



Sustainable Fisheries

## January 2018

# Amendment 80 Program Cost Recovery for Fishing Year 2017



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#### **Cost recovery**

Section 304(d) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act) authorizes and requires the collection of cost recovery fees for limited access privilege programs and the CDQ Program. Cost recovery fees recover the actual costs directly related to the management, data collection, and enforcement of the programs. Section 304(d) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act mandates that cost recovery fees not exceed three percent of the annual ex-vessel value of fish harvested by a program subject to a cost recovery fee, and that the fee be collected either at the time of landing, filing of a landing report, or sale of such fish during a fishing season or in the last quarter of the calendar year in which the fish is harvested.

NMFS manages the Amendment 80 Program as a limited access privilege program. Amendment 80 allocates a portion of the total allowable catches of specific Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands (BSAI) non-pollock groundfish species to cooperatives of trawl catcher/processors. On January 5, 2016, NMFS published a final rule to implement cost recovery payments for the Amendment 80 program (81 FR 150). The Amendment 80 cooperatives are responsible for paying the annual fee for groundfish landed under the Amendment 80 Program. The total dollar amount of the fee liability is determined by multiplying the NMFS published fee percentage by the ex-vessel value of all landings made under the program made during the fishing year. NMFS calculates the fee percentage each year according to the factors and methods described at 50 CFR 679.95(c)(2).

NMFS published the 2017 fee percentage notice for the Amendment 80 program in the **Federal Register** on November 30, 2017 (81 FR 85522). Payments are due on December 31 of the year in which the landings were made.

#### Amendment 80 Program cost recovery fee

#### Calculating the ex-vessel value of the Amendment 80 Program fisheries

For purposes of calculating the fishery value, NMFS calculates a standard ex-vessel price (standard price) for all species allocated under Amendment 80: BSAI rock sole, BSAI yellowfin sole, BSAI Pacific cod, BSAI flathead sole, AI Pacific ocean perch, and BSAI Atka mackerel.

NMFS calculates an annual standard price for BSAI yellowfin sole, BSAI flathead sole, AI Pacific ocean perch, and BSAI Atka mackerel based on volume and value information reported in the First Wholesale Volume and Value Report, which for 2017 included data from January 1 through October 31. For rock sole, NMFS calculates a standard price for two time periods—January 1 through March 31 and April 1 through October 31—also based on volume and value information reported in the First Wholesale Volume and Value Report.

For fisheries that are primarily harvested by catcher/processors, there is no reliable ex-vessel price generated from the sale of fish from a harvester to a processor. Therefore, NMFS estimates the ex-vessel price for those fishery species by using reported information on the first wholesale price from catcher/processors that harvest Amendment 80 species. The first wholesale price is the market price of the primary processed fishery product. The estimated standard ex-vessel price is the value of processed products from catcher/processors divided by the retained round-weight

(unprocessed weight) of catch and multiplied by a factor of 0.4 to correct for the value added to the fish product by processing.

NMFS calculates an annual standard price for Amendment 80 Pacific cod using volume and value data reported in the Pacific Cod Ex-Vessel Volume and Value Report, which includes data from January 1 through October 31.

Each landing made under the program is multiplied by the appropriate standard price to arrive at an ex-vessel value for each landing. These values are summed together to arrive at the ex-vessel value of the Amendment 80 program fisheries (fishery value).

#### Calculating the costs of management and enforcement

Direct program costs are calculated by determining the incremental management costs of the Amendment 80 Program; that is, costs that would not have been incurred but for the Amendment 80 Program. These costs cover the management, data collection, and enforcement of the Amendment 80 Program by NMFS and ADF&G. The NFMS management units that incur direct program costs are: the Sustainable Fisheries Division (SFD), the Restricted Access Management Division (RAM), the Operations and Management Division (OMD), the Alaska Fisheries Science Center (AFSC), the Office of Law Enforcement (OLE), and the Information Systems Division (ISD).

Throughout the year, each management unit calculates their Amendment 80 Program incremental costs through an established accounting system that allows staff to track labor, travel, contracts, rent, and procurement. These costs are tracked for the Federal fiscal year (October 1 through September 30) and are broken out by distinct cost categories, including personnel/overhead, travel, transportation, printing, contracts/training, supplies, equipment, and rent/utilities. For 2016, direct program costs were calculated from February 4 to September 30 (the effective date of the final rule to implement the cost recovery program). For 2017 and in subsequent years, direct program costs will include the full fiscal year. Table 2 displays the Amendment 80 direct program costs for 2017.

Cost recovery fees do not increase agency budgets or expenditures. They simply offset funds that would otherwise have been appropriated, except the ADF&G expenditures for which there is no direct appropriation. No budgetary advantage is ever gained by inflating direct program costs.

Examples of the types of tasks that are included under the 2017 Amendment 80 direct program costs are:

- reallocation of incidental catch allowance to directed fisheries (SFD),
- inseason management of sideboards and non-sideboards (SFD),
- implementation of the cost recovery program (SFD, ISD, OMD),
- patrols, investigations, outreach and education, and compliance assistance (OLE)
- maintenance of the catch accounting system (ISD, ADF&G),
- programming and web design for online applications (ISD),
- at-sea scale inspections (SFD),
- observer sampling station inspections, data quality assurance (AFSC),
- video equipment inspections (SFD),
- fee determination and collection process (OMD),
- deployment of second observer (AFSC), and
- Economic Data Reports (AFSC).

#### Calculating the annual fee percentage

NMFS computes the annual fee percentage by multiplying the direct program costs (DPC) by 100 and dividing the result by the total ex-vessel value (V) of Amendment 80 landings in that year. The annual fee percentage expressed as a formula is as follows:

#### [100 x (DPC)/V]

The annual fee percentage is published in the *Federal Register* by December 1 and is applied to all landings of Amendment 80 species that occurred that year. NMFS provides a summary of fee liabilities to all Amendment 80 cooperatives by December 1. The summary explains the cost recovery fee determination for each cooperative, including the current fee percentage, details of pounds debited from Amendment 80 species allocations by permit and date, and the standard prices for the landings.

#### Calculating the 2017 fee

The 2017 fee percentage for the Amendment 80 Program is 0.71 percent. Table 1 shows the fee percentage computation.

Factor	Value	Activity DPC divide by V			
Direct Program Cost (DPC)	\$836,923				
Total Fishery Value (V)	\$118,223,437	multiply by 100			
=	0.71	yields			
Fee percentage for 2017 Amendment 80 Program = 0.71 percent					

Table 1. Detail of formula for calculating the 2017 fee percentage for the Amendment 80 Program.

#### Payment of cost recovery fees

NMFS sends fee statements to cooperatives based on the cooperative's reported landings for the most recent fishing year for all Amendment 80 Program species and value, as computed for fee collection purposes. The cooperative is responsible for submitting payment to NMFS on or before December 31 of the year in which landings are made. Fees must be paid electronically.

If a cooperative fails to pay on time, OMD will issue an Initial Administrative Determination to which the cooperative must respond within 30 days. If an account is unpaid for 30 days after the due date, administrative fees, interest, and penalties start to accrue. NMFS may take action against the Amendment 80 cooperative's quota allocations and assess additional monetary charges, fines, or permit sanctions. If after 120 days the fee remains unpaid, the unpaid balance is forwarded to the U.S. Department of the Treasury for collection.

#### **Details on Cost Categories**

Table 2 indicates that in 2017, the highest costs in the Amendment 80 Program were attributed to the Office of Law Enforcement and to the Alaska Fisheries Science Center, which includes the Fisheries Monitoring and Analysis Program and the Economic and Social Sciences Research Program.

Table 3 compares direct costs between FY2016 and FY2017. As noted above, costs were substantially higher in FY2017 due to the mid-year implementation of the program in FY2016 and the resulting partial accounting of costs for that year. In some cases, specific costs were disproportionately affected by the timing of the partial-year accounting, such as the SFD at-sea scale inspections and video equipment inspections, which occur near the end of the calendar year. Increases in costs for the AFSC are also attributed to partial-year accounting in FY2016 as well as added personnel costs that came from the addition of two new staff members in the Fisheries Monitoring and Analysis Program branch of AFSC. Office of Law Enforcement costs also rose substantially in FY2017. OLE implemented comprehensive methodologies in 2017 for the accounting of direct program costs in the Amendment 80 Program, and also for the American Fisheries Act and Community Development Quota Programs.

	Operations & Mgmt. Div. (OMD)	Restricted Access Mgmt. (RAM)	Sustainable Fisheries Div. (SFD)	Information Systems Div. (ISD)	Office of Law Enforcement (OLE)	Alaska Fisheries Science Center (AFSC)	Alaska Dept. Fish & Game (ADF&G)	Total
Personnel Costs <sup>a</sup>	\$ 2,800	\$ 2,500	\$ 27,300	\$ 23,300	\$ 335,906	\$ 190,703	\$ 20,588	\$ 603,091
Personnel Benefits	\$ 900	\$ 1,000	\$ 9,200	\$ 8,700			-	\$ 19,800
Travel <sup>b</sup>	-	-	\$ 16,500	-		\$ 379	-	\$ 16,879
Transportation <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Printing	-	-	-	-		-	\$ 40	\$ 40
Contracts/Training	-	-	-	-		-	\$ 828	\$ 828
Supplies	-	-	\$ 700	\$ 1,500		-	-	\$ 2,200
Equipment	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Rent/Utilities <sup>d</sup>	644	\$ 423	\$ 5,480	\$ 3,420	\$ 48,292	-	-	\$ 58,258
Grants	-	-	-	-		\$ 135,822	-	\$ 135,822
Total	\$ 4,344	\$ 3,923	\$ 59,180	\$ 36,920	\$ 384,198	\$ 326,904	\$ 21,456	\$ 836,923

#### Table 2. Fiscal Year 2017 direct program costs for the Amendment 80 Program.

<sup>a</sup> Personnel costs includes locality pay and overhead.

<sup>b</sup> Travel includes per diem payments.

<sup>c</sup> Transportation includes shipment of items.

<sup>d</sup> Rent/Utilities includes costs of space and utilities and shared common space and services.

Cost Category	FY 2016 *	FY 2017		
Personnel/Overhead	\$ 122,298	\$ 599,481		
Personnel Benefits	\$ 6,300	\$ 19,800		
Overhead	\$ 1,700	\$ 3,616		
Travel	\$ 830	\$ 16,879		
Transportation	-	-		
Printing	\$ 100	\$ 40		
Contracts/Training	\$ 65,325	\$ 828		
Supplies	-	\$ 2,200		
Equipment	-	-		
Rent/Utilities	-	\$ 58,258		
Other	\$ 135,605	\$ 135,822		
Total Direct Costs	\$ 332,158	\$ 836,923		
Fishery Value	\$88,822,278	\$118,223,437		
Fee Percentage	0.37	0.71		

#### Table 3. Comparison of Direct Costs for Fiscal Years 2016 and 2017 for the Amendment 80 Program

FY 2016 was the first year of the cost recovery program for the Amendment 80 Fishery. The program was not implemented until mid-way into the fiscal year. As a result, management costs were calculated only for the period from February 4 to September 30, 2016.