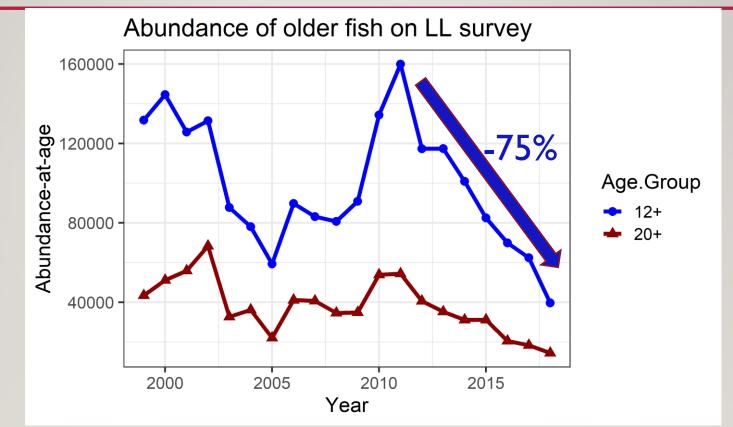
#### LONGLINE SURVEY AGES







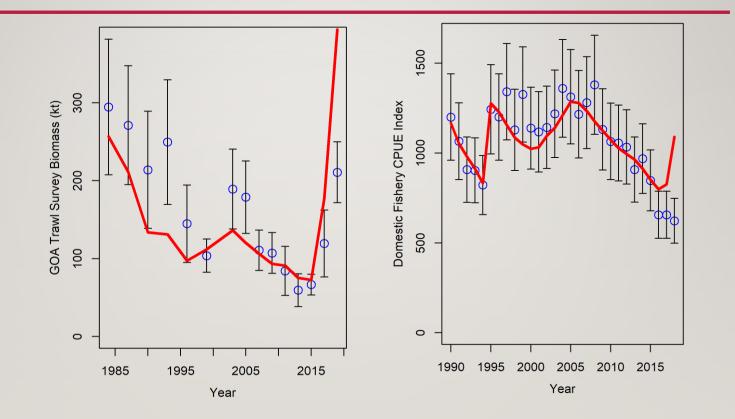
### **OFF TO WARMER CLIMATES**





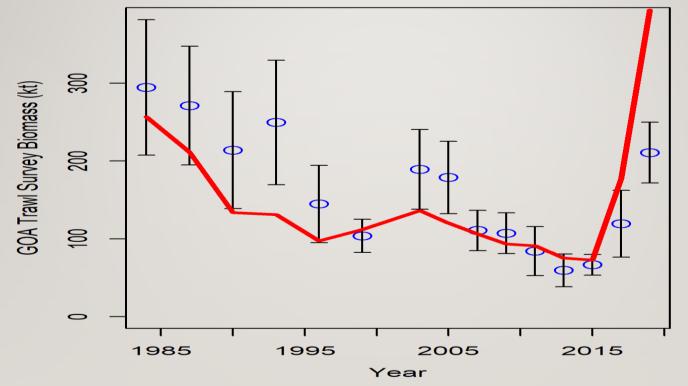


#### FIT TO OTHER INDICES IS POOR

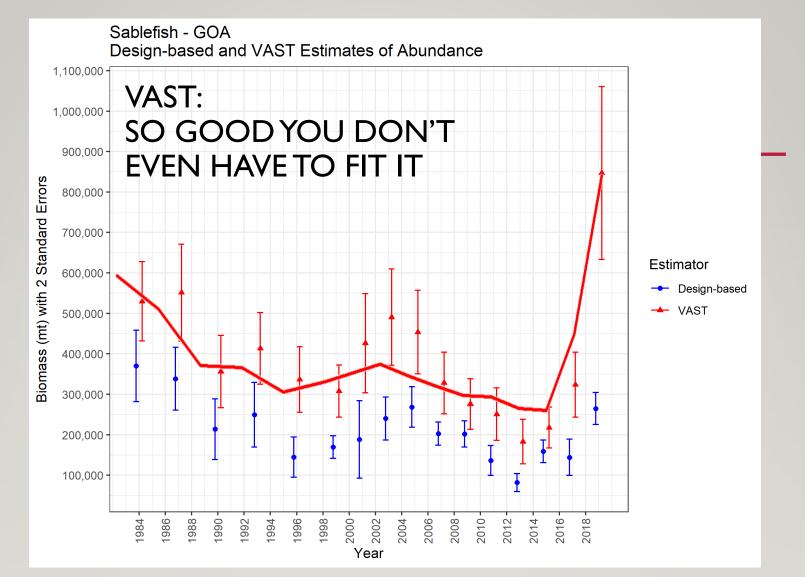




#### POOR TRAWL FIT

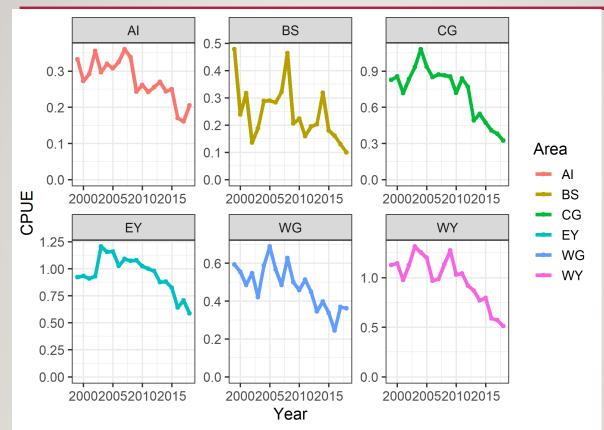




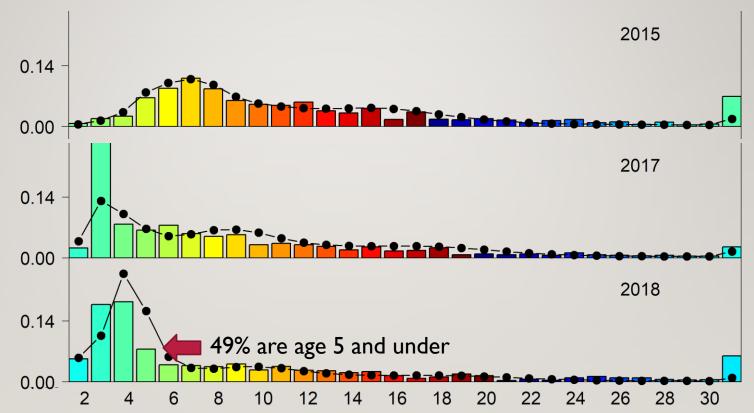




#### FISHERY CPUE BY AREA



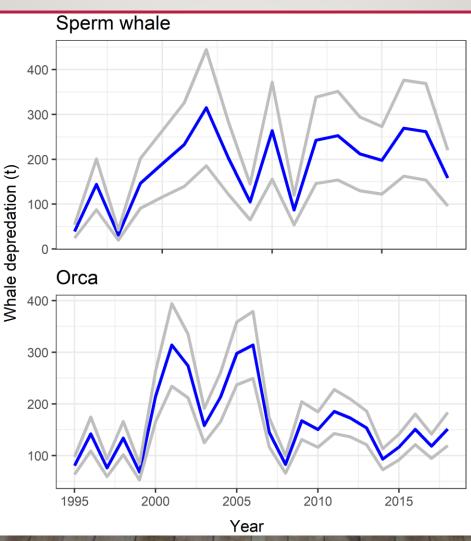
#### FIXED GEAR FISHERY AGES





#### WHALES IN FISHERY

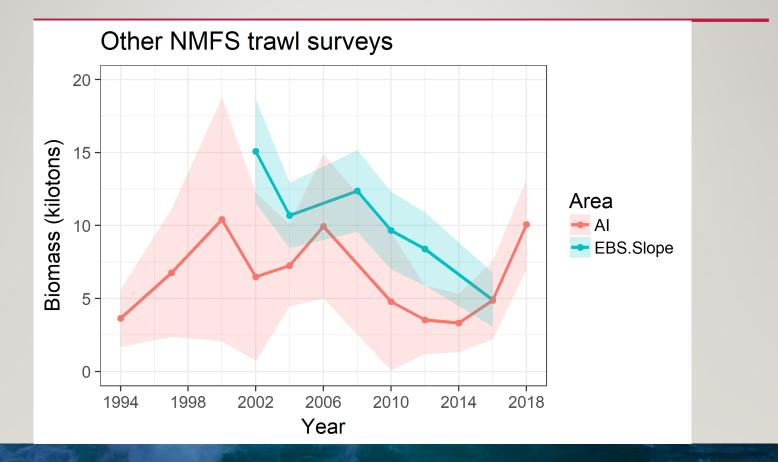
We are now getting whale observations in logbooks!



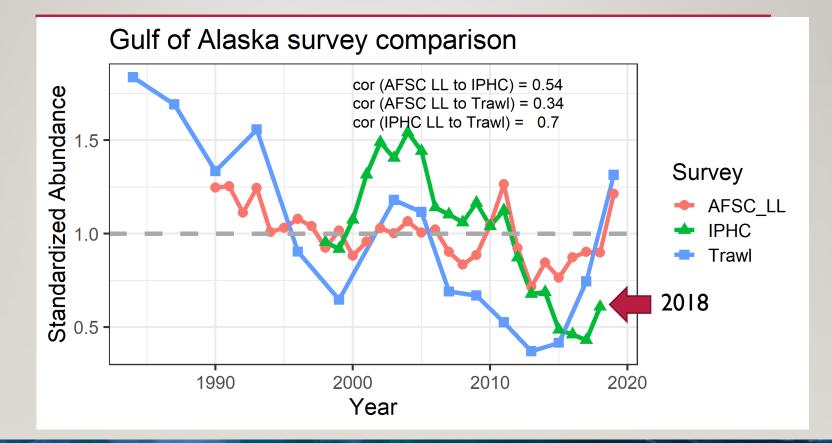
We are thinking about whale observations in EM!



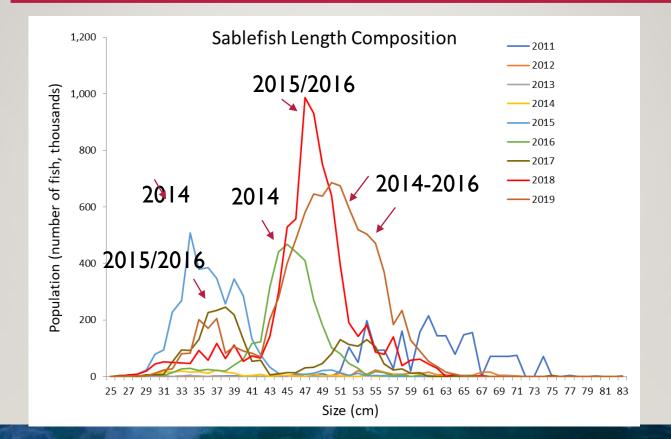
#### **OTHER TRAWL SURVEYS**



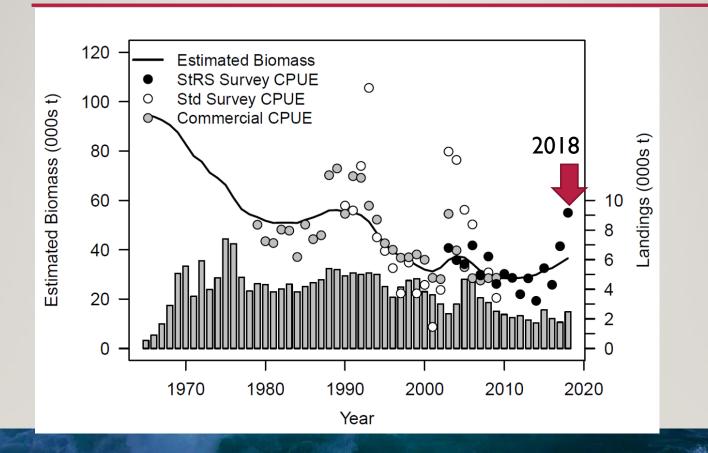
### SURVEY NOT IN THE MODEL (IPHC)



#### ADF&G LARGE MESH TRAWL (ESP)

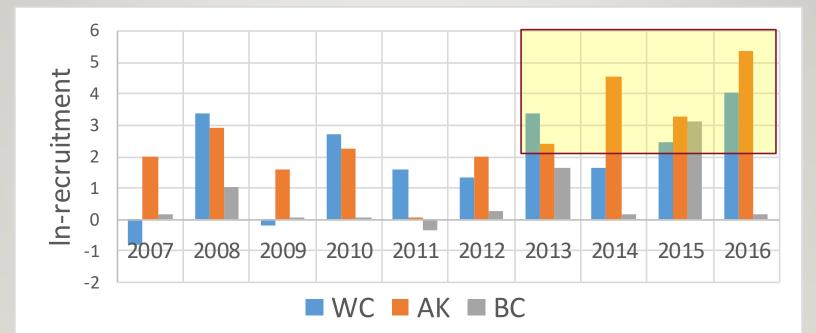


### SURVEY NOT IN THE MODEL (BC)



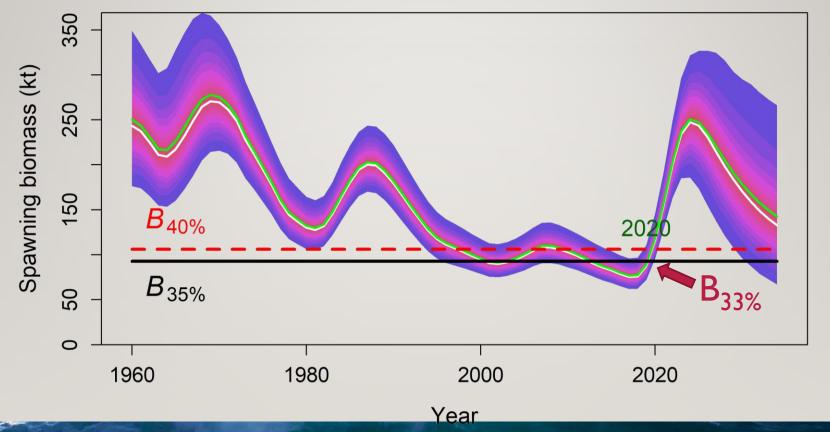
#### POLICE SYNCHRONICITY

Recruitment increasing in all areas, but different years?



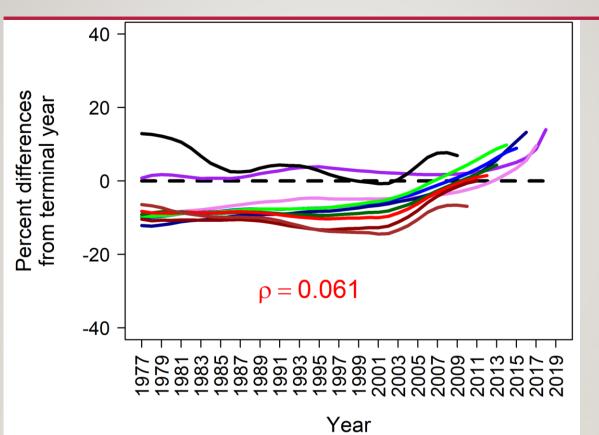


### SPAWNING BIOMASS IS STILL LOW





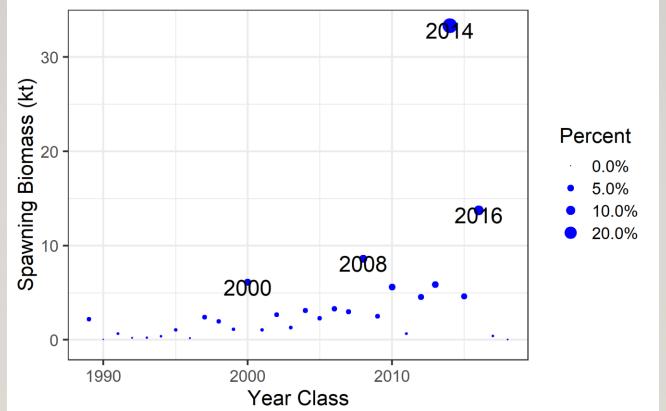
#### RETROSPECTIVE BIAS





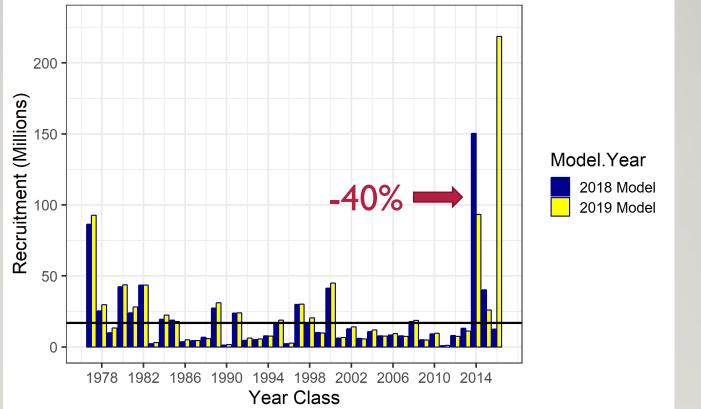
## 2014, WE'RE COUNTING ON YOU:

... 2016 WE ALSO NEED YOU...

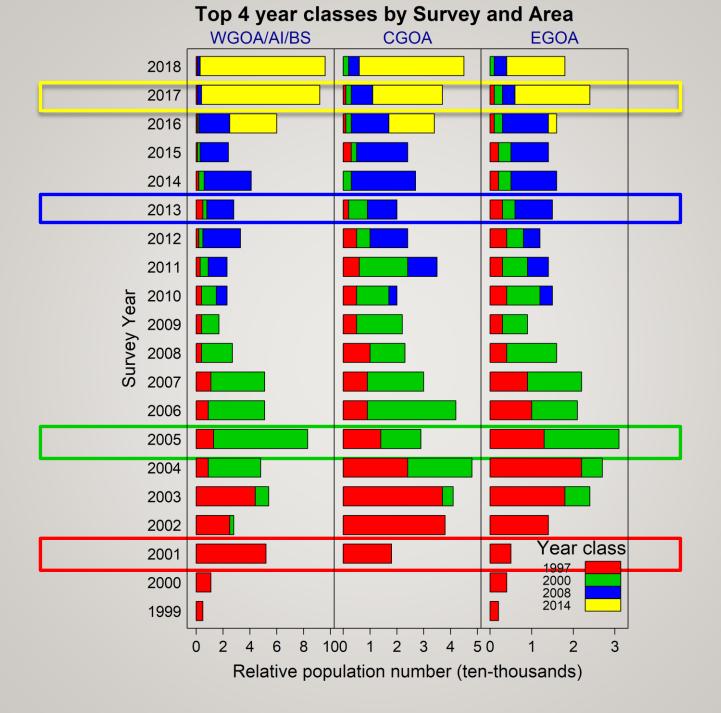




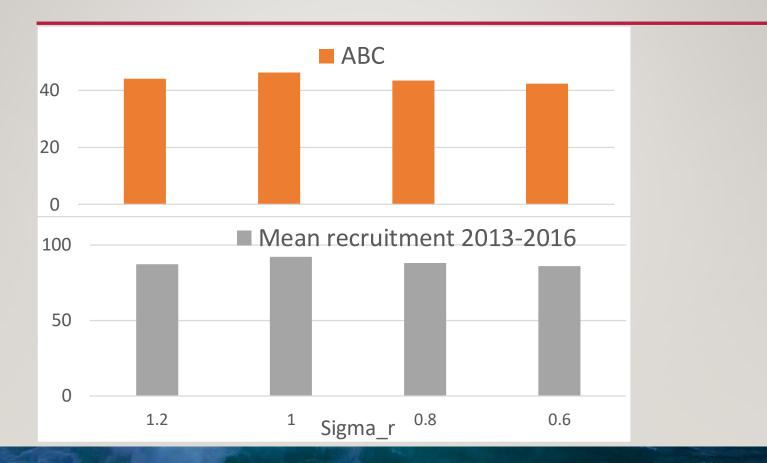
#### THE 2014 YEAR CLASS DECREASED (AGAIN)







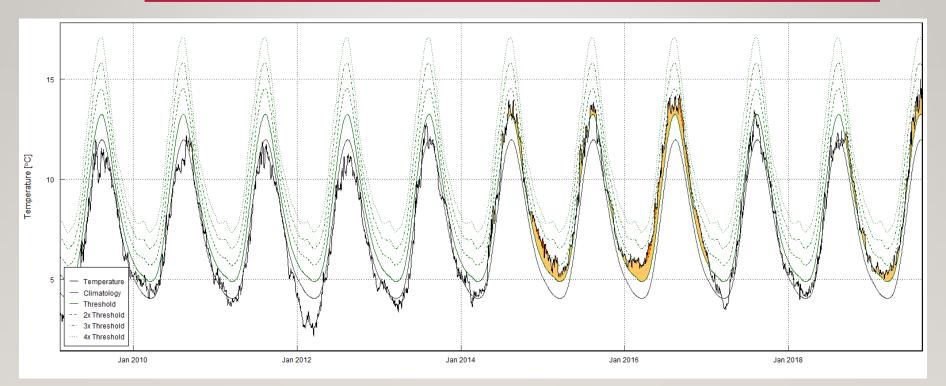
#### **RECRUITMENT VARIABILITY**



REAL PROPERTY AND

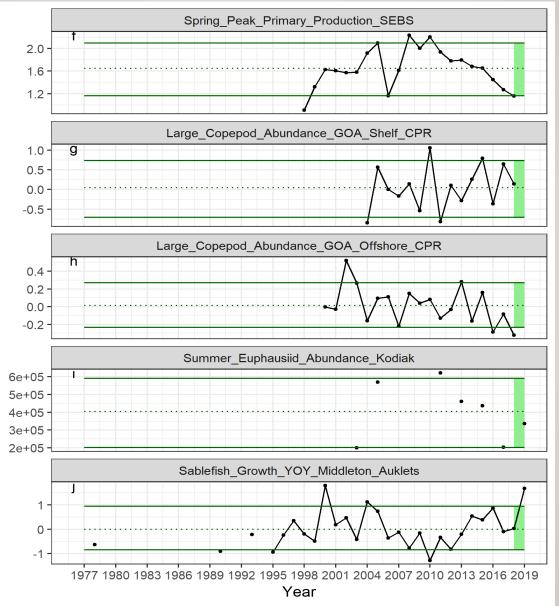


### HEAT EXHAUSTION (ESR/ESP)



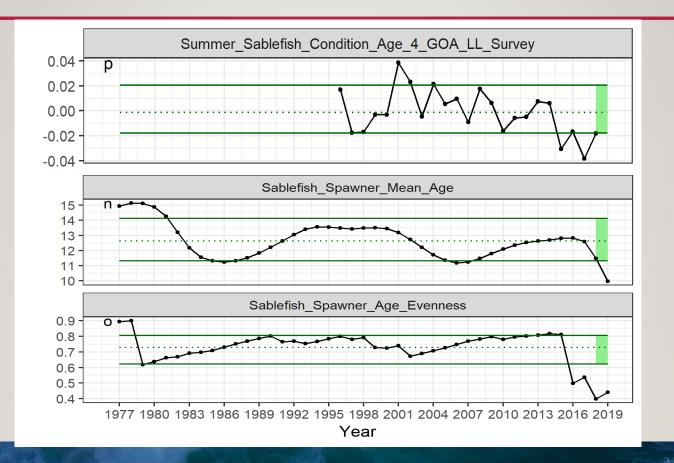


## **ESP INDICATORS**





#### **RELIANCE ON FEW COHORTS (ESP)**



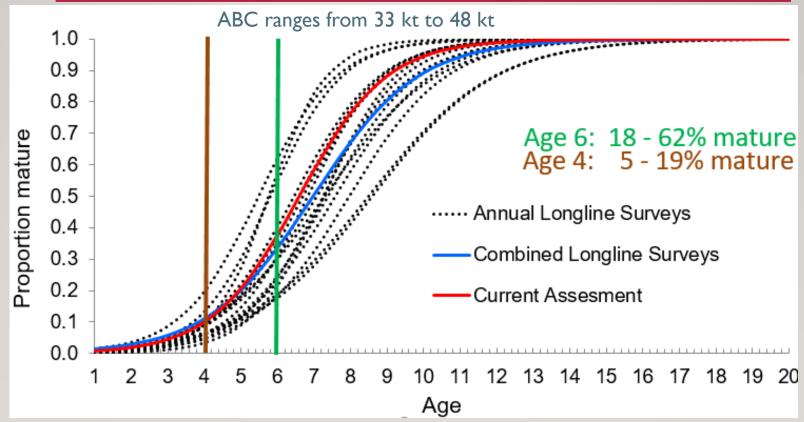
## ECOSYSTEM AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROFILE (ESP)

- Eco-Positives: High YOY growth and high presence of 2016 YC in ADF&G large-mesh
- Eco-Negatives: Spawners and age evenness low, arrowtooth predation on juveniles
- Socio-Positives: TACs no longer declining
- Socio-Negatives:Value of small fish extremely low, increased incidental catch





## MATURITY MATTERS



# RISK-MATRIX FRAMEWORK: 3

- Assessment model: 2 (increased concern)
- Population dynamics: 3 (major concern)
- Ecosystem: 2 (increased concern)
- Fishery performance: 3 (major concern)



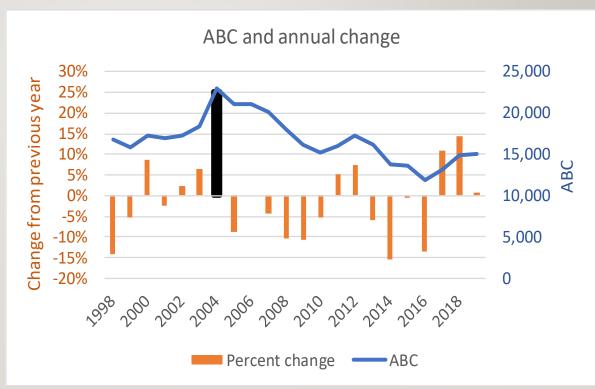
## **ABC SUMMARY**

- LL survey RPN up substantially from low in 2015
- Fishery CPUE index at time series low in 2018
- 43% unfished spawning biomass (now Tier 3a)
- ABC<sub>w</sub> 2019: 15,068 t
- ABC 2020 (Max): 44,065 t (vs. 38,916 t projected)
  - 292 % increase from 2019
- Author recommended ABC<sub>w</sub> 18,763 (+25%)



## **BOTTOM LINE**

- Author's ABC 2020 is much lower than max
- Rebuilding spawning biomass and improving age structure is primary goal
- ABC 2021 continues with 25% increase from 2020 for now



## APPORTIONMENT

- CIE not concerned with static apportionment
- We believe it is best to stay put (and we have no new alternatives prepared)
- MSEs and spatial work continue
- Recent spatial operating model with sablefish-like model shows maximum yield can be achieved with a wide range of apportionments
- SSC agreed at October meeting (while noting the old apportionment has diverged quite a bit)



#### RECOMMENDING...

 Continuing with the fixed apportionment from 2019 fishery for 2020

Area	2019 ABC	Standard apportionment for 2020 ABC	Recommended fixed apportionment for 2020 ABC <sup>*</sup>	Difference from 2019
Total	15,380	19,225	19,225	25%
Bering Sea	1,501	4,050	1,876	25%
Aleutians	2,030	3,102	2,537	25%
Gulf of Alaska (subtotal)	11,849	12,073	14,812	25%
Western	1,659	2,247	2,074	25%
Central	5,246	4,510	6,558	25%
W. Yakutat <sup>**</sup>	1,765	1,803	2,206	25%
E. Yak. / Southeast**	3,179	3,513	3,974	25%

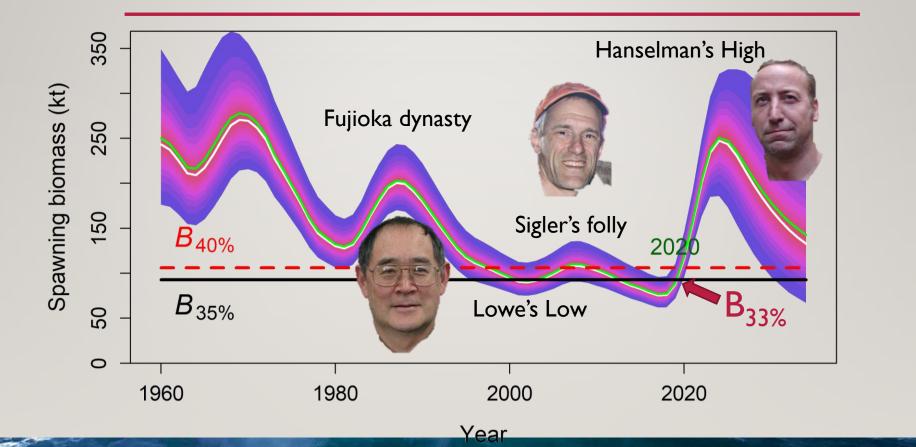


## WHALE ADJUSTMENTS

Area	<u>AI</u>	<u>BS</u>	WG	<u>CG</u>	<u>WY*</u>	<u>EY*</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019 ABC	2,030	1,501	1,659	5,246	1,765	3,179	15,380
2020 ABC	2,537	I,876	2,074	6,558	2,206	3,974	19,225
2016-2018 avg. depredation (tons)	16	19	105	91	45	94	370
Ratio 2020:2019 ABC	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Deduct 3 year average depredation (tons)	-20	-23	-132	-113	-56	-118	-462
2020 ABC <sub>w</sub>	2,517	1,853	1,942	6,445	2,150	3,856	18,763
Change from 2019 ABC <sub>w</sub>	25%	24%	23%	24%	29%	23%	25%



#### THE TORCH MUST BE PASSED



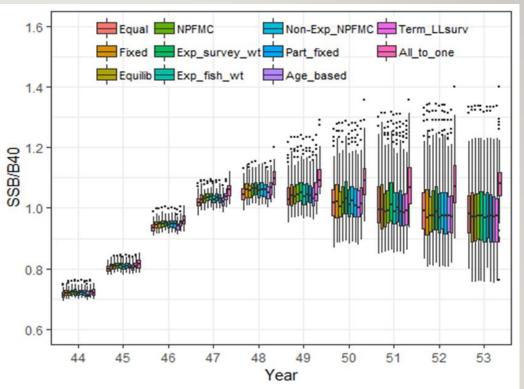
#### FUTURE

- 5 other author's problem!
- Re-visiting selectivities
- Modeled fishery CPUE index
- Continue spatial modeling
- Refine Ecosystem and Socioeconomic Profile (ESP) at upcoming workshops



#### SIMULATION RESULTS

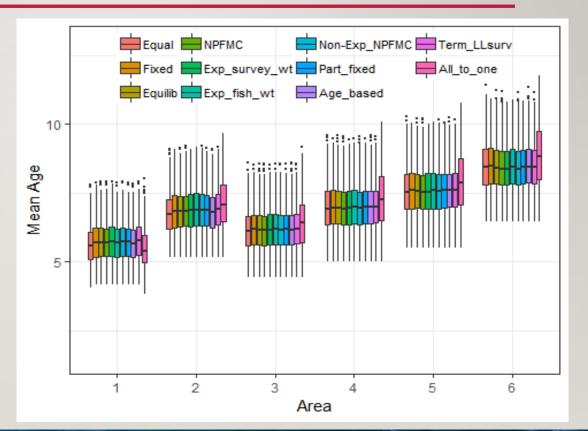
- Little different in SSB/B40 for all apportionment methods
- Means range 0.96-1.01 over all years
- NPFMC harvest control rule dominates





## SIMULATION RESULTS

- Mean age varies by management area but not by apportionment method
- Typical result was to see more variation in results between areas than apportionment method used.





## SIMULATION NEXT STEPS

- Still soliciting feedback
- Stakeholder meeting this spring

